
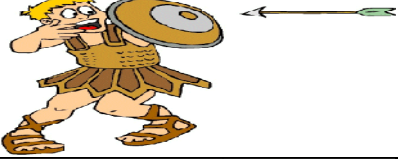

















UNIT 7

Vocabulary

| Word | Picture | Meaning |
|-------------------|--|--------------|
| Addiction (n) |  | إدمان |
| Defend (v) |  | يدافع |
| Obsessed (adj) |  | مولع ب |
| Notification (n) |  | إشعار |
| Confuse (v) |  | يخلط الأفكار |
| Unrealistic (adj) |  | غير واقعي |
| Necessarily (adv) |  | بشكل ضروري |
| Product (n) |  | منتج |
| Features (n) |  | خصائص/ ملامح |
| Arrangement (n) |  | ترتيب |

| | | |
|------------------------|--|-------|
| Ban (v) |  | يمنع |
| Worth (adj) |  | معادل |
| Fortune (n) |  | حظ |
| Gather (v) |  | يجتمع |
| Recount (v) |  | يروي |
| Application (n) |  | تطبيق |
| Handy (adj) |  | عملي |

EX (1) Vocabulary

Choose the right answers and fill in the spaces :

1- Salma downloaded the Facebook on the Internet .

(recount - application - worth - product)

2 – The idea of the film was All events were in the space .

(handy - gather - unrealistic - defend)

3 – The boys won the match yesterday because they well .

(defended - ban - worth - features)

4- Kuwait smoking in the public places .

(fortune - arrangement - recount - bans)

EX (2)

Fill in the spaces :

(features - product - gathers - defend)

1- Bandar's family every Friday to have dinner at home .

2- His were firm and chiseled .

3- the company announced the new for young people .

GRAMMAR

Contrastive connectors : (although / however)

* Although : means " in spite of the fact that "

* However , : means " but "

Note : It is important to add a comma after " however , "

Ex: Although the watch was expensive , he bought it .

Ex: Sami passed the test . However, he didn't get the job .

EX (1) " grammar "

Cloze test

..... (**however – so – although**) Kareem was ill , he went to school yesterday . His mother told him to stay home .

..... , (**although – however – so**) he didn't listen . the teacher advised him to come back home, (**however – because – although**) he was the best one in the class .

EX (2)

"Rami was s last month(**however – because – although**) was the best worker in the factory . The doctor told him that he wasn't able to work anymore
(**because – although – however**) he was terminally ill . He was really dying, (**because –although–however**) he didn't give up . He was selling and buying things on the Internet ."

Grammar

Present continuous for future arrangements

is / are /am + present participle

Negative : isn't / aren't / am not + present participle

(We use present continuous to talk about future arrangements that are planned)

Ex: I'm having dinner with friends tonight .






Ex: She is meeting Omar at the train station tomorrow .

Cloze test

Kareem (**are leaving – is leaving – were leaving**) to London tomorrow . He is (**take – took – taking**) the second flight in the morning . He is going to study medicine there . He and his brother..... (**are buying – bought – is buying**) some things he needs tonight .

UNIT 8

Vocabulary (step 1)

| Word | Picture | Meaning |
|---------------------|--|---------------|
| convey (v) |  | ينقل (معنى) |
| gradually (adv) |  | تدريجيا |
| exchange (v) |  | يتبادل |
| efficiently (adv) |  | بشكل فعال |
| reaction (n) |  | رد فعل |

EX : (1) Choose the right answer:

1- The businessman improved his project step by step .

(convey - reaction - gradually)

2- We some ideas with our new colleagues .

(gradually - exchanged - efficiently)

3- I expected my mother's bad Because I broke her sunglasses .

(reaction - exchange - convey)

EX : (2) Fill in the spaces :

(conveys - efficiently - exchanged - gradually)

1- Islam a message of peace to the whole world .

2- The national team played the match yesterday. They scored three goals .

3- I my pen with Kareem's ruler.

Grammar : past perfect tense

*** USE : " the past perfect tense is used to express an action that happened before another one in the past . "**

EX : * I had finished doing homework **before** I went out .

EX : * **After** we had arrived the airport , the plane took off .

Negative : Subject + hadn't + past participle

Key words :
After / before / by the time / when

EX : (1)

" Bandar (**saved – hadn't saved- saves**) the files before the computer crashed .He felt bad. After he (**had thrown- threw – throwing**) the computer , his father surprised him with a new one . He (**be – being – was**) very happy with the gift . "

EX : (2)





Do as shown in brackets :

1- After the boys swim in the pool , they had their lunch . (correct)

.....

2- We cleaned the courtyard after(complete)

Vocabulary (Step 2)

| Words | Picture | Meaning |
|-----------|---|---------|
| Means |  | وسائل |
| Sensitive |  | حساس |
| Talented |  | موهوب |
| Skillful |  | ماهر |

EX : (1) Circle the right answer :

1- Ali is very he always cries when he watches sad scenes on TV .
 (skillful - talented - sensitive)

2- My friend is so that he can play the guitar very well .
 (talented - sensitive - means)

EX : (2) Fill in the blanks with the right answer :

(skillful - means - sensitive - talented)

1- The modern of communication are very useful nowadays.

2- Sami is a footballer . He plays for Manchester United .

Grammar : (Bothand)

*** USE : Both.....and are used to add emphasis to two coordinated elements .**

EX : I liked **both** the movie **and** the play .

EX : The game is suitable for **both** children **and** adults .

EX : (1)

Cloze test

.....(**but – both – and**) Kareem and Saud study medicine in London .
They are close friends . They always eat with each other . Both fast foods
..... (**both – but – and**) fizzy drinks aren't good for them because
they are fat .

EX : (2) Do as shown in brackets :

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1- Sameer likes reading and painting . (Using bothand)

..... .

2- Both pizza and spaghetti is my favourite meals . (correct)

..... .

Vocabulary (step 3)

| Word | Picture | Meaning |
|------------------|---|---------------|
| Wearable (adj) |  | قابل لللباس |
| Bracelet (n) |  | سوار |
| Skin (n) |  | جلد |
| Access (n) |  | دخول / وصول |
| Works (n) |  | مهمات / أعمال |
| Activate (v) |  | يفعل |
| Various (adj) |  | متنوع |
| Directly (adv) |  | بشكل مباشر |

EX (*) Choose the right answer :

- 1- kinds of fruits were on the shelf .
(activate - various - works - bracelet)
- 2- I got to the official website of Liverpool club yesterday .
(wearable - works - access - activate)
- 3- Noura saw the thief in the garden , so shecalled the police .
(directly - various - wearable - works)

Unit (9) step (1)

Vocabulary

| Word | Picture | Meaning |
|-------------------|---|-------------|
| grown-up (n) |  | بالغ |
| Innocent (adj) |  | بريء |
| Outwit (v) |  | يفوقه دهاءا |
| Nearby (adj) |  | مجاور |
| Alongside (adv) |  | بجانب |
| Pass (v) |  | يمر |
| Cruel (adj) |  | قاس |
| Please (v) |  | يسعد |

EX : (1) Choose the right answer :

1- The judge discovered that the man was

(pass - please - innocent - nearby)

2- Clowns always try to the audience .

(please - pass - outwit - cruel)

EX : (2) fill in the spaces :

(nearby - cruel - pass - outwits - please)

1- The manager shouted at the workers . He was so

2- We always The ball to each other ,so we win matches .

3- Kareemhis mates . He usually beats them at chess .

Grammar : Reported speech (imperatives)

| Direct speech | Reported speech |
|---|--|
| " Answer the questions . " the teacher asked | The teacher asked to answer the questions . |
| " Don't go to the sea . " Mum said to her son | Mum asked her son not to go to the sea . |

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| Object Pronouns | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Me | → Him / her |
| us | → them |
| you | → Me / him / her / us / them |

| Possessive pronouns | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| My | → His / her |
| our | → their |
| your | → My/ his/ her /our / their |

EX (1) : Fill in the spaces

Cloze test

"Kareem's father asked him (leave – left – not to leave) the farm .Sheep (is – was – were) suffering from cold . The vet asked them (keep – to keep – kept) the sheep in a warm place . "

EX (2) : Do as shown between brackets :

1- " Don't make noise ." The librarian said . (reported speech)

.....
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2- " Be careful ! There is a valley behind you ." My friend said .
(reported speech)





.....

3- " Don't smoke in here ." The guard warned the man .
(Change into reported speech)

.....

4- " Open the window ,please , it's hot inside ." A man said to a driver .
(reported speech)

Vocabulary (step 2)

| Word | Picture | Meaning |
|----------------|--|---------|
| Proud (adj) |  | فخور |
| Ladder (n) |  | سلم |
| Alley (n) |  | ممر ضيق |
| Modest (adj) |  | متواضع |

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EX : (1) Choose the right answer :

1- My friend took the first rank in the race . I'm very of him .

(modest - ladder - alley - proud)

2- The builder used the to climb the wall .

(ladder - modest - alley - proud)

EX : (2) Fill in the spaces :

(proud - ladder - modest - alley)

1- The man drove his car in a narrow to get to the hospital fast .

2- We met a scientist yesterday . He showed us his achievements humbly .

Grammar : (phrasal verbs)

* A phrasal verb is a verb that is made up of a main verb together with a preposition .

EX : The hunter was **looking at** the gazelle carefully .

EX : I **wake up** at 7 am every day .

| Phrasal verb | Meaning (E) | المعنى |
|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Look out | Be careful | يحذر |
| Look after | Take of | يعتني ب |
| Look for | Search for | يبحث عن |
| Look up | Search in a reference book | يبحث في مرجع (كتاب) |

EX (1) : Cloze test

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The teacher asked Ali to (**look for - look up - look after**) the word in a dictionary. Ali went to the library to (**look for - look after –look out**) the Oxford Dictionary to use . The librarian warned him to (**look after - look out – look for**) Because the dictionary was barely to fall down over his head .

EX : (2) Do as shown between brackets :

1- The new baby sitter promised the mother to **look up** the baby carefully . (correct the phrasal verb)

.....

2- Bandar lost his watch last night , so he is **looking out** it now . (correct the phrasal verb)

.....

Vocabulary (step 3)

| Word | Picture | Meaning |
|------------------|---------|--------------|
| reach out (phV) | | يصل |
| deliver (v) | | يوصل |
| ancestor (n) | | سلف / جد |
| wisdom (n) | | حكمة |
| trust (n) | | ثقة |
| engage (v) | | يشغل / يكفل |
| tool (n) | | أداة / وسيلة |

EX : (1) Choose the right answer :

1 –My friend is reliable , so I gave him my to do the project for me .

(engage - trust - deliver - tool)

2- The king gave the servant a message to to the enemy .

(tool - wisdom - trust - deliver)

3- Our grandmother always talks us about the generosity of our in helping the poor .

(reach out - engage - ancestors - trust)

EX (2) : Fill in the spaces :

(reached out - wisdom - engages - deliver - tool)

- 1- This proverb is full of that teaches us a lesson .
- 2- The saw is an important for carpenters .
- 3- Ali himself in breeding bees to raise his income .
- 4- The monkey its hand for the banana .

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