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للحصول على جميع روابط الصفوف على تلغرام وفيسبوك من قنوات وصفحات: اضغط هنا

الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف التاسع على مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي

مجموعة الفيسبوك

صفحة الفيسبوك

مجموعة التلغرام

بوت التلغرام

قناة التلغرام

رياضيات على التلغرام

ocabulary Corner

### Unit 1 **Explorers**

First Term

Date:			

Period No.

Can you imagine yourself doing one of these sports? Why/ Why not?





Word POS Meaning

Use the new words to match the definitions

- 1. (......) damaged and showing lines on the surface.
- 2. ( ...... ) a long search for something.
- 3. ( ...... ) occurring continuously over a period of time.



Read the text on SB page 14 & work in groups to answer:

#### Choose the right answer in the following:

- 1. The main idea of paragraph 3 is \_\_\_\_\_
- a) Equipment they needed in their trip. b) Dangers and difficulties they faced.
- c) Members of the expedition.

- d) Reasons of taking this adventure.
- 2. The word "seek" in the last line of the 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph means \_\_\_\_\_
- a) Try to stop b) try to cure c) try to find
- d) try to leave

#### Answer the following questions:

- 3. Why did Mariam Haidaddin cut her trip shorter?
- - 4. How did Lamees explain taking this kind of adventure?

## Unit 1 Explorers

First Term

Date: \_\_\_\_

Period No.

#### Present Simple Tense

We use the <u>present simple</u> to talk about habits and facts. (We add -s to the verb if the subject is: He/ She/ It or a singular noun.) In the negative we use (don't - doesn't).



My mother **cooks** fish every Friday.

We stay at the farm on weekends.





#### Do as shown in brackets:

- 1. Salim (take) the iPad to school every Monday. [correct]
- 2. I play tennis with my friends at the weekend. [ Ask a question ]
- 3. The teacher collects our books every Thursday. [ Make negative ]



# QUIZ TIME

- Click on the correct option.
- 1. Bob always drink / drinks tea in the morning.
- 2. What do / does she like / likes?
- 3. My sister don't / doesn't play tennis.
- 4. They often visit / visits their grandparents at weekends.
- 5. We sometimes **go / goes** to the ice rink.
- 6. Where do / does your parents come / comes from?
- 7. Do / Does you want / wants to go home?
- 8. I don't / doesn't watch television after school.

Z)	Complete.	Use the	Present	Simple

- 1. Who \_\_\_\_\_ sally \_\_\_\_ in Spain? (visit)

  She her aunt and uncle. (visit)
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ Tom \_\_\_\_ to school by bus? (go)

  No, he doesn't. He \_\_\_\_\_ to school on foot. (go)
- 3. What \_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_ on TV? (watch)

She \_\_\_\_ the news but she \_\_\_ soap operas. (not watch)

4. \_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_ swimming? (like)

Yes, they do, but they \_\_\_\_\_ running. (not like)

5. When \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ to a football match? (go)

I \_\_\_\_\_to a football match on Sundays. (go)

Grade Nine First Term

### Unit 1 Explorers

Date: _		Period No
---------	--	-----------



Eman stayed at home last weekend.



we use the **past simple** to talk about finished events in the past.

#### Do as shown in brackets:

- 1. Salim (start) the piano lessons last Monday [correct]
- 3. Farah sprinted very fast in the Olympic Race. [Make negative]

## Test Today!

#### Work in pairs!

Write one thing you did yesterday, and one thing your friend did.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

# B – COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH THE <u>PAST SIMPLE (AFFIRMATIVE / NEGATIVE / INTERROGATIVE)</u> OF THE VERBS IN BRACKETS:

- ✓ My sister and her husband \_\_\_\_\_ (come) from Greece.
- ✓ I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (not like) the U2 concert.
- ✓ My cousin \_\_\_\_\_ (phone) from France yesterday evening.
- ✓ On Monday Johann \_\_\_\_\_\_ (go) to school on foot.
- ✓ (they / leave) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the country last Saturday?
- √ (you / like) \_\_\_\_\_ the film?
- ✓ They \_\_\_\_\_ (not finish) the homework yesterday.
- ✓ (she / go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema with her parents last night?
  - No, she didn't. She \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) at home. She \_\_\_\_\_ (get) a cold.
- ✓ We \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to Spain y car.
- ✓ I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) a wonderful holiday with my family last July.
- √ (you / travel) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Madrid by car or by plane?
- ✓ Many years ago it \_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) very difficult to live without electricity.

Dalal Al-Mussivear they \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a house at the seaside.

✓ I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (meet) him the day before yesterday.





## Unit 1 Explorers

First Term

Period No.\_\_\_\_

In not less than 12 sentences, plan & write a report about "a famous adventurer". First write about their life and personality, then write about their famous achievements.

Plan your writing here (Outline)

Date: \_\_\_\_

You can conclude by writing about why they inspire you.

<u>Introduction:</u>
Paragraph 1:
Topic sentence:
Supporting details:
•
•
•
Paragraph 2:
Topic sentence:
Supporting details:
•
•
•
Conclusion:

Dalal Al-Mutairi

Grade Nine	First Term
Now write your topic here!	
	<del>-</del>
<del> </del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	<del>-</del>
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	<del>-</del>
— Dalal Al-Mutairi	5

#### Unit 2 Authors

First Term

Date:

Period No.



Have you ever read this book? Do you think it's a real story? Who's the author of the book? What type of books do you enjoy reading?



Word	POS	Meaning	Choose the right word
	( )		<ul> <li>Mariam is a kind and loving person,</li> </ul>
	( )		she's got a good
	( )		( reputation - variety - literature )
	( )		• People like to take photos everywhere.
	( )		Sometimes for fun, other times to important moments.
	( )		( regard - document - seek )
	( )		* Saud Al-Sanou'si is a famous Kuwaiti
	( )		His book won a
	( )		prize.
	( )		( association - popularity - novelist )
Dand Ha	Havit	on CR nago 20	Strank in anguar to aneston.

#### Choose the right answer in the following:

- 1. The opposite (antonym) of the word "gradual" in paragraph3 in the first text is:
- a) Slow and calm
- b) hurried and sudden
- c) wide and inclusive
- 2. The purpose of the author in writing these 2 texts is to:
  - a. persuade young readers to be authors in the future.
  - b. Entertain the readers with a non-fiction stories.
  - c. Inform the readers about 2 famous authors and novelists.
- 3. The book which was written by Talal Al-Rumaidi:
- a) included valuable facts about Kuwait and its history.
- b) helped us imagine how Kuwait will be in the future.
- c) narrated the story of Talal and his family relations.

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© Remember!

1. Synonym =

a word with the same meaning.

2. Antonym =

the opposite of a word

### Unit 2 Authors

First Term

Date:

The Future Simple Tense

Period No.



will start the diet this weekend.

He is going to fly to Istanbul in March



Choose the right alternative in brackets:

I will ( make - makes - making ) some tea. Would you like to drink some? No. thanks! I must visit my friends. They ( goes to - are going to - going to ) watch the football match at home tonight.





## GOING TO

Express future plans decided before the

moment of speaking (prior plans)

E.g: I'm going to visit my aunt next Friday.

Express future actions decided at the moment of speaking (immediate decision)

E.g: I'll have salad now.

Express a prediction based on personal opinions or experiences

E.g: I think United will win the game.

Express a future fact

E.g: The sun will rise tomorrow.

 Express a prediction based on present evidence

E.g: Look at those black clouds. It is going to rain.

Express that something is about to

E.g: Get back! The bomb is going to explode.

Both Will and Going to can be used for making future predictions without having a real difference in meaning.

E.g: I think it will be foggy tomorrow. = I think it is going to be foggy tomorrow.

The verb is always in the infinitive form after will & going to. W FORGET!

#### Do as shown in brackets:

⊕ I've decided. I (change) my mobile phone. [Correct]

⊗ She is going to write a short story in the summer. [Ask]

## What are they going to do?



the bus.



make



travel

by plane.



buy

a new tie.

Date: \_\_\_\_

Question Formation

Period No.\_\_\_\_

HOW?

WHERE? WHAT?

There are two types of questions: (Wh- question) & (Short answer question)

The Formula (Wh-question)

Wh-Q + Helping verb + Subject + Main Verb + ....? WHEN

What do She / he play they / you When does read did Why Samia stay Where Ali can go How will the boys study

Short answer questions: starts with a helping verb ( Did / Do / Will / Does / Can..... ) Examples:

Did you enjoy the film?

Are they listening to the teacher?

Yes, I did

No, I didn't

Yes, they are

No, they aren't

The Formula (Short answer questions)

Helping verb + Subject + Main Verb + ....?

Did Manar stay in a hotel?

Will you help me with the project?



#### Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- (Where What Why) did they travel this year? Japan.
- (Have Will Were) they return home yesterday? Yes, they did.

#### Do as shown in brackets:

- 1. Khalid watched a nice film yesterday. [Form a question]
- \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Yes, she played the piano in a concert. [Ask]

\_\_\_\_\_\_

FORGET!

Note: For the short answer you can form only one question!

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Unit 2 Authors

First Term

Period No.\_\_\_\_

In not less than 12 sentences, plan & write an account describing the "two different types of books that people use". First write about the paper books, then write about using the e-books. You can conclude by writing about which type you prefer.

<u>Plan your writing here (Outline)</u>

<u>Introduction:</u>
Paragraph 1:
Topic sentence:
Supporting details:
•
•
Paragraph 2:
Topic sentence:
Supporting details:
•
•
Conclusion:

Grade Nine	First Term
Now write your topic here!	
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— Dalal Al-Mutairi	

# Unit 3 Philanthropy

First Term

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Period No.



000

This is H.H. Sheikh Subah Al-Ahmad. What title was he given in 2014? Why was he given this title?

Word	POS	Meaning
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	

Use the new words to match the definitions

- (.....) to move quickly.



Work in groups and write a thank you note to H.H.

The Amir of Kuwait

THANK YOU

Dalal Al-Mutairi

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# Unit 3 Philanthropy

Date: \_\_\_\_

Relative clauses

Period No.\_\_\_\_

We use them to join two sentences,  $\underline{who}$  for people- $\underline{which}$  for things,  $\underline{whose}$  for possessions.

The red box, which was full of chocolates, is on the table.





Saad , who lives nextdoor , is a policeman.

My friend, whose mother is a teacher, likes writing stories.

#### Choose the right alternative in brackets:

- The building, (who which whose) was built in 1991, has fallen.
- My friend Maha ( who which whose ) dress is red, went to the party.





#### Do as shown in brackets:

- 1. My brother was late for work. His car broke down. [ Join with whose]
- 2. This machine is very useful. It works on solar energy. [ Join]



# Who, Which, Whose?

- The woman ...... gave him the money was young
- The bag ..... contained the money was yellow.
- The people ...... were in the bank were very frightened.
- A man ..... mobile was ringing did not know what to do
- .A woman ...... daughter was crying tried to calm her.



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# Unit 3 Philanthropy

Date:			

Period No.

#### If Conditional II:

When the verb in the (if part) is in the past simple we use (would / wouldn't + infinitive):

If she wanted to get fit, she would do some exercises.



I would travel around the world if I had the money.

#### <u>Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:</u>

- If you (offer offers offered) me some tea, I would drink it.
- If I ( has were was ) you, I would leave this team now.
- If I saw Reem earlier, I (will tell would tell told) her about the new shopping mall.



#### Do as shown in brackets:

1. If she came early to the party, she ( help ) us. [correct]



Choose only 4 of the following and complete the blanks with the correct form!

the exam.

- 2. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (practice) everyday, you \_\_\_\_\_ (play) violin very well.
- 3. If she \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) too much fast food, she \_\_\_\_\_ (put on) weight.
- 4. He \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a farm in Alentejo if he \_\_\_\_\_ (earn) lots of money.
- 5. They \_\_\_\_\_ (not/get) drunk if he \_\_\_\_ (drink) too much alcohol.
- 6. If one \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) an apple a day, one \_\_\_\_ (keep) the doctor away.
- 7. If John \_\_\_\_\_ (follow) my advice, he \_\_\_\_ (not/get) in trouble.
- 8. If the court \_\_\_\_\_ (find) them guilty, they \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to jail.
- 9. If he \_\_\_\_\_ (save) enough money, he \_\_\_\_ (buy) a beach house.

Dalal Al-Mutairi

# Unit 3 Philanthropy

First Term

Date:	·	Period No
Ju 10.		1 61 104 1 10

#### -Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

On 3<sup>rd</sup> April 1973, Martin Cooper from the Motorola Company talked on his mobile phone as he walked through the streets of New York. People watched with excitement and amazement. At that time, even normal phones were attached by wires and cords and people had never seen anything like it before! It was the world's first mobile phone call. The phone weighed 850 grams! It was very heavy! Now, mobile phones weigh about 130 grams.

In the 1970s, mobile phone technology was still experimental. Mobiles weren't <u>available</u> to the public until 1983, when the DynaTAC was created. This mobile phone was not successful. It was huge, you could use it only for 30 minutes and it was also expensive. Only very rich people can buy it. Martin Cooper had a dream of people taking their phones with them, and being able to communicate wherever <u>they</u> were. However, in the early days, nobody knew if the mobile phones would be popular. By the end of the year 2000, mobiles were cheap enough for ordinary people to buy. They were also much smaller and looked much better than the DynaTAC! Millions of people were using them.

Mobile phones have changed a lot since 1980s. We can use them to take photos, watch videos, surf the internet and do many other things. Today there are billions of mobile phones in the world. Life would be very different without mobile phones- They have changed the world as we know it!

### A)-Choose the best answers from a, b, c and d: (6 X 2 = 12 marks)

			 d) people
The word "available" i	n line "7" means b	peing	·
a) used	b) changed	c) destroyed	d) believed
	• •		<del></del>
a) The famous phone	e companies	b) The first mobile pho	one call
c) Mobile phones no	wadays	d) Different use	es of a mobile phone
The DynaTAC mobile p	hone was created	i	······································
a) by the end of 200	00	b) in the 1970s	
c) in the year 1983		d) before 1970	
	a) mobile phones  The word "available" in a) used  The main idea of the a) The famous phone c) Mobile phones not the DynaTAC mobile pands by the end of 200	a) mobile phones b) photos  The word "available" in line "7" means b a) used b) changed  The main idea of the 1st paragraph is: a) The famous phone companies c) Mobile phones nowadays  The DynaTAC mobile phone was created a) by the end of 2000	The word "available" in line "7" means being  a) used b) changed c) destroyed  The main idea of the 1st paragraph is:  a) The famous phone companies b) The first mobile phone c) Mobile phones nowadays d) Different use  The DynaTAC mobile phone was created  a) by the end of 2000 b) in the 1970s

Grade Nine First Term

Dalal Al-Mutairi 15

Grade Nine	Cou	Unit 4  Countries & Cities  First Term			
Date:			Period No		
		•	o travel? Why do people usually		
Word	POS	Meaning			
	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )		* All the Gulf countries lie the Arab  * This book of a number of short stories.  * Oil is the and most important source of income in Kuwait.		
	Would you like to visit	Where is Malaysia?	what's the weather like there?		
		Why do people usually travel to			

# Unit 4 Countries & Cities

First Term

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Period No.

present continuous for future arrangements

Sometimes we use the present continuous to express the future arrangements. Keywords are : { tonight, this evening, tomorrow, next .. ( week )..}



I am buying a new computer next week.

Saleh is visiting his friends this evening.



They are camping in the desert tomorrow.

# Test Today!

#### Choose the right alternative in brackets:

- Basam (travels travelling is travelling) to Abu Dhabi this weekend.
- They (are opening opened open ) the new restaurant tonight.

You can also use will + inf. To express the future



\*Mr. Hassan ( sell ) his old car tonight. [ Correct ]

\*My mother is changing the furniture next month. [Negative]



1. My sister	<u>is</u>	watchina	_TV in the living room.
			<del>-</del>

2. Mrs. Smith \_\_\_\_\_\_ English to her students.

3. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ for a bus.

4. My friends \_\_\_\_\_ tennis.

5. lt \_\_\_\_\_\_ not \_\_\_\_\_\_ outside. lt's sunny!

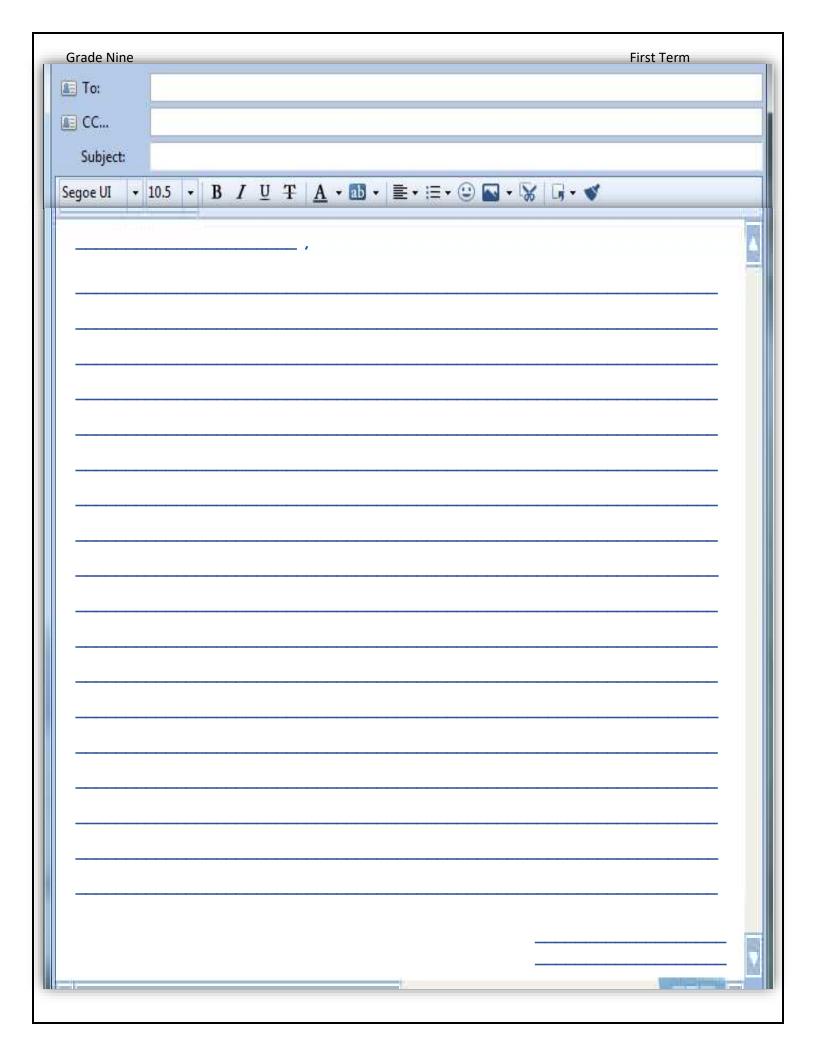




## Unit 4 Countries & Cities

In not less than 12 sentences, plan & write an email about a country

an your writin	g here ( Mind A	<u>Λαρ)</u>		_



# Unit 5 Whe Environment

_			
Date:			

Period No.

This picture shows a major environmental problem. What is it? Why is it happening?



Word	POS	Meaning
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	
	( )	

Use the new words to match the definitions

- (......) something that pollutes the water or the air.
- ( ...... ) poisonous and harmful.
- ( ...... ) in a very clear way.

Read the text on SB page 40 & work in groups to answer:

#### Choose the right answer in the following:

- 1. The antonym of the word "wisely" in paragraph3 in line 3 is:
- a) reasonably

b) foolishly

c) carefully

- 2. The main idea of the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph is:
  - a. The dangers of fossil fuels on the environment.
  - b. The good effects of fossil fuels for the air and water.
  - c. How fossil fuels are made and used.
- 3. The pronoun "them" in line 5 of the  $2^{nd}$  paragraph refers to:
- a) people

b) vehicles

c) pollutants

Grade Nine First Term

### Unit 5 The Environment

Date: \_\_\_\_

Period No.

6 Passive Voice



She (can)use this charger anytime.

This charger can be used anytime.

- (1) To change a sentence to the passive with a modal:
- 1- Start with the OBJECT.
- 2- Use (can be) (will be) ...etc
- 3- Change the verb to the past participle.

- (2) To change a sentence to the present continuous passive:
- 1- Start with the OBJECT.
- 2- Use (is / are/ am/ being)
- 3- Change the verb to the past participle.

They (are) painting the walls now.

The walls are being painted now



He (was) washing the car last night.

The car (was being) washed last night.

- (3) To change a sentence to the past passive:
- 1- Start with the OBJECT.
- 2- Use ( was / were )
- 3- Change the verb to the past participle.

#### Do as shown in brackets:

1. She will cook some potatoes this evening.

[Change into Passive]

2. They can make good cars in Japan.

[Change into Passive]

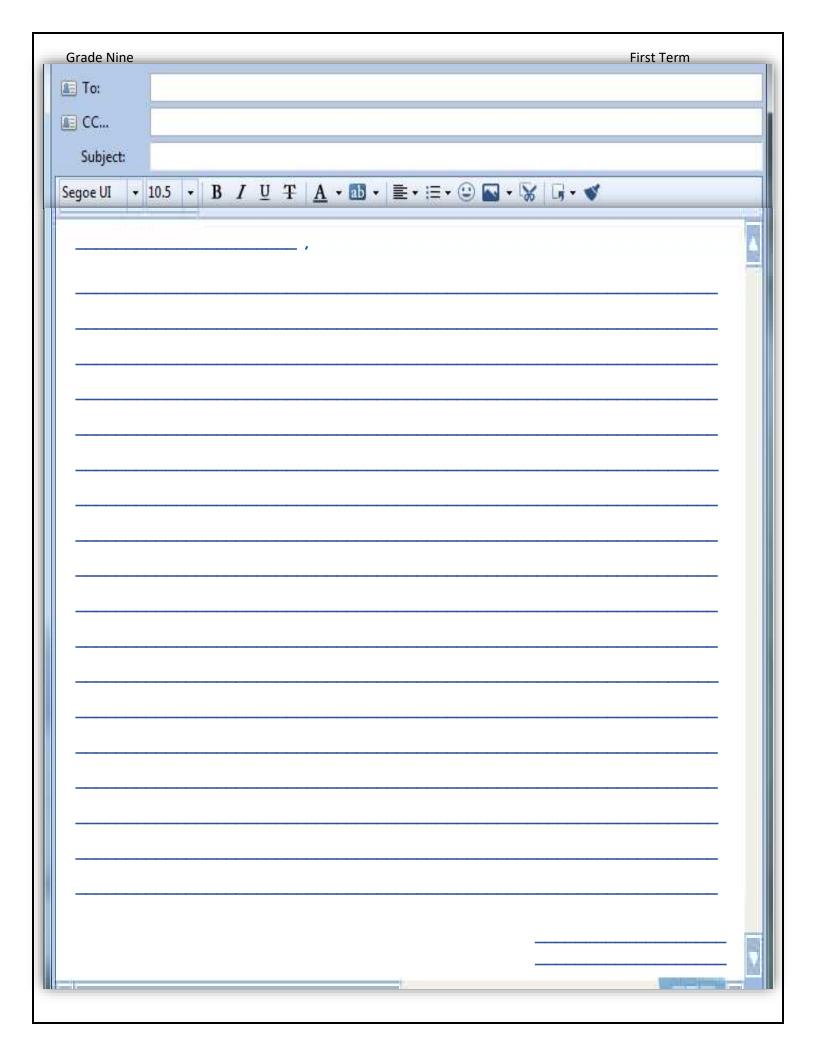


3. The coastguard is rescuing the sailors now. [Change into Passive]



Grade Nine	_			First Term
		Unit 5	<b>T</b> .	
	YK	ne Environmen	t	
Date:			Per	iod No
ork in groups and	complete	this mind man		
or to the group of the				
		What are the		<del></del>
		different types of pllution?		
				Core
	<del>/</del>	3 10 3 30		
Cue	ocat como	22	NA(I)	
	gest some utions for		Who is responsible of	
p	ollution.		causing pollution	
	\			
			/	
		Name some of th	ne	
	<del> </del>	causes of		
		pollution.		
				<del></del>
	<del></del>			
		Unit 5		
	Th	ne Environmen	Ł	
Date:			Per	iod No.
		<del></del>	,	

Dalal Al-Mutairi 22



# Unit 6 Cultural Attractions

First Term

Date:	Period No
If you were a tourist visting Kuwait, where would you go?	
	Kuwait

	Word	POS		Meaning
		(	)	
<u></u>		(	)	
		(	)	
)		(	)	
>		(	)	
		(	)	
		(	)	
		(	)	
•		(	)	

Use one of the new verbs in a meaningful sentence.

Use of the new adjectives in a meaningful sentence.

Read the text on SB page 46 & work in groups to answer:

#### Choose the right answer in the following:

- 1. The main idea of the paragraph C is:
- a. Silver & gold jewellery in Kuwait.
- b. Housing a great collection of items.
- c. The impressive Tarea Rajab Museum.
  - 2. All of the following statements are true except:
  - a. The House of Mirrors is a private property.
  - b. The Mutla Ridge is a flat land by the sea.
  - c. There are many Arabic manuscripts in Tarag Rajab Museum.

# Unit 6 Cultural Attractions

First Term

Date:

Period No.\_\_\_\_

Order Of Adjectives

Which adjective comes first?

<b>O</b> pinion	Size	Age	Shape	Colour	Origin	material
beautiful	Large	old	round	red	Kuwaiti	wooden
bad	big	young	square	black	Spanish	plastic

#### Examples:

- She has got a lovely small white cat.
- My mother keeps her bags in an old brown wooden box.

Work with a friend and describe the items in these pictures.



Present Perfect Tense

has or + P.P. have

We use the <u>present perfect</u> to talk about past experiences that happened recently ( He/ She/ It or a singular noun takes <u>has</u>. I/ you/ They/ We or plural nouns take <u>have</u>)

Have you seen a horror movie?



Yes, I have

No, I haven't.

My friend <u>has eaten</u> Italian food.



Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- She \_\_\_\_\_her expensive watch in the airport recently.
- a) have lost
- b) loses
- c) has lost
- d) losing

#### Do as shown in brackets:

- No, I haven't eaten Chinese food before. (Ask)
- 2. Salih ( act ) in a Kuwaiti play with Tareq Al-Ali. [Correct]

important to pont know the Past

Participle of a verb

Dalal Al-Mutairi

25

Grade Nine First Term

# Unit 6 Cultural Attractions

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period No.\_\_\_\_

Present Perfect Continuous

We use it to talk about actions that were in progress at a time in the past and are continuing in the present. (generally with since / for)

Manar has been waiting here for many hours.

We have been studying English since 2007.



26

Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- She \_\_\_\_a cake for two hours.
- a) made b) has been making c) was making d) makes



Do as shown in brackets:

Dalal Al-Mutairi

1. They (live) in Rabia Area since 2005. [correct]

\_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 6 Cultural Attractions

First Term

Date: Period No
In not less than 12 sentences, plan & write an account about Kuwait's famous tourist attractions and what people can do in these places.
Plan your writing here ( Outline )
Introduction:
Paragraph 1:
Topic sentence:
Supporting details:
•
•
Paragraph 2:
Topic sentence:
Supporting details:
•
•
Conclusion:

Grade Nine	First Term
Now write your topic here!	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	<del>-</del>
——————————————————————————————————————	28

rade Nine	First Term
Dalal Al-Mutairi	29

Grade Nine	First Term
Dalal Al-Mutairi	30

Grade Nine	First Term
Dalal Al-Mutairi	31

Grade Nine	First Term
Dalal Al-Mutairi	32