

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



مدرسة رقية بنت محمد

الملف مذكرة إثرائية للوحدة الأولى والثانية والثالثة

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الكويتية ← الصف السابع ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السابع



روابط مواد الصف السابع على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السابع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

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Ministry of Education
Farwaniya Educational Area
Ruqayya Bint Mohammed School
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First Period Written Work



7 GRADE 7



Student's Name:

Grade : 7 /

Words to remember

Unit 1

Word	Meaning
hip	ورك - ردف
operation	عملية جراحية
wheelchair	كرسي متحرك
limit	يحد من - يقيد
physically challenged	متحدي إعاقة
delicious	لذيذ - شهوي
adventure	مغامرة
attic	علية المنزل

Word	Meaning
spacious	واسع - رحب
temporary	مؤقت
Inuit	سكان الإسكيمو
especially	خاصةً
against	ضد
eco-friendly	صديق للبيئة
source	مصدر

Unit 2

Word	Meaning
equipment	معدات - أجهزة
quite	جداً - إلى حد كبير
pitch	ملعب كرة قدم
score	يسجل - يحرز
referee	حكم المباراة
waterski	يتزلج على الماء
javelin	الرمح
quad bike	دراجة رباعية - بجي

Word	Meaning
snorkel	يسبح بأنبوب التنفس
nationality	جنسية
para-sport	رياضة المعاقين
numerous	كثير - عديد
potentials	إمكانيات - قدرات
initially	في البداية
excel	يتفوق - يتميز
rival	منافس

Unit 3

Word	Meaning
canteen	مقصف - مطعم
local	محلي
depend on	يعتمد على - يتوقف على
leisure	وقت فراغ
personally	شخصياً
facility	مرفق - منشأة
post	ينشر - يضع في
chatroom	غرفة دردشة

Word	Meaning
run	يدير - يجري فعالية
survival	بقاء - نجاة
probably	من المحتمل
recite	يتلو - يقرأ
convenient	مريح - مناسب
equestrian	متعلق بالفروسية
registration	تسجيل
lively	نشيط - مفعم بالحيوية

Module 1**Unit 1****Grade Seven****(Pages 3, 4)****Vocabulary****Date: / / 201**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		ورك – ردف	4		يحد من – يقيد
2		عملية جراحية	5		متحدي إعاقة
3		كرسي متحرك			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:*limits – operation – physically challenged – hip*

1. We should all respect and help people.
2. My poor salary my chances of buying a car.
3. My grandpa fell in the kitchen and broke his right

(Page 5, 6, 7)**Vocabulary****Date: / / 201**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
6		لذيذ – شهوي	8		علية المنزل
7		مغامرة			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:*operation – adventure – attic – delicious*

1. I keep all my toys in the of our house.
2. My mom made us a very cake yesterday.
3. Climbing mountains is a real for me.

(Page 8)**Vocabulary****Date: / / 201**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
9		واسع – رحب	13		ضد
10		مؤقت	14		صديق للبيئة
11		سكان بالإسكيمو	15		مصدر
12		خاصةً			

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. people always wear very heavy clothes.
a) Wheelchair b) Attic c) Source d) Inuit
2. At school, we play sports in a very hall.
a) eco-friendly b) delicious c) spacious d) physically challenged
3. Milk is a very good of calcium.
a) source b) adventure c) attic d) wheelchair

Possessive ('s) (مع المفرد)

the boy's ball (only one boy)
the girl's dresses (only one girl)

Possessive (') (مع الجمع)

the boys' ball (more than one boy)
the girls' dresses (more than one girl)

Choose the suitable completion between brackets:

My (1) (**friend – friends' – friend's**) name is Saad. His father is a businessman. His (2) (**brothers' – brother's – brother**) names are Ali, Bader and Saleh. They all work in their (3) (**fathers – father's – father**) company.

V. To Be (Present)

I	am ('m)	* I'm a student.
He / She / It	is ('s)	* Saad is 170 cm tall.
We / You / They	are ('re)	* They're at the museum.

Choose the suitable completion between brackets:

I (1) (**is – am – are**) Abdullah. My mother (2) (**is – am – are**) a teacher. My sisters (3) (**is – am – are**) students. We (4) (**'s – 'm – 're**) all from Kuwait.

Have got (يمتلك)

I / We / You / They	have got
He / She / It	has got

In questions (في السؤال)

Have you got ...?	⇒ Yes, I have ./No, I haven't .
Has he got ...?	⇒ Yes, he has ./No, he hasn't .

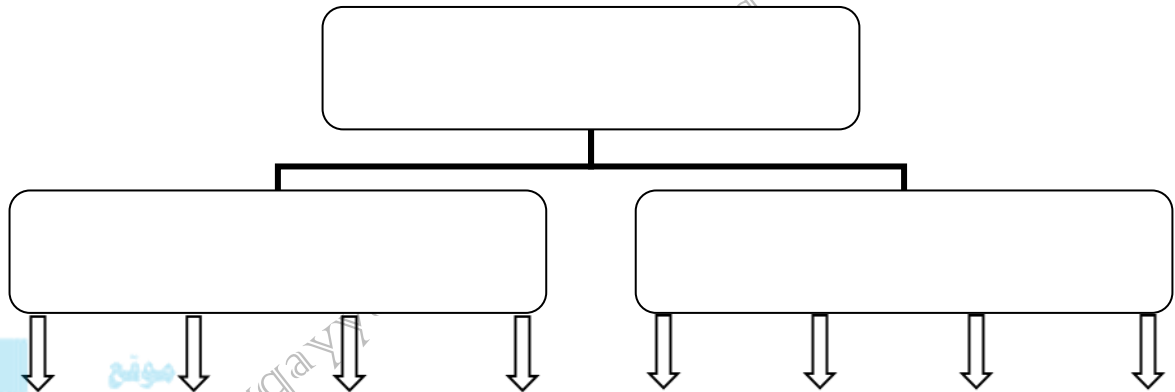
- * **Have they got** a villa? ⇒ No, they **haven't**.
* **Has your mother got** a car? ⇒ Yes, she **has**.

Choose the suitable completion between brackets:

Ahmed (1) (**has got – have got – have**) a big family. They (2) (**has – have got – are**) a big farm in Wafra. I have never been there. Once, I asked him, (3) “(**Has – Have – Are**) you got animals on that farm?” He answered, “No, we (4) (**can't – haven't – hasn't**).”

Write an email to Tom about yourself and family. You may use the following guidewords:

/ name – twelve – grade – Kuwait – father – mother – brother(s) – sister(s) /




 موقع
 المنهج الكويتي
 almanahj.com/kw

To :

Subject :

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Write Soon

.....

Rewrite the underlined words correctly:

1. After having an operation, Omar is using a weehlchiar.
2. I keep my old things in our house artic. It is sapciuos.
3. Inuit people wear heavy clothes; epsecillay in winter.

Module 1**Unit 2****Grade Seven****(Pages 9, 10)****Vocabulary****Date: / / 201**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		معدات – أجهزة	4		يسجل – يحرز
2		جداً – إلى حد كبير	5		حكم المباراة
3		ملعب كرة قدم			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:*quite – pitch – scored – referee*

- Messi three goals yesterday.
- The gave three minutes for stoppages of the match.
- My brother is good at football.

(Pages 11, 13)**Vocabulary****Date: / / 201**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
6		يتزلج على الماء	9		يسبح بأنبوب التنفس
7		الرمح	10		جنسية
8		دراجة رباعية – بجي			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:*waterskiing – quad bikes – javelin – nationality*

- My brothers and I usually ride when we go camping.
- We went in the Red Sea.
- Throwing the is an old sport.

(Page 14)**Vocabulary****Date: / / 201**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
11		رياضة المعاقين	14		في البداية
12		كثير – عديد	15		يتفوق – يتميز
13		إمكانيات – قدرات	16		منافس

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- athletes can do as good as normal athletes.
a) Numerous b) Temporary c) Para-sport d) Spacious
- Salim has always at English.
a) excelled b) snorkelled c) waterskied d) scored
- My trainer told me I had good and need to do my best.
a) javelins b) referees c) pitches d) potentials

Facts and Routines (الحقائق والعادات)		In negatives (في النفي)	
He / She / It	<i>b.v.</i> + <u>s</u>	He / She / It	doesn't + <i>b.v.</i>
I / We / You / They	<i>b.v.</i>	I / We / You / They	don't + <i>b.v.</i>

- * The sun **rises** in the east and **sets** in the west.
- * My uncles usually **stay** in Kuwait in summer. They **don't travel** abroad.

Choose the suitable completion between brackets:

Ali never (1) (**get – gets – getting**) up early. He (2) (**don't – isn't – doesn't**) go to school on time. This is why his teachers (3) (**doesn't – aren't – don't**) like him. They always (4) (**advises – advise – advising**) him to sleep early.

can (يستطيع)	In questions (في السؤال)
<i>can</i> + <i>b.v.</i>	Can you ...? - Yes, I can . Can he ...? - No, he can't .

- * My father **can speak** three languages.
- * **Can** your brother *drive* a car? - Yes, he **can**.

Do as required between brackets:

1. Yes, they can dive. *(Ask a question)*

.....

2. No, she can't use the computer very well. *(Ask a question)*

.....

3. My brother can swim. *(Change into negative)*

.....

Linking Words (أدوات الربط)			
and (و)	also (أيضاً)	but (لكن)	or (أو)

- * I have two pens. You can take only one. ⇒ You can take this pen **or** that pen.
- * He likes painting. He enjoys jogging. ⇒ He **also** enjoys jogging.

Do as required between brackets:

1. I like physics. I like chemistry. *(Join the sentences)*

.....

2. Salim was sick. He went to school. *(Join the sentences)*

.....

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		مقصف – مطعم	4		وقت فراغ
2		محلي	5		شخصياً
3		يعتمد على – يتوقف على			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

local – personally – depends on – canteen

1. We usually have breakfast in the school
2. I don't know if we will go out or not. It the weather.
3. Al-Watan is a famous newspaper in Kuwait.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
6		مرفق – منشأة	9		بدير – يجري فعالية
7		ينشر – يضع في	10		بقاء – نجاة
8		غرفة دردشة			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

runs – survival – post – facilities

1. My uncle is a KFH bank manager. He Jahra branch.
2. Crown Plaza is a 5-star hotel with fantastic
3. His doctors said he had a chance of after that accident.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
11		من المحتمل	14		متعلق بالفرسية
12		يتلو – يقرأ	15		تسجيل
13		مريح – مناسب	16		نشط – مفعم بالحوية

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Lulu Hypermarket is a place for shopping.
 a) numerous b) delicious c) survival d) convenient
2. My brother the Holy Quran in the morning assembly at school.
 a) waterskis b) runs c) recites d) posts
3. Real Madrid is the best football team in the world now.
 a) especially b) probably c) personally d) initially

Present Continuous (المضارع المستمر)

I	am	-ing	(now)
He / She / It	is	-ing	(Look!)
We / You / They	are	-ing	(Listen!)

- * I **am watching** TV in my room now.
- * She **is waiting** for you there at the moment.
- * **Listen!** They **are playing** a nice song.

Correct the verbs between brackets:

1. Salim and Ali (**train**) for the race at the moment. 1.
2. Look! Saad (**do**) long jump. 2.
3. I (**cook**) dinner now. 3.
4. Saad and I (**study**) Maths nowadays. 4.

Adjective (الصفة تصف اسم)

Adverb (الحال يصف فعل)

That is a **slow** animal.
Peter is a **fluent** person.



That animal **moves slowly**.
Peter **speaks fluently**.



Correct the form of adjectives between brackets:

1. Salman is careful. He drives (**careful**). 1.
2. Jane is a loud speaker. She speaks (**loud**). 2.
3. Our teacher is angry. He is shouting (**angry**). 3.
4. He is a good painter. He paints pictures (**good**). 4.
5. Hala is a quiet girl. She studies her lessons (**quiet**). 5.

**Demonstrative Pronouns (ضمائر الإشارة)
Plural (جمع)**

**Demonstrative Pronouns (ضمائر الإشارة)
Singular (مفرد)**

Plural		
	These are apples.	Those are apples.

Singular		
	This is an apple.	That is an apple.

Do as required between brackets:

1. This apple tastes very delicious. (Change into plural)
.....
2. That man is a doctor. (Change into plural)
.....

(General)

Reading Comprehension

Date: / / 201

Read the following passage, then do as required below:

Banks are places where people can keep their money. Most people use banks to save money in their savings accounts and to pay money from their checking accounts. Today, when a person earns money from their job, their salary is often electronically **deposited** into their saving accounts. Then, he or she can pay their bills by writing cheques from their checking accounts or pay online where their bills are electronically connected to their bank accounts. Banks also give loans to people. They lend people to buy new houses, cars, or to start businesses. The bank makes money from lending by charging interest. In other words, people have to pay back more than **they** borrowed. This amount depends on how risky the bank thinks the borrower is and how fast the loan is paid back.

a. Choose the best completion from a), b), c) and d):

- The best title for this passage is:

a) Banks	b) Money	c) Bank makers	d) Savings accounts
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- The underlined word “**deposited**” in line 3 means:

a) paid back	b) put in	c) connected to	d) borrowed
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- The underlined pronoun “**they**” in line 8 refers to:

a) banks	b) new houses	c) people	d) bank accounts
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- The writer’s purpose of this passage is to:

a) lend people money	b) buy electronic things
c) check his account	d) tell us about banks
- Most people save their money at the:

a) banks	b) loans	c) jobs	d) borrowers
----------	----------	---------	--------------
- According to the passage, it is risky to:

a) get a job	b) take a loan	c) make money	d) have an account
--------------	----------------	---------------	--------------------

b. Answer the following questions in reference to the passage:

- Why do people who take bank loans have to pay back more than they borrowed?
.....
- Where are most salaries electronically deposited?
.....

(General)

Spelling

Date: / / 201

Rewrite the underlined words correctly:

- Most students buy food from the **cetnean** at the break.
- We took all the **sirvuval** equipment with us on the ship.
- my friend is **porbalby** at home now. He isn’t at school.

Words to remember

Unit 4

Word	Meaning
instructions	تعليمات
regular	معتاد - عادي
fold	يطوي
envelope	مظروف
original	أصلي
sprinkle	يرش - ينثر
seeds	بذور
soil	تربة
pot	وعاء
corridor	رواق - ممر

Word	Meaning
librarian	أمين المكتبة
altogether	معاً - كلياً
liberation	تحرير
route	طريق
destination	وجهة سفر
trick	خدعة - مقلب
lid	غطاء
seal	يغلق بإحكام
suck	يرشف - يمص
observation	ملاحظة - مشاهدة

Unit 5

Word	Meaning
require	يتطلب
appliance	جهاز منزلي
available	متاح
supply	يمد - يزود
stove	موقد - فرن
globe	كرة أرضية
campsite	موقع التخييم
thirsty	عطشان
compass	بوصلة
insect repellent	طارد الحشرات

Word	Meaning
survive	يبقى حياً
definitely	بالتأكيد
officially	رسمياً
reflect	يعكس
luxury	رفاهية
theater	مسرح
iconic	أيقوني - مميز
civilisation	حضارة
sweater	سترة
attract	يجذب

Unit 6

Word	Meaning
pour	يصب
chop	يقطع
stir	يقلب
ingredients	مكونات
slice	شريحة - قطعة
gently	برفق
grease	يشحم - يزيث
stick/stuck	يلصق/ملتصق
tasteless	بلا طعم
cuisine	طريقة طبخ

Word	Meaning
vegetarian	نباتي
counter	مكان دفع النقود
questionnaire	استبيان
religious	ديني - متدين
argument	جدال
independence	استقلال
magnificently	بشكل رائع
costume	زي - ملابس
occasion	مناسبة

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		تعليمات	4		مظروف
2		معتاد – عادي	5		أصلي
3		يطوي			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

instructions – folded – envelope – regular

1. Please, I want a cheese burger and a Pepsi.
2. You need to read the on the back.
3. She the paper and tore it into two halves.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
6		يرش – ينثر	10		رواق – ممر
7		بنور	11		أمين المكتبة
8		تربة	12		معاً – كلياً
9		وعاء			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

librarian – sprinkles – altogether – soil

1. Potatoes can grow in sandy
2. There were five people inside the lift.
3. My mom water on the flowers every morning.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
13		تحريير	17		غطاء
14		طريق	18		يغلق بإحكام
15		وجهة سفر	19		يرشف – يمص
16		خدعة – مقلب	20		ملاحظة – مشاهدة

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. The Tower is the second highest building in Kuwait.
 a) Liberation b) Observation c) Destination d) Envelope
2. Before travelling away for long, you need to all windows up.
 a) fold b) sprinkle c) suck d) seal
3. Can you get the off this jar for me? It's stuck.
 a) trick b) route c) lid d) seed

Question Words

Where (أين) – **What** (ماذا) – **When** (متى) – **Why** (لماذا) – **Who** (من) – **Whose** (ملك من)
Which (أي) – **How** (كيف) – **How many** (كم العدد) – **How much** (كم السعر) – **How old** (كم العمر)

Add the suitable question word according to the answer:

- was King Fahd Causeway opened? - In 1986.
- did you buy at the gold market? - A gold ring.
- do people go to restaurants? - To eat food.
- can you go scuba diving? - In the sea.
- is your little brother? - 5 years.

Questions (مع فعل مساعد)	Questions (مع فعل أساسي)
She was ... ⇒ When was she ...?	They like ... ⇒ What do they like ...?
Money is ... ⇒ Why is money ...?	He plays ... ⇒ Where does he play ...?
We will ... ⇒ Who will we ...?	I travelled ... ⇒ How did you travel ...?

Do as required between brackets:

- She bought a new dress. (Ask a question)

- My friend was going to the station. (Ask a question)

- Talal goes to college by bus. (Ask a question)

Imperative (الأمر)	Negative Imperative (النهي)
b.v.	Do not (Don't) + b.v.

- * Sit down. Stop talking.
- * Do not drive through. Don't park here.

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- some water, please.
 a) Boil b) Boils c) Boiled d) Boiling
- Do not to take the pills three times daily.
 a) forgot b) forgets c) forgetting d) forget
- smoke in this room. It's not allowed.
 a) Didn't b) Doesn't c) Don't d) Haven't

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		يتطلب	4		يمد – يزود
2		جهاز منزلي	5		موقد – فرن
3		متاح	6		كرة أرضية

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

require – stove – globe – available

1. There are only two jobs in the factory.
2. These plants wet soil at all times.
3. We need to buy a before going camping.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
7		موقع التخييم	10		طارد الحشرات
8		عطشان	11		يبقى حياً
9		بوصلة	12		بالتأكيد

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

thirsty – definitely – insect repellent – campsite

1. Give me a glass of water, please. I am very
2. We should have brought an with us to get rid of those flies.
3. The is ten kilometers from our house.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
13		رسمياً	17		أيقوني – مميز
14		يعكس	18		حضارة
15		رافاهية	19		سترة
16		مسرح	20		يجذب

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. He is very interested in going to the cinema and the
 a) sweater b) compass c) theater d) civilisation
2. What really me to the job was the good salary.
 a) attracted b) reflected c) survived d) supplied
3. Bader Al-Mutawa is a very football player in Kuwait.
 a) original b) regular c) thirsty d) iconic

There is/was (مع المفرد والغير معدود)	There are/were (مع الجمع)
There is a <u>pen</u> in the bag. (<i>Singular</i>)	There are ten <u>students</u> in class. (<i>Plural</i>)
There was some <u>oil</u> in the jar. (<i>Uncount.</i>)	There were only two <u>boxes</u> . (<i>Plural</i>)

Choose the suitable completion between brackets:

There (1) (**is – are – were**) always much traffic the streets in the rush hour. There (2) (**is – are – was**) too many cars on the roads. Because of that, there (3) (**is – are – was**) a bad car accident in the street yesterday. There (4) (**was – were – are**) three cars in that accident.

some (في الجملة المثبتة)	any (في الجملة المنفية والسؤال)
There is some <u>water</u> in the cup. (<i>UN</i>)	Have you got any <u>money</u> left? (<i>UN</i>)
There are some <u>cars</u> in the park. (<i>CN</i>)	I didn't find any <u>books</u> on the table. (<i>CN</i>)

Do as required between brackets:

- Ali met (**a – any – some**) of his friends at school. (*Underline*)
- Yes, I have got some relatives in Saudi Arabia. (*Ask a question*)
- We have got some bread. (*Change into negative*)

Question Tags			
Ali can, can't he?	Sara is, isn't she?	A cat has, hasn't it?	Boys are ..., aren't they?
Ali can't, can he?	Sara isn't, is she?	A cat hasn't, has it?	Boys aren't ..., are they?
You were, weren't you?	She was, wasn't she?	I have, haven't I?	They will, won't they?
You weren't, were you?	She wasn't, was she?	I haven't, have I?	They won't, will they?
They do, don't they?	It does, doesn't it?	He did, didn't he?	Someone, they?
They don't, do they?	It doesn't, does it?	He didn't, did he?	Everybody, they?

Add a question tag:

- You go to school by car,
- Ahmad isn't at home now,
- It rains in Kuwait in winter,
- They won't come to work today,
- Your sister has finished her homework,

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		يصب	5		شريحة - قطعة
2		يقطع	6		برفق
3		يقلب	7		يشحم - يزيث
4		مكونات	8		يلصق/ملتصق

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

ingredients – pour – chop – gently

- I need a knife to those cucumbers.
- Lift that desk, please. We don't want to break it
- What are the of this delicious dish?

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
9		بلا طعم	12		مكان دفع النقود
10		طريقة طبخ	13		استبيان
11		نباتي			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

questionnaire – tasteless – counter – cuisine

- This pizza is I don't like it.
- Will you answer all the questions on that, please?
- You can order your meal at that over there, sir.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
14		ديني - متدين	17		بشكل رائع
15		جدال	18		زي - ملابس
16		استقلال	19		مناسبة

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- My father had a bad with my uncle this morning.
a) occasion b) argument c) counter d) independence
- My grandpa is deeply He never misses the prayers in the mosque.
a) religious b) tasteless c) thirsty d) original
- Most Kuwaiti men like to wear the national
a) independence b) occasion c) argument d) costume

ضمائر		صفات		ضمائر		صفات		ضمائر		صفات	
فاعل	مفعول	ملكية	ملكية	فاعل	مفعول	ملكية	ملكية	فاعل	مفعول	ملكية	ملكية
I	me	mine	my	He	him	his	his	We	us	ours	our
				She	her	hers	her	You	you	yours	your
				It	it	its	its	They	them	theirs	their

Choose the suitable completion between brackets:

That is (1) (**my – me – mine**) father. (2) (**His – Her – He**) is famous businessman.
 (3) (**His – Him – He**) company is in Kuwait City. (4) (**We – Our – Ours**) house is in Farwaniya.

Conditional 1 (أسلوب الشرط ١)	Conditional 2 (أسلوب الشرط ٢)
If (present simple), (<u>will/won't</u> + b.v.)	If (past simple), (<u>would/wouldn't</u> + b.v.)

- * If you **sleep** late, you will feel tired in the morning.
- * If they **went** to Dubai, they would enjoy water sports.

Correct the verbs between brackets:

1. If she doesn't come with us, she (**not watch**) the show. 1.
2. If you (**wait**) for me, we would go shopping together. 2.
3. If he saved enough money, he (**buy**) that nice car. 3.

How many (مع الأسماء الجمع)	How much (مع الأسماء غير المعدودة)
How many books ...? How many children ...?	How much oil ...? How much cheese ...?

Do as required between brackets:

1. (**How much – How many**) money did you pay for that car? (Underline)
2. I would like little sugar, please. (Ask a question)
.....
3. I bought three books. (Ask a question)
.....

Read the following passage, then do as required below:

Ahmed does not like to do his homework. He plays football and computer games instead. His teacher always told him, "Ahmed, do your homework. It is very important."

One day, his little sister, Dana, wanted to play computer games. He told her, "I will let you play with my computer if you do my homework." She said, "Ok." However, the little sister could not do the homework. Every day she asked him for help and he always helped her do his homework. Every day, he read the homework and the lessons and told her what to write. After one month, she played very much computer games and he helped her very much. His teachers were pleased because Ahmed got good marks. He could answer all the questions because, in fact, he did his homework. His mother was very happy, too.

A) Choose the suitable completions from a), b), c) and d):

- The best title for the passage is:

a) Playing football	b) Computer games
c) Dana, the sister	d) Ahmed's homework
- The underlined pronoun "It" in line 2 refers to:

a) computer	b) game	c) homework	d) lesson
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- The underlined word "pleased" in line 9 means very:

a) happy	b) tired	c) sad	d) angry
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- The writer's purpose of the passage is to:

a) give us good marks	b) teach us how to use the computer
c) tell us to help our teachers	d) advise us to do our homework
- Dana helped his mother by:

a) playing football with him	b) doing his homework
c) going to school	b) playing computer games
- At the end, Ahmed could do the homework because he:

a) read the lessons	b) didn't play games
c) listened to his teachers	d) got good marks

B) Answer the following questions in reference to the passage:

7. Why was Ahmed's teacher angry with him in the beginning?
.....

8. Why were his mother happy at the end?
.....

Rewrite the underlined words correctly:

- Do you have all the ignredeints for making a cake?
- I have decided to cotnrubite to the beach cleaning project.
- A Muslim should be thaeter with poor people.