

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



الملف مذكرة المراجعة النهائية غير محلول

موقع المناهج ← ملفات الكويت التعليمية ← الصف الثاني عشر العلمي ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر العلمي



روابط مواد الصف الثاني عشر العلمي على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر العلمي والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

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الصف الثاني عشر

اللغة الإنجليزية

إجابات مذكرة المراجعة النهائية



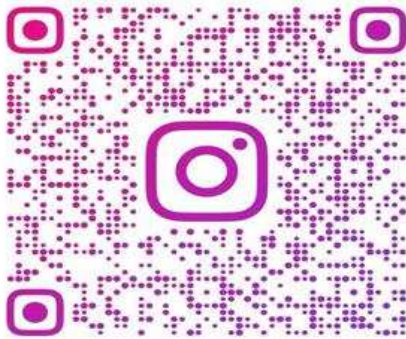
الفصل الدراسي الثاني

اسم الطالب:.....

ملاحظة: تم إعداد هذه المذكرة بالاستعانة بنماذج اختبارات سابقة من موقع توجيه اللغة الانجليزية وترتيبها بطريقة مفيدة للطلاب في التدريب على جميع أنماط الأسئلة. مع دعواتنا لجميع الطلاب بالتفوق والنجاح.

المذكرة خدمة تطوعية لمن يحتاجها وليست للبيع

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REMEDIAL EXERCISES

VOCABULARY

A-From a, b, c and d choose the most correct answer:

- 1- Fire alarms are designed to alert everyone in case of emergency.
a- arbitrarily b- randomly **c- specifically** d- extravagantly
- 2- A /An walk every morning is an excellent way to start your day.
a- palatial b- afflicted c- embarrassed **d- vigorous**
- 3- Many ambitious plans are made to turn Kuwait into a commercial
a- bub b- cookery c- arson d- ailment
- 4- The nursery will more staff to look after the children during breaks.
a- narrate b- orbit c- conceal **d- appoint**
- 5- Even as a child, my brother's personality was noticed by all around him.
a- strong-willed b- custom-made c- non-invasive d- mass-produced
- 6- My eldest daughter has an amazing in drawing fantastic pictures.
a- ailment b- almond **c- talent** d- cookery
- 7- After running a marathon, the runner was completely, and could hardly walk.
a- rural b- leafy c- palatial **d- fatigued**
- 8- For more information about Ibn Khaldoun, I recommend you read his
a- export **b- biography** c- arson d- attempt
- 9- My grandfather has just bought a wonderful villa in a /an area by the sea.
a- tranquil b- embarrassed c- unconscious d- competent

10- I wish I could Europe and buy a lot of presents for my friends at home.

a-conceal **b- tour** c- engulf d- resign

11- There is a popular gym in the of my house where I work out regularly.

a- talent **b- vicinity** c- almond d- degree

12- The explorers discovered several islands on their long sailing trip.

a- deserted b- fatal c- cardiovascular d- astronomical

13- My uncle was as a manager due to his outstanding skills and experience.

a- waned b- agonised **c- appointed** d- engulfed

14- The price of the iPhone 14 sharply after the introduction of iPhone 15.

a- put to **b- came down** c- made up d- coped with

15- The high-tech suit is designed for astronauts to wear during spacewalks.

a- randomly b- vice versa **c- specifically** d- arbitrarily

16- The greeted the famous writer warmly once he appeared on the stage.

a- blizzard b- reverence **c- audience** d- almond

17- Men came from to the biggest mosque in the town for the Friday prayer.

a- hustle and bustle b- neck and neck c- odds and ends **d- far and wide**

18- The village was left after the nearby volcano forced everybody to leave.

a- vacant b- supple c- abstract d- gifted

19- All family members decided to the mother to prepare for tomorrow's party.

a- narrate **b- assist** c- reverse d- repudiate

20- Our prophet (PBUH) advised us to show and express..... for our brothers in Islam.

a-bladder b- dispute **c-affection** d- arson

21-The suspect provided false information tothe truth about the crime.

a-conceal b- resign c- appoint d-deserve

22-Before the end of the match, all players were in a state of extreme.....

a-cookery b- biography **c- exhaustion** d- arson

23-There aren't many customers in this restaurant because the service is

a- embarrassed b- vacant c- vigorous **d- substandard**

24-The winners will beselected by computer. The choice is a matter of luck!

a-extravagantly **b- randomly** c- vice versa d- roughly

25-The actors amazed their with their outstanding performance on the stage.

a-audience b-workshop c- infrastructure d- mission

26-Young people should have an attitude of..... towards the elderly

a-disturbance b- portfolio **c- reverence** d-season

27-Fahd Al Dihani felt because he won the gold medal in the Olympic Games.

a-graduated **b- exhilarated** c- austere d- substandard

28-My grandmother used to..... splendid stories to me before going to bed.

a-narrate b- appoint c- reverse d- orbit

29-The conference gave the world leaders a/an..... to discuss some serious issues.

a-emission b- biography c- almond **d- opportunity**

30-The students got..... results because they studied well for the exam.

a- outstanding b-palatial c- dual d-supple

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B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(gifted /minister/vice versa / admiration /customarily/ immobile)

- 1-The toy robot suddenly became quiet and **immobile** when its battery ran out.
- 2-It is **customarily** common in our culture to greet visitors at the door with a smile.
- 3-This new mobile application changes PDFs and text files into images and **vice versa**.
- 4-Our elected **minister** gave a powerful speech about helping others in the community.
- 5-The audience was filled with **admiration** for the young actor's performance on stage.

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B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(perilous / densely / assist / extravagantly / narrate / supple)

- 1- My neighbour asked me to **assist** him carry his heavy suitcase.
- 2- Cairo is one of the most **densely** populated cities in the Arab world.
- 3- The witness could **narrate** what really happened between the two drivers.
- 4- Gloves are usually made of **supple** fabric so that fingers may move easily.
- 5- The jungle is a /an **perilous** place to move in because it is full of wild animals.

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B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(frequently / extravagantly/ fatigued / accolade / universe /integral)

- 1-Effective time management is a /an **integral** part of achieving goals and success.
- 2-Messi won "The Best FIFA Men's Player" **accolade** in 2019,2022 and in 2023.
- 3-Many scientists strongly believe that there must be life somewhere in the **universe**.
- 4-The construction workers were **fatigued** after working in the hot sun all day long.
- 5-Some people live **extravagantly** spending millions on luxury cars and palatial villas.



B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(deserve / perilous / season / astounded / cookery / fix)

- 1-In his first **season** with the team, the player scored sixteen wonderful goals.
- 2-My sister makes delicious meals; she watches lots of **cookery** TV programmes.
- 3-Luckily, my father could **fix** the car when it broke down on our way to Al-Wafra
- 4-Not long ago, the Hajj used to be a long and **perilous** journey for many Muslims.
- 5-When we first arrived at the resort, we were **astounded** by its beauty and cleanliness.

B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(**durable/ densely/ narrate / perilous / frequently / honour**)

- 1-We need an eyewitness to **narrate** exactly how the fight started.
- 2-It is part of our culture to **honour** the elderly and treat them with respect.
- 3- London's main airport is surrounded by **densely** populated residential areas.
- 4-You **must** be careful. Driving in such a foggy weather could be really **perilous**
- 5-Solid wood furniture is stronger and more **durable** than fiberglass household items.

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B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(**reconstruction / alert / frequently / tour / vice versa / workshop**)

- 1-The **reconstruction** of the destroyed houses will start next month.
- 2-The Prophet Mohammed (PBUH) advised us to **frequently** visit the sick.
- 3-The shop assistant told me to take my laptop to the **workshop** to get it fixed.
- 4-We intend to **tour** the southern part of Europe during our next summer holiday.
- 5-My brother put a car sensor to **alert** him of any possible danger while driving.

GRAMMAR EXERCISES

1- Reported Speech (Indirect Speech) (الكلام المنقول (الكلام غير المباشر))

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- “Where **will you** spend **your** summer vacation?” (Reported Speech)

a- He wanted to know where I will spend my summer vacation.

b- He wanted to know where I would spend my summer vacation.

c- He wanted to know where I would spend your summer vacation.

2- “What **have you** eaten for lunch?” (Reported Speech)

a- He wanted to know what I have eaten for lunch.

b- He wanted to know what I ate for lunch.

c- He wanted to know what I had eaten for lunch.

3 – “How many languages **can you** speak?” (Reported Speech)

a- She wanted to know how many languages I spoke.

b- She wanted to know how many languages I can speak.

c- She wanted to know how many languages I could speak.

4 – “When **are you** leaving?” (Reported Speech)

a- He wanted to know when I am leaving.

b- He wanted to know when I was leaving.

c- He wanted to know when I will leave.

5 – “Where **do you spend** the weekend?” (Reported Speech)

a- She wanted to know where I spent the weekend.

b- She wanted to know where I spend the weekend.

c- She wanted to know where I had spent the weekend.

6- “When **does** Khalid **go** shopping?” (Reported Speech)

a-He wondered when Khalid had gone shopping.

b- He wondered when Khalid goes shopping.

c- He wondered when Khalid went shopping.

7 – “Where **did you meet** Ali?” (Reported Speech)
a- He asked me where I have met Ali.
b- He asked me where I had met Ali.
c- He asked me where I would meet Ali.

8 – “Will you leave tomorrow?” (Reported Speech)
a- Ahmed asked me if I would leave the next day.
b- Ahmed asked me if he would leave tomorrow.
c- Ahmed asked me if I will leave the next day.

9 – “**Have you** finished **your** homework?” (Reported Speech)
a- He asked me if I finished my homework.
b- He asked me if I have finished my homework.
c- He asked me if I had finished my homework.

10 – “**Can you** help **me** carry **this** box?” (Reported Speech)
a- He asked me if I can help him carry that box.
b- He asked me if I could help him carry that box.
c- He asked me if I could help him carry this box.

11 – “**Do you speak** English?” (Reported Speech)
a- She wanted to know if I speak English.
b- She wanted to know if I had spoken English.
c- She wanted to know if I spoke English.

12 – “**Did you go** shopping **yesterday**?” (Reported Speech)
a- He asked me if I had gone shopping the day before.
b- He asked me if I have gone shopping the day before.
c- He asked me if I had gone shopping the yesterday.

13 – “**Did** the school bell ring?” (Reported Speech)
a- We wondered if the school bell ring.
b- We wondered if the school bell had rung.
c- We wondered if the school bell had ring.



B-From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1-The sun was so bright that we had to wear sunglasses.

(Begin with: So)

a- So the sun was bright that we had to wear sunglasses.

b- So bright the sun was that we had to wear sunglasses.

c- So bright was the sun that we had to wear sunglasses.

2-I have never seen such a sight.

(Inverted sentences))

a- Never had I see such a sight.

b- Never I have seen such a sight.

c- Never have I seen such a sight.

3-As soon as he had written the letter, he tore it into pieces.

(Begin with No sooner)

a- No sooner had he written the letter than he tore it into pieces.

b- No sooner he had written the letter than he tore it into pieces.

c- No sooner had he written the letter when he tore it into pieces.

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4- We seldom get such an opportunity.

(Inversion)

a- Seldom we get such an opportunity.

b- Seldom do we get such an opportunity.

c- Seldom did we get such an opportunity.

5-He rarely behaves foolishly with his friends.

(Begin with rarely)

a- Rarely he behaves foolishly with his friends.

b- Rarely does he behaves foolishly with his friends.

c- Rarely does he behave foolishly with his friends.

6-I scarcely visited such an amazing place.

(Inversion)

a- Scarcely did I visit such an amazing place.

b- Scarcely did I visited such an amazing place.

c- Scarcely had I visit such an amazing place.

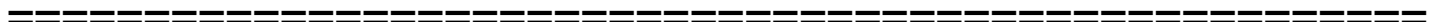
7-She scarcely understood the problem.

(Inversion)

a- Scarcely does she understand the problem.

b- Scarcely did she understand the problem.

c- Scarcely did she understood the problem.



4- Comparative and contrastive connectors:

أدوات ربط المقارنات

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

- 1- Khalid chose to order tea..... **coffee**.
a- however b- whereas c- **instead of** d- but
- 2- They decided to study their lessons..... **playing** games.
a- however b- **instead of** c- whereas d- but
- 3- **going** out, we stayed home and watched television
a-whereas b- but c- in comparison with d- **instead of**
- 4- Some people enjoy outdoor activities, others prefer staying inside.
a- in comparison with b- instead of c- **whereas** d- however
- 5- my car is very fuel-efficient, my friend's car consumes a lot of gas.
a- **Whereas** b- Instead of c- In comparison with d- However
- 6- The new model is quite advanced the previous version
a- instead of b- **in comparison with** c- whereas d- however
- 7- his colleagues, John is more experienced.
a- **In comparison with** b- But c- Whereas d- Instead of
- 8-I planned to go to the gym, I was too tired.
a- however b- in comparison with c- instead of d- **but**
- 9- The book was interesting;, the ending was disappointing.
a- instead of b- **however** c- whereas d- however
- 10-The internet has too many advantages., it has some negative sides.
a- **On the other hand** b- Instead of c- In comparison with d- Whereas

B-From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

- 1-Sara doesn't revise her lessons. She is watching TV. (Join by: **Instead of**)
a- Instead of Sara revising her lessons, Sara is watching TV.
b- **Instead of revising her lessons, Sara is watching TV.**
c- Instead of Sara doesn't revise her lessons, she is watching TV.
- 2-He prefers to work in the office. she enjoys working from home. (Join by: **whereas**)
a- **He prefers to work in the office, whereas she enjoys working from home.**
b- He prefers to work in the office, she enjoys working from home whereas.
c- He whereas prefers to work in the office, she enjoys working from home.

5- Relative clauses and pronouns

جمل الوصل وضمائر الوصل

A-From a, b, c and d choose the right word:

1- That is the carcaused the accident.

a- when **b- which** c- who d- whom

2- The yearI graduated was unforgettable.

a- when b- where c- who d- whom

3- Edison is the scientistinvented electricity.

a- whose b-which c- where **d- who**

4- A widow is a womanhusband is dead.

a- where b- which **c- whose** d- who

5- This is the hotelwe usually stay when we have a holiday.

a- which b- whose c- when **d-where**

6- This is the hotelwe usually stay in when we have a holiday.

a- whose **b- which** c- when d-where

B-From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1-I bought a new house. It located in a peaceful area.

(Join the sentence)

a- The house, when I bought, is located in a peaceful area.

b-The house, which I bought, is located in a peaceful area.

c- The house, who I bought, is located in a peaceful area.

2-The man is standing there. He is my uncle.

(Join the sentence)

a-The man who is standing there is my uncle.

b-The man whose is standing there is my uncle.

c-The man when is standing there is my uncle.

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6- Causative verbs

الأفعال المسببة

A-From a, b, c and d choose the right word:

1- I **had** the software on mt computer.

- a- installing b- were installed **c- installed** d- install

2- We **have** the house every week.

- a- are cleaning b- cleaning c- clean **d- cleaned**

3- She **has** her hair..... at the beauty salon.

- a- cut** b- had cut c- cutting d- is cut

4- She **will have** the report by tomorrow.

- a- will finish **b- finished** c- finishing d- had finished

5- I my car washed **yesterday**.

- a- have b- would have **c- had** d- having

B-From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1- They **will** service my car next week.

(Causative verbs)

- a- I will having my car serviced next week.
b- I will had my car serviced next week.
c- I will have my car serviced next week.

2- The lawyer **signed** the documents for us.

(Causative verbs)

- a- We had the documents signed.**
b- We have the documents signed.
c- We are having the documents signed.

8- Past Perfect Simple & Past Perfect Continuous

الماضي التام البسيط والماضي التام المستمر

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- We for miles **when** we finally found a place to rest.

- a- walk **b- had been walking** c- are walking d- walking

2- They the project for a long time **before** they came to a decision.

- a- had been discussing** b-discuss c- discussing d- will discuss

3- I all afternoon **when** my friends arrived.

- a- will be cooking b- has cooked **c- I had been cooking** d- cook

4- She her homework **before** dinner.

- a- had finished** b- finish c- have finished d- finishing

5- She the report **before** the deadline

- a- is writhing **b- had written** c- writes d- writing

B – From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1-She (**wait**) at the bus stop for 30 minutes **when** it started raining. (Correct the verb)

- a- She will be waiting at the bus stop for 30 minutes when it started raining.
b- She have been waiting at the bus stop for 30 minutes when it started raining.
c- She had been waiting at the bus stop for 30 minutes when it started raining.

2- The team (**train**) hard for the competition **before** it was canceled. (Correct the verb)

- a- The team had been training hard for the competition before it was cancelled.**
b- The team is training hard for the competition before it was cancelled.
c- The team would train for the competition before it was cancelled.

3- **By the time** we arrived at the cinema, the film (**start**). (Correct the verb)

- a- By the time we arrived at the cinema, the film have started
b- By the time we arrived at the cinema, the film had started.
c- By the time we arrived at the cinema, the film has started.

10- Passive voice

المبني للمجهول

From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1-She **cleans** the house every day.

(Change into passive)

a- The house has been cleaned every day.

b-The house is cleaned every day.

c- The house was cleaned every day.

2-They **write** three reports weekly.

(Change into passive)

a- Three reports are written weekly.

b- Three reports were written weekly.

c- Three reports are writing weekly.

3-They **painted** the walls a week **ago**.

(Change into passive)

a- The walls have painted a week ago.

b- The walls are painted a week ago.

c-The walls were painted a week ago.

4-They **built** that house in **1990**.

(Change into passive)

a- That house is built in 1990.

b-That house was built in 1990.

c- That house was being built in 1990.

5-The manager **is reviewing** the documents.

(Change into passive)

a-The documents are being reviewed by the manager.

b- The documents are reviewed by the manager.

c- The documents were being reviewed by the manager.

6-The guests **are eating** the food at the moment.

(Change into passive)

a- The food are being eaten at the moment.

b- The food was being eaten at the moment.

c- The food is being eaten at the moment.

7-She **was cleaning** the carpets when we entered the house.

(Change into passive)

a-The carpets have been cleaned when we entered the house.

b-The carpets were cleaned when we entered the house.

c-The carpets were being cleaned when we entered the house.

8-They **have fulfilled** the aims of the project. (Change into passive)
a-The aims of the project has been fulfilled.
b-The aims of the project have been fulfilled.
c-The aims of the project were fulfilled.

9-The government **has built** many schools in recent years. (Change into passive)
a-Many schools have been built by the government in recent years.
b-Many schools were built by the government in recent years.
c-Many schools are built by the government in recent years.

10-I **will** present my ideas at the conference tonight. (Change into passive)
a-My ideas are presented by me at the conference tonight.
b-My ideas will be presented by me at the conference tonight.
c-My ideas were presented by me at the conference tonight.

11-They **must** clean all the rooms. (Passive)
a-All the rooms must be cleaned.
b-All the rooms must be cleaning.
c-All the rooms were cleaned.

12-The government **should** reward astronauts. (Passive)
a-Astronauts should be rewarding.
b-Astronauts should be rewarded.
c-Astronauts should been rewarded.

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11- Verbs ending in -ing

1- We spend a wonderful night..... our favourite movie.
a- watches **b- watching** c- watched d- are watching

2- Messi got the first prize,three goals in the final match.
a- scored b- scores c- had scored **d- scoring**

=====

12- Comparison of scale: as....as

1-It's not **as** good.....it used to be.
a-as b- but c- and **d- as**

2-The movie was exciting **as** I expected.
a-so **b- as** c- and d- but

=====

13- Unless

A-From a, b, c and d choose the right word:

1- I won't be able to attend the meetingI finish my report first.

a-although b- if **c- unless** d-when

2- I won't go for a walkit stops raining.

a-unless b- because c- while d-when

3-you show your ID, you can't enter the building.

a-Either **b- Unless** c- Neither d-If



From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1- If he doesn't study hard, he won't pass the test.

(Join using: unless)

a- He won't pass the test, unless he doesn't study hard.

b- Unless he studies hard, he won't pass the test.

c- Unless he studies hard, he will pass the test.

2- We won't leave the house if it doesn't stop raining.

(Join using: unless)

a- We won't leave the house unless it doesn't stop raining.

b- Unless we will leave the house, it doesn't stop raining.

c- We won't leave the house unless it stops raining.



PREVIOUS GRAMMAR EXAMS

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- I for my keys since morning before I found them in my bag.

a- search b- will search c- am searching **d- had been searching**

2- My sister decided to start her own business staying at home.

a- however **b- instead of** c- whereas d- but

3- Customers were satisfied the quick delivery of their orders.

a- with b- in c- throughout d- of

4- Few people nowadays have their photos by a photographer, they use phone cameras.

a- taken b- took c- take d- taking

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B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- "When did you first meet your academic advisor?"

(Change into reported speech)

a- The professor asked me when I had first met my academic advisor.

b- The professor asked me when I would first meet my academic advisor.

c- The professor asked me when I have first met my academic advisor.

2- My classmate only now understood the main points of the lesson. (Begin with: Only now)

a- Only now does my classmate understand the main points of the lesson.

b- Only now did my classmate understand the main points of the lesson.

c- Only now has my classmate understood the main points of the lesson.

3- We should send the invitation to all guests before the event.

(Change into passive)

a- The invitation should be sending to all guests before the event.

b- The invitation should be sent to all guests before the event.

c- The invitation should have been sent to all guests before the event.

4- The staff can attend the meeting in person. The staff can join the meeting online.

(Use: either ... or)

a- The staff can attend the meeting in person or join online either.

b- The staff can attend the meeting in person either or join online.

c- The staff can either attend the meeting in person or join online.

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A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- The winners of the competition were chosena computer.

- a- about **b-by** c- for d- of

2- The runner came first in every race, the previous record.

- a- breaks b- broke c- break **d- breaking**

3- Few years **ago**, I..... to wear a tie, but now I do.

- a- didn't use** b- don't use c- won't use d- haven't used

4-I **had** the files last Thursday.

- a- are arranged b- arranging **c- arranged** d- arrange

B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1-If you don't have a ticket, you won't travel by plane. (Use: Unless)

- a- Unless you don't have a ticket, you wouldn't travel by plane.
b- You don't have a ticket, unless you won't travel by plane.
c- Unless you have a ticket, you won't travel by plane.

2- This surgeon **can** perform the operation. (Change into passive)

- a- The operation can be performed by this surgeon.**
b- The operation is performed by this surgeon.
c- The operation can have been performed by this surgeon.

3-The little boy **was scared**. He couldn't move. (Join using: so.....that)

- a- The little boy is so scared that he couldn't move.
b- The little boy was so scared that he couldn't move.
c- The little boy so was scared that he couldn't move.

4- **They had never** seen such a sight. (Begin with: Never)

- a- Never did they see such a sight.
b- Never have they seen such a sight.
c- Never had they seen such a sight.

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- I **had** all my luggage..... at the airport before boarding the plane.

- a- checks **b- checked** c- will check d- has checked

2- My cousin is an only child. He has.....brothers **nor** sisters.

- a- none b- either **c- neither** d- both

3- We always enjoy having barbecues in our backyard..... **night**.

- a- in **b- at** c- of d- on

4- Think of solutions to your problems..... Just **complaining** about them.

- a- however **b- instead of** c- in comparison with d- but

B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- "**Did** you feel cold **this** morning?" (Change into reported speech)

- a- My mother asked if I feel cold this morning.
b- My mother asked if I had felt cold that morning.
c- My mother asked did I feel cold that morning.

2- You **should** sign these documents as soon as possible. (Make passive)

- a- The documents should be signed as soon as possible.**
b- The documents should have signed as soon as possible.
c- The documents should have been signing as soon as possible.

3- I (**practise**) the piano **for** two hours **when** my friend called me. (Correct the verb)

- a- I will be practising the piano for two hours when my friend called me.
b- I am practising the piano for two hours when my friend called me.
c- I had been practising the piano for two hours when my friend called me.

4- **I have never** met someone as kind and generous as my neighbour. (Begin with: Never)

- a- Never have I met someone as kind and generous as my neighbour.**
b- Never I have met someone as kind and generous as my neighbour.
c- Never did I meet someone as kind and generous as my neighbour.

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- My sister felt as cold.....ice; the weather was freezing.

- a- so b- such c- **as** d- both

2- **Before** my father went to bed, he the night prayers.

- a-performs **b- had performed** c- will perform d- is performing

3- **Neither** Ali..... Fahd attended the meeting; they were abroad.

- a-or **b- nor** c- as d- none

4-..... **1961**, the first Kuwaiti dinar was issued to replace the Indian rupee.

- a-In** b-On c- With d- At



B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- "**Are you** hungry?"

(Report the question)

a- My mother asked if I was hungry.

b- My mother asked if am I hungry.

c- My mother asked if I am hungry.

2- I could not sleep because **the situation was so strange.**

(Begin with: So strange)

a- So strange the situation was that I couldn't sleep.

b- So strange was the situation that I couldn't sleep.

c- So strange is the situation that I couldn't sleep.

3- People (**visit**) Turkey can enjoy traditional Turkish food.

(Correct the verb)

a- People visit Turkey can enjoy traditional Turkish food.

b- People visited Turkey can enjoy traditional Turkish food.

c- People visiting Turkey can enjoy traditional Turkish food.

4- The government **should** reward scientists.

(Change into passive)

a- Scientists should be rewarded by the government.

b- Scientists are rewarded by the government.

c- Scientists are rewarded by the government.

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1-**doing** nothing, why don't you busy yourself with something useful?

- a- Whereas b- In comparison with c- However **d- Instead of**

2- Some people believe that overwork sometimes is **the cause**death.

- a- of** b- with c- at d- in

3- I need to **have** my iPad..... . It is really slow

- a- fixes **b- fixed** c- to fix d- fixing

4-You can pay in cash **or** use your credit card.

- a- both b- neither **c- either** d- nor

B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- You **should** show your identity card at the entrance. (Make passive)

a- Your identity card should be showing at the entrance.

b- Your identity card should be shown at the entrance.

c- Your identity card should show at the entrance.

2- I couldn't sleep **because** I (**drink**) three cups of coffee. (Correct the verb)

a- I couldn't sleep because I had drunk three cups of coffee.

b- I couldn't sleep because I will be drinking three cups of coffee.

c- I couldn't sleep because I am drinking three cups of coffee.

3- As soon as **I had** heard of my cousin's success, I called to congratulate him.

(Begin with: No sooner)

a- No sooner I had heard of my cousin's success when I called to congratulate him.

b- No sooner I had heard of my cousin's success, I called to congratulate him.

c- No sooner had I heard of my cousin's success than I called to congratulate him.

4- " How long **have you** been waiting?"

(Change into reported speech)

a- The manager asked me how long I have been waiting.

b- The manager asked me how long I was waiting.

c- The manager asked me how long I had been waiting.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write down what would you say in the following situations:

1- A friend of yours (**believes-thinks- argues -says-said-told-tells-claims**) that celebrations make us happy.

I agree with you.

2- Your father **suggested** spending the next holiday in London.

That is a good idea.

3- Someone (**helped you- gave you**) to get to your destination.

Thank you.

4- You need your friend's (**help**) to do your homework.

Can you help me, please?

5- Your father **smokes** and uses his mobile phone while **driving**.

That is dangerous.

6- Someone asks you about (your **opinion- what you think**) of his new car.

I think it is nice.

7- Your mother asks you **the reason- why you** want to study abroad.

Because it is good.

8- Your teacher asks you **the reason- why you didn't (haven't)** do your homework.

Because I was sick.

9- Your mother asks you whether you want to eat chicken **or** meat.

I like meat.

10- Your teacher asks you about your **plans** after graduation.

I plan to go to London.

11- You want **persuade** your father to go out with your friends, but he **refuses**.

Please, please. I want it.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- One your teammates is absent from basketball practice today.

I think he is sick.

2- Your brother is presenting a project tomorrow, but he did not review it.

You should review it well.

3- A family member believes that visiting the beach would be relaxing for you.

I agree with you.

4- Your friend is unsure whether to accept or refuse the job he has just been offered.

I advise you to accept it.

5- You want to convince your friend that using public transport saves time.

Believe me public transport is faster and saves time.

6- Your brother will sit for the TOEFL test next week.

You should prepare well for your test.

7- Your close friend faces problems when he communicates in English.

You should practise speaking English more.

8- Your classmate asks you why you prefer joining Kuwait University.

Because it offers good education.

9- Your sister suggests trying out a new pasta recipe for dinner.

That is a good idea.

10- A classmate helped you prepare for an important school event.

Thank you very much.

11- A friend of yours asks about the activities he / she can do during the summer.

You can join a gym and go shopping.

12- Your friends want to know why it's important to eat vegetables every day.

Because it is healthy.

13- A salesman shows you a car you don't like.

Thank you, but I don't like that car.

14- Your brother looks tired after a long day at work.

You should get some rest.

15- Your classmate helped you with your school project.

Thank you very much.

16- Your teacher asked you why you chose to do Islamic studies.

Because they are useful and interesting.

17- A friend of yours says that human activities have nothing to do with global warming.

I don't agree with you.

18- Your classmate thinks that studying abroad will help you find a better job.

I agree with you.

19- Your teacher is asking you why you didn't travel last summer.

Because I was busy.

20- You want to start an extreme sport, but your parents don't think you should.

Please, say yes.

21- One of your friends is complaining about the amount of pollution in his area.

You can move to another place.

22- You are amazed with your friend's painting talent.

Wow! it is amazing.

23- Some people believe that the world today is a different place.

That is right.

24- You want to join an adventure club, but your father is against the idea.

Please, say yes.

1- How can we show respect to the elderly?

- **Opening doors for them**
- **Listening to them**

2- How do most young people spend their leisure time nowadays?

- **Chatting on the net**
- **Playing computer games**

3- What safety measures should people take when they practise extreme sports?

- **Good equipment**

- **A medical kit**

4- Why are some people in favour of space exploration?

- **We learn about space**
- **We discover new planets**

5- What are the disadvantages of being a child prodigy?

- **Having few friends**
- **They don't live like normal children**

6- Why do some people push themselves to extreme limits?

- **To be famous**
- **To get money**

7- What is a child prodigy?

- **They are talented children who have outstanding abilities.**

8- Why should we treat the elderly with reverence?

- **They brought us up**
- **They have experience and wisdom**

9- How did children spend their free time in the past?

- **Visiting each other**
- **Telling stories**

10- How can you prepare for an expedition?

- **Taking water**
- **Taking a mobile phone**

11- What are the advantages of being a child prodigy?

- **Gaining respect and fame**
- **Getting money and prizes**

12- Why are geriatric homes rare in the Arab world?

- **Old people live with their families**
- **Islam teaches us to respect the elderly**

13-What information should be included in a biography?

- **Personal information**
- **Education and experience**

14-What difficulties (dangers) do mountain climbers usually face?

- **Extreme cold**
- **Health problems**

15-How can you keep yourself physically fit?

- **Doing exercise**
- **Eating healthy food**

16-Why do many people move from the city to the countryside?

- **To enjoy fresh air**
- **It is quiet**

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people advocate the idea of taking part in extreme sports and activities whereas others see that taking part in such sports is a serious adventure.

Plan and write an essay of **14** sentences (**160** words) showing **both points of view and express your own opinion.**

Outline

Introduction:

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

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Paragraph 2:

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Conclusion:

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أ. ناشد الحاج

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READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

Doctors say that there are several kinds of headaches. Each kind begins in a different place and needs different treatment. Some of these headaches start with a change in vision or sight. The person sees wavy lines, black dots, or white spots in front of the eyes. This is a warning that a headache is coming. The headache occurs on only one side of the head. The vision is blurred, and the person may vomit from the pain. These headaches are called the migraine headaches. They are more frequent in women than men. Sleep is the best cure for **them**.

Cluster headaches, which also start in the arteries, are called cluster headaches because they come in clusters or groups. A cluster headache lasts only for two hours and then goes away. At the beginning of the cluster headache, the eyes become red and watery. There is a steady pain in the head. Men have more cluster headaches than women do.

The muscle headache, which starts in the muscles in the neck or forehead, is caused by tension. When the person becomes nervous about something, or has problems at work, school or home, the neck and head muscles become tense and the headache starts. A muscle headache usually starts in the morning and gets worse as the hours pass. There is a steady pain, pressure and a bursting feeling. Usually, Aspirin doesn't help in muscle headaches.

How do doctors treat headaches? If a person has frequent headaches, the doctor first has to decide what kind they are. Medicine can help, but there are other ways to treat them. The doctor asks the patient to analyse his or her daily living patterns. A change in diet or an increase in exercise might stop the headaches. If the patient realises that difficulties at home, work or school are causing the tension, it might be possible to make changes and decrease these problems.

Psychological problems and even medicine for another physical problem can cause headache. The doctor has to discuss and **analyse** all these patterns of the patient's life. A headache can also be a signal of a more serious problem, so, patients should realize that there is no magic cure for headaches. However, doctors can control most of them.

A- From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:

1-Which of the following would be the best title of the passage?

a-Headaches: Types and Treatments

b-Research About Headaches

c-Experimented Cures and Treatments

d-Dangerous and Fatal Headaches

2-The underlined word "analyse" in the 5th paragraph is closest in meaning to:

a-fight

b-shake

c-complete

d-diagnose

3-The underlined word "them" in the 1st paragraph refers to:

a-women [المنهج الكويتية](#)

b-men [almanahj.com/kw](#)

c-migraine headaches

d-white spots

4-One of the following statements could be understood from the 1st paragraph:

a-All headaches are of the same type and treatment.

b-All headaches start in the same place but need different treatment.

c-Headaches have various types and different treatments according to their types.

d-Headaches, that are called migraine headaches, could only be cured by sleep.

5-What is the purpose of the author in writing this passage?

a-To inform us about various types of headaches and their treatment.

b-To show us how migraine headaches are treated in women.

c-To warn us against the effects of tensions at work, school or home.

d-To advise us about the best ways to analyse our daily routines.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:

6-Why should patients realise that there is no magic cure for headaches?

Because a headache can also be a signal of a more serious problem.

7-What are the symptoms of Cluster headaches?

The eyes become red and watery, and the person feels a steady pain in the head.

8-What should a person do if he/she has frequent headaches?

He or she should see a doctor, who will determine the type of headache, examine daily living patterns, and may suggest changes in diet, exercise, or lifestyle.

9-How do doctors diagnose the various types of headaches?

They analyse the patient's daily habits, diet, exercise, emotional tensions, and other medical conditions or medicines the person may be taking.

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SUMMARY MAKING

Read the following passage, then do as required:

It is understandable that many people believe imprisoning animals for any reason is simply wrong. Critics of zoos would argue first that animals often suffer physically and mentally by being kept in zoo. Even the best artificial environments can't come close to matching the space, diversity, and freedom that animals have in their natural habitats. Second, this deprivation causes many zoo animals to become stressed or mentally ill. Later, capturing animals in the wild also causes much suffering by splitting up families. Finally, some zoos make animals behave unnaturally: for example, marine parks often force dolphins and whales to perform tricks. These mammals may die decades earlier than their wild relatives.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

Why do some people believe that animals should be free not kept in zoos?

First, they think that animals have physical and mental problems if they are kept in zoos. Second, they think that animal become ill and have stress. Third, animals are affected badly when they live away from their families. Finally, they show strange behaviours.

أ. ناشد الحاج

READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Most people have heard of Shakespeare and probably know something of the plays he wrote. However, not everybody knows much about this remarkable man, except perhaps that he was born in the market town of Stratford-upon-Avon and that he married a woman called Anne Hathaway. We know nothing of his school life. We do not know, for example, how long it lasted, but we presume that he attended the local grammar school, where the principal subject was Latin. Nothing certain is known of what he did between the time he left school and his **departure** for London. Many legends were said about the reasons that made him leave Stratford, but nobody was sure of them.

Whatever caused him to leave the town of his birth, the world can be grateful that he did so. What is certain is that he set his foot on the road to fame when he arrived in London. It is said that at first, he was without money or friends there, but that he earned a little by taking care of the horses of the gentlemen who attended the plays at the theatres. In time, as he became a familiar figure to the actors in the theatre, **they** stopped and spoke to him. They found his conversation so brilliant that finally he was invited to join the company.

Earlier than 1592 there was no mention of Shakespeare either as an actor, or as a playwright. Even the name of the theatre he worked in was not known. However, by this date he had become one of the three leading members of a company of actors. This company travelled about the country, giving performances in different towns, and also performed plays at Court. His plays attracted large audiences. He also shared in the profits of the works. Thus, his connections with the theatre made him a wealthy man.

Shakespeare died in 1616. Some years earlier he chose a gravestone, under which he was to be buried. He had a statement engraved on this stone which threatened to bring misfortune to anyone who might steal his grave. It seems strange that he should have had this fear. He must have known how greatly he was respected, even in his lifetime, for the genius that he showed in his plays and poems.

A- From a , b , c and d , choose the right answer:

1- The best title for the text is:

a- A Genius Poet and Playwright.

b- A Famous Playwright.

c- A Talented Poet.

d- A Mystery in a Writer's Life.

2- The underlined word “**departure**” in the 1st paragraph is opposite in meaning to:

a- arriving

b- leaving

c- visiting

d- moving

3- The underlined pronoun “**they**” in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

a- the actors

b- the theatres

c- the gentlemen

d- the horses

4- The 3rd paragraph sheds light on:

a- the reasons why Shakespeare went to London.

b- how Shakespeare was fought in London.

c- how Shakespeare could make friends in London.

d- how Shakespeare became a famous dramatist in London

5- According to the passage, one of the following facts is **NOT TRUE** about Shakespeare:

a- Shakespeare died in 1616.

b- Shakespeare was a great poet and playwright.

c- Shakespeare left school as he was bad at Latin.

d- Shakespeare was born in Stratford-upon-Avon.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:

6- What did Shakespeare learn in the local grammar school in Stratford?

He studied Latin.

7- Why did the actors in the theatre ask Shakespeare to join them?

Because they found his conversation so brilliant.

8- Where did Shakespeare start to become wealthy and famous?

He became wealthy and famous in London.

9- What was the activity that made Shakespeare a rich man?

Giving performances in different towns, and also performed plays at Court.

SUMMARY MAKING

Read the following passage, then do as required:

Experts agree that long-term exposure to high levels of noise pollution affects our health in many ways. Some researchers have documented that regular exposure to noise above 110 decibels can result in permanent hearing loss. Other several studies have also demonstrated a link between noise and digestive problems and immune system disorders. Moreover, in a paper published in a medical journal, it was determined that loud noises lead to elevated blood pressure, fatigue and loss of sleep. Ultimately, some university researchers noticed that stress caused by noise can lead to serious heart problems.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

What are the effects of noise pollution on human health?

First, noise pollution damages our hearing forever. Second, it causes digestive problems and weakens our immune system. Third, it makes blood pressure go up, makes you feel tired and you can't sleep well. Finally, it is dangerous to our hearts.

TRANSLATION

Translate the following into good English:

سالم: يساعد النوم الدماغ على الاحتفاظ بالمعلومات الجديدة
خالد: نعم، فإن الأشخاص الذين ناموا بعد تعلم مادة ما، كان أداءهم أفضل في الاختبارات

Salim: Sleep helps the brain retain new information.

Khalid: Yes, people who sleep after learning something perform better on tests.



أحمد: حققت مها الغنيم نجاحا عظيما كسيدة أعمال
علي: نعم هذا بسبب العمل الجاد ومساندة والديها

Ahmad: Maha Al-Ghanim has achieved great success as a businesswoman.

Ali: Yes, this is because of her hard work and the support of her parents.

حمد: أصبح زيد الرفاعي أول رجل عربي يصعد أعلى الجبال
فهد: هذا صحيح, فقد تمكن من تسلق قمة افرست

Hamad: Zaid Al-Rifai became the first Arab man to climb the highest mountains.

Fahed: That's true; he managed to reach the summit of Mount Everest.

علي: إن متوسط العمر المتوقع قد ارتفع كثيرا
خالد: بالتأكيد، فقد أصبحنا قادرين على علاج أمراض كانت تعد مميتة

Ali: The average life expectancy has increased a lot.

Khalid: Certainly, we are now able to treat diseases that were once deadly.

=====

أحمد: في عام 2006، قام بعض الطلاب الكويتيون بالاتصال بمحطة الفضاء الدولية
علي: هذا صحيح، وكان هذا الاتصال من المركز العلمي في الكويت



Ahmad: In 2006, some Kuwaiti students contacted the International Space Station.

Ali: That's right, and the contact was made from the Scientific Center in Kuwait.

=====

سالم: عادةً ما يواجه متسلقو الجبال لكثير من المخاطر
خالد: نعم، فالبرد القارس والرياح الشديدة بعض من هذه المخاطر

Salim: Mountain climbers usually face many dangers.

Khalid: Yes, extreme cold and strong winds are some of these dangers.