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للحصول على جميع روابط الصفوف على تلغرام وفيسبوك من قنوات وصفحات: اضغط هنا

الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف الثاني عشر على مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي

مجموعة الفيسبوك

صفحة الفيسبوك

مجموعة التلغرام

بوت التلغرام

قناة التلغرام

رياضيات على التلغرام

امتحان الصف الثاني عشر- التعليم الديني- نهاية الفترة الدراسية الثانية 2021/2020
المجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الإنجليزية)
المفردات- القواعد- الوظائف اللغوية- الكتاب المقرر- التعبير الكتابي- الاستيعاب المقروء- التلخيص- الترجمة
الزمن: ثلاث ساعات

Total (140 Marks)

20

I. Vocabulary (20 Marks)

A) From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable word that best completes each of the following sentences: (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

1. My grandfather grewtrees on his farm; my mom uses its seeds for cake.
a. concept b. **almond** c. minister d. arson
2. A friend of mine invented an electric device to those who cannot walk.
a. **assist** b. promote c. narrate d. wane
3. My father hasn't arrived home yet, it'sfor him to stay out late.
a. immobile b. unconscious c. **unusual** d. ungentlemanly
4. Kuwait's of oil has risen this year due to high demands.
a. **exports** b. spin-offs c. mail orders d. attempts
5. My elder brother was busy last week the broken door.
a. engulfing b. **fixing** c. traversing d. alerting

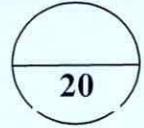
B) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:(5 x 2=10 Marks)

(summit / orbit /unique / vacant / socialise / data)

6. In space, satellites **orbit** the earth at different heights.
7. Scientists do a lot of research to collect **data** to help humanity.
8. A number of climbers failed to climb the **summit** due to bad weather.
9. My little brother has **unique** skills that would help him win the competition.
10. Kuwaitis usually gather in Diwaniyas to **socialise** and discuss different issues.



III- Language Functions (20 Marks)

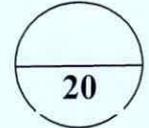


Write what you would say in the following situations: (5 x 4=20 Marks)

20. Your father is planning to move to the countryside after resigning.
Stating advantages and disadvantages
21. Your friend wants to know the difficulties you faced when you moved to a new house.
Stating difficulties and problems
22. You want to know how your grandfather used to spend his free time when he was young.
Describing/talking about change
23. Your sister asks you about your opinion on getting a driving licence at the age of 16.
Giving personal opinion
24. Your uncle asks you why you prefer studying abroad.
Explaining choices

Any reasonable response is accepted

IV- Set- Book Questions (20 Marks)



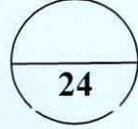
From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer: (4X5=20 Marks)

25. Why do some people prefer living in a city?
a. Because they can farm their land easily.
b. Because they want to save the environment.
c. **Because there are many job opportunities.**
d. Because they wanted to leave their homes vacant.
26. How do people spend their free time nowadays?
a. They play Khabsa.
b. They play Amber.
c. They play beads and shells.
d. **They play computer games.**
27. What qualities should a person have to be a good mountain climber?
a. He should be impatient.
b. He should be overweight.
c. **He should be in good health.**
d. He should prepare his back pack.
28. Why do scientists want to know more about space?
a. Because space explorations are pointless.
b. To practice their hobbies at the scientific centre.
c. Because it is expensive and costs a lot of money.
d. **To provide chances for more scientific advances.**

ykwait_3



V- Writing (24 Marks)



Write on the following topic:

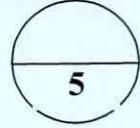
(Expository)

“With good planning, you can enjoy a great expedition.”

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) about the different reasons why people go on expeditions, and the possible problems they may face.

NB: (Your topic should include an introduction, 2 body paragraphs & a conclusion.)

Outline (5 Marks)



Introduction:

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.....

Body:

Paragraph 1:

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Paragraph 2:

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Conclusion:

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VI- Reading Comprehension: (30 Marks)**Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:**

30

When most people are ill with a non-life threatening condition, they will most often see a General Practitioner (GP), who is also called a Family Doctor. These doctors generally work in the local community in clinics rather than in hospitals, so they are convenient for people to see for a consultation. However, other GPs can work in a very wide range of areas, such as in hospitals, in education and for insurance companies.

GPs are doctors that do not have a specialty, such as a brain surgeon or cancer specialist. GPs are able to diagnose and treat all the possible diseases and problems that one of their patients might have. They can treat and manage most illnesses and perform some minor surgeries. Then, for more serious cases they will advise the patient to see a specialist that works in a hospital.

If you are ill and need to see a GP, you will normally need to make an appointment. Sometimes you can just walk into the clinic and see a doctor, but that is not very likely as GPs are normally very busy and all their appointment times will be fully booked. Often you have to wait for one or two days before you can get an appointment with a GP. If you are too ill to wait, you have to go to a hospital and visit the accident and emergency department.

GPs also make house-calls. These are when the GP comes to your house to treat you or see a patient. Most often a GP has to make house-calls to see elderly people who cannot get to the clinic easily. **They** might be ill and need to see a doctor to give them medicine or it could be that the GP just want to check on them and make sure that they are ok.

If you are ill, the doctor will normally **prescribe** you some medicine and tell you to go away for a few days before you go back and visit them again if you have not started to get better. The GP will also explain how you can have a better lifestyle that could prevent you from becoming ill in the first place. They will normally recommend to get exercise. Once you have your prescription, you will need to visit a pharmacy to get the medicine the doctor prescribed for you.

A) From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer: (5x3= 15 Marks)29. The **best title** for this passage would be:

- A Brain Surgeon
- A Cancer Specialist
- A General Practitioner**
- An Emergency Department

30. The underlined word "**prescribe**" in the **last** paragraph is **closest** in meaning to:

- suggest**
- appoint
- manage
- perform



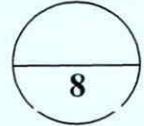
31. The underlined pronoun “they” in the 4th paragraph refers to:
- two days
 - house calls
 - elderly people**
 - appointment times
32. According to the passage, all the following statements are **NOT TRUE EXCEPT**:
- A GP is called a Family Guest.
 - GPs are doctors who have specialty.
 - GPs work only in emergency departments.
 - You should have an appointment to see a GP.**
33. What do GPs do to make ill people feel better?
- They participate in local community activities.
 - They help the families of people who have died.
 - They give advice to prevent people from getting ill.**
 - They work with the people who produce the medicine and sell it.

B) With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: (5x3=15 Marks)

34. When do patients have to go to hospitals?
Patients have to go to hospitals if they are too ill to wait. / If they can't see a GP.
35. Where do GPs generally work in?
They generally work in the local community in clinics rather than in hospitals.
36. Why do people have to wait to see a GP?
They have to wait because a GP is very busy./ ... all a GP's appointment times are fully booked.
37. According to the fourth paragraph, what sort of person will most likely be visited by a GP at home?
Elderly people will most likely be visited by a GP at home.
38. When do patients visit a pharmacy?
Patients visit a pharmacy when they have a prescription. / When they want to get some medicine.

Any reasonable answer related to the text is accepted



VII - Summary Making (8 Marks)

Read the following passage then do as required:

Changing your lifestyle could be a big step toward diabetes prevention. It's never too late to start. Making a few simple changes in your lifestyle now may help you avoid the serious health problems of diabetes in the future. Consider these diabetes prevention tips: First, get more regular physical activities to help you lower your blood sugar. Second, get plenty of fiber to help reduce your risk of diabetes. Foods high in fiber include fruits, vegetables, beans, whole grains and nuts. Third, go for whole grains that may help maintain blood sugar levels. Finally, try to lose extra weight if you're overweight to avoid the risk of being diabetic.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the previous passage in answer to the following question: (4x2= 8 Marks)

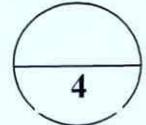
What are lifestyle changes that could prevent diabetes in the future?

The summary must include the following FOUR ideas:

- Getting more regular physical activities to lower your blood sugar.
- Getting plenty of fiber helps reduce the risk of diabetes.
- Going for whole grains may help maintain blood sugar levels.
- Losing extra weight in case of being overweight.

Rubrics	Content / relevance of ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Paragraph format	Total
	4	2	1	1	8

- Copying the whole paragraph receives **ZERO**.
- Exceeding the required number of sentences (Minus 1 mark for one sentence- Minus 2 for two sentences and above)

VIII. Translation (4 Marks)

Translate the following into good English: (2x2= 4 Marks)

أحمد: هل تعرف معصومة المبارك؟

سالم: نعم بالطبع. هي اول سيدة كويتية تشغل منصب وزيرة في يونيو عام 2005.

Ahmed: Do you know Massouma Al-Mubarak?

Salem: Yes, of course. She is Kuwait's first female minister in June 2005.

Any Reasonable Translation Is Accepted



مع تمنياتنا لكم بالنجاح