

### **Teacher's Reports:-**

Teacher's Remarks	<u>Date</u>	Parents'
		signature:-
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تمقی مدیر قالمدی براتم		

Unit (7)												
uni	t 7 ,lesson1-2, (Survival eq	uipmen	. ,									
1	survival equipment	(n.)	معدات النجاة									
2	signal flare	(n.)	إشارة مضيئة									
3		(n.)	مرآة عاكسة									
4	Priority	(n.)	أولوية									
5	Oars	(n.)	مجداف									
6	first-aid kit	(n.)	صندوق الإسعافات الأولية									
7	emergency blanket	(n.)	بطانية الطوارئ									
8	Survive	(v.)	ينجو ايحيا									
9	Whistle	(n.)	صفارة									
10	sea-sickness tablet	(n.)	أقراص لدوار البحر									
11	survival manual	(n.)	دليل/ كتيب النجاة									
12	Induce	(v.)	ينسبب في									
unit	7 ,lesson 3-4,p.56(Problem so	lving in t	he real world)									
1	experience	(v.)	يواجه									
2	effort	(n.)	جهد / مسعی									
3	situation	(n.)	جهد / مسعى موقف									
4	systematically	(adv.)	بشكل منظم									
5	alternative	(adj.)	بدیل									
6	effective	(adj.)	مؤثر / فعال									
7	evaluate	(v.)	يقيم									
8	generate	(v.)	يولّد									
9	routines	(n.)	یولد فعل متکرر\عادات یومیة/روتین									

unit '	7 ,lesson 5-6(Interesting fa	ncts) ,p.58	
1	breeze	(n.)	نسيم البحر
2	antiseptic	(n.)	مُطهر
3	relatively	(adv.)	نسبيا \ ذو علاقة ب
4	decongestant	(n.)	مُزِيْلُ الإِحْقِقان
5	alleviate	(v.)	يُسكن/يخفف
6	gadget	(n.)	أداة أو آلة ميكانيكية
7	probably	(adv.)	من المحتمل
8	extract	(v.)	يستخرج
9	fingerprint	(n.)	بصمة
10	enzyme	(n.)	إنْزيم

*Date* :.....

Unit (7) Lessons (1& 2)

#### Survival Equipment

### Vocabulary

A)Choose the correct	<u>ct answer from a, b, c and d .</u>	<u>'-</u>	
1. The boat doesn't r	nove, you have to use the		••••
a. whistles	b. sea-sickness tablet	c. oars	d. survival manua
2. Pills for sea-sickn	ess often Slee	piness.	
a. induce	b. find out	c. fetch	d. install
3. Everyone has his	own in life ac	cording to his in	iterests.
a. emergency blanke	ts b. priorities	c. oars	d. signal mirror

4. You should use..... to let rescuers know your place .

a. survival manual b. signal flare c. first- aid kit d. cereals

B)Fill in the spaces with words from the list
---

(whistle - survive - first-aid kit - emergency blanket)

- 1. Put some medicines in the.....and get it ready for our camping trip.
- 3. We use the.....to cover the injured people in car accidents.
- 4. People need food and water to .....

Set Book :-

- 1. Mention some of survival equipment which help you to survive on a life raft.

  a) signal flare b) life belts c) compass d) emergency blanket
- 2. What do you think is the most important survival equipment? Why? I think the signal flare is the most important because it shows where you are.
- 3. What should you do if you feel sea sickness on a boat?

I will take sea sickness tablet

4. What are signal mirror and signal flare used for ?

It is used for showing where you are.

5. What is the compass used for?

It is used for showing the directions.

6. How can we keep injured people warm?

We can keep injured people warm by using the emergency blanket.

7. What is the first-aid kit used for?

It is used for treating injured people.

Language	function
~, ~, .	,

* Write what	you would sa	y in the foll	owing situations:
--------------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

1.	Y	0	u:	r	fa	ın	ni	1	y	i	S	g	O	11	n	g	C	)ľ	1	a	S	зe	38	ì,	j	o	u	lľ	r	e	j	у.	•																								
		• •											•	•									. <b>.</b>	•	•								•	•		 	•		•					•		 •				 •		 •	•				

2. Your sister feels sea-sickness.

### Grammar

FIRST conditional

If it rains, If you study, we will cancel the trip. you will pass the exam.

PRESENT SIMPLE + WILL / WON'T + VERB

**USES:** A possible situation in the future

Predicting a likely result in the future (if the condition happens)

#### Do as shown in bracket :-

(Correct)

2. Khalid will travel abroad if he ..... (get) a long vacation (Correct)

**3.** If I have enough money ,.... (Complete)

**4.** ..... listen to you if you calm down. (Choose)

b)Shall I d)I don't a)I'llc)I could

**5.**If we don't hurry up ,we ..... to school late.

a)would arrive b)arrived c)will arrive d)arrives

### Will / Be going to

	Futurit	
Will	Shall	Be goingto
1.Prediction (beliefs)  e.g.: The weather will  get hotter.	1.to make suggestions e.g.: Shall we go to the sea?	1.Prediction (evidence) e.g.: The sky is full of dark clouds; it is going to rain
with sudden decisions .2  .e.g.: I will make some tea	2. to make offers e.g.: Shall I give you a lift to the station?	for actions that we .2 have decided before we speak (PLANS) e.g.: I am going to watch TV tonight
		e.g.: My father is going to travel next week .

#### Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

<u> </u>			
1. The weather	colder.		
a)getting	b)are going to get	c)will get	d)get
2. I	my aunt	tomorrow.	
a)is going to visit	b)are going to vis	sit c)am going t	o visit d)visits
3 c	lose the window for yo	ou ?	
a)I shall	b)I'm going to	c)Shall I	d)I will
4. Nawal is	watch a movie	tonight.	
a. will	b. won't	c. going to	d. shall
5 I l	nelp you in carrying th	e box?	
a. will	b. shall	c. won't	d. would

9<sup>th</sup> Grade Second term 2018

Adverbs of time

When	عندما	till	حتى	While	بينما	Because	لان					
As soon as	بمجرد	<b>Before</b>	قبل	Although	بالرغم من	So	थां ग					
ان					_							
<u>Until</u>	حتی	After	بعد	By the time	بحلول الوقت	And	9					

<u>Until</u>	<u>حتى After</u>	ت <u>By the time</u>	<u>و And بحلول الوق</u>	
1.I phoned the	police	I saw the accident		
a. until	b. when	c. but	d. as soon as	
2- She sang a l	lullaby to her son	he went to sl	eep.	
a. until	b. before	c. as soon as	d.after	
3- Khaled takes	s a shower	he goes to bed.		
a. as soon as	b. until	c. but	d. before	
4-I'll talk to you	uI a	ırrive home.		
a. but	b. until	c. as soon as	d. before	
5-Ahmed had to	rained hard	he lost the game.		
a. until	b. but	c. after	d. before	
Date :		Unit (7) Lessons (3 blem solving in the real wo	,	
	110	viem soiving in the real wor	ıu	

### Vocabulary

#### A) Fill in the sentences with the most suitable words:-

{efforts - generate - systematically - evaluated - effective }

- 1. We need .....solutions for the problems in our city.
- 2. Thinking ..... is the best way to solve the problems.
- 3. He .....the situation very carefully before he made his decision
- 4. Thanks for all your ...... and best wishes into the future.

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### B) Choose the right word from a. b. c and d:-

1. Our team's coach applied		plans during the la	itest match
a)alternative	b) lonely	c)determined	d) effective
2Creative thinkin	ng helps us	new ideas	
a) generate	b) evaluate	c) experience	d)alert
<b>3.</b> To solve proble:	ms, you should look at th	em	
a) relatively	b) systematically	c)luckily	d)probably
<b>4.</b> .The police are n	naking great	to reduce crime	in the city
a)approaches	b)blankets	c) efforts	d) situations

### Set book

#### 1. Mention some of the features of problem solving?

- Looking at the problem systematically.
- Trying to discover alternative effective solutions.
- Using creative thinking to generate ideas and critical thinking to evaluate ideas.
- 2. Explain ( thinking outside the box ).

It means thinking beyond the limits of our habits and routine.

3. What will you do if you have a problem?

I would tell my mother.

# Language function

	would say in the with your mother and	<i>following situatio</i> she is angry.	<u>ns:</u>
• •		nd creative when you so	lve a problem"
Date:	Unit Interes	(7) Lessons (5& 6)	
	Voca	sting Facts	
A)Choose the cor	rect answer from	a, b, c &d :-	
			. the pain.
a. extract	b.alleviate	c. induce	d. evaluate
2. The police take the	suspect's	to decide who con	nmitted the crime.
a. gadgets	b. enzymes	c. fingerprints	d. routines
3. The weather turned	cold and the sea	was blowing.	
a. breeze	b. antiseptic	c. situation	d. effort
<u>B)Fíll ín the blan</u>	ks with words fro	m the list:-	
	(gadget - relatively	- antiseptic – extracte	ed)
1. The oil which is		from	olives is used for cooking
2. Sea air is full of	minerals; it is also		unpolluted
3. This handy little		is for separatir	ng egg yolks from whites
			1

### set book

1. Why is sea air good for you?

Because it is full of minerals.

2. Explain why fireworks can work on the moon.

Because they have a chemical mix that contains a source of oxygen.

3. Are fingerprints unique? How?

Yes, they are, even identical twins don't have the same fingerprints.

4. Why do text messages get through when there is no signal for voice calls?

Because they use a very small amount of data, and only need a very short connection time.

# \[ \language functions \* \] \[ \text{Write what you would say in the following situations:} \]

1. Someone says: "I think identical twins have the same fingerprints."
2. Your friend is going to throw her old mobile phone away.

unit	8 ,lesson1-2,	Parts of	A rahia maaning
(Mar	ria Montessori),P:60	speech	Arabic meaning
1	Determined	(adj.)	مصمم/ عاقد العزم
2	Inspire	(v.)	يحُث-يلهم
3	Disability	(n.)	إعاقة عجز
4	Engage	(v.)	یشارك \ ینهمك
5	Strict	(adj.)	صارم
6	Rigid	(adj.)	مُتَعَنِّت /قاسي /جامد/
7	Specialized	(adj.)	متخصص
8	Devise	(v.)	یخترع \ یبتکر
9	trial and error	(n.)	المحاولة و الخطأ
10	Influential	(adj.)	مُؤثر الفعال
11	Theory	(n.)	نظرية
12	Approach	(n.)	أسْلوب /طريقة
13	look down upon	(ph.v.)	يزدري يحتقر
14	Belittle	( v.)	يقلل من شأن
unit	8 ,lesson 3-4(Problems	page) ,p.62	
1	Counselor	(n.)	مستشار-ناصح یوعد
2	Promise	(v.)	
3	Common	(adj.)	عامّ. شائع
4	Apologise	(v.)	يعتذر
5	Lonely	(adj.)	وحيد
6	keep in touch	(ph.v.)	يبقى على اتصال
7	take up	(ph.v.)	يبدأ في ممارسة شي أو هواية

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unit 8 ,lesson 5-6(Problems & puzzles) ,p.64			
1	Brainteaser	(n.)	لغز /أحجية
2	Challenge	(n.)	تحدي
3	Criteria	(n.)	معاییر\ مقاییس
4	traffic jam	(n.)	اختناق مروري\ أزمة مرور
5	Escalator	(n.)	درج متحرك
6	Stuck	(adj.)	عالق
7	Marble	(n.)	تيلة ـ بلية
8	Portrait	(n.)	صورة فنية للوجه
9	Logic	(n.)	منطِق

#### A) Choose the right answer from a, b, c and d:-

<b>1.</b> .I'm	to get this	piece of work finished too	lay
a) strict	b) determined	c) rigid	d) influential
2She is blind, b	but herb) trial and error	didn't prevent her from ac	chieving her goals  d) breeze
<b>3.</b> .Never	other peop	ole's work; you must than	k them
a) engage	b) inspire	c) devise	d) belittle

### B) Fill in the blanks with words from the list:-

(strict - devised - theory - engage)

- **3.** Einstein discovered the ...... of Relativity

### Set book

1. How did the societies in the past look at successful women?

They were looked down upon and belittled

2. How was Education in the 20th century?

It was strict and rigid

3. In your point of view, how can we help children with disabilities and learning difficulties?

We should treat them kindly. We can build special schools and hospitals for them

### Language function

#### Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. S	omeone says	s that disabled	l children are una	able to learn.	

2. Some societies looked down upon women in the past.

Grammar

#### \* The Second Conditional :-

**SECOND** conditional

If I won the lottery, I would travel a lot. If they sold their house, they would be rich.

**PAST SIMPLE** 



WOULD + VERB

USES: Hypothetical or unlikely situations

Unreal or improbable situation now or in the future

* Examples:-			
1. If we won the prize	e, we would be rich.		
2. If I were you , I wo	ould study hard.		
A) Choose the con	rect answer from a, b, c ar	<u>ıd d :-</u>	
•	arder, youb) would get	_	d) got
<b>2.</b> .If I	money, I woul	d buy this car	
	b) have	c) had	d) am having
•	actise enough, youb) wouldn't win		d) won't win
<b>4.</b> .If Lina	to English nev	vs, she will improve her	English
	b) listens	-	
5.If I a)have	.a holiday , I would visit Ro b)had	\ <b>*</b>	d)has
,	Collowing sentences:-	3, 8	.,
1. If I had time,.			
2. If they didn't bri	ng me a present,		

C) <u>Do as shown between brackets :-</u>
1. If it trained, I ...... ( stay ) at home.

2. If Rawan..... ( speak ) slowly , I would understand .

( Correct )

( Correct )

3.If I went on a sea vo	oyage ,I	(take) sea	sickness tablet. (Correct)
4.If she	(invite) m	e,I'd come to the party.	(Correct)
Date :			
	(	<i>Problems</i> Vocabulary	
A)Choose the correc			
1. You	•	·	d avaluata
a. extract	o. promisea	c. keep in touch	d. evaluate
2. The	.helps people with	h their problems .	
		c. approach	d. counselor
a. alternative	b. common	C	
4. She lives alone and a. awkwardly		c. systematically	d. probably
B)Fill in the blanks			uncallar)
(кеер	in touch - comi	non - promised - lonely - co	unsenor)
1. Her parents		her a new car if s	he passed her exams
<b>2.</b> .She feels		now because her kids	have left for school
3Modern mobile	phones help peop	le	even in different countries
4American cars a	re	in the Gulf coun	tries

### Set Book

- 1. If you have a problem who you will ask to help you? I would ask my mother
- 2. How do you feel when you start something new? I feel worried.
- 3. How can you make friends?

  By smiling and talking to people.
- **4.** What should you do if you were mistaken with your friend? I should apologize to her.

# Language function

- \* Write what you would say in the following situations:
- 1. Your friend feels bored and lonely.
- 2. Some students spend too much time using the computer.
- 3. You came to school late.
- 4. You had an argument with your friend .

Date :		nit (8) Lessons (5& 6) ns and puzzles			
(	Problems and puzzles  Vocabulary				
Fill in the sentences with t		<u>e words:-</u> rainteaser - portrait - logi	c }		
1. If you are clever, find	d an answer to t	his			
2. I choose my meal acc	cording to health	hy			
3-The wheels were	in	the mud.			
4-There is no	in any of th	heir claims.			
Choose the right answ	er from a, b, c	<i>and d:-</i>			
<b>1.</b> Finding a solution to the a) criteria	he problem of tr <i>b) portrait</i>	raffic is a great	d) challenge		
		in the lift for over an hour c) specialised	d) influential		
		e theinste c) marble	ead d) situation		
Mention the problem solution a-Understanding the problem.	ving strategies	b Planning to solve it			
c-Trying the plan.	ACIII.	<ul><li>b- Planning to solve it.</li><li>d- Checking the solution.</li></ul>			

9 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Second term
2. Name some ways of thinking and learning	.?
a. Pictures and images.	b. Words and languages.
c. Logic and numbers.	d. movement.
{ Language	e function
* Write what you would say in the following	
1. Someone says "There are strategies for so	lving problems ".
2. Your teacher gives you a difficult math pu	zzle.

9<sup>th</sup> Grade Second term 2018

#### Date: ..... Writing

Write a story of (10 sentences) in two paragraphs about your journey when you were lost in the sea.

Draw a mind mapping. These guide words may help you:-Paragraph one: What happened? How did you feel?

**Guide words:** lost – frightened – dark – sick – help

Paragraph two: What equipment did you use? How did you survive?

<u>Guide words</u>:signal glare- first-aid kit - emergency blanket – sea-sickness tablet- whistle

#### Write your plan here

9 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Second term	2018
Write your topic here		
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9<sup>th</sup> Grade Second term 2018

Date:..... Writing

Write a report of (12 sentences) in two about disabled children in the past and nowadays.

Draw a mind mapping. These guide words may help you:-

Paragraph one: How did societies treat disabled children?

Guide words: education – rigid – engage – ignored – unable – learn

Paragraph two: How does the educational system treat disabled children nowadays

<u>Guide words</u>: special schools – equipment - modern approaches – support – government

#### Plan your topic here

9 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Second term	2018
Write your topic here		
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<i>Date</i> :	<b>Reading Comprehension</b>
Read the following passage then a	inswer the questions below:

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:  $(4x2\frac{1}{2}=10)$ 

Science is a double-edged weapon but man must use <u>it</u> for the good of humanity. Chemical and biological weapons are the price of modern technology which some people pay for the super powers' ambitions. Modern wars are very dangerous because technological means are used to be <u>accurate</u> towards the aims. They were firstly used by Japanese and American armies in the Second World War. Thousands of people were killed during that war so these weapons have become internationally banned by the United Nations Organization which was established just after that war.

All the super powers don't allow the developing countries have these dangerous weapons. These weapons are cheaper than traditional ones but they are more destructive and deadly for all creatures so they called the mass-destruction weapons. Some people may be infected by fatal diseases in the breathing systems, skins, blood and different organs of the body. The air, water, plants and soil in the infected zones are polluted and full of dangers of death. Some babies are born having some inherited genetic diseases. Thousands of the American soldiers were infected by dangerous and unfamiliar diseases during wars. Using the chemical weapons is considered a crime against humanity. International laws ban all the weapons of mass-destruction.

#### 1)The best title for the passage can be ..... *a) The War* b) Chemical Weapons c) Science d)Humanity a) science b) water c) mass-destruction 3) The underlined word "accurate" in the first paragraph means ...... b) cheap a)polluted c) dangerous d) exact 4)The main idea of the second paragraph is..... a)International laws b)The effect of chemical weapons c)American soliders d)Genetic diseases B) Answer the following questions: $(4x2\frac{1}{2}=10)$ 5) Why are modern wars very dangerous? 6) What disease people might have after chemical and biological weapons? 7) When were chemical weapons used first? 8) Why are chemical weapons internationally banned?

# Date :..... Reading Comprehension Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

There were once three blind men who stood by the roadside every day. They had often heard of elephants, but they had never seen **one**. How could they; they were blind? It so happened one morning that an elephant was driven down the road where they stood. When they were told that the great animal was before them, they asked the driver to let him stop so that they might see him. Of course they could not see him with their eyes, but they thought that by touching him .

The first one put his hand on the elephant's tusk. "He is round, smooth and sharp. He is like a spear." The second took hold of the elephant's trunk. "My brother you are wrong," he said. "It is very plain to me that this elephant is like a snake."

The third **seized** the animal's tail. "Oh foolish fellows, you surely have lost your senses " he cried, . This elephant is not like a spear or a snake. But any man with a particle of sense can see that he is exactly like a rope.

Then the elephant moved on, and the three blind men sat by the roadside all day and quarreled about him. Each believed that he knew just how the animal looked.

A)Choose the best	answer from a, b, c and d:	$(4x2\frac{1}{2}=10)$	
1-The <b>best title</b> for	the passage is		
a-Three Blind Men	b-A hı	ige Elephant	
c-A Good Sense	d-Two	Brave Men	
2 - The underlined	word <u>one</u> in line 2 refers to.		• • • • •
a-the driver	b-the blind men	c-roadside	d-the elephant
3- The underlined v	word <u>seized</u> in line 10 means	S	• • • • •
a-measured	b-carried	c-touched	d- caught
4-The main idea of	the second paragraph is	•• ••• ••• •••	
a)The elephant's tri	unk b)The sn	nake	
c)The rope	d)Using	senses to feel how elepha	ınts look like
•	owing questions: ( $4x2^{1/2}$ = .		
5-Where were the thre	e men when the elephant was bej	fore them?	
6- How could the bline	l men see the elephant?		
7-What was the first b	lind man description of the eleph	ant's tusk?	
8-Why had the three m	nen never seen an elephant?		

	unít 9 ,lesson	n(1-2), P:68(Forces of n	ature)
1	emergency	(n.)	حالة طوارئ
2	rescue - rescued	(n.)	إغاثة /إنقاذ
3	volcano	(n.)	بركان
4	hurricane	(n.)	إعصار مداري
5	earthquake	(n.)	زلزال
6	tsunami	(n.)	تسونامي
7	avalanche	(n.)	انهيار ثلجي
8	push out - pushed out	(ph.v.)	يدفع بقوة للخارج
9	powerfully	(adv.)	بقُوَّة
10	erupt - <b>erupted</b>	(v.)	يثور (البركان)
11	plate	(n.)	صَفيحَة (من قشرة الأرض)
12	predict - predicted	(v.)	يتنبًأ
13	resist - resisted	(v.)	يقاوم
	unít 9 ,lesson (3-4),p.70(Líj	fe -saving technology)	
1	simply	(adv.)	ببساطة
2	coastguard	(n.)	خفير السواحل
3	stranded	(adj.)	محاصر عير قادر علي الحركة عالق
4	luckily	(adv.)	لحسن الحظّ
5	Lift – <b>lifted</b>	(v.)	يرفع
6	Halt - halted	(v.)	يتوقف فجأة
7	Lightning	(n.)	البَرْق
8	Realise - realised	(v.)	يدرك
9	authority	(n.)	سُلْطَة
10	Alert - alerted	(v.)	يحذر -ينبه

	unít 9 ,lesson (5-6)(Dangerou	s jobs) ,p.72	
1	paramedic	(n.)	مسعف
2	risky	(adj.)	محفوف بالمخاطر
3	salvage	(n.)	إنقاذ سفينة
4	Breed – <b>bred - bred</b>	(v.)	یربّی- یتکاثر متحدی
5	challenging	(adj.)	متحدي
6	isolated	(adj.)	منعزل
7	Deliver - <b>delivered</b>	(v.)	يوصل
8	wilderness	(n.)	قَفْر . بَرّيّة
9	smoke jumper	(n.)	اطفائي حرائق الغابات
10	sanctuary	(n.)	محمية
11	Rust – rusted	(v.)	يَصْدَأ
12	Affect - affected	(v.)	يؤثر علي
13	extremely	(adv.)	بإفراط
14	Restore - restored	(v.)	یسترد. یستعید

Date:	Unit	t(9) Lessons (1& 2)	
	You	cabulary	\     
A)Choose the correct a	nswer from a, b , can	<u></u>	
<b>1.</b> The state of Florida <i>a) plate</i>	•	c) rescue	that did serious damage d) emergency
		no houses have contained to taken up	
		that it flew ov	
<b>4.</b> No one can <i>a) apologise</i>		te result of the next Spar c) resist	nish Classico <i>d) erupt</i>
B) Fill in the blanks			,)
1 Three years ago a	`	<i>-tsunami - powerfully</i> hit	
, , ,		/ an	•
	Set B	ook	
1)Mention two of the n	uture events.		
a) Hurricane	b) volcano	c) tsunami	d) earthquake
2)Why is a volcano dan	gerous?		
Because crops	s die / Because sunlig	ht can be reduced.	

#### 3) Hurricanes are very dangerous. Explain.

Trees and buildings are destroyed. / Towns are flooded by the rainfall.

#### 4) Why are earthquakes dangerous?

Because buildings, streets and bridges are destroyed.

#### 5) What damages are caused by tsunamis?

They kill people and make millions of people homeless.

### Grammar

#### The Passive

#### (Present Simple)

"Active"
Subject + verb 1 + object

"Passive"

Object + is / are + verb 3

e.g.: She eats an apple every day

An apple *is eaten* every day

#### (Present Continuous)

"Active"

"Passive"

Subject + is/ am /are + $V^0$ - ing + object  $\square$ 

-Object+is/are + being+verb 3

.e.g.: They are building a school

A school *is being built* 

#### (Can)

"Active"

"Passive"

 $Subject + can + V^{\theta} + Object$ 

Object + can + be + V3

.e.g.: We *can help* that man

That man *can be helped* 

A)Change into 1. Satellites can			
2Fahad can sp	eak three languages		
3. Every year, the	housands of tourists visit	Kuwait	
<b>4.</b> .They use this	road too often		
•	ding new walls around th	_	
6. Dana is prepa	aring dinner at the momen	nt	
The water 8.They are build	the water in the oceanding a new school in our	town.	
6 –Scientists can p	redict volcanic eruptions		
B) Choose the corn 1- Nowadays, bash	rect answers from a, b, ketballall o	<i>c and d:-</i> over the world .	
	b-is played		
<ul><li>a-spent</li><li>3 – A ten meter sha</li></ul>	ot of money <b>b-are spent</b> ark by a fisher <b>b-was caught</b>	<i>c-is spent</i> man yesterday .	d- was spent  d- can be
_	_	_	

# Language Functions

Write what you wood. Your friend asks	•	of the following situations:- a volcano	
•	you to give info	rmation about tsunamis	
. 3. Your uncle asks y	ou about the date	ngers of earthquakes	
Date :	Lfe	Unit (9) Lessons (3& 4) saving techonlogy	
		Vocabulary	
A)Choose the right	answer from a.	b, c and d	
		because they don <i>c) rarely</i>	-
		in town with no car and c) determined	
<b>3.</b> As soon as we <i>a) lifted</i>		hat something was wrong, we need to continue to continue the continue to the continue that something was wrong, we need to continue the continue that something was wrong, we need to continue the continue that something was wrong, we need to continue the continue that something was wrong, we need to continue the continue that something was wrong, we need to continue the continue that something was wrong, we need to continue the continue that something was wrong the continue that something was also continue that	moved the children away d) alerted
<b>4.</b> The tower has been a) plate	•	c) emergency	d) lightning

` •	- <i>authority - stranded -</i> ld hardly catch the last tr	
e	to sudde	en changes in children's behavior
ons must exer	cise its	to restore peace in the area
ul purposes fo	or text messages?	
tion	b) Warn	ing about traffic.
messages to s	save people in danger.	, ! !
\	Simple Past Passive	<sup> </sup>
ive"		"Passive"
o 2 + object ve:-		Object + was / were + verb 3
ented the tele	phone	
	e city of New Orleans	
	ons must exer  ard's job im ople and ships ul purposes fe tion  nology can sa messages to s	I could hardly catch the last to suddent to

2018

# Language Functions

### Write what you would say in each of the following situations:-

1- One of your friends the	ninks that modern techno	logy is not important for o	our life.
2- Someone said that tex	ct messages is essential fo	or saving life .	
	natural forces aren't dang		
Date :	Unit (9 Dangero	) Lessons (5& 6 ) us jobs	
	Vocab	ulary	
	answer from a, b, c and	<u>d:-</u>	
		: it needs the c) stranded	
2Kuwait diving tear	n help to	Kuwait's natural	beauty
a) restore	b) rust	c) deliver	d) affect
	/ an <i>b) probably</i>	•	d) extremely
•	drives an ambulanc	e and help people who has c)criteria	•

B) Fill in the blanks with the correct word from th
---

(breeds - smoke jumper - isolated - rust)

- 1. Different species of birds live on ......islands
- 2. The blackbird, like most birds, ..... in the spring

# Set Book

#### 1- Mention three of the dangerous jobs .

- a) Smoke jumper b) pa
  - b) paramedic
    - c) diver
- d) Alaskan pilot

#### 2- What does a paramedic do?

He helps people who have been in accidents.

#### 3- What risks does a paramedic face?

They go to dangerous places.

#### 5- When does a paramedic feel satisfaction?

When he saves other's lives.

#### 6- What equipments should an ambulance have?

It should have medicine, oxygen tanks and syringes.

#### 7- What do divers wear?

They wear diving suits.

#### 8- What are the main jobs of the Kuwait diving team?

a) They monitor fish sanctuaries.

b) they help the salvage operations.

#### 9- What does an Alaskan pilot do?

He deliveries mail, food and medicine to isolated villages.

#### 10- Why is the Alaskan's job risky?

Because he has to fly over mountains in extreme weather

#### 10- What does a smoke jumper do?

- a) He is parachuted into areas where there are forest fires.
- b) He has to cut down and clear plants to stop the fire spreading.

#### 11- What risks does a smoke jumper face?

He can be killed by smoke and fire.

#### 12- How do smoke jumpers protect themselves?

They wear special protective clothes.

#### 13- When does a smoke jumper feel happy?

When he saves people's lives.

## Language Functions

Write what you would say in the following situations:				
1- Your friend wants your opinion in her new hair style .				
2- Your sister drinks a lot of fizzy drinks.				
3- Your brother wants to be a smoke jumper.				

Date :	Unit (10) Lessons (1& 2) Whirlpool  Vocabulary		,
A) Choose the right	answer from a,	<u>b, c and d:-</u>	/
1Lots of people exp	•	in d	-
a) terror	b) barrel	c) horizon	d) whirlpool
2. It took her a long	time to	from th	ne heart operation
a) tie	b) pick up	c) recover	d) float
3			of the mountain, they were d) exhausted
	ctor fell	and dr	
B) Fill in the blanks		t word from the list:-	(ad)
	•	rrels - horizon - terrifi	
1	The moon rose slowly above the		
<b>2.</b> .He had		the horse to one of t	the trees near the canal
<b>3.</b> .In 1989, Kuwait	exported 1.5 mill	ion	of oil a day
	(	Set Book	
1- <b>Why is a whirlp</b> Because it can kill ped	_		
<b>2-What possíble r</b> a) Bad weather	<b>ísks could yo</b> b) whirlpool		•

## Grammar



<u>form</u>		
I, we, you,	Have + been + v.ing	
they		
He, she, it	Has + been + v.ing	

since	for	
Specific time	A period of time	
Yesterday	A long time	
3 o'clock	Three years	
Last Friday	Two weeks	
September	A day	
He was born	Five hours	
I was a child	A fortnight	

#### **Examples**

e.g.: I have been working hard all day .

.e.g.: Dana has been studying English for thre years

.e.g.: They have been sleeping since yesterday

**<u>Key Words:</u>** since / for / all day / all afternoon / now

## Choose the correct answer from a, b, cand d:

- 1- Hurry up you've.....on the phone for an hour
  - a) been talked
- b) talked
- c) been talking
- d) talk

- 2- Fahd has.....in this town all his childhood.
  - a) been living
- b) been lived
- c) lived

d) livin

Do as shown between brackets:  1- I (wait) for you for two hours. (Correct)	
2-He (watch) TV since morning.(Correct)	
3- Our team has been practicing hard all week.	( negative )
4- I (look) after my grandparents all the morning.	(correct)
5- My mother has been making a cake for an hour.	(Ask)
[ Language Functions	
Write what you would say in the following situations:	
1- Your friend wants to go fishing alone.	

2- Someone said "Whirlpool is very dangerous force ".

Date :		0) Lessons (3& 4) Rally	
(	A car Vocabu	lary ]	
A) Choose the right an	nswer from a, b, c and	<u>' d:-</u>	
	ave tob) wonder	for the station tomorr	ow? d) float
	roon <i>b) mechanical</i>	n if you want to stay over c) terrified	night with us  d) stranded
	c lights, and you'll see to b) simply	the hospital straight	d) ahead
B) Fill in the blanks w	ith the correct word f	rom the list:-	
	(wonder - mechani	ical - yearly - rally)	
1Salem's	visit to	the city will be monthly	from now on
<b>2.</b> .I	how m	an could travel into space	
		se of a	
(	Set Bo	ook	
1-Why is the rally of Because: a) cars may be b) It's very dig	cars dangerous ír	the desert?	

2-What does it require to make a rally car?
a) A map to show the directions.

b) Drivers with mechanical skills.

## 3-How can a rally car be safe?

- a) Bringing much equipment.
- b) Teams should help each other.
- 4- Why do people organise car rallies in your opinion? or how can you People who take part in rallies?

Because they like adventures.

Grammar

## **Question tags**

## **Examples:**

<b>Positive question</b>	Negative tag
You are English,	Aren't you?
It is a lovely day,	Isn't it?
You will help me,	Won't me?

Negative question	Positive tag
They didn't do their work,	Did they?
You couldn't help me with this heavy box,	Could you?
He can't drive,	Can he?

## Choose the correct answer from a, b, cand d:

- 1-You can speak English very well,.....?
  - a) can't you
- b) can you can't
- d) you can

- 2- That's our new teacher, .....?
  - a) It isn't
- b) is it
- c) it is

d) isn't it

## Do as shown between brackets:

1- They look after their brother,	?	(complete)
2- It takes a long time to fly to Australia,	? (	(add question tag)
4- Somebody left the door open ,	?	(complete)
5- someone has eaten all the biscuits,	?	( add question tag)
6- I'm not responsible for it,	?	(complete)
7- He won't be late,?		( add question tag)

## Language Functions

## Write what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your brother asks your ideas about his new project.
2- One of your friends doesn't do his work .
3- You want to ask about some maths problems.

Date :	The Sil	10) Lessons (5& 6) lk Road	
( !	Vocab	nlary	
A) Choose the right an	nswer from a. b. c and	1 d:-	
1. It's traditional for the	e two teams to	shirts afte	r the game
a) trade	b) exchange	c) break down	d) float
<b>2.</b> South Asia is the mo	ost densely crowded	in the	e world
a) region	_	c) avalanche	
<b>3.</b> When the Islamic Er a) traded	mpire in Europe b) declined	c) broke down	wars happened d) took up
B) Fill in the blanks w		from the list:- - traded - track)	
1. To win the race, you	have to keep to the	•••••	
2. Merchants of the Ch	inese Empire	their silk and sp	pices with Europe
3. Women everywhere	like to wear clothes m	ade of	
! :	Set 1	Book	
1. In your opinion, who	at were the dangers of	the Silk Road?	
Bad weather ,cold,heat	t and thieves.		

## Language Functions

## Write what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your brother wants to participate in a long dangerous rally in the desert.
2- A tourist asked you about the way to the airport.
3- Someone says factories cause pollution .
4- Your mother bought a new silky nice blouse.

Date:	1	/	
Date:	/ .	/	•

## **Composition**

(There are many natural disasters that have a lot of effects on man and the environment.) Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (10 sentences) about [Forces of nature] with

help of the main ideas below:

1st paragraph: Effects on man.

Guide words: ( dangerous - damage - die - buildings - erupt )

**2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph:** Effects on the environment.

Guide words: ( crops - volcano - powerfully - emergency - earthquake )

Put your plan here

9 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Second term	2018
Write your topic		
		• • • • • •
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		45

## **Composition**

Plan and write an e-mail of two paragraphs (10 sentences) to your friend Sara about [ $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$  journey you have made] with help of the main ideas below:

1st paragraph: When ,where, and how you travelled.

Guide words: ( last summer holiday - Egypt - plane - my family - two weeks )

**2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph:** How you spent your holiday.

**Guide words:** ( hotel - interesting places - pyramids - restaurants - zoo )

#### Put your plan here

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9 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Second term 2	2018
	Write your topic	
To		]
From		-
Subject		
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		47

#### **II- Reading Comprehension**

## Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:-

A poor farmer had three sons, but the sons didn't want to work on the farm. It was a very small farm with three fields. "The farm is too small for us" they said to their father. "We must go to the town to earn our living. When you die, there will not be enough land for all of us. <u>We</u> shall have wives and children. "what can I do?" said their father. "Sell the land and divide the money among us" "No" he said. "I shall give all the land to the who proves to be the best farmer."

The son who earns the money from his field can have the whole farm. Each son wanted the whole farm. They said to themselves, "I must do better than this. I must learn more about growing rice." Secretly, each son bought books on farming and read them at night. At the end of the second year, the amount of rice growing in each field was doubled. "You have a lot of money from the <code>extra</code> rice" their father said "Buy one more field each year." After many years they became very rich. They could buy many other farms. They offered their father's farm to the poor of their village.

A) From a, b, and c choose the correct answer:
1-The pronoun "we" in line 4 refers to the
a-farmer's parents b-farmer's sons c-farmer and his sons d-farmer's neighbours
2-The word "extra" in line "11" means
a-less than usual b-the same as usual c-more than usual d-little
3-The main idea of the passage is
a-books about rice b-the careless father c-working together d-money
4-The best title for the story is
a-The wise old man b-selling the farm c-the lazy framers d-the three brothers
B) Answer the following questions:
5-What did the sons want to do?
6-Why did they buy books on farming?
7-What did they offer to the poor?
8-How did they become rich?

Date :		t (11 ) Lessons (1& 2 ) erent Lifestyle	
	Yoc	abulary	
A) Choose the right a	answer from a, b, c	and d:-	
1. With its natural resal wealthy	sources, Indonesia is <i>b) humble</i>	a very	country  d) risky
2Most rich families <i>a) pilots</i>		to organise the <i>c) paramedics</i>	
3. Having a lot of mo a) trade	oney mayb) deliver	you and compromise	
B) Fill in the blanks		rd from the list:- ences - grimy - genuine)	
<b>1.</b> Why don't you buy		parts for yo	ur car?
2. Omar and his wife .country	built two of the mos	t wonderful	in the
<b>3.</b> Being		is a source of happiness.	
	$\left\{ S\right\}$	et Book	
1.How can the rich peop By helping the poor and 2.What's real happiness	making project to he	•	
When you feel content . <b>3.How do the people in</b> They feel happy .	poor areas feel after	they receive assistance?	

## Grammar

# Reported Speech

Direct	Reported	
am , is	was	
are	were	
do , does	did	
have , has	had	
can	could	
will	would	
May	might	
$V^{1}$	$V^2$	
$V^2$	$had + V^3$	

Direct	Reported
I	he /she
me	him / her
my	his / her
We	They
US	Them
our	Their
You	We/I

Direct	Reported
now	Then
today	that day
yesterday	the day before
tomorrow	the next day
last night	the night before
ago	before
this	that
these	those
here	there

".Hamad said," Iamreading an English novel

He said (that) he was reading an English novel

Leila said, "I have done my homework "

Leila said (that) she had done her homework

Change into reported speech:-
1. ".She said, "We have studied English She said
2. Omar said, "I wrote a letter to my father".  Omar said
3. Ahmad said, "I can give up smoking".  Ahmad said
4. Dana said, "I study English every evening".  Dana said
5. Fahd said, "My relatives are coming to visit us tomorrow"  Fahd said
Language Functions
Write what you would say in the following situations:
1-Your friend doesn't like to help the poor .
2-Your sister likes to help the poor .

Date :		Unit (11) Lessons (3& 4) Links	
		Vocabulary	1 1 1 1
:Choose the right ans	swer from a, b	. c and d	
	•	nowadays	
a) kimono	b) fashion	c) region	d) lightning
<b>2.</b> fish	are a main ingr	edient of sushi	
a) Raw	b) Terrified	c) Mechanical	d) Isolated
<b>3.</b> In Japan, it is the cu	istom for wome	en to wear	on special occasions
a) marbles			d) kimonos
Fill in the blanks with t	the correct wo	rd from the list :	
		eks - raw - sushi - fashion)	
1Women in Japan w	ear	in their h	air
<b>2.</b> vege	tables are healt	hier than cooked ones	
3is the	e traditional dis	h in Japan	
	١		
		Set Book	
1.What do people wear i	n Japan?		
They wear kimono .	_		
2. What sports are popul	ar in Japan?		
Football- baseball- judo	-		

#### 3-What is the favourite food in Japan

sushi

## 4-What transport do Japanese use?

Cars- taxis- motorbikes- bullet train

## Grammar



#### -: Examples

1. "What are you going to do after school?"

My father wanted to know what I was going to do after school

2. "Did you enjoy the class?"

She asked me if I had enjoyed the class

3. "Do you have any questions about the lesson?"

The teacher <u>asked</u> me <u>if I had</u> any questions about the lesson

4. "Can Ali solve this puzzle?"

Dad asked if Ali could solve that puzzle

- -: Change into reported speech
- 1. "Why are you laughing?"

He asked me......

2. "Do you want any help?"

The teacher wanted to know.

3. "How did you hear about the job?"

They wanted to know.....

4. "Have you enjoyed the class?"

They asked me.....

## Language Functions

1- Your friend said "money makes happiness."
2- Your sister wastes her time watching TV.
3- Your friend says, "We are travelling to Japan tomorrow".
4- There are lots of people starving all over the world.
5- Your brother drives without wearing a seat belt .

Date :	U	Unit (11 ) Lessons (5& 6 Happiness	5)
	[	Happiness Ocabulary	
:Choose the right a	nswer from a. b. o	c and d	
1. Even the smalles	t baby can	its mot	her by her voice
a) trap	b) wonder	c) deliver	d) identify
2	At this ti	me of year, prices of cars	are
a) reasonable			d) stranded
3. "" a) community			es quickly. This is known as d) track
a) community	b) now	c) residence	u) nack
:Fill in the blanks v	with the correct w	ord from the list	
	( twin - identica	al - happiness - commun	ity)
1. The tests are		to those carried	out last year
2	Be	eing happy is good for you	and your
3My sister gave bi	irth to a lovely		a boy and a girl
	Se	t Book	
			1
1. How can the rich pe			
By helping the poor an	0.2	•	
2. From your point of	view, What's real i	nappiness?	

When you feel content.

3. How do the people in poor areas feel after they receive assistance?

They feel happy.

4. What are the main sources of happiness?

Family- friends- money- work -health- faith - social life

- 5. What are the three elements to happiness?
- -Experiencing pleasures .
- -Using strengths in positive way.
- -Having spiritual life
- 6. Happiness good for health. Explain

It gives us strong immune.

7-How does happiness contribute more to the community?

When we feel happy, we will be more sociable.

	<u>Unit 12:</u> (Lesson1-2)	Parts of speech	Arabic meaning
1	upset	(adj.)	مضطرب /قلق
2	mend	(v.)	يُصلِح
3	knock	(v.)	يقرع - يخبّط
4	wish	(n)	أُمْنِيَة
5	regret	(v.)	يندم
6	organise	(v.)	ينظم
7	complain	(v.)	يتذمر -يشكو
8	train	(v.)	يدرب
9	luckily	(adv.)	لحسن الحظّ

	<u>Unit 12:</u> (Lesson3-4)	Parts of speech	Arabic meaning
1	mess	(n.)	فوضى
2	pleasure	(n.)	سرور . ابتهاج
3	arrange	(v.)	يرتّب ِ ينظّم
4	enjoy	(v.)	يستمتع
5	enough	(adv.)	کافٍ
6	give up	(v.)	يُقْلِعُ عَنْ
7	tidy up	(v.)	يرتِّب

	<u>Unit 12:</u> (Lesson5-6)	Parts of speech	Arabic meaning
1	friendship	(n.)	صداقة
2	loyalty	(n.)	ولاء . وفاء . إخلاص
3	honest	(adj.)	صادق ِ أمين
4	respect	(v.)	يحترم
5	clever	(adj.)	ذكيّ . ماهر
6	cheerful	(adj.)	مسرور، متفائل
7	trustworthy	(adj.)	جدير بالثّقة
8	appreciate	(v.)	يُقَدِّر
9	secret	(n.)	سِرّ
10	share	(v.)	يشارك

Date :	Wishes a	12) Lessons (1& 2) nd regrets	
	Vocal	bulary	
A) Choose the correc	ct answer from a, b, c a	and d:-	
1. It was my dad's		that one of his sons would	become a doctor
a) regret	b) community	c) fashion	d) wish
2. Lina	as a sing	ger under a famous profess	sor of music
a) complained		c) wished	d) mended
3. She was very	f	o hear that the holiday had	heen cancelled
_	b) genuine	<del>-</del>	d) spare
4 Dana was at home	when I called		
a) Luckily		c) Relatively	d) Ahead
B) Fill in the gaps wi	ith words from the list:	-	
		- ly - mending - regret)	
1. The prime minister	expressed his	at t	he failure of the talks
2. I'm feeling a good	bit better. The doctor is.		the cut on my foot
3. The American coup	ple	about the high cost	of visiting Europe
	Set	Book	
	<u></u>	/	
1-What is the biggest re	egret in your life?		

I wish I had studied better.

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## Grammar



If you had studied, If I hadn't been sick, you would have passed the exam. I would have gone to your party.

PAST PERFECT

(+)

WOULD HAVE + PAST PARTICIPLE

**USES:** The person is imagining a different past Imaginary situation that did not happen

## **Examples:**

- 1) If I had seen the accident, I would have phoned for help.
- 2) If I hadn't got up so late, I wouldn't have missed the bus.
- 3) I would have asked you first if I had wanted to borrow your camera.
- 4) She would have emailed you if she hadn't crashed yesterday.
- 5) If it had been me, I would have started my homework sooner.

$\boldsymbol{A}$	) Correct	the	verbs	in	brackets:-

<b>1.</b> If the TV hadn't b	been broken, we		)watch) the match
<b>2.</b> If you	(	(study) harder, you wo	uld have passed the test
3. If you had come	on time, I		(not be) angry
B) Choose the corr	ect answer from a, b, c a	and d:-	
1. If the exam had b	een easier, I	a better mark	- -
a) will get	b) would get	c) get	d) would have got
<b>2.</b> If the sea	roug	h, the boat wouldn't ha	ve sunk
a) hadn't been	b) wasn't	c) isn't	d) weren't

## Language Functions

Write what you wo	uld say in the fo	llowing situations:	
1- You feel sorry for a	• • •		
2- Your brother says"	Money is the most	important thing in life"	
3- You are late for the	English period.		
4- You saw a fire in y	our neighbour's ho	use .	
Date :		Unit (12) Lessons (3& 4) Regrets	
	(	Vocabulary	
A) Choose the corr	ect answer from a	a, b, c and d:-	
•	nakes a terrible b) pleasure	when he <i>c) kimono</i>	is cooking <i>d) twins</i>
<b>2.</b> <sup>9</sup> Did you		to play football on Sunday <i>c) arrange</i>	d) trap
3. There are 25 text a) upset	books per class. The books per class.	nat should be c) raw	d) enough

## B) Fill in the gaps with words from the list:-

(given up - pleasure - tidy up)

- **1.** So many boys take.....in killing insects and small animals
- 2. Dana wishes she hadn't ......art. She really enjoyed it

## Set Book

## 1-When do you feel regret ?

When I do mistakes or something wrong.

## Grammar

## Wish 3



Use wish + the past perfect to express a wish about the past.



## Examples:

- 1) I wish I had studied more languages at school.
- 2) I wish I had known that you were ill. I would have come to see you.

2018

Choose the co	rrect answer from	a, b , c& d:		
y uncle suffers	from a heart attack,S	o he should give	smoking.	
ıp	b)down	c)over	d)at	
vish I	You las	t night .		
saw	b) seen	c) had seen	d) see	
I had	played well yesterday	<i>I</i> .		
if	b)wish	c) enough	d) most	
idn't know that	it was raining. I wish	I	n	ny umbrella
vant fan a mun th	sis aftamaan nass I a	m timed I trick I		for a min
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	d) have gone
nadn i gone	b) had gone	c) went		d) have gone
idn't save my v	work on the computer.	I wish I	it	
had saved	b) saved	c) hadn't sa	ved	d) save
t's raining now.	I wish I(have) an um	brella .	(correct)	
			••	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	
idn't study well	l. I didn't pass the Eng	lish exam		(Use: I wish)
wish				
idn't see the ste	en. I fell over			(Use: I wish)
	-p. 11-in 0 / 01			(050, 1 (1511)
W1Sh				
te too much and				(Use: I wish)
				63
	y uncle suffers  up  vish I	ly uncle suffers from a heart attack, Sup b)down wish I	wish I	Ty uncle suffers from a heart attack ,So he should givesmoking.  Ty b)down c)over d)at  Ty wish I

## Language Functions

Write what	vou would sa	v in each	of the following	g situations:-

1. You didn't study hard last term, so you didn't get high marks
2. You arrived at the airport late. You missed your plane
3. You spent all your money on new clothes
4. I have lost my plane ticket

Date :		it (12) Lessons (5& 6) Friendship	
	\\ \Voc	abulary	 
A) Choose the corre	ct answer from a, b,	c and d:-	
<b>1.</b> Their	goes t	back to when they were at	school together
a) avalanche	_	_	_
<b>2.</b> I don't think you	l	now much time I spent do	oing the research
a) appreciate		_	d) survive
<b>3.</b> Omar has a		idea for getting us out of	our present difficulties
a) cheerful			d) spiritual
B) Fill in the gaps w	ith words from the	list:-	
	(share - secre	t - respect - cheerful)	
2. We haven't got en		nages to stay one; some of you will hav for Bader's opinion altho	
		Set Book	\ ! !
<b>l.What makes a true fr</b> Life - situations			/
<b>2.What does friendship</b> Trust loyalty	depend on?		
<b>3.How can we make fri</b> By being trust worthy -			

- 4. Mention two tips for a good friend.
- A.- honest

- B-loyalty

5. What sort of things do you share with your friends?

We share happy and sad times . We also share secrets and problems

## Language Functions

## Write what you would say in the following situations:

- 1- Your friend smokes cigarettes.
- 2- Your father bought you a mobile.
- 3- Someone says," living in a village is boring."
- 4- The weather is fine today.

<b>Date</b>	•	/	1	
Date		/	/	•

#### Writing

Don't walk behind me; I may not lead. Don't walk in front of me; I may not follow "Just walk beside me and be my friend"

With the help of the following ideas and guide words below, plan and write a report of two paragraphs (12 sentences) talking about <u>the importance of having friends and qualities</u> <u>.of a good friend</u>

Paragraph 1: (the importance of having friends)

(care for - secrets - share - understand - bad times)

Paragraph 2: (the qualities of a good friend)

(honest - loyal - trustworthy - respectful - helpful)

Writing plan

9 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Second term	2018
Write your topic		
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#### Writing

"The world is a book and those who do not travel read only one page"

With the help of the following ideas and guide words below, plan and write a report of two paragraphs (12 sentences) comparing <u>travelling in the past and nowadays</u>

Paragraph 1: (Travelling in the past)

(difficult - dangerous - animals - foot - long time - tiring)

Paragraph 2: (Travelling nowadays)

(easy - safe - planes - buses - save time - comfortable)

Writing plan

9 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Second term	2018
Write your topic		
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## Composition

#### **Survival Equipment**

Survival equipment are important. They help us to survive. At the sea, we need a signal flare, a signal mirror and a map. Also We need oars for rowing a boat. We should take a sea sickness tablet.

At the sea and desert, we need a compass, a mobile, a map. we need a blanket to keep us warm. The first aid kit is very important. We need a survival manual. We should take food and fresh water. We need a whistle to call for help. Survival equipment are very useful.

## **Solving Problems**

<u>A problem</u> is a situation that needs a solution. There are many kinds of problems. Going to school late is one of the problems. Forgetting homework is another problem. To solve a problem, you should think systematically. We must be creative and confident.

We should also find effective and alternative solutions. We must evaluate our solution. We should think outside the box. There are four features of problem solving. They are understand, plan, try and check. If we can't solve the problem. we have to ask a counselor.

#### <u>Sea</u>

The sea is my lovely place. It's very useful. Sea breezes are full of minerals. There are antiseptics in the sea breeze too. Sea breeze is relatively unpolluted. It can act as a decongestant. It alleviates the symptoms of common cold.

I like going to the sea. I go there to sail, catch fish or swim. Ancestors used to dive for pearls. Pearling was a main job.

## Children with disabilities

In the past, children with disabilities were ignored and neglected by society. People didn't take care of them. So, their situation was very bad. People believed that they were unable to learn.

Nowadays, they are given specialised education. They have their own schools. They learn, read, play and paint there. They have exams, too. In fact, children with disabilities must be treated carefully. They are important members in our community. Maria Montessori helped those children so much.

### Helping the disabled

Some children are disabled . They have difficulty in learning. In the past, disabled children were ignored. Maria Montessori helped them. She invented a special equipment for them.

Disabled children must go to special schools. They can learn better when they are happy. They can use their senses. We must be kind to the disabled. We should help them. We must respect them. They can do useful jobs.

### **Travelling**

Travelling abroad is very useful. Lots of people travel to other countries. People travel by ship, car or plane. They travel with family or friends. A traveller needs a passport, a visa, a ticket and some money. He travels to enjoy fine weather.

He can also enjoy visiting new places. He can make friends. It's a chance to know other cultures and folklores. People can buy clothes and presents. Students can learn languages. They can study at universities. Doctors can get experience there.

## Forces of nature

The forces of nature are very dangerous. They are volcano, hurricane, tsunamis and earthquake. **A volcano** is a hole in the earth's surface. When it erupts, it destroys crops and buildings. It causes changes to weather. **Hurricanes** are strong storms. They destroy trees, buildings and towns. The center of storm is called the eye.

<u>Tsunamis</u> are huge killer waves. They are caused by an earthquake or volcanic eruption. <u>Earthquakes</u> are very dangerous. They happen when two massive earth plates move past each other. They destroy buildings and trees. They are measured by Richter Scale. Scientists can predict these forces. They can save people's lives.

## **Dangerous Jobs**

There are many dangerous jobs. <u>A paramedic</u> helps ill people. Paramedics wear green and yellow uniforms. It is easy to see them. It is a risky job. Paramedics drive very quickly. They work in the ambulance. It is like a mini-hospital. It has medicines, syringes and oxygen. They save our lives. <u>Diver's job</u> is very challenging. The wear diving suits .They have oxygen tanks. They help them to breathe. They monitor fish sanctuaries. They lift sunken ships.

<u>Alaskan pilot 's job</u> is very dangerous because they fly over mountains. It is a useful job. They deliver mails, food and goods. Alaska is dangerous. You can be killed by bears or get lost. <u>Smoke jumpers</u> cut down trees and clear plants to stop the fire. It is risky because fire and smoke can kill you. They wear special clothes to stop heat and smoke. They save people's lives.

## **Happiness**

Happiness is a great feeling. It has three elements. You should experience the pleasures in life. Also you should use your strengths positively. Also you should have a spiritual life. Happiness is good for your health. It gives you a strong immune system.

You don't need a lot of money to be happy. There is a chemical in our brain called 'serotonin'. It makes you feel happy. The main sources of happiness are family, friends, enough money, work, faith and health. Finally don't forget to help poor people.

## **Friendship**

Friendship is very important. Respect, loyalty, trust and fun describe friendship. A true friend should be honest, cheerful and helpful. He keeps your secrets. He cares for you even if you are upset. He must be a good listener. He gives you the best advice. You share likes and dislikes.

Also you share good times and bad times. You should respect your friend. You shouldn't treat him badly. If you argue with him, you should apologize. It is good to appreciate your friend.

### Life in Japan

Life in Japan is really exciting. Tokyo is the capital of Japan. Fashion is very important in Japan. In the past, women wore kimonos People use cars, taxis and motorbikes in Japan. They travel by bullet train. It is very fast. Sushi is a traditional food in Japan. It is a small ball of raw fish, vegetables, rice and seaweed. They use chopsticks to eat sushi. In Japan people play football, baseball, karate and judo. Sumo wrestling is the traditional sport in Japan. I'd like to visit it.

#### **Money**

Money is very important. It helps people to live. Enough money is a source of happiness. We can earn money by working. Wealthy people have a lot of money. They can be happy. They can travel for fun and enjoyment or to relax.

Rich people should give money to the poor. Poor people have a modest life. Enough money can make us happy. We should save money. Money can help us to buy all we need like buying beautiful clothes, a big house with new furniture, modern cars, computers and other electronic machines.

## Health is wealth

Health is a treasure of happiness. If you don't enjoy your life, you are unhealthy. Health helps you feel proud and move everywhere. If you are ill or unhealthy, your life will be miserable.

Money is useless when you are ill. Life is nothing with pain and suffering. We should eat healthy food to be healthy. Playing sports helps us to be fit and healthy. We should use our health in good ways. Many people can gain money, but they can't buy health.