

كل ما يحتاجه الطالب في جميع الصفوف من أوراق عمل واختبارات ومذكرات، يجده هنا في الروابط التالية لأفضل مواقع تعليمي كويتي 100 % ، للدخول إلى المجموعة أو القناة ما عليك سوى الضغط على اسمها

تطبيق المناهج الكويتية

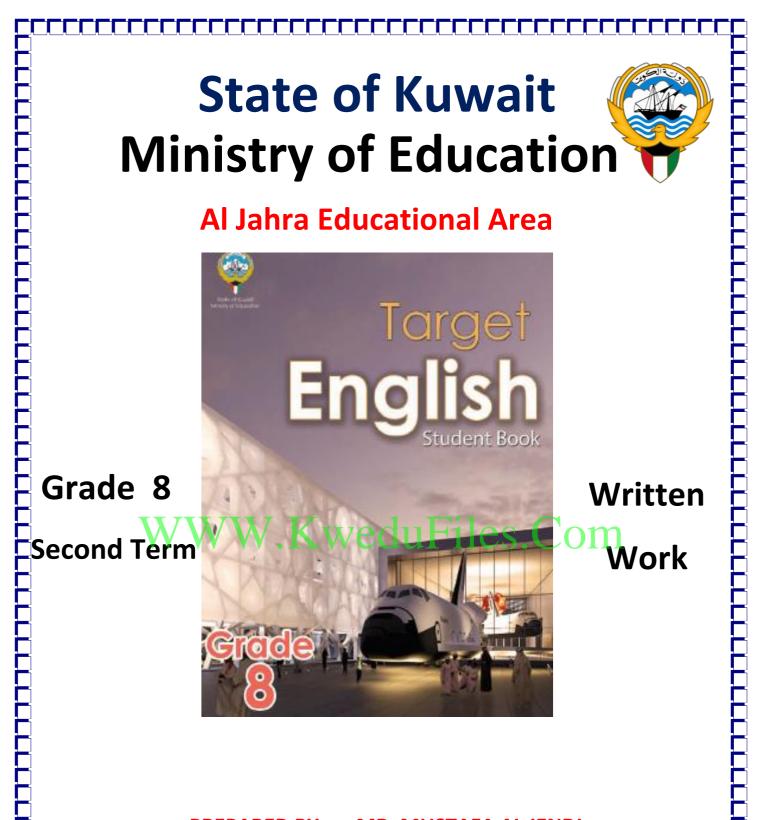
القناة الرسمية على تلغرام

الصفحة الرسمية على الفيسبوك

قناة روابط تعليمية شاملة لجميع الصفوف

مجموعات الفيسبوك	صفحات الفيسبوك	قنوات التلغرام	مجموعات التلغرام
الصف الأول	الصف الأول	الصف الأول	الصف الأول
الصف الثاني	الصف الثاني	الصف الثاني	الصف الثانى
الصف الثالث	الصف الثالث	الصف الثالث	الصف الثالث
الصف الرابع	الصف الرابع	الصف الرابع	الصف الرابع
الصف الخامس	الصف الخامس	الصف الخامس	الصف الخامس
الصف السادس	الصف السادس	الصف السادس	الصف السادس
الصف السابع	الصف السابع	الصف السابع	الصف السابع
الصف الثامن	الصف الثامن	الصف الثامن	الصف الثامن
الصف التاسع	الصف التاسع	الصف التاسع	الصف التاسع
الصف العاشر	الصف العاشر	الصف العاشر	الصف العاشر
الصف 11 أدبى	صف 11 أدب <u>ي</u>	صف <u>11</u> أدب <u>ى</u>	صف11أدبي
الصف 11 علمي	صف 11 علمي	صف 11علمي	صف 11علمی
الصف 12 أدبى	صف 12 أدبي	صف 12أدبي	صف12 أدبى
الصف 12 علمي	صف 12 علمي	صف12علمي	صف12علمي

حساب تويتر	حساب الانستغرام	روابط واتساب	مدرسون في الكويت
مادة ويرد له البوت الملفات	لبة باختيار الصف والفصل واله	من نوعه والذي يسمح للطا	تكلّم مع البوت التعليمي الأول المناسبة



PREPARED BY	:	MR. MUSTAFA AL JENDI
School Principal	:	Mr. Mohamed Al Otaibi
Senior Teacher	:	Mr. Mohammed Bedeir
Elt Supervisor	:	Mr. Mohammed Twaiy
School	:	Ibn Sohail Int. School

Unit 7		Ur	nit 8	Unit 9		
addiction	إدمان	convey	يوصل ينقل	grown-ups	الكبار البالغين	
defend	يدافع	gradually	تدريجياً	innocent	ساذج۔ برئ	
obsessed	مهووس۔۔ موسوس	exchange	يتبادل	outwit	يخدع يفوق ذكاءه	
confuse	يخلط بين شيئين	efficiently	بفاعلية- بكفاءة	nearby	قريب ـ مجاور	
unrealistic	غير واقعى-غير حقيقي	reaction	تفاعل رد فعل	alongside	الي جانبه - جنبا الي جنب	
necessarily	بالضرورة	means	وسائل	pass	يمر بجانب	
product	منتج	sensitive	حساس رقيق الشعور	cruel	قاس عنيف متوحش	
features	مميزات صفات	talented	مو هوب	please	يرضي	
arrangement	ترتیب ۲	skillful	بارع-ماهر	proud	فخور ـ مغرور	
ban	يمنع - يحرم- يحظر	wearable	قابل ل اللبس-ارتداء	ladder OIII	سلم	
worth	يستحق- يساوي	bracelet	سوار	alley	شارع ضيق - جادة	
fortune	ثروة	skin	جند	modest	متواضع - محتشم	
gather	يجتمع	access	الوصول الي-الدخول	reach out	يتواصل _ يصادق	
recount	يحکي -يروی	activate	ينشط يجهز	deliver	يسلم _ ينقل	
application	تطبيق	various	متنوع مختلف	ancestors	اجداد	
ول handy	مفيد-عملي- في المتنا	directly	بشكل مباشر ـمباشرة	wisdom	حكمة	
				trust	ثقة	
				engage	يجذب مشاعر	
				tool	وسيلة - اداة	

Unit 7			l	: 8	Unit 9			
addiction	n	إدمان	convey	v	يوصل ينقل	grown-ups	n	الكبار - البالغين
defend	v	يدافع	gradually	adv	تدريجياً	innocent	adj	ساذج- برئ
obsessed	adj	مهووس موسوس	exchange	v	يتبادل	outwit	v	يخدع - يفوق حيلة ودهاء
confuse	v	يخلط بين شيئين	efficiently	adv	بفاعلية- بكفاءة	nearby	adj	قريب - مجاور
unrealistic	adj	غير واقعى۔غير حقيقي	reaction	n	تفاعل- رد فعل	alongside	adv	الي جانبه - جنبا الي جنب
necessarily	adv	بالضرورة	means	n	وسائل	pass	v	يمر بجانب
product	n	منتج	sensitive	adj	حساس- رقيق الشعور	cruel	adj	قاس - عنيف - متوحش
features	n	مميزات صفات	talented	adj	موهوب	please	v	يرضي
arrangement	n	نرتيب	skillful	adj	بارع- ماهر	proud	adj	فخور ـ مغرور
ban	v	يمنع- يحرم- يحظر	wearable	adj	قابل ل اللبس - ارتداء	ladder	n	سلم
worth	adj	يستحق- يساوي-قيمته	bracelet	n	سوار	alley	n	شارع ضيق - جادة
fortune	n	ثروة	skin	n	جلد	modest	adj	متواضع - محتشم
gather	v	پېټې <u>خ</u> ۷۷ ۷	access	nC	الوصول الي-الدخول	reach out	phv	يتواصل - يصادق
recount	v	يحکي -يروی	activate	v	ينشط يجهز	deliver	v	يسلم - ينقل
application	n	تطبيق	various	adj	متنوع مختلف	ancestor	n	اجداد
handy	adj	مفيد-عملي-في المتناول	directly	adv	بشکل مباشر - مباشر ة	wisdom	n	حكمة
						trust	n	ثقة
						engage	v	يجذب مشاعر
						tool	n	وسيلة _ اداة

Un	it 10	Un	it 11	Unit 12		
pot	قدر	intended	مراد مقصود - معد لكذا	universe	الكون - العالم	
beads	قلادة / خرز	original	جديد _مبتكر _ أصلي	entirely	کلیا۔ بشکل کامل	
spread	ينشر	dramatic	مفاجئ _ مثير	advanced	متقدم	
ruins	اطلال - مباني مهدمة	combine	يضم _ يتحد_يدمج	notice	يلاحظ	
consequence	أهمية- نتيجة	involve	يشمل يتضمن	motion	حركة	
president	رئيس جمهورية/رئيس	approach	طريقة	widespread	منتشر - شائع	
mainly	بشكل رئيسي	restriction	تقیید۔ تحدید	remote	بعيد ـ منعزل	
electrical	كهربائي	appearance	مظهر خارجي	audience	جمهور -جماعة المشاهدين	
humidity	رطوبة	expert	خبير	quality - ies	صفة وصف	
Found -ed	يۇسس- ينشئ	attitude	موقف_سلوك_اتجاه	ahead	مقدماً	
influential	مؤثر	previously	سابقاً - من قبل	allow	يسمح _يخصص	
department	إدارة - قسم	assume	يفترض ليتظاهر	contents	محتويات	
chairman	رئيس الجلسة	unusual	استثنائي -غير عادي	suitable	مناسب - ملائم	
profitable	مربح	generally	عموما۔ عادةً	emphasise	يؤكد علي يشدد علي	
		detail	تفاصيل	narration	رواية - قصة	
		vote	يصوت ـ ينتخب	reinforce	يقوى – يدعم - يعزز	

Unit 10			Unit 11			Unit 12			
pot	n	قدر	intended	adj	مراد- مقصود - معد لکذا	universe	n	الكون - العالم	
beads	n	قلادة خرز	original	adj	۔ جدید مبتکر ۔	entirely	adv.	بشکل کامل۔ کلیا	
spread	v	ينشر	dramatic	adj	مفاجئ _ مثير	advanced	adj	متقدم	
ruins	n	اطلال مبنى الخراب	combine	v	يدمج يخلط _	notice	v	يلاحظ	
consequences	n	أهمية- نتيجة	involve	v	يشمل يتضمن	motion	n	حركة	
president	n	رئيس جمهورية	approach	n	طريقة	widespread	adj	منتشر -شائع	
mainly	adv.	إلى حد بعيد - بشكل	restriction	n	تقیید۔ تحدید	remote	adj	بعيد _منعزل	
electrical	adj	كهربائي	appearance	n	مظهر خارجي	audience	n	جمهور ـجماعة	
humidity	n	رطوبة	expert	n	خبير	quality	n	وصف صفة	
found	v	يۇسس - ينشئ	attitude	n	موقف _سلوك _اتجاه	ahead	adv.	مقدماً	
influential	adj	مؤثر	previously	adv.	من قبل - سابقاً	allow	v	يسمح ـ يخصص	
department	n	إدارة ـ قسم	assume	v	يفترض _يتظاهر	content	n	محتويات	
chairman	n	رئيس	unusual	adj	استثنائي -غير	suitable	adj	مناسب _ ملائم	
profitable	adj	مربح - مقيد	generally	ady.	عموما - عادةً	emphasise	N	يؤكد علي يشدد علي	
			details	n	تفاصيل	narration	n	رواية - قصة	
			vote	v	يصوت _ ينتخب	reinforce	v	يقوى ــ يدعم ـ يعزز	

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

Sindbad, Snow White and Cinderella are .....stories which people like and enjoy. 1c) sensitive a) obsessed b) worth d) unrealistic I have finished all the plans and ..... for our trip to London next Monday. 2b) products c) arrangements a) ladders d) bracelets Don't ...... Austria with Australia. They are two different countries. 3b) confuse c) ban a) recount d) defend Smoking in public places like schools and hospitals should be ..... 4c) banned a) gathered b) conveyed d) confused The rich businessman gave away his whole ..... to the poor and charity 5b) fortune c) addiction **d**) arrangement a) product Some people have ...... to social media like Facebook, twitter and Instagram. 6a) features c) addiction b) skin d) product A lot of young girls are ..... by their weight and appearance. 7b) various c) handy a) obsessedb) variousc) handyd) woOur school has got many goodlike being modern ,big and clean. a) obsessed d) worth 8a) applications b) means c) reactions d) features In the past, grandparents and grandchildren gathered to ......their sweet memories. 9b) defend a) recount c) ban d) confuse The army men and policemen have to ...... their country against enemies. a) recount b) defend c) confuse d) gather 10 11- Cheese, yoghurt and butter are ..... made from milk. They are rich in calcium. b) features c) products a) reactions d) applications **12-** Computer games ..... is very common among young boys and even adults. **b**) arrangement c) product a) addiction d) fortune **13-** Fawaz is so ..... with cleanliness that he washes his hands 20 times a day. d) obsessed b) unrealistic c) handy a) worth 14- London is an amazing city which is ..... visiting at least once. b) skillful c) obsessed a) worth d) unrealistic **15-** Family members always ..... in happy occasions like birthdays and weddings. b) confuse c) activate a) ban d) gather **16-** Always keep a first-aid kit ...... at home as they are useful in case of emergency. a) talented b) handy c) unrealistic d) sensitive 17- Smartphone .....like Facebook and WhatsApp helped us communicate with the a) products b) arrangements c) bracelets d) applications 18- Money doesn't ...... mean happiness. There are many other sources like health and c) gradually a) necessarily b) ahead d) previously 19- Because he doesn't know how to ..... himself, the teenager decided to do boxing. c) defend b) confuse d) ban a) recount **20-** Brazil's main agriculture ...... are coffee, wheat, rice and corn. a) featuresb) productsc) applicationsd) array21- Movies about aliens and star wars are ...... d) arrangements b) wearable c) worth **d**) a) unrealistic obsessed

#### **B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:**

(defend - products - confuse - ancestor - arrangements addiction)

1- We made the ..... to meet at 6 p.m. on Sunday in Starbucks cafe.

2- Ali always ...... Hassan and his twin brother Hamad because they look alike.

3- .All the soldiers were called out by the king to ..... the castle against enemies.

4-.Walid mostly prefers to buy domestic rather than foreign .....

5- Some young people have an .....to playing computer games.

( features - obsessed - skin- applications - fortune - handy )

( products - necessarily - defend - addiction- alongside - confused )

16-My best friend has never overcome his ...... to smoking yet.
17-Everyone has the right to ...... himself against danger or enemies.
18-I always get ..... between the past tense and the present perfect in English.
19-Expensive restaurants aren't ...... the best. They are sometimes the worst.
20-Many companies advertise their ..... on TV to sell more and to find new markets.

(worth - banned - feature - bracelet- necessarily - applications )

21-My mobile phone is amazing because it has got many useful .....

22-It is widely believed that pretty flowers do not ...... smell sweet.

23-Selling cigarettes to young people under 18 should be .....

24-The most interesting ..... of the new villa is that it has a heated swimming pool.

25-Good books are always ..... reading again and again. Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

### A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

Cars, buses and planes are considered different .....of transport. 1b) reactions c) bracelets a) arrangements d) means People usually choose ......doctors to do serious surgical operations. 2b) skillful c) sensitive a) unrealistic d) wearable We need to ...... Kuwaiti Dinars for Saudi Riyals when we go shopping in KSA. 3b) exchange c) convey d) activate a) defend Clever and skillful teachers ..... information and ideas in a simple way. 4b) ban a) activate c) convey d) gather Scientists and experts expect ..... computers to become common in 10 years. 5a) wearable c) obsessed b) unrealistic d) worth If you forget your password, you can't have ..... to your mobile phone applications. 6b) product a) skin c) fortune d) access His health ...... changed for the better after he went to live in the countryside. 7a) alongside b) gradually c) previously d) ahead Mohammed Salah, Messi and Ronaldo are .....football players. 8c) various a) wearable b) innocent d) talented If you look.....at the sun ,you will be damage your eyes. a) alongside (b) efficiently (c) directly (C). 9d) necessarily Happiness is the natural ..... we experience when we get birthday presents. 10 b) addiction c) reaction d) bracelet a) application **11-** My dad bought a gold ..... for my mom on her birthday last week. a) bracelet b) application c) arrangement d) addiction 12- People in Kuwait drink ...... kinds of coffee such as Arabic, Turkish, French and b) various c) skillful a) obsessed d) talented b) activate a) defend c) ban d) exchange 14- If you want to use the new credit card, you have to call the bank to ...... It. a) recount b) activate c) please d) gather **15-** Sara is very ...... to light, so she wears sunglasses to protect her eyes. b) various a) sensitive c) worth d) wearable 16- Students always learn ......school subjects like science, English, maths etc. b) talented c) various d) skillful a) cruel **17-** Eating healthy food and doing a sport regularly help you work more ..... d) ahead b) efficiently c) alongside a) previously 18- Ayoub Hussein, the famous kuwaiti artist, was clever, skillful and ..... a) unrealistic d) obsessed b) worth c) talented **19-** People use sun cream to protect their ..... from harmful sunrays. a) application b) addiction c) arrangement d) skin Some students find it difficult to ..... the meaning in English. 20b) convev c) activate d) defend a) ban

#### **B-** Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

#### (exchange - bracelets - wisdom - convey - accessed - skin )

- 1-Popular stories always help us ...... a message or a moral lesson.
- 2-People communicate to ..... ideas, feelings and opinions .
- 3-Sara successfully ..... her bank account with the correct password.
- 4-Women and girls are fond of gold necklaces, rings and .....
- 5-Animals living in the desert have special dry .....to protect them.

(wearable - gradually - cruel - efficiently - talented - various

- 6-Remas improved her English skills ..... over the years.
- 7-Sara is an excellent student who does all her homework .....
- 8-There are .....kinds of fish and sea animals in the sea.
- 9-.... computers have long been considered a source of science fiction.
- 10-Mariam is an extremely ..... piano player who won many international awards.
  - ( sensitive reaction means alley skillful bracelet )
- 11-Hamad was a little bit afraid of his father's Weduction after he failed his test.
  12-Mobile phones, internet and letters are different .....of communication .
  13-.....teachers know how to transmit knowledge and information to students easily.
- 14-We have to avoid using perfumed soaps or chemicals on ..... skin.
- 15-Tom gave his wife Mary a diamond ..... for their wedding anniversary.

( activated - convey -outwit - directly - access - efficiently )

16-It is said that global warming is ..... related to carbon dioxide pollution.

17-John did his job very ....., so his boss gave him a raise.

18- People always communicate to ..... ideas, opinions and feelings.

19-Most people in the world nowadays are able to have ..... to the internet easily.

20-You will receive a confirmation email after your account has been .....

( skillful - wearable - grown-ups- various - skin - reactions )

21-Meeting in person is very important as it sh	ows our true feelings and
22-My elder brother is	at playing the electric guitar.
23-In the future, there will be	technology for easy communication.
24-The sun can burn your	unless you use sun cream.
25-Good readers get useful information from .	kinds of books Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

## A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

1- It's impossible to try to .....all people. Do what you believe is right .

			-	-	-		
_					recount		
2-				-	e hospital and the petro		
_					pass		
3-	=				orable history and herit	-	
					cruel		-
4-	You shouldn't be			•	0 0 0		
					worth		
5-	•	•	•		wide enough to pass th	-	
	a) bracelets	b)	alleys	c)	ancestors	d)	means
6-	Mohammed Salah, the	e far	nous football star	r, is	very despite	his ii	ncredible
	a) various	b)	unrealistic	c)	wearable	<b>d</b> )	modest
7-	People in each society	v lea	arn old customs	and	traditions from their.		
	a) ancestors	b)	ladders	c)	applications	<b>d</b> )	arrangements
8-	Successful teachers kn	now	how to	• • • • •	students attention	n in 1	the lesson.
	a) confuse	b)	exchange	c)	engage	<b>d</b> )	ban
9-	Building		between friends 1	need	s honesty ,caring as w	ell a	s love
	a) trust VV VV	b	addiction	<b>(c)</b>	grown-up S.C.C	<b>d</b> )	ancestor
10	The two drivers who l	nad a	a car accident we	ere ta	aken to a	. ho	spital.
	a) innocent	b)	cruel	c)	nearby	<b>d</b> )	proud
11-	Without	. a p	erson cannot ma	ke tl	ne best decisions.		-
	a) skin	<b>b</b> )	wisdom	c)	alley	<b>d</b> )	ladder
12-	Thewill s						
	a) products	b)	ladders	c)	grown-ups	<b>d</b> )	alleys
13-	Thousands of				-		•
					wearable		
14-	The carpenter uses ma						
					bracelets		tools
15-	He earned his living b						
	_	-	-		exchanging	<b>d</b> )	activating
16-	Children as well as						
				-	grown-ups	-	
17-	Fawaz climbed up a/a						
	-			-	arrangement		application
18-	The thief						
					outwitted		
19-	The students walked						
-/					necessarily		alongside
20-	Stories are important					•	
<u> </u>	a) reach out					d)	outwit
	a) Itatii Uut	D)	COMUSE	C	Vall	u)	outwit



# A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

1-	The fire had	to the next	bui	lding before the fire	men cam	e.
	a) voted	b) spread	c)	recounted	<b>d</b> )	banned
2-				nic in and		
				ladders		
3-	The king of Saudi A	Arabia received the	• • • • •	of Egyp	ot in the r	oyal palace.
	a) wisdom	b) humidity	<b>c</b> )	president	<b>d</b> )	alley
4-	appliance	es like fridges, TVs a	nd	air conditioners mak	ke our life	e easy and
	a) innocent	b) cruel	c)	talented	<b>d</b> )	electrical
5-	My mom always co	oks chicken or meat	t in a	a large	••	
	a) chairman	b) pot	c)	fortune	<b>d</b> )	president
6-	Most people work	to	ear	n money but some po	eople woi	<b>rk just to help</b>
	a) mainly	b) ahead	<b>c</b> )	alongside	<b>d</b> )	gradually
7-	The car accident wa	as the (	of te	xting messages while	driving	his car.
				consequence		
8-	Kuwait university v	vas	. in	1966 in Kuwait city	for highe	er education.
	a) recounted	b) founded	c)	spread	<b>d</b> )	voted
9-				people in our l		
	a) wearable	_b)_electrical	c)	influential me feel tired and laz	<b>d</b> )	obsessed
10	This high	in the air ma	kes	me feel tired and laz	<b>y. O</b> M	
				bead		humidity
11-	The patient had to g	go to different		in the hospital to c	heck up l	nis whole body.
				ruins		
12-	Mr. Marzouq Al Gl	hanim is the	• • • • •	of the Kuwait Na	tional As	sembly.
				ancestor		
13-	<b>Prophet Mohamme</b>	d is the most	••••	person on Musl	ims' lives	•
	a) unrealistic	b) influential	c)	electrical	<b>d</b> )	various
14-	In the past, women			-	around t	heir necks.
	a) consequences	b) ruins	c)	beads	<b>d</b> )	pots
15-	Selling mobile phon	-		-	owadays.	
	a) innocent				<b>d</b> )	profitable
16-		-		for cooking soups, s	tews, and	l other food.
	a) arrangement			•	<b>d</b> )	alley
17-	Friendship should b	oe on lov	e ,re	espect and understan	ding.	
	a) founded	b) voted	c)	confused	<b>d</b> )	defended
18-	The violent earthqu					
	a) experts	b) presidents	c)	ruins	<b>d</b> )	chairmen
19-	The vegetarian die			-	ables.	
	a) ahead			gradually	<b>d</b> )	0
20-	We shouldn't do ar				•••••	••••
	a) consequences	b) ancestors	c)	ladders	<b>d</b> )	bracelets
Mr. I	<mark>Mostafa Al-Jendi</mark>					

#### **B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:**

#### (pots - profitable - electrical - bracelet- president - ruins )

1-After the second world war, many countries were in
2-Mom was cooking for dinner in large and the smell was really good.
3-Willis Carrier invented the first air conditioner in the world.
4-Donald trump was electedof the united states in 2016.
5-Apple corporation is one of the mosttech companies in the world.

#### ( humidity - consequences - grown-ups - spread - beads - founded )

6-The forest fire began to	. in all directions because of the strong wind.				
7-Kuwait Airport wasin Al F	arawaniya city 15.5 km south of Kuwait City.				
8-I bought very beautiful	for my mom on her birthday.				
9-Smoking is very dangerous and it can lead to very bad on your health .					
10-I turned on the air conditioner because of the	he high level ofin the air.				

### (spread - founded- defend - department - pots - president)

16-My Aunt Noura teaches in the biology ...... at the university of Kuwait.
17-The Ancient Romans ...... the skill of glassmaking from Egypt to the world.
18-Ali decided to run for class ...... and promised the students to go on trips more often.
19-Our school was ..... in 2017. It is modern, large and very beautiful.
20-People invented the wheel, metal objects and ...... About 100,000 years ago.

#### (influential - mainly - consequence - skin- profitable - chairman )

21-It is well known that the basic Japanese diet consists of rice and fish.
22-Your full marks at school is the of studying hard and determination.
23-The of the company took many useful decisions to increase the profits.
24-They're looking to the new manager to make the company
25-TV programs and friends are the most things on children. Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

# A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

Ν

1-	It is wrong to	that money is the	he most important thing in	n life.
	a) allow	b) gather	c) assume	d) vote
2-	When you	hydrogen and oxy	ygen ,you will get water.	
			c) notice	
3-			, we will find new sol	
			c) president	
4-			ut smoking in public plac	
			c) restrictions	
5-			nes to cooking kuwaiti fo	
	-		c) humidity	
6-			things to make life e	
			c) cruel	
7-			bearl divers, sailors and tr	
		-	c) <b>Previously</b>	
8-			ts from their external	
	-		c) details	
9-			st but nowadays travelling	
	a) innocent	b) unusual	c) electrical	d) wearable
10	My dad told me all the	ne	ur trip to London next su c) ruins	mmen
	a) presidents	b) beads	c) ruins	d) details
11-			ring questions about gram	
	_		c) bans	-
12-			ple are hard workers and	
	-		c) Generally	•
13-			elections in 2016 for the N	
			c) defended	•
14-			ed his life badly as he bec	
			c) electrical	-
15-			ive towar	
	-	_	c) attitude	
16-			ads by speed	—
			c) beads	
17-			people will agree on you	
	_		c) found	-
18-			calling others ,but people	
			c) unrealistic	
19-	-		ause of the bad weather.	
	a) recount			d) combine
20-			It is misleading sometim	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			c) humidity	
<mark>Mr. Mo</mark> s	stafa Al-Jendi		-	

#### **B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:**

#### (vote - combine - assume - ruins - approaches - restrictions

)

1-Carbon, hydrogen and oxygen ..... chemically to form carbohydrates.

2-Using old traditional .....in teaching English is not effective.

3-Citizens of the European Union can travel without ..... within the EU.

4- Ghalib is a very clever student and I ..... that he will pass the exams.

5-Americans under the age of eighteen aren't allowed to ..... in presidential elections.

#### (appearance - previously - universe - attitude - generally - details)

6-Students need to revise the ..... taught lessons to improve their English .

7-My mother payed attention to the smallest .....in the wedding party.

8-We know policemen ,firemen and doctors from their.....

9-Fawaz is loved by all his teachers and friends because of his friendly .....

10-..... speaking, boys can run faster than girls due to their stronger bodies .

# ( combined - dramatic - unusual - involve - vote - electrical )

12-His ..... name has long been a source of un among his friends.

13-My parents and I are going to ..... in the upcoming election in Kuwait.

14-Creativity is not only about .....new ideas ,it is also about developing existing ideas.

15-Sara and Remas ..... their money to buy a present for their mom.

#### (approach - details - original – pot- expert - intended)

16-The money was ...... for helping the poor people and the sick.
17-Creativity is using your imagination to create something ...... of the car accident.
18-The policeman asked the drivers about the ...... of the car accident.
19-We should think of a different ...... to solve the traffic jam problem.
20-Mona is overweight so she needs to consult a diet .......to give her useful advice.

#### ( experts - involved - vote- restrictions - appearance - combine )

21-The money we paid for the hotel breakfast, lunch, dinner and soft drinks.
22-The two small companies will to form a bigger and stronger company.
23-speed and signs help slow down the traffic in big cities.
24-Girls and ladies in general are much concerned about their
25-The government need to hire foreign to help them with the new projects. Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

# A. Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:

1- Millions of people prefer I phone x plus because it has got ...... technology.

	a) modest						
2-	These						
•	a) talented						
3-	Remas is admired an						
4	a) experts						products
4-	Young people should		-		-		
=	a) entirely						alongside
5-	There was a large						
(	a) means						
6-	Parents shouldn't						
7	a) notice						pass
7-	When I got home yest						all arms d
Ø	a) combined		—				
8-	At the front of the boo						
0	a) ancestors						
9-	Hundreds of years age						
10	a) motion T-shirts and jeans are	<b>D</b> )	president		audience		narration
10							
11	a) talented						
11-	We still don't know he						
12	a) reaction				-		
14-	Using the internet and						
12	a) obsessed				-		
13-	Success depends						
11	a) previously Wise people peod to						
14-	Wise people need to						
15	a) ahead The				_		
13-	a) universe				•	•	
16-	Ghalib						
10-					•		
17-	a) combined love ,caring and loyal						
1/-	a) ban	-		-	_		
18	You should write a						
10-	a) alley		-				
10_	Our English teacher .						
17-	a) emphasises						recounts
20	Smoking is not						
<b>4</b> 0-	a) exchanged						gathered
	a) exchangeu	U)	anoweu	U	ivunucu	u)	Sameren

#### **B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:**

#### ( ahead - motion - entirely –qualities universe - ruins )

- 1-Our world is just a small part of the ......which has no limits .
- 2-All the places and characters in my novel are ..... not real, they are fiction .
- 3-Don't get off the car while it is in .....because you may get hurt.
- 4-Successful students have got common .....like determination, aspiration and hard work.
- 5-The hospital is three kilometers .....of us. We will arrive very soon.

#### ( narration - widespread - advanced -beads - remote - audience)

- 6-Advanced countries must give aid to developing and very poor countries.
- 7-Drinking coffee is ..... worldwide because it is healthy to your body.
- 8-Most astronomy today is done by using ......telescopes.
- 9-The ..... clapped loudly after the president's speech.
- 10- Shakespeare's sad ..... touched the hearts of the readers deeply.

#### ( reinforce - outwit – noticed – remote - widespread - suitable )

#### (motion - advanced - electrical - reinforce - audience - widespread)

21-Tom's speech was so boring that several people in the fell asleep.
22-The school bus was already in when he tried to board it.
23-Football is a very popular game and it is in all countries around the world.
24-Understanding the grammar rules will fluency and accuracy in English.
25-Since the 2ndworld war, Japan has become a very country in science and technology
Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi

# Grammar

- Grammar
- Grammar
- Grammar
- Grammar<sub>W.KweduFiles.Com</sub>



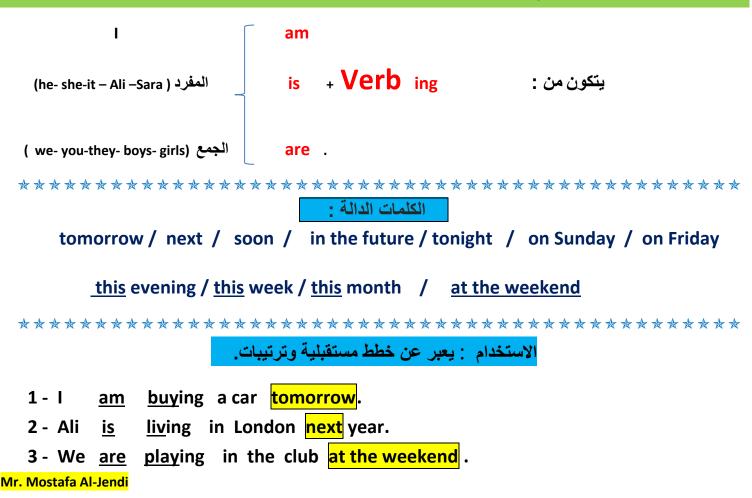
#### Choose although or however

- 1. I feel extremely tired...... I went to bed early last night.
- 2. I left on time; ...... , heavy traffic caused me to be late.
- 3.It will be raining all weekend ...... , they're still going camping.
- 4.....she is six years old, she plays the piano very well.
- 5- He studied hard for the exam ....., he failed the exam.
- 6-....the questions were very difficult, I managed to answer them all.
- 7- I ate 5 sandwiches ..... I wasn't hungry.
- 8-He is very poor. ....., he is happy
- 9. They didn't win the match..... they played very well..

# **Choose the correct answer:**

My classmate was very ill, (although – however – so), he came to school. I (visit – am visiting – visited) him tonight. (Although – However – But) he studies well, he always gets bad marks. Next month, we (have – had – are having) an English exam.





Use the present continuous to talk about future	plans and arrangements.
---	-------------------------

• Use the present continuous with time expressions such as, tonight, tomorrow, next week, .. etc.

I'm playing football tomorrow afternoon.

NEXT WEEK

#### 3 Complete the following paragraph using the present continuous.

### Correct the verb:

1-My mom (see ) the dentist tomorrow.

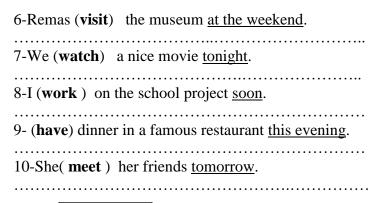
2-I (**fly**) to the USA <u>next</u> year.

3-Fatma (**go**) to the gym <u>on Sunday</u>.

4-I (play) basketball on Tuesday.

5-My sister (**study**) in Egypt in the future.

.....





I am visiting my grandma tomorrow.	Positive
I am <u>not</u> visiting my grandma tomorrow.	Negative
Am I visiting my grandma tomorrow?	Question
He is visiting his grandma tomorrow.	Positive
He is <u>not</u> visiting his grandma tomorrow.	Negative
Is he visiting his grandma tomorrow?	Question
They are visiting their grandma tomorrow. They are <u>not</u> visiting their grandma tomorrow • Are they visiting their grandma tomorrow?	Positive

#### Choose the correct answer:

We (go - is going - are going) to the Kuwait Towers tonight. My sister (is doing - does - did) her project tomorrow. I (visit - have visited - am visiting) the function at the weekend.

1- I am reading a book tonight.	(Make negative)
2- Salma is going to travel to London next month.	(Ask a question)
3- They (travel) to Dubai tomorrow. 	(Correct the verb)



<u>Exercise</u>
Correct the verbs between brackets:
1-Before she went to school, Sara (learn) to speak three languages.
2-By the time she was 21, she (marry).
3- I (cook) dinner by the time my mother ( come) home.
4- Before we (arrive) at Mona's house, the party (start).
5- He looked so different after he (grow ) a moustache.
6- After the lesson (end), I (speak) to the teacher.
7- They (are) late, because their car (break down) on the way.
8- After she (arrive) at the bus stop, the bus (leave).
9- We ( go) to bed After the film ( finish).
10. I (eat) lunch before my father ( come).
11- Fawaz fell asleep after he (do) his homework. Files.Com
12- Before I (come to work, I (eat) a large breakfast at home.
13- She (complete her studies before she (get) married.
14 I (visit) my aunt before I came here.
15- I didn't buy the car ,somebody else <b>already (buy)</b> it .
16- After the servant (clean) the house she left.
17- By the time we arrived at the airport , the plane already( take ) off .
18-After I( finish ) my homework, I slept.
19-She had eaten her breakfast before she (go) to school.
20-We (arrive) home after we had finished work.
Complete the following sentences.

# 

After they (eat – have eaten – had eaten) their breakfast, the went to the market. By the time they came back home, my sister (tidied – tidies – had tidied) the house. My parents were very happy and thanked (I - my - me) sister. I (feel – felt – had felt) great after I (pass – passed – had passed) the exam. By the time I arrived home, my mother (had celebrated – celebrates – celebrated) my success. I got high marks because I (worked – had worked – work) hard.

Bothand	
کلا من	
لهما نفس الفاعل او الفعل او المفعول	تستخدم لربط جملتين مثبتتين
are –have-do-play-speak : مع	ييأتي الفعل بعدها في صيغة الجد
<u>1-My father</u> is a teacher. <u>My mother</u> is a teacher. Both <u>my father</u> and <u>my mother</u> are teachers.	
<u>2-Ali</u> swims in the sea. <u>Omar</u> swims in the sea. Both <u>Ali</u> and <u>Omar</u> swim in the sea.	
3-Remas speaks <u>French</u> . Remas speaks <u>English</u> . Remas speaks <b>both</b> <u>French</u> and <u>English</u>	0.120
Do as shown between brackets: WeduFiles.C 1- Famous doctors are talented. Famous doctors are skillful.	( Bothand )
2- Hamad was doing his homework. Falah was doing his homework.	( <b>Bothand</b> )
3- My sister reads English properly. My sister writes English properly.	( <b>Bothand</b> )
4- My classmate plays football. He plays basketball.	( <b>Both</b> and)
5-My mother is going for a walk. My father is going for a walk.	) ( Bothand )
6. The fireman rescued the boy. He rescued his mother too.	( <b>Bothand</b> )
7. Mona likes swimming. Rana likes swimming, too.	
8-Saif lives in Egypt. Mariam lives in Egypt.	
9-Ali has got a red car. Ahmed has got a red car.	( Bothand)
10-Ghalib likes English. He likes science too.	( Bothand)



Direct speech	Reported speech
said to	asked
<i>un</i>	to
"Don't"	not to
me	him / her
my	his / her
your	my
our	their

#### **B** -Do as shown between brackets:

1- "Help me with the housework." said my sister.	(reported speech)
2- "Don't watch too much TV." My father said to me.	

#### Grammar in context Reported Speech (imperatives)

#### When we report someone's words, we use two different ways:

- 1. We can use direct speech with quotation marks: "Close the door.", or
- 2. We can use <u>reported speech</u>: He asked me to close the door.
- "Get off the donkey," said Joha Joha asked his son to get off the donkey.
- Later he said, "Don't listen to them." —> He asked his son <u>not to</u> listen to them.

#### Rewrite these requests/commands in reported speech.

"Listen to your father," said his mother.
 The mother asked her son
 "Don't disturb me," he said.
 My friend asked me

#### Report the following requests.

"Don't do that again."

My brother asked me

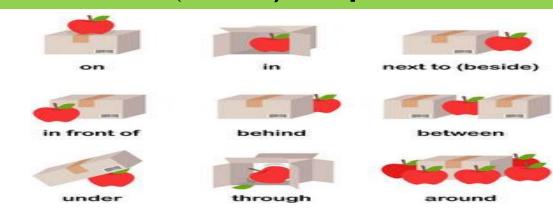
2. "Read the Holy Qur'an."

The teacher

3. "Please, help me with my project."

My friend .....





#### Things to remember: Prepositions

# Add the correct prepositions, then complete the sentences.

of / at / on / under/ into/ through/ in

 1. Ahmed dived
 the sea to

 2. He put his new poster
 the wall so that

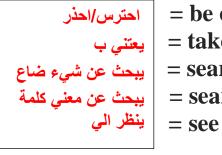
 3. The train went
 the tunnel. That's why

 4. When I called, she wasn't
 home, so

 5. They stood
 a tree because

#### ehrasal verbs (look ……) فعل + حرف جر

look out look after look for look up look at



= be careful
= take care of
= search for
= search in a reference book
= see

# Choose the correct answer. KweduFiles.Com

1-I sometimes look (at -for- after) my baby sister when my mother is outdoors.
2-Sara looked (out - after - for) her lost book of English till she found it.
3-Look ......(on -up-out)! A car is coming very fast.

Students look (out - after - up) new words in the dictionary.  $-\circ$ 

# **Grammar Unit 10**

# **Reflexive Pronouns**

Subject pronoun		Reflexive pronoun		Examples
I	Li)	myself	نفسى	<u>I</u> made a delicious cake by <u>myself</u> .
Не	هو	himself	نفسه	<u>Hamad</u> did the project by <u>himself</u> .
She	ھى	herself	نفسها	My mom did all the housework <u>herself</u> .
It	ہو۔ہی غیر عااقل	itself	نفسها نفسه	<u>The cat</u> returned home by <u>itself</u> .
we	نحن	ourselves	انفسنا	<u>We</u> repaired the computer by <u>ourselves</u> .
You	انت-انتم	yourself	انفسكم	You will hurt <u>yourself</u> with the knife.
They	هم	themselves	انفسهم	<u>They</u> prepared dinner by <u>themselves</u> .

# WW.KweduFiles.Com

1-I will finish these questions by 2- James wasn't careful and he cut	 with a knife.
3. My sister and I looked at	
•	fixed the car
5. Did you enjoy	at the party last night?
6. Cats can get clean by licking	•
	house? (B) No, I did it!
8. Mr. Smith burned	while he was cooking.
9. He dried	after he took a shower and went downstairs.
10. Can you teach	to play the piano?
11. My little sister dressed	She didn't need any help.
12. Why is your dog scratching	? Does it have fleas?
13. John and Thomas, did you ask	the question?
14. Mrs. Brown, please help	to the cookies and drinks.

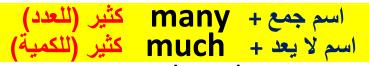
- **15.** I introduced \_\_\_\_\_\_ to my new classmates.

### **Countable nouns and uncountable nouns**

#### اسماء تعد

اسماء لا تعد

Countable nouns	Uncountable nouns	Chocolate car ma	•
carcars	water-juice- coffee-tea-milk-	computer child Cl	
boyboys	fuel-oil- soup-honey-food-	cheese bread mo	· · · · ·
bookbooks	bread-meat-rice-flour-butter-	desk orange juice	nouse
mapmaps	cheese- pasta-sugarfruit-	Countable nouns	Uncountable nouns
househouses	sun cream- soap -peace-love-		
deskdesks	anger-air-research-traffic-	car	chocolate
chairchairs	furniture-luggage-equipment-		
penpens ballballs	rain-work-snow-wood-		
childchildren			
manmen	money- advice - information-		
footfeet	news- paper		
toothteeth			
personpeople	W Kwedu File	Com	



- 1. There are .....cars on the roads.
- 2. There is ..... air pollution in cities.
- 3. This car costs ..... money.
- 4. There is .....noise and traffic in Kuwait City.
- 5. There are ..... books in my bag. I can't carry it.
- 6. There are ......jobs in the village ,so people go to cities to work.
- 7. The number of students is growing ,so we need to build ...... schools.
- 8. There is...... rain in India. It is the wettest place in the world.
- 9. There are..... people in the shopping malls in Hala February festival.

ليل (للعدد)	a a	few +	اسم جمع
ل (للكمية)	a قلي	little+	اسم لا يعد

- 1-There are ...... students in class. Most of them are absent.
- 2-There is ..... rain in Kuwait. It rarely rains.
- 3-There are ..... buses in Kuwait, we need more.
- 4-They can't all park. There are ..... Parking spaces available.

# a. Fill in the table with words from the list:

kilos – butter – shoes – money – months – photos – sand – milk – rice – dinars

a <b>few</b>	kilos	 	 
a little	rice	 	 

b. Complete the following sentences with a few / a little / much / many:

- 1. I haven't got ..... time, we'll have to talk fast.
- 2. There will be ..... rain this week.
- 3. I have ..... close friends. It's hard to find a true friend.
- 4. There aren't ..... extra chairs in our classroom, we need more.

### **3** Grammar in context a few/a little/many/much

*many/ a few* + a **countable noun** — There are <u>a few</u> books about the history of inventions in our school library.

*much/ a little + an uncountable noun ----* I save <u>a little</u> money every month. much is mainly used in negative sentences and questions.

### Choose the correct answer.

- 1. Put \_\_\_\_\_\_ sugar in your tea to avoid health problems. a. much b. a little c. many d. a few
- 2. You only made \_\_\_\_\_ mistakes on your test. a. a few b. a lot c. much d. a little
- 3. I don't eatmeat because I prefer vegetables.a. fewb. muchc. a littled. many
- 4. He has got \_\_\_\_\_\_ interesting books in his library. a. a little b. much c. many d. a lot

# **B- Do as shown between brackets:-**

1- I have got (much) books in my school bag.	(Correct)
2- Can you drive the car by (herself)?	(Correct)
3- How sandwiches did Sara eat?	(Complete)
4- My sister did the project by	(Complete)
5-Howcoffee did you drink?	(Complete)

# **Grammar Unit 11**

suffix	mean	example	
-ment	Action or process	عمل / عملية	excitement
-able	Can be done	يمكن عمله	washable
-ed	Past tense	ماضىي بسيط	play <mark>ed</mark>
-less	without	بدون	careless
-ful	Full of	مليء	spoonful

### هو مقطع يضاف الي نهاية الكلمة لكي نحصل علي كلمة جديدة $= { m Suffix}$

<b>3</b> Grammar in context Suffixes (-ment/- able/- ed/- less/ -ful)	-ment	-able
A <b>suffix</b> is a letter or a group of letters added to the end of a word to change its meaning.	or process	done -ful
Add the right suffixes to the words in brackets:	without	full of
(///		)

A Find the words in the text that end with suffixes:

- I like to be (help)\_\_\_\_\_\_at home.
- The (fear)
- The teacher wanted to see (impro..... in my grades this month.

# **Double Comparative**

المقارنة المزدوجة

**3** Grammar in context Double comparatives

(The + comparative adjective, the + comparative adjective) e.g. The *more* books I read, the *more* I learn. The *older* we grow, the *wiser* we become.

#### a. Complete the following sentences:

- 1. ...., the better your marks will be.
- 2. The more time I spend with my family, .....
- 3. ...., the sooner you arrive.

#### b. Rewrite the sentences using 'double comparatives':

1. If we exercise more, we will become healthier.

.....

2. If the sun is brighter, I will be happier.

1-If you work more, you will earn more.
The more
2-If he eats more, he will be fatter.
The more
3-If she trains harder, she will be happier.
The harder
Rewrite the sentences using 'double comparatives'.
<ol> <li>If you pay more attention in the class, you will get higher grades.</li> </ol>
The more
2. If you write more in English, your grammar will be better.
The more
3. If Tareq goes to the gym more often,
The more often

# **First Conditional**

# لو fl

تستخدم للتعبير عن شىء يمكن تحقيقه ( it is possible to happen)

1- If + present simple, will + inf. WWW.KweduFiles.Com If I have enough money, I will buy a car.

If Ali eats healthy food , he will feel better .

# **Correct the verb**

1- If he (study) , he will pass the test.	correct the verb
2-If she (get up) earlier , she will catch the bus.	correct the verb
3-If we go to the USA, we (see) new places.	correct the verb
4-If I eat lunch, I (not feel) hungry.	correct the verb
5-If she practices a sport, she (be) fit.	correct the verb
6-I (ask) you if I need any help.	correct the verb
7-we (win) the match if we play properly.	correct the verb
8-If I have an accident, I (go) to hospital.	correct the verb
9-If I have enough money, I (buy) a new car.	correct the verb
10-If I have time, I (tidy) my room.	correct the verb <mark>Mr. Mostafa Al-Jendi</mark>

Grammar Unit 12						
الضمائر التنكيرية Indefinite Pronouns						
كل واحد	اي احد	شخص	لا احد			
<u>ever</u> ybody	<u>any</u> body	<u>some</u> body	<u>no</u> body			
everything	anything	something	nothing			
کل شیء	اي شيء	ی در این	لا شىء			
	بي علي ر	يندي , السوي ,	و علي ر			
everywhere	anywhere	somewhere	nowhere			
کل مکان	اي مکان	مکان ما	لا مكان			
1 I can't go shon	ning in this mall	Is very expe	ncivo			
	,is very					
	Should obey his parents					
	which we writ					
-	who gives					
	should study hard fo	-				
7 Linvited all my	friends but					
8. Could	answer this question?	duFiles.Co	DM			
<ol> <li>Guid answer this question?</li> <li>I didn't find in your bag. It was empty.</li> </ol>						
	at home. Al					
	ed for evidence but found					
-		seesuspicio	ous hanging around?			
	y because	-				
	butanswered.					
-	in the office t					
		rstandthey	said.			
	minute ? I have	-				
	found my pencil. I	-				
	19.1 didn't eat because I was not hungry.					
20 has broken my mobile. I don't know who.						
21.Have you got to eat mum? I am hungry.						
22.There is wrong with my mobile. It is not working.						
23 attended the birthday party. All of them are here.						
24.Doeswant to go to the cinema?						
25.I am very sad because						
26.It was very dark last night . I couldn't see						
	shopping. We have					

28.Listen! I have got ..... to tell you.

29.I have looked ...... For my keys but I did not find them.

30.Have you seen my book .....?

31..... is absent. All students are here.

32..... wants to go to the beach. They are all tired.

33.I think there is..... at our door.

34. This book is great. It tells you ..... About Kuwait.

35..... is more beautiful than Sharm El Sheikh in the winter.

36. Are you going .....this afternoon?

37.Let's go ..... close to the sea.

#### Choose the correct answer:

Once, there was an old man living in a small village. He was very hungry because there was (nothing – anything – something) to eat. He looked for food (nowhere – everywhere – anywhere) until he found (any – some – no) dates . He ate the dates, but he didn't have (everything – nothing – anything) to drink.

Complete the following sentences using everything, anything, everybody and nobody:
1. I am excited. Is there
3 is happy with the wonderful pictures of the Earth.
4. There isare no animals either.
5 wants to travel in a spaceship to explore space.

يحتاج الى / ان <u>need to</u>		
need to = It's important to do		
** تستخدم للتعبير عن الضرورة او الحاجة لعمل شيء		
Present	Past	
I need to buy a new laptop. Do you need to surf the web? We don't need to do that exercise . Ahmed needs to travel abroad.	I needed to buy a new laptop. Did you need to surf the web? We didn't need to do that exercise. Ahmed didn't need to travel abroad.	
The past of <b>need to</b> is <b>needed to.</b>		
We <u>need to</u> buy a new laptop.	We <u>needed to</u> buy a laptop.	
The past of Do you need to? is Did you need to?		
Do you <u>need to</u> search the web?	Did you <u>need to</u> search the web?	
• The past of <b>don't need to</b> is <b>didn't need to</b> .		
We <u>don't need to</u> do that exercise.	We <u>didn't need to</u> do that exercise.	
<ul> <li>2. A:</li></ul>		
<b>Grammar in context</b> Need to		
I need to do something = it is	Negative	
necessary for me to do it. e.g.: I need to eat/ learn/ work	Present doesn't/ don't need to	
e.g. Theed to each learny work	Past didn't need to	
1. The cats are hungry. need to / feed	. 2. The iPad was working well. (fix)	
I need to	The technician didn't need to	
3. The museum offers free entry. (pay) 4. The test is cancelled. (study) Visitors		

# Do as shown between brackets:

1- We need to buy a bigger villa to live in.	(Make negative)	
2- Yes, she needs to read a lot of books.	(Ask a question)	
3- He (need) to study hard to get high marks.	(Correct the verb)	

## ضمائر الوصل Relative pronouns

للإنسان	<u>الذي</u>	Who
لغير الانسان	<u>الذي</u>	Which/that
للمكان	<u>حیث</u>	Where
للزمان	عندما	When

The man <u>who</u> was talking to me is my uncle. This is the <u>camera</u> <u>which</u> I bought yesterday. Al Jahra <u>where</u> I live is the biggest town in Kuwait. I remember the <u>day when</u> we first met.

- 1- A pilot is a person ..... flies a plane .
- 2- Animals .....live in the nature park are rare.
- 3- I met the doctor ...... gave me medicine.
- 4- This is the teacher..... teaches us English.
- 5- Students ..... respect others are loved.
- 6- Ramadan is the month .....Muslims fast.
- 7- I saw the movie ..... is about space.
- 8- This is the bag ..... I bought yesterday.
- 9- People ..... live in London have to speak English.
- **10-** My father bought a car ..... is very expensive.
- 11-Salma..... won the gold medal, is my sister.
- 12- Summer is the season.....it is very hot.
- 13- I saw Salma ..... won the gold cup in swimming last week.
- 14- My cousin ..... lives in Canada, always e-mail us.
- 15- This is the bank ...... | put my money.
- 17-I visited London ..... my cousins live and study.
- 18-This is the place ..... my father works.

#### \*\*\*\*\*

A- I am going to visit my aunt. She lives in Salmeya.

.....

b- This is my new dress. It costed 30 KD.

.....

c- My father took us to the fun city. There we played and enjoyed.

.....

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1-	The water is used for drinking. It comes from a well.
2-	The Eskimo people wear warm clothes. They live in the Arctic
3-	The panda sleeps all day. It is an endangered animal.
4-	Ali is studying IT in the USA. He won a scholarship.
5-	Titanic is my favourite film. It was made many years ago.
••••	

#### **Things to remember: Relative Pronouns**

 Use which/that, who, where and when to explain which noun you are talking about.

#### e.g.:

- The man works in the shop. He lives in Egypt.

The man **who** works in that shop lives in Egypt.

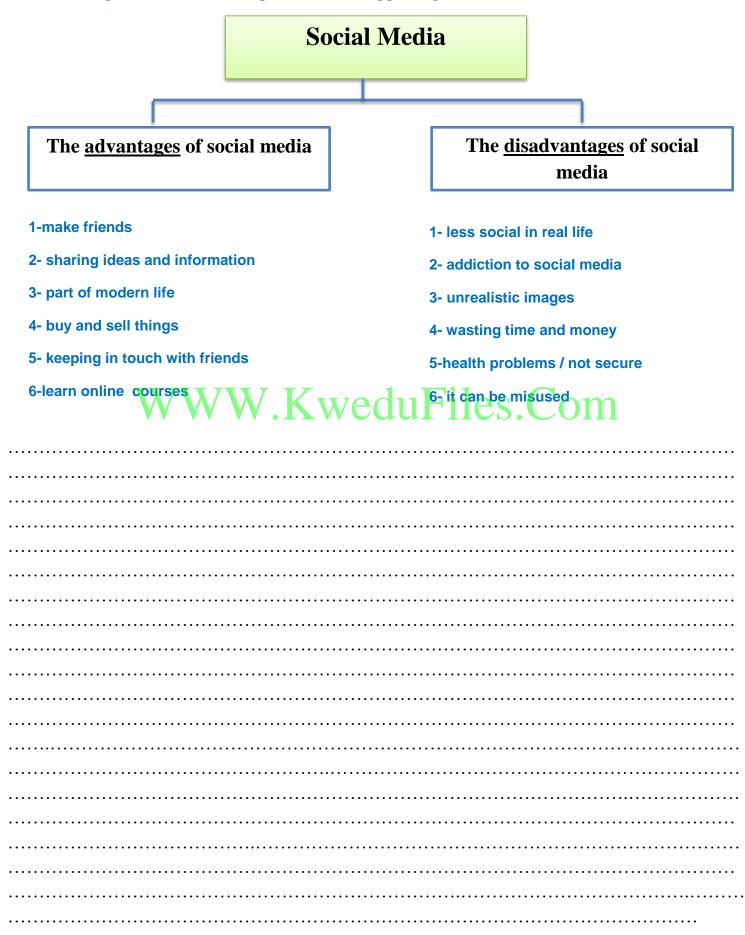
- We live in a small town. It has a lot of trees.

We live in a small town where there are a lot of trees.

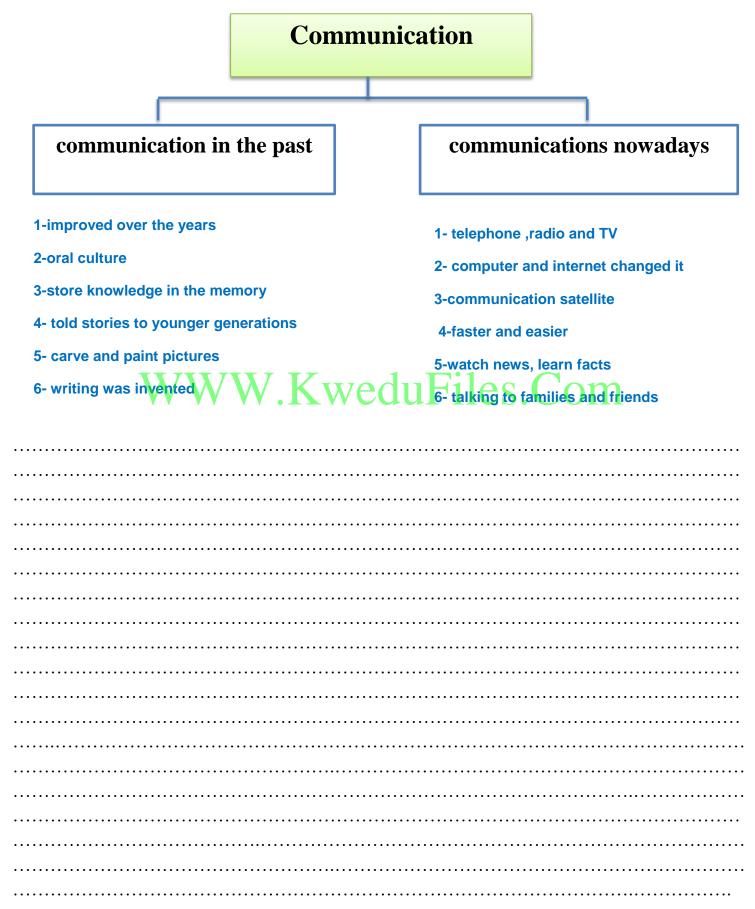
## Complete the sentences using relative pronouns/clauses:

1. I've lost the ring	my mother gave me.
2. Do you know the man	is standing outside?
3. They visited the place	
4. They bought a magazine	
	Files.Com

"Social media has become a huge part of everyday life." Plan and write a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about Social Media explaining the advantages and disadvantages of using social media.



"We all have ideas, feelings and opinions that we want to communicate." Plan and write a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about Communications explaining communication in the past and communications nowadays.

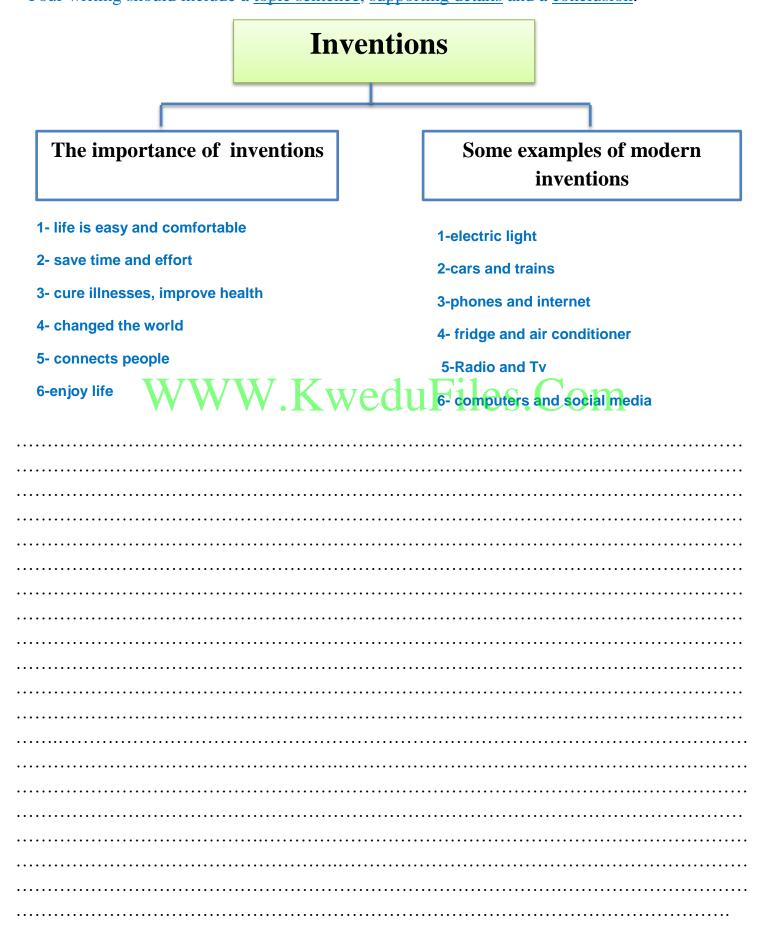


"Stories are the most effective way to communicate and deliver messages from one to another

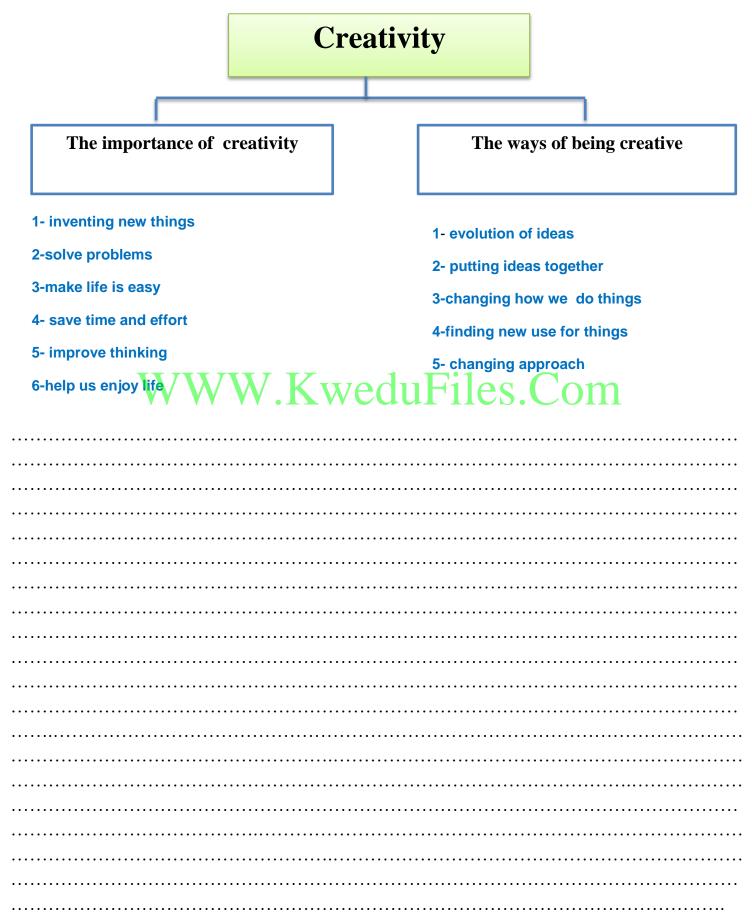
<u>"</u> **Plan** and **write** a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about **Stories** explaining **sources of stories and the important of stories to us.** 

		Stories				
		_				
The importance o	f stories		sou	rces of st	ories	
1- build trust			1 -part of our	nature		
2-help us understanding the	world		2-family storie	S		
3- give moral values and les	sons		3-stories from			
4-engage emotions			4- stories we ł	near at schoo	ol or on TV	
5-parents teach kids about li	ife		5-to communi	icate with pe	ople	
6- changing behaviour	W K <sub>3</sub>	vedu	6- stories are			
• • • •						
••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••	••••••	•••••	••••••••••••••••	••••
						••••
					•••••••••••••	••••
	••••••			•••••	••••••	
		••••	•••••••••••••••••	•••••	••••••	••••
		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	••••••	••••
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		•••••	••••••	•••••	••••••	••••
		••••	•••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	••••
••••••		•••••	•••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••
••••••		•••••	•••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••
		•••••		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••
••••••		•••••		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		•••••	•••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •
		••••	•••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	••••
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	••••••			•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••
••••••						••••
		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••	••••
		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•••

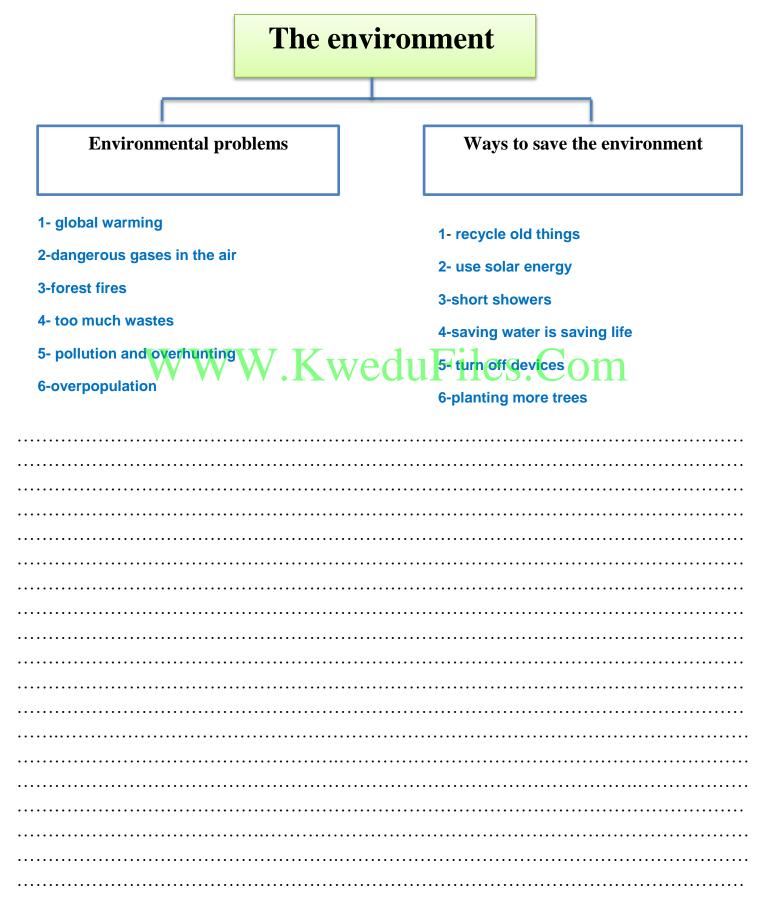
<u>"Inventions were very important in the past as they are nowadays.</u>" Plan and write a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about Inventions explaining the importance of inventions and some examples of modern inventions.
\*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.



<u>"Creativity is using your imagination to create something original</u>" **Plan** and **write** a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about **Creativity** explaining **the importance of creativity** and **the ways of being creative.** 



"The environment is the world we live in and which we should keep clean and safe." Plan and write a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about the environment\_explaining the environmental problems and the ways to save the environment.



## **<u>1- Reading Comprehension (16 Ms)</u>** Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions below:

Polar bears will be extinct by the end of the 21st century if the global warming continues to this constant rate. Temperatures are rising in the Arctic. <u>It</u> is the only place where polar bears are found. This change of nature is having a strong effect on the health and numbers of the world's population of polar bears.

During the winter, polar bears live and hunt on the sea ice. They travel for many kilometers to catch their main food, which is the seal. Through the ice, polar bears can feel the movement of a seal. They sit close to a hole in the ice and wait for the seal to come up for air.

In summer, as the ice melts, some bears return to the shore, fasting until the colder weather and sea ice return. Others continue to hunt. They swim in the icy water until they reach floating sea ice where they can wait for a seal. Bears who have been fasting all summer weigh less and are weak. They have lost too much of their fat, which is needed to keep them warm and as a source of energy.

Global warming has **<u>increased</u>** the temperature in the Arctic so much that the warmer weather comes sooner each year and it lasts longer .It has been predicted that by the end of this century there will be no sea ice left. As the temperature continues to rise, the cold winter will be much shorter.

#### a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d : ( 6 X 2 = 12 marks )

<ol> <li>Which of the following is the title for this story?</li> <li>a. Temperature of Arctic</li> <li>b. The 21st Century summer</li> <li>c. Global Warming</li> <li>d. Polar Bears Life</li> <li>2) The underlined word '<u>It</u> 'in the (1<sup>st</sup>) paragraph refers to:</li> </ol>	
a. the temperature b. the seal c. the arctic d. the polar bears	
3) What is the author's purpose in writing this text?	
a tell us about the bad effects of global warming on polar bears.	
b. inform us about the floating of sea ice	
c. explain how polar bears hunt in winter.	
d. compare between polar bears and grizzly bears.	
4) What is the <b>meaning</b> of the underlined word <b><u>, increased</u></b> ' in the 4 <sup>th</sup> paragraph?	
a. got colder b. got fatter c. got higher d. got taller	
5) Why do some bears weigh less ?	
a. They feed on seals only b. They live in the north pole	
c. They have been fasting all summer d. The weather is very cold	
6)All the following statements about polar bears are <b>TRUE except</b> :	
a. Polar bears eat penguins and birds	
b. Temperatures are rising in the Arctic.	
c. The cold winter will be much shorter.	
d. In summer some bears weigh less.	
-	
<b>B)</b> Answer the following questions : $(4 \times 2^{1/2} = 10)$	
7)Why are temperatures rising in the Arctic ?	
	•••
8) What will happen to the polar bear if the ice melts in the Arctic?	

## **<u>2- Reading Comprehension (16 Ms)</u>** Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions below:</u>

From far out in space, Earth looks like a blue ball. Since water covers three-fourths of the Earth's surface, blue is the colour we see most. The continents look brown, like small islands floating in the huge, blue sea. White clouds <u>wrap</u> around the Earth like a light blanket. The Earth is shaped like a sphere, or a ball. <u>It</u> would take years to walk around the whole planet.

A spaceship can fly around the widest part of the sphere in only 90 minutes. Even though spaceships have travelled to the Moon, people cannot visit the Moon without special suits. The Moon has no air or water. Plants and animals can't live there either. Astronauts first landed on the Moon in 1969. After that, there were six more trips to the Moon. They brought back Moon rocks, which scientists are still studying.

The Sun is the closest star to Earth. A star is a hot ball of burning gas. The Sun looks very big. But the Sun is just a medium-sized star. The burning gases from the Sun are so hot that they warm the Earth. Even though the Sun is always glowing, the night here on Earth is dark. That's because the Earth turns around, every 24 hours. During the day, the Earth faces the Sun. Then we see light. During the night, the Earth turns away from the Sun. Then it faces the darkness of space. Each day we learn more about the Earth, the Moon, and the Sun. **A)-Choose the best completion from a, b, c and d : (4 X 2 = 8)** 

#### **1-** What is the best title of the text? b)The Closest Star to Earth. a) Our Planet Erath. **c**) The Earth, The Moon and The Sun. d) The First Visit to The Moon. 2- What is the meaning of the underlined word (wrap) in line 3? a) cover **b**) float c) look **d**) shape 3- What does the pronoun (it) in line (4) refer to? **a**) the space **b**) the star c) the Earth **d**) the sun 4- According to the text, what the purpose of writing the text? a) to give information about the sun, the earth and the moon **b**) to say there is no life on Earth c) to say that life on Earth is dangerous. d) to say the sun is small star. 5- According to the passage, all of the following statements are **NOT TRUE** except: a)Plants and animals can live on the moon. b) There is no air or water on the moon c) People can live on the moon. d) The first trip to the moon was in 1996. 6- What is the closest star to Earth?.. **a**) the moon **b**) the sun c) Venus d) Pluto **B**)-Answer the following questions : $(2 \times 2 = 4)$ 7-Why is blue the colour we see most when looking at Earth from outer space? 8- When did astronauts first land on the Moon?

## Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

A newly-married <u>couple</u> had just moved into a new apartment. One evening, they gave a party on that occasion. Many of their friends and relatives were quite rich, so they have received a large number of valuable and expensive wedding-presents. The fine collection of presents was on show in one of the rooms and *it* was much admired.

The next morning, they received an unexpected late present by post. In an envelope were two tickets for the best seats at a theatre, and a little note saying, "heartiest congratulation. Guess who has sent these " the young couple tried to find out what generous friend had sent the tickets, but they were to see the play and spend a most enjoyable evening. They returned late at night and found that a thief had broken into their apartment. All their valuable wedding presents had been stolen. On the bare table in the room where they had displayed them was a little note. On it was written" Now You Know ".

All of us meet people who are good and others who are very bad. We should be careful while dealing with people whom we don't know before. Dealing with people innocently all the time may lead to misfortune. A wise man is the person who has the ability to judge people's behaviour.

## A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1-	What	is	the	best	title	for	this	passage?
----	------	----	-----	------	-------	-----	------	----------

1- What is the best title for	this passage?	,	
a- At the party		b- The businessman	
c- How to rob a flat		d- Moving to a new flat	
2- The underlined pronoun	" it " in the 1s	st paragraph refers to:	
a- The two-couple	W.KV	Vecb-wedding dress OM	
c- a collection of pres	ents	d- rich relatives	
3- What is the meaning of t	he underlined	d word " <b>couple</b> " in the 1st paragraph?	
a- Husband and wife		b- father and mother	
c- man and woman		d- father and son	
4- What is the purpose of the	ne writer in the	nis passage?	
a- to show how flats a	are rubbed	b- to persuade us to be kind with rubbers	
c- To tell a personal e	xperience	d- to inform us that the couples have expensiv	e
presents,			
5- It is good to behave with	people:		
a- innocently	b- carefully	y c- cunningly d-	
carelessly			
6- According to the passage	e, all the follo	wing statements are <b>NOT TRUE</b> except:	
a- All people are good	d and kind.		
b- The couple receive	d the unexped	ected present in the afternoon.	
c- The couple knew the	hat generous f	friend.	
d- The fine collection	of presents w	was kept in the cupboard.	
<b>B)</b> Answer the following que	estions:		
7- Why did the couple give a	party?		

8- What did they receive next morning?

## **Read the following passage then answer the questions below:**

The dictionary is the most important tool for all language learners. It gives them the different meanings and spellings of words. Most dictionaries help to pronounce words correctly by providing pronunciation and phonetic symbols. Moreover, they show the learners how to use the words correctly by giving them examples in meaningful sentences.

When you find a new word in a comprehension passage, it is not a good way to think directly of using the dictionary all the time to know its meaning. It is better for you to try first to understand the main idea of the passage and guess its meaning. Second, don't forget to look at the opposite of the word and try to **remember** it. If these two ways are not helpful, get the dictionary then and look it up. You will find different meaning for one word. You infer the suitable meaning through the text.

Some books have a mini-dictionary at <u>their</u> backs. The electronic dictionaries are the <u>latest</u>. They have more advantages than the printed ones because they are easy to download and carry, you can take them with you everywhere and listen clearly to the correct way of pronouncing words. Fortunately, smart phones can be supplied with different dictionary applications.

## A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title for this passage?

- a) Phonetic Symbols c) The importance of dictionaries WCCd) New words
- 2- The underlined pronoun " their " in the 3rd paragraph refers to: c) symbols a) exams b) books d) meanings 3- What is the opposite of the underlined word "**remember**" in the 2nd paragraph? b) guess c) forget d) try a) find 4- What is the purpose of the writer in this passage? a- to suggest ways to get dictionaries b- to inform us that smart phones have dictionaries. c- to tell us about the most important tool for language learners d- to show how we guess the meaning of words 5- The electronic dictionaries: a- used at home only b- were very old c- aren't better than the printed ones d- have pronunciation 6- According to the passage, all the following statements are NOT TRUE except: a- Most dictionaries don't have pronunciation or phonetic symbols. b- You should directly use a dictionary when you don't know the meaning of a word. c- It's impossible to download a dictionary on smart phones d-Some dictionaries give examples and use the words in meaningful sentences **B)** Answer the following questions:

7- What are the advantages of the electronic dictionaries?8- Why is using the dictionary all the time directly is not a correct way?

## **Read the following passage then answer the questions below:**

Louis Braille was born in 1809 in a village in France. When he was only three years old, he had an accident while he was playing in his father's shop and became blind. His father tried to teach poor Louis how to read but he couldn't. Young Louis was very clever. He was also very good at music. At that time the blind were trying to read and write in different ways, but it was very difficult for them. Something should happen to enable the blind to read.

When Louis was sixteen years old, he had the idea of using dots, so <u>he</u> invented this kind of reading and writing by touching dots with the fingers. This is really the same way the blind use today. In 1828 Louis worked as a teacher for the blind. He died in January 1852 at the age of forty-three. Nowadays millions of blind people can read Braille in many languages. The blind can read in Arabic too.

We shouldn't forget to respect and encourage people who serve the humanity. In the Arab world, there isn't enough encouragement to the disabled or talented people. Sometimes, our societies ignore them.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title for this passage?				
a- A Clever Blind Man	b- A Clever Father			
c- A Clever Teacher d- Braille Way of Reading				
2- The underlined pronoun " $\underline{he}$ " in the 2 <sup>nd</sup>	paragraph refers to: S COM			
a- Louis	b- Louis's father			
c- A village	d- the Arab world			
3- What is the meaning of the underlined we	ord " <u>humanity</u> " in the 3 <sup>rd</sup>			
paragraph? a- kind people	b- animal kingdom			
c- bad people	d- people in general			
4- What is the purpose of the writer in this p	passage?			
a- to tell us about the Braille story	b- to inform that Braille worked as a teacher			
c- to persuade you of Louise accident	d- to decide that Arab societies ignore talented people			
5- Young Louis was very:				
a- angry b-stupid	c- proud d- intelligent			
6- According to the passage, all the following	ng statements are NOT TRUE <u>except</u> :			
a- Louis Braille was born in 1909.	b- Louis worked as a teacher in 1882			
c- Braille can be read in Arabic.	- Louise was born in January 1852			
<b>B)</b> Answer the following questions:				
7- How did Louis Braille become blind?				
8- In what way did Louis Braille help the bl	ind?			

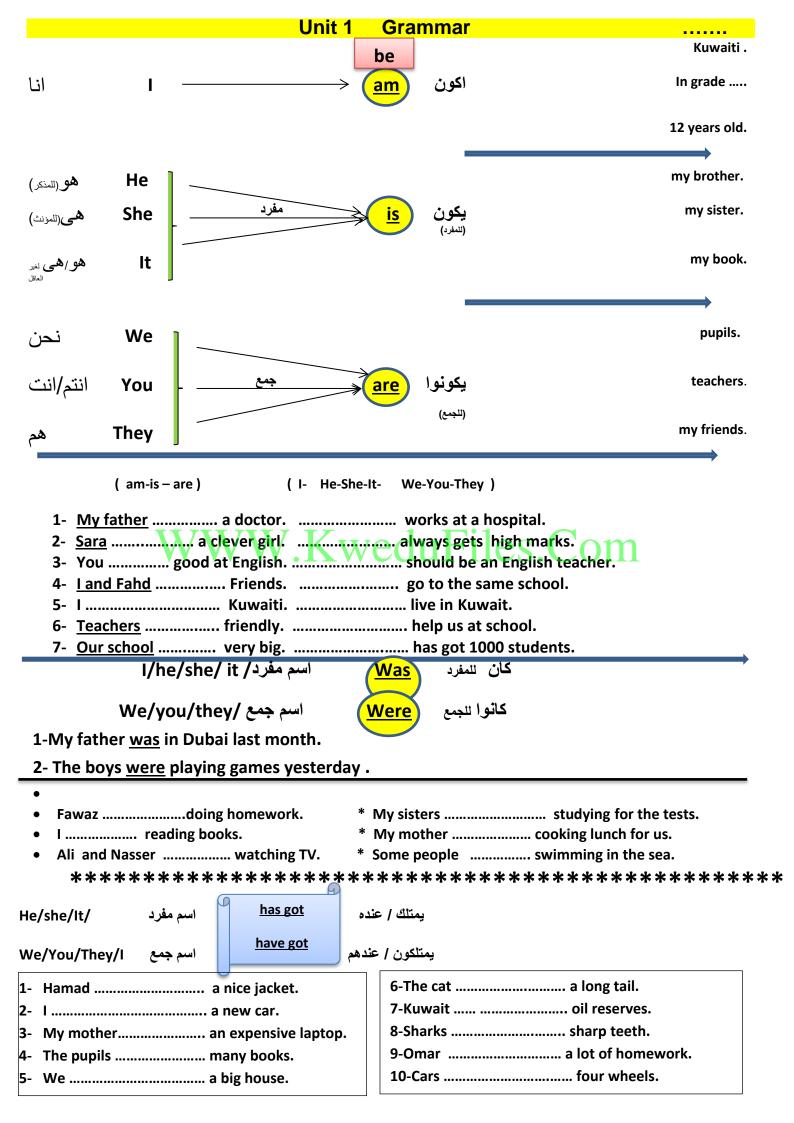
#### **Read the following passage then answer the questions below:**

People grow two sets of teeth during their lifetimes – the primary or baby teeth, and the second, permanent teeth. The first primary teeth appear when a child is about six months old. The rest of them grow between the sixth and the thirtieth month, and there are only twenty teeth in this set.

The permanent teeth in humans *appear* between the sixth and the fourteenth years of a child's life. In many cases, children still have their baby teeth as well as the permanent set, or some of *them*, until they are about ten or twelve. This can look very odd, because the permanent teeth are often bigger than the baby teeth, and because the first of the second set to appear are usually the two front teeth, making the child look very funny. There are thirty-two teeth in the second set, although the four wisdom teeth don't usually appear until the person is in his or her late teens or early twenties. It is as well to remember that this set is the one you will have for the rest of your life, so great care must be taken to make sure that they won't go bad or have to be pulled out!

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title for this passage? b. Our school a. Our teeth c. Babies d. our lives 2- The underlined pronoun " them " in the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph refers to: b. children c. people a. teeth d. humans 3- What is the meaning of the underlined word " appear " in the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph? a. be seen b. hide c. suffer d. steer 4- What is the purpose of the writer in this passage? a- to suggest ways to have healthy teeth b- to inform us that adults have 32 teeth c- to tell us about the two sets of teeth during lifetimes d-to show that permanent teeth are often bigger than the baby teeth 5- The first primary teeth appear when a child is: a- between the sixth and the tenth years b- about sixteen months old. c- two months d- about six months old. 6-According to the passage, all the following statements are **TRUE** except: a- There are two sets of teeth during life time. b-Great care must be taken for permanent teeth. c-Permanent teeth are often smaller than the baby teeth d-Wisdom teeth don't usually appear until the person is in his or her late teens. **B)** Answer the following questions: 7. Why should one be very careful about his second set of teeth? 8. What makes a child look funny?



## ( we -you-they-I- girls ) للجمع (he –she-it-Ali-Sara) للمفرد - للمفرد والجمع

- بفعلون do يفعل does
- 1. ....my homework every day .
- 2. My mom ..... all the housework.
- 3. Ali always .....his best at work.
- 4. Scientists .....experiments in the lab.
- 5. My friends ......Karate at the weekends.
- 6. Sara .....a good job on her test.
- 7. She .....her hair twice a week.
- 8. Noura ..... something silly yesterday.
- 9. My classmates .....well on the tests last Monday.
- **10.** My sisters .....the dishes after lunch <u>yesterday</u>.
- 11. I .....research in 2017.
- 12. The maid .....the laundry two hours ago.

#### هل / Does / هل

- 13. ..... Hamad smoke?
- 14. ..... you hear me?
- 15. What ..... he want?
- 16. ..... Fahad like cooking?
- 17. ..... your brother speak English?
- 18. ..... you have many friends?
- 19. .....Mona play the guitar?
- 20. ..... Nasser and Walid study hard ?

فعل did

# 2. Don't or Doesb't:

- I \_\_\_\_\_ like to play basketball.
- 2. Sam \_\_\_\_\_ dive very well.
- They \_\_\_\_\_ break the window at schoo
- 4. You \_\_\_\_\_ know how to use this device.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ help me to solve this problem.
- 6. We \_\_\_\_\_ sleep at the lectures.
- 7. I \_\_\_\_\_ like to swim in the pool.
- 8. Liz \_\_\_\_\_ play computer games.
- They \_\_\_\_\_ go to the disco club on weekdays.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ cook dinner, she cooks breakfast.
- 11. We \_\_\_\_\_ train at the stadium.
- Ben \_\_\_\_\_ play chess, he plays football.
- 13. You \_\_\_\_\_ speak English correctly.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ lose his things, he is very neat.
- يستطيع ( يقدر) Can لا يستطيع ( لا يقدر ) Can't

I can walk but I can't fly.

I <u>can</u> do homework. I <u>can't</u> swim in the pool.

I can play the drum but I can't play the guitar.

1. I	1 you help me?2. I´m full. I eat any more.3. Cheetahs run very fast.4. A spider drive a car.5. A fish swim.6. Animals read.
	یوجد (للمفرد) S یوجد (للجمع) re
2 many posters in our class.   5	4       big ships in the harbor today.         5       fish for dinner.         6       good teachers in our school.

## ( تكوين السوال ) Forming questions

Question words ( الدوات الاستفهام )

What (۴۱	(تسال عن الاشي	مار ماذا
ن) Where	(تسال عن المكا	اين
ن) When	(تسال عن الزم	متی
ان) Who	(تسال عن الانس	من
why (ب	(تسال عن السب	لماذا
Which (۴۷	(تسال عن الاشي	ايهما

الوسيلة\ الطريقة) How	كيف (تسال عن
Howold	كم للعمر
How many	کم عد
How much	كم كمية ، كم ثمن كم المدة الزمنية ، كم طول
Howlong	كم المدة الزمنية، كم طول
How often	كممرة
How far	كم المسافة

# (Open Ended Questions) طريقة عمل السوال المفتوح

**Question word + auxiliary verb + subject + main verb + the rest of the sentence.** 

1	2	3	4	5		
(اداة الاستفهام)	(فعل مساعد)	(فاعل)	( فعل اساسى )	(باقى الجملة )		
<u>(The Present continuous) زمن المضارع المستمر</u>						

#### What 1- Fahd is <u>eating</u> pizza in a restaurant now. es. Com What is Fahd eating in a restaurant now?

where

1- Fahd is eating pizza in a restaurant now. Where is Fahd eating pizza now?

when

1- Fahd is eating pizza in a restaurant now. When is Fahd eating pizza in a restaurant?

# <u>Exercises</u>

 pils <u>are doing</u> homework at home now.
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
(The Past Continuous) زمن الماضى المستمر
What where when
was <u>reading</u> a story in the library yesterday.
 Mr. Mustafa

# <u>(The Present Perfect)</u> زمن المضارع التام

4- I <u>have</u> <u>stayed</u> in Dubai for two weeks.
۵
کھ
4- Ali <u>has</u> <u>got</u> three brothers.
۵
(The future simple) زمن المستقبل البسيط
5- I <u>will visit</u> my uncle in London Tomorrow.
۵
<u>( The Present Simple ) زمن المضارع البسيط</u>
Does + play
6- Ali <u>plays</u> tennis in the club on Fridays.
<b>A</b>
<b>A</b>
Do + go
7-We <u>go</u> to school by car every day. WeduFiles.Com
2
<u>( The Past Simple ) زمن الماضى البسيط</u>
did + watch
8- Sara <u>watched</u> the film at home two hours ago.
<u> </u>
<b>A</b>
9- My father <u>bought</u> a car from Salmiya yesterday.
<b>A</b>
<u>ک</u>
10 - My sister <u>sent</u> an e-mail to her friend last week.
<u> </u>
۵

Mr. Mustafa

#### (قواعد النفي ) Negative

1- I am American.					
2- My father is a policeman.					
3- They are doing homework now.	am is				
4- My friends were watching TV yesterday at 5 o'clock.	are				
5- Hamad was reading a story one hour ago.	was were has have				
6- The students will go on a camping trip tomorrow.					
7- I can speak English very well.	had could + not ( n't )				
8- You must wear the school uniform.	should may				
9- Mohammed has got an expensive car.	might must				
10- Remass could walk when she was one year old.					
******	*****				
1- Hamad <u>plays</u> football in the club.					
Hamad <u>doesn't play</u> football in the club					
2- The pupils <u>play</u> football in the club.					
The pupils <u>don't play</u> football in the club	مصدر الفعل + doesn't				
3- Asel likes reading storybooks.	adesii t + adesi				
S- Aser likes reading storybooks.	don't				
4- My friends like swimming and volleyball.					
5- Sharks eat small fish.					
6- Nora types an e-mail to her friend.					
7- Teachers help us at school.					
8- Doctors give us medicine at hospital.					
9- Fahd goes to school at 7:15 every day.					
10- We go to school at 7:15 every day.					
******	*******				
1- Ahmed visited Kuwait Towers yesterday.					
Ahmed <u>didn't visit</u> Kuwait Towers yesterday					
2- Mariem watched a new movie yesterday.					
	نستخدم				
3-People used to travel by camel in the past.	مصدر الفعل + didn't				
4-Mohammed finished his homework 2 hours ago.					
5- I went to the USA last week.					
6- Ali saw a car accident on the 6th ring road.					
Mr. Mustafa					

# Conjugation Of Irregular Verbs ( تصريفات الافعال الغير منتظمة)

1		2		3		1		2		3
present		<u>past</u>		<u>past</u> participle		<u>present</u>		<u>past</u>		past participle
مضارع بسيط		ماضي بسيط		التصريف الثالث		مضارع بسيط		ماضي بسيط		التصريف الثالث
eat	يأكل	ate		eaten		sell	يبيع	sold		sold
drink	يشرب	drank		drunk		sing	يغنى	sang		Sung
buy	يشترى	bought		bought		sink	يغرق	sank		Sunk
sleep	ينام	slept		slept		spend	يقضى	spent		Spent
write	يكتب	wrote		written		throw	يرمى	threw		thrown
go	يڏهب	went		gone		wake	يستيقظ	woke		woken
see	يرى	saw		seen		tell	يقول	told		told
run	يركض	ran		run		teach	يعلم	taught		taught
find	يجد	found		found		think	يفكر	thought		thought
fly	يطير	flew		flown		wear	يلبس	wore		worn
lose	يفقد	lost		lost		am / is	يكون	was		been
make	يصنع	made		made		are	يكونون	were		been
meet	يقابل	met		met		has/have	يمتلك	had		had
win	يفوز	won	VV	won W	t	doUTI	بفعل	did OI	Π	done
ride	يركب	rode		ridden		read	يقرأ	read		read
give	يعطى	gave		given		cut	يقطع/يجرح	cut		cut
build	يبنى	built		built		shut	يغلق	shut		shut
break	يكسر	broke		broken		put	يضع	put		put
come	ياتى	came		come		hit	ضرب	hit		hit
drive	يقود السيارة	drove		driven		swim	يسبح	swam		swum
draw	يرسم	drew		drawn						
send	يرسل	sent		sent						
get	يحصل على	got		got						
grow	يكبر	grew		grown						
fall	يسقط	fell		fallen						
catch	يمسك	caught		caught						
hear	يسمع	heard		heard						
hide	يختبئ	hid		hidden						
keep	يحافظ	kept		kept						
know	يعرف	knew		known						
leave	يغادر	left		left						
say	يقول	said		said						
ring	يتصل	rang		rung		Mr. Mustafa				
rise	ترتفع	rose		risen						