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للحصول على جميع روابط الصفوف على تلغرام وفيسبوك من قنوات وصفحات: اضغط هنا

الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف التاسع على مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي

مجموعة الفيسبوك

صفحة الفيسبوك

مجموعة التلغرام

بوت التلغرام

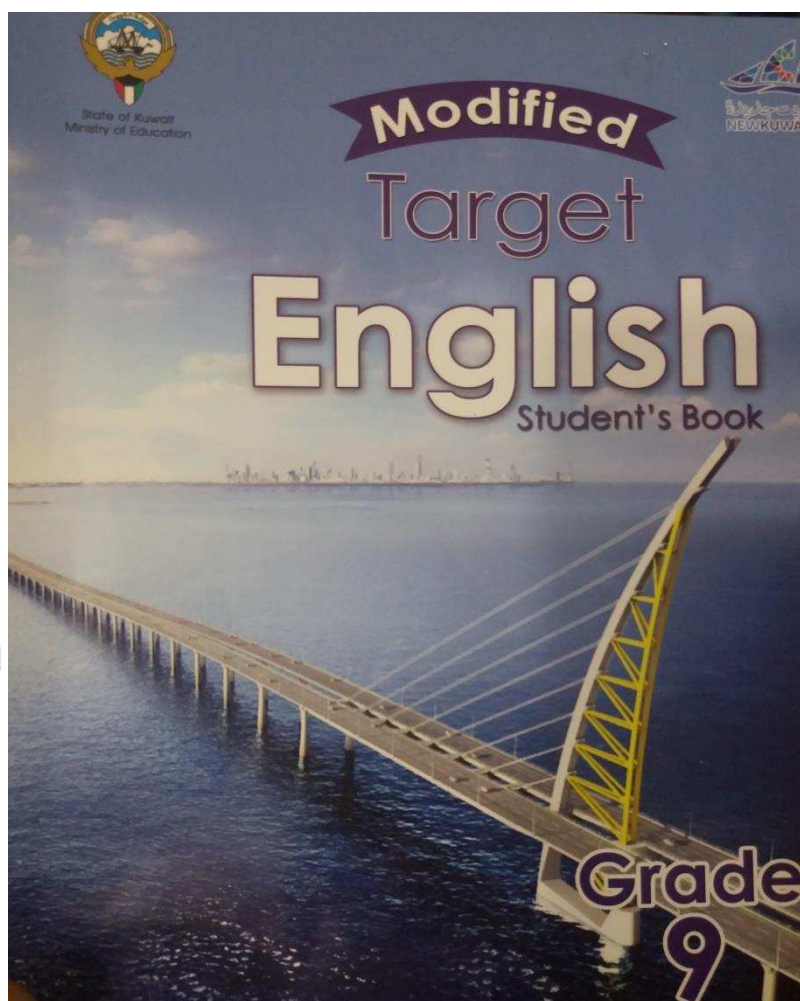
قناة التلغرام

رياضيات على التلغرام

State of Kuwait Ministry of Education



Al Jahra Educational Area



**Grade 9
First Term**

**Written
Work**

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Grade 9 - First Term

Module 1

Unit 1			Unit 2			Unit 3		
expedition	n	بعثة - حملة - رحلة	novelist	n	روائي - مؤلف قصص	essentially	adv.	بشكل أساسي/جوهرى
accompany	v	يرافق - يصطحب	variety	n	تنوع - تشكيلة	assistance	n	المساعدة
wilderness	n	البرية	regard	v	يعتبر	regardless	adv.	بغض النظر عن
cracked	adj.	مشقوق - مكسور	influence	n	تأثير	ethnic	adj	عرقي
constant	adj.	مستمر - متواصل	popularity	n	شعبية	catastrophe	n	كارثة
prey on	ph.v	يفترس	reputation	n	سمعة - شهرة	annual	adj	سنوي
embark on	ph.v	يبدأ عملاً	association	n	جمعية - اتحاد	rush	v	يسرع - يندفع - يفزع
quest	n	بحث	literature	n	الأدب	extend	v	يقدم - يمد
bond	n	ترابط - علاقة وثيقة	devotedly	adv	باخلاص - بتفاني	appreciation	n	تقدير
seek	v	يبحث عن - يسعى الي	significant	adj	عظيم - هام - بالغ	gratitude	n	الشكر - الامتنان
			document	v	يوثق			

Module 2

Unit 4			Unit 5			Unit 6		
fusion	n	اندماج - انصهار	obviously	adv	بوضوح - بالتأكيد	hard-packed	adj	صلب - قاسي
monsoonal	adj	موسمي	suffocate	v	يخنق	splendid	adj	رائع - مبهر - عظيم
peninsula	n	شبه جزيرة	emit	v	يصدر - يطلق - ينشر	hark back	v	يرجع إلى
appeal (to)	v	يروق لي - يعجبني	depend on	ph.v	يعتمد على	marvelously	adv.	بشكل مذهش/رائع
habitat	n	الموطن - بيئة الحيوان	fossil fuel	n	وقود احفوري	flank	v	يحيط " بالشيء
species	n	الانواع - الاصناف	pollutant	n	مادة ملوثة	prodigious	adj	استثنائي - مذهل
major	adj	رئيسي - هام - كبير	toxic	adj	سام	depict	v	يصور - يصف
consist (of)	v	يتكون من	pesticides	n	مبيد حشرات	convert (into)	v	يحول
showcase	v	يعرض - يفضل	seriously	adv	جدية	weaving	n	نسيج

Unit 1

A: Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d.

- 1- Mothers usuallytheir children to the shopping malls to buy them new clothes.
a) **document** b) **accompany** c) **seek** d) **regard**
- 2- The Earth is always in motion as it spins on its axis once every 24 hours.
a) **constant** b) **cracked** c) **toxic** d) **ethnic**
- 3- All kinds of spiders flies and other small insects to survive.
a) **prey on** b) **embark on** c) **appeal to** d) **consist of**
- 4- Lamees Nijem wanted to embark on a culturalby her trip to the North Pole.
a) **wilderness** b) **novelist** c) **quest** d) **catastrophe**
- 5- Wild animals like lions ,giraffes ,elephants and zebras live in the
a) **bond** b) **expedition** c) **wilderness** d) **quest**
- 6- On their wedding anniversary, my parents will a trip around the world.
a) **prey on** b) **embark on** c) **depend on** d) **consist of**
- 7- It is very dangerous to ski overice in the North Pole.
a) **cracked** b) **annual** c) **constant** d) **significant**
- 8- Felicity Aston was the leader and the organizer of the North Pole in 2018.
a) **expedition** b) **literature** c) **reputation** d) **influence**
- 9- Arab countries have a strong as they share the same religion, language and history.
a) **wilderness** b) **bond** c) **expedition** d) **quest**
- 10- Remas decided to information on the internet to complete her research.
a) **regard** b) **rush** c) **seek** d) **accompany**
- 11- My dad went to consult a doctor because he suffered apain in the heart.
a) **toxic** b) **cracked** c) **constant** d) **ethnic**
- 12- Polar bears living in the North Pole are known tohuman beings and seals.
a) **embark on** b) **depend on** c) **Prey on** d) **appeal to**
- 13- World leaders are now united in their for peace and stability.
a) **quest** b) **novelist** c) **wilderness** d) **expedition**
- 14- The expedition took place in the middle of vastof Antarctica.
a) **literature** b) **wilderness** c) **catastrophe** d) **gratitude**
- 15- The very old house had some walls which need to be rebuilt..
a) **significant** b) **ethnic** c) **cracked** d) **annual**
- 16- There is always a deep connection and between family members.
a) **wilderness** b) **bond** c) **expedition** d) **novelist**
- 17- After graduation my elder brother is a suitable job that appeals to him.
a) **regarding** b) **accompanying** c) **documenting** d) **seeking**
- 18- When I go to the toy store, my young children are always happy tome
a) **consist** b) **document** c) **accompany** d) **regard**
- 19- Students are preparing toan important project about saving the environment.
a) **appeal to** b) **embark on** c) **prey on** d) **consist of**
- 20- The British to Mount Everest is leaving next month.
a) **expedition** b) **reputation** c) **habitat** d) **wilderness**

Unit 1

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(**wilderness - ethnic - cracked - expedition - constant**)

- 1-The aim of their was to discover the sources of the River Nile water.
- 2-Kuwaiti people are used to camping in the beautifulin spring and winter.
- 3-The repetition makes it easier to learn new words and memorize them.
- 4-The vase became after my younger brother dropped it yesterday.

(**Prey on - embark on - consist of - bond - quest**)

- 1-Astronauts from NASA will a space mission to planet Mars next week.
- 2-Some large birds like falcons small birds and animals.
- 3-There is a strong between the brothers and sisters .
- 4-International companies and scientists are using new methods in for oil.

(**seek - accompanied - novelist - wilderness - quest**)

- 1-Three of the participants whoLamees from the Arabian Gulf region.
- 2-My grandfather went to the hospital to help for his stomach pain.
- 3-The football team will continue its for Olympic gold medals.
- 4-The adventurers started to explore the earth's great, Antarctica.

(**constant - accompanied - toxic - expedition - cracked**)

- 1-My mom me to the hospital yesterday because I was very sick.
- 2-New-born babies require care from their parents until they grow up.
- 3-The scientists will go on a scientific to the South Pole.
- 4- The glass was because a stone hit the window .

(**constant - seek - prey on - embark on - cracked**)

- 1-The police continues to the murderer and are setting up road blocks all over the city.
- 2-The scientist is about to a journey to explore the north pole.
- 3- Lions and tigers in this area deer and other wild animals.
- 4-The pain in his stomach made his life intolerable.

Unit 2

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- Football is.....as the most popular and interesting sport all over the world.
a) rushed b) accompanied c) regarded d) documented
- 2- A balanced diet should contain a of fruits and vegetables and meat.
a) influence b) expedition c) novelist d) variety
- 3- Tv programmes and social media have a very bigon kids and adults as well.
a) wilderness b) gratitude c) quest d) influence
- 4- Jules Verne was a French who wrote many plays, poems and short stories.
a) novelist b) reputation c) bond d) association
- 5- Toyota cars have a very good because of their high quality , safety and reliability.
a) wilderness b) literature c) expedition d) reputation
- 6- Naguib Mahfouz , the Egyptian novelist, was awarded the Nobel Prize for
a) literature b) catastrophe c) reputation d) bond
- 7- Fast food like burger ,shawarma and pizza has a wide among young people.
a) expedition b) popularity c) association d) novelist
- 8- My father who works as an army officer defends Kuwaitagainst enemies.
a) devotedly b) regardless c) obviously d) essentially
- 9- William Shakespeare is perhaps the greatest writer of English in history
a) appreciation b) influence c) catastrophe d) literature
- 10- Talal Al-Rumaidi is the Secretary –General of theof kuwaiti writers.
a) reputation b) association c) influence d) variety
- 11- Having a healthy life style is ofimportance for everyone.
a) annual b) cracked c) significant d) ethnic
- 12- A successful creates good characters, setting ,plot and ending.
a) reputation b) novelist c) variety d) wilderness
- 13- Historian should always everything related to Kuwait's culture and history.
a) accompany b) rush c) prey d) document
- 14- The school library has gotof books about science, history, religion and sport.
a) appreciation b) novelist c) variety d) gratitude
- 15- This restaurant has an excellent because it serves delicious and healthy food.
a) catastrophe b) reputation c) literature d) quest
- 16- There are differences between the Eastern and Western cultures.
a) monsoonal b) significant c) annual d) toxic
- 17- Messi's is rising as he scores many amazing goals for Barcelona football team.
a) popularity b) peninsula c) literature d) novelist
- 18- Charity target is to help poor people and orphans.
a) associations b) gratitude c) expedition d) wilderness
- 19- Smoking and drugs have a bad on most people in all societies.
a) habitat b) quest c) pollutant d) influence
- 20- Jules Verne wasas the father of science fiction due to remarkable success.
a) embarked b) documented c) regarded d) accompanied
- 21- The wife nursed her husband through his last illness.
a) devotedly b) regardless c) seriously d) essentially

Unit 2

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(**association - variety - regarded - novelist - document**)

- 1-Agatha Christie is one of the most famous Englishwho wrote 66 detective novels .
- 2-The zoo of Kuwait has got a bigof animals, birds and plants from around the world.
- 3-Electricity, smart phones and the internet areas the most important inventions nowadays.
- 4-Some people keep a diary to important situations , improve memories and achieve goals.

(**influence - reputation - accompanied - documented - regarded**)

- 1-Abdul Rahman Al-Sumait earned a goodas he helped millions of poor people worldwide.
- 2-Generations of historians and writerseverything related to the First and Second World War .
- 3-Pollution has a very badon the environment and people's health.
- 4-Tariq Al-Ali isas one of the best comedy actors in Kuwait.

(**novelist - influence - expedition - devotedly - significant**)

- 1-Penicillin was an extremely medical discovery in the 20th century.
- 2-Successful people are those who work hard and to achieve their targets.
- 3-Parents ,teachers , friends and social media have great on young people.
- 4-She also showed great ability as a who wrote fiction and non-fiction stories.

(**association -devotedly - significant – wilderness - reputation**)

- 1-The company's chief has a bad of being dishonest, corrupt and unfair.
- 2-Kuwait football, founded in 1952, is the governing body of football in Kuwait.
- 3-Vegetables and fruits contain amounts of minerals vitamins and antioxidants.
- 4-Doctors and nurses at hospital workto alleviate patients' pains.

(**literature - variety - popularity –sought - regarded**)

- 1-The Nobel Prize in 2017 was awarded to the Japanese writer Kazuo Ishiguro.
- 2-The shopping center sells a of goods and items that appeal to most people.
- 3-The president's grew higher due to his achievements and success.
- 4-Kuwait Towers ,The Avenues, and Kuwait Museum areas amazing tourist attractions .

(**variety - popularity - devotedly - association - novelist**)

- 1-The Kuwait of Surgeons enable surgeons to achieve the highest standards of patient care.
- 2-Player unknown's battle grounds game (PUBG) has a wide amongst teens and adults.
- 3-People enjoy buffets because there is a huge of food available to choose from.
- 4-His new book shows him to be a first-rate and story writer.

Unit 3

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- Kuwait always provides humanitarian to all countries in need.
a) wilderness b) novelist c) literature d) assistance
- 2- Wars are regarded as the worstbecause millions of innocent people are killed.
a) appreciation b) catastrophe c) gratitude d) reputation
- 3- Success dependson your hard work and determination not on dreams.
a) essentially b) regardless c) seriously d) devotedly
- 4- Hala February festival is a /an celebration of happiness and joy in Kuwait.
a) ethnic b) cracked c) annual d) constant
- 5- Kuwait usually helps poor countriesof their religious beliefs or geographic location.
a) regardless b) obviously c) seriously d) marvelously
- 6- The workers complained when their working hours were
a) documented b) accompanied c) extended d) regarded
- 7- Islam keeps the rights of all people in society includinggroups as well.
a) annual b) ethnic c) cracked d) constant
- 8- Children rarely show anyfor what their parents do for them.
a) reputation b) appreciation c) catastrophe d) literature
- 9- She expressed her to all those who had supported her.
a) gratitude b) novelist c) wilderness d) peninsula
- 10- Kuwait always to help and support other countries facing some disasters.
a) rushes b) regards c) documents d) preys
- 11- My family decided to go camping in the desert of the bad weather.
a) seriously b) regardless c) devotedly d) essentially
- 12- The hotel was fabulous that is why my dad our stay by three days.
a) regarded b) rushed c) extended d) accompanied
- 13- The patient expressed histo the doctor who did the surgical operation and
a) literature b) catastrophe c) association d) gratitude
- 14- The U.S. has a wide variety of groups made up of immigrants or their descendants.
a) annual b) ethnic c) cracked d) constant
- 15- Learning English is built on the four skills: listening, speaking, reading and writing.
a) essentially b) seriously c) regardless d) devotedly
- 16- My father's income is more than 40.000 kd, which is enough for a happy life.
a) cracked b) ethnic c) annual d) toxic
- 17- Hurricanes ,earthquakes and volcanos are considered as natural
a) influence b) literature c) popularity d) catastrophes
- 18- The company needs more financial from the government.
a) literature b) assistance c) peninsula d) novelist
- 19- The firemen into the burning house to put out the fire and to save the family.
a) rushed b) documented c) extended d) regarded
- 20- The students expressed theirfor the great efforts done by their teachers.
a) expedition b) appreciation c) catastrophe d) novelist

Unit 3

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(**essentially - assistance - catastrophe - regardless - appreciation**)

- 1-Everyone has the right to have good medical care of their ability to pay.
- 2-Great writers, composers and scientists are different from ordinary people.
- 3-Kuwait government always offers regularly to poor countries.
- 4-I would like to express my for all your hard work and efforts.

(**rush - annual - extend - ethnic - accompany**)

- 1-Governments shouldn't differentiate between citizens on the basis of their origin.
- 2-We've got much time to answer the test ; there's no need to
- 3-My family want to our stay in London for a few more days.
- 4-They have their conference in May in New York city.

(**gratitude - essentially - popularity - regardless -- catastrophe**)

- 1-Pollution, global warming and deforestation can lead to an ecological
- 2-I want to express my to my parents for their love and support.
- 3-The west civilization and science were builton Arab civilization.
- 4-The wedding ceremony will be held on time of the bad weather.

(**extends - regard - ethnic - annual - rushed**)

- 1-I do believe it is possible for different groups to live together in harmony.
- 2-Kuwait always assists and a helping hand to poor countries and people in need.
- 3-The people to the nearest exit as soon as they heard the fire alarm.
- 4-Our successful company has sales of five million kuwaiti dinars.

(**assistance - appreciation - ethnic - wilderness - catastrophe**)

- 1-Last week, my grandpa went to hospital because he needed medical
- 2-Yemen requires food and medicine immediately to avoid a humanitarian
- 3-The United Nations honored Kuwait inof its longstanding generosity.
- 4-Kuwait has got differentgroups who live in peace and harmony.

Unit 4

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- The air we breathe oxygen, nitrogen, carbon dioxide and vapor.
a) **embarks on** b) **preys on** c) **consists of** d) **depends on**
- 2- Fashion designers depend on famous people to their sample dresses.
a) **consist** b) **showcase** c) **rush** d) **regard**
- 3- rain is expected to begin in the Arabian Gulf area in January.
a) **Monsoonal** b) **Cracked** c) **Toxic** d) **Ethnic**
- 4- Fast food mealsto most people all over the world due to their delicious taste.
a) **embark** b) **accompany** c) **appeal** d) **document**
- 5- The Sinai is a desert region between the Red Sea and Mediterranean Sea.
a) **Peninsula** b) **fusion** c) **association** d) **gratitude**
- 6- The forest provides a natural for hundreds of species of plants and animals.
a) **appreciation** b) **catastrophe** c) **gratitude** d) **habitat**
- 7- Many of plants and animals are endangered due to pollution.
a) **species** b) **pollutant** c) **novelist** d) **expedition**
- 8- Smoking cigarettes is a cause of lung cancer and heart diseases.
a) **cracked** b) **annual** c) **monsoonal** d) **major**
- 9- Malaysia is aof Malay, Chinese, Indian and native culture and customs.
a) **gratitude** b) **fusion** c) **peninsula** d) **assistance**
- 10- "Arabs Got Talents "programme is intended togifted Arab citizens.
a) **showcase** b) **accompany** c) **rush** d) **consist**
- 11- My elder brother bought a beautiful sport car which..... me very much.
a) **preys on** b) **Appeals to** c) **depends on** d) **embarks on**
- 12- Last year, the floods killed nearly 150 people in Philippines.
a) **cracked** b) **monsoonal** c) **ethnic** d) **splendid**
- 13- The natural of the jaguar has been destroyed due to farming and deforestation.
a) **appreciation** b) **quest** c) **habitat** d) **bond**
- 14- Every time a dies out, we lose forever a part of our natural world.
a) **habitat** b) **species** c) **peninsula** d) **fusion**
- 15- We took a trip to the which was surrounded by water on all three sides.
a) **peninsula** b) **assistance** c) **fusion** d) **species**
- 16- Japan four main islands and many other smaller islands.
a) **embarks on** b) **preys on** c) **depends on** d) **consists of**
- 17- Heavy traffic is aproblem which faces most big cities all over the world.
a) **splendid** b) **major** c) **cracked** d) **ethnic**
- 18- Dubai city is aof Arab, Indian, European culture and traditions.
a) **fusion** b) **species** c) **catastrophe** d) **gratitude**
- 19- Some animals are in danger because their native is being destroyed.
a) **literature** b) **fusion** c) **habitat** d) **popularity**
- 20- Grade nine student's book four modules divided into twelve units.
a) **embarks on** b) **consists of** c) **preys on** d) **depends on**

Unit 4

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(**monsoonal** - **toxic** - **consists of** - **major** - **appeal to**)

- 1-Going shopping doesn't really me; I'd rather go for a walk in the park.
- 2-The university of Kuwait is a center for scientific research and academic study.
- 3-The floods have killed at least 280 people and made others homeless.
- 4- It is well known that the Japanese's basic diet rice and fish.

(**species** - **appreciation** - **consists of** - **peninsula** - **appeal to**)

- 1-Computer games are widely spread and they.....young kids and adults as well.
- 2-Pandas, gorillas , rhinos and sea turtles are regarded as endangered
- 3- The Arabian ,which includes Kuwait and KSA ,is the largest one worldwide.
- 4- The football team eleven players in each team besides seven substitutes.

(**major** - **monsoonal** - **species** - **habitat** - **fusion**)

- 1-The camel's naturalis the desert where it is used to the bad weather conditions.
- 2-Kate has been given an opportunity to play a role in a movie.
- 3-Theheavy rain destroyed 200 houses and killed 150 people in India.
- 4-The United States of America has got aof cultures and customs due to emigrants.

(**appeals to** - **species** - **peninsula** - **showcase** - **gratitude**)

- 1-"The voice kids " programme aims to the talents and skills of kids in singing
- 2- Camping in the desertmost Kuwaitis as they enjoy the nature beauty .
- 3- Theof Sinai, in Egypt, is a land bridge that links Asia and Africa .
- 4- Not all of snakes are poisonous; most of them are harmless.

(**peninsula** - **appealed to** - **showcase** - **fusion** - **habitat**)

- 1-Many different companiestheir products in modern shopping malls and stores.
- 2-The song most people especially young people as it touched their hearts.
- 3-Theof fact and fiction earned the novelist a worldwide fame.
- 4-The destruction of the forests made, many wild animals lose their natural

Unit 5

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- In the house fire, many people died because they from smoke inhalation.
a) **consisted** b) **rushed** c) **suffocated** d) **extended**
- 2- TVs ,computers, and phones great electromagnetic radiation that affect us badly.
a) **appeal** b) **emit** c) **document** d) **regard**
- 3- Eating vegetables, fruits, fish and nuts is healthy to your body .
a) **regardless** b) **obviously** c) **devotedly** d) **seriously**
- 4- Egypt mainly upon the River Nile water for growing crops and drinking water.
a) **depends** b) **accompanies** c) **documents** d) **suffocates**
- 5- I thought I was going to on the crowded train to Cairo.
a) **suffocate** b) **accompany** c) **document** d) **prey**
- 6- Depending too much on is the main cause of global warming and pollution.
a) **gratitude** b) **fossil fuel** c) **gratitude** d) **gratitude**
- 7- Active volcanos in Iceland big amounts of dangerous gases and smoke .
a) **suffocate** b) **emit** c) **appeal** d) **seek**
- 8- The engines of cars, trains, trucks and airplanes emitto the air.
a) **habitats** b) **novelists** c) **pollutants** d) **associations**
- 9- such as coal, gas and oil are regarded as pollutants to the environment.
a) **fossil fuels** b) **quests** c) **pesticides** d) **species**
- 10 Your success on your efforts , determination and working hard.
a) **showcases** b) **preys** c) **embarks** d) **depends**
- 11- Students never study until just before the exams.
a) **seriously** b) **regardless** c) **marvelously** d) **devotedly**
- 12- These factories are releasing gases into the atmosphere.
a) **cracked** b) **toxic** c) **annual** d) **ethnic**
- 13- After his serious injury in a car accident, heneeds an urgent surgical operation.
a) **marvelously** b) **obviously** c) **regardless** d) **devotedly**
- 14- We don't use harmful like those to grow vegetables on our farm.
a) **associations** b) **bonds** c) **expeditions** d) **pesticides**
- 15- The dogsafter being held for hours in a vehicle that lacked oxygen.
a) **consisted** b) **suffocated** c) **regarded** d) **documented**
- 16- Solar energy and wind power are becoming popular as alternatives to
a) **peninsulas** b) **habitats** c) **fossil fuels** d) **species**
- 17- Many of the victims either burnt to death or from smoke.
a) **showcased** b) **consisted** c) **suffocated** d) **documented**
- 18- Sulphur dioxide is a and a major contributor to acid rain.
a) **pollutant** b) **peninsula** c) **reputation** d) **popularity**
- 19- Fawaz is preparing his luggage .He wants to travel somewhere.
a) **obviously** b) **marvelously** c) **regardless** d) **devotedly**
- 20- Japan's economy on industry and electronic trade.
a) **suffocates** b) **depends** c) **rushes** d) **showcases**
- 21- Trees and plants are useful as they absorb carbon dioxide and oxygen.
a) **prey** b) **regard** c) **emit** d) **document**

Unit 5

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(emit - obviously - seriously - depend - suffocate)

- 1-We are wrong to eat junk foods full of fat and added sugar.
- 2-You must take your parents advice as they are wiser and more experienced.
- 3-There is so little oxygen in water that most surface fishes would
- 4-Children on their parents for their basic needs like food and clothing.

(emit - prey - pollutants - suffocate - pesticides)

- 1-The Red Sea crystal clear water show that it is free from any
- 2-Turtles, seals and whales can with plastic bags in the sea.
- 3-Today, many of the crops are heavily sprayed with dangerous.....
- 4-Cars driving 15, 000km a year approximately 101 grams of sulphur oxide gases.

(obviously - ethnic - fossil fuels - toxic - seriously)

- 1-....., any child who receives good education for a long period will improve.
- 2-The hikers were cautious about eating the mushrooms since some of them are
- 3-Are you thinking about buying that very old car?
- 4-New reports on global warming and pollution show the need to reduce

(obviously - seriously - embark - depends - suffocate)

- 1-Scientists are men of very high intelligence and determination.
- 2-My little sister Sara took my joke and became angry with me.
- 3-High temperatures and humidity can animals in the barn.
- 4-Kuwait's economy on oil exports and petrochemical products.

(obviously - accompany - suffocate - depends - emit)

- 1-Remas isvery happy after she came first at school.
- 2-Japan on the Middle East for 70% of oil it consumes.
- 3-When the victim's face turned blue, it was obvious that he from the pillow.
- 4-Some citizens fear the nuclear station will harmful levels of radiations.

(obviously - fossil fuels - toxic - regardless - pesticides)

- 1-..... teachers have to be good communicators , facilitators and leader.
- 2-..... are finite and they are expected to run out in about 50 years' time.
- 3-Human beings produce more than 100 tons of waste every second of every day.
- 4-Organic food is better for our health because it hasn't got any harmful

Unit 6

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- My grandfather alwaysto the good old days of his youth.
a) **accompanies** b) **harks back** c) **consists** d) **preys**
- 2- The area is great for mountain biking because of its ground.
a) **hard-packed** b) **annual** c) **toxic** d) **ethnic**
- 3- My little sister Hoor dressed on her birthday party last week.
a) **devotedly** b) **marvelously** c) **regardless** d) **essentially**
- 4- The fireworks on the National day looked very..... against the dark sky.
a) **toxic** b) **cracked** c) **ethnic** d) **splendid**
- 5- Some roads in Kuwait are with very beautiful trees.
a) **preyed** b) **suffocated** c) **flanked** d) **depended**
- 6- The drawings on the temple walls the daily life of the Pharos of Egypt 5000 years ago.
a) **rushed** b) **depicted** c) **flanked** d) **sought**
- 7- He has a memory, like all great chess players.
a) **prodigious** b) **ethnic** c) **annual** d) **monsoonal**
- 8- The golden jewellery, pearls and costumes werepresented in the museum.
a) **marvellously** b) **regardless** c) **devotedly** d) **seriously**
- 9- Omar about one thousand kd into dollars for shopping in New York.
a) **converted** b) **flanked** c) **depicted** d) **suffocated**
- 10- The climbers stood on top of the mountain, looking at the view.
a) **ethnic** b) **hard-packed** c) **splendid** d) **cracked**
- 11- The president was by heavily armed guards to protect him.
a) **flanked** b) **emitted** c) **embarked** d) **documented**
- 12- In old Kuwait, women were skillful attents from goat hair.
a) **peninsula** b) **popularity** c) **catastrophe** d) **weaving**
- 13- The cars of today to the first automobiles made about 1900.
a) **prey on** b) **hark back** c) **embark on** d) **depend on**
- 14- The old kuwaiti house wasinto a museum and a cultural centre.
a) **documented** b) **rushed** c) **converted** d) **accompanied**
- 15- Fajer learned the craft of basket from her grandmother.
a) **peninsula** b) **weaving** c) **novelist** d) **gratitude**
- 16- The movie the old life in the early 1700s quite well.
a) **suffocated** b) **sought** c) **preyed** d) **depicted**
- 17- The famous novelist wrote a number of novels that everyone liked.
a) **prodigious** b) **hard-packed** c) **cracked** d) **toxic**
- 18- On my mother's birthday ,my family had adinner in a restaurant in Kuwait Towers.
a) **ethnic** b) **splendid** c) **cracked** d) **constant**
- 19- On our trip to Dubai , my brother and I were ice- skating on the.....snow.
a) **toxic** b) **ethnic** c) **hard packed** d) **annual**
- 20- Our new villa wasdesigned and built by the sea of Kuwait.
a) **regardless** b) **marvelously** c) **seriously** d) **devotedly**
- 21- Thousands of people in Europe are from Christianity to Islam every year.
a) **converted** b) **consisted** c) **depicted** d) **documented**

Unit 6

B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(**hard-packed** - **flanked** - **consist** - **hark back** - **splendid**)

- 1- Some old people always to how things were 40 years ago.
- 2-Theground of the desert was suitable for the annual car race.
- 3-The table in our dining room wasby ten chairs for dinner.
- 4-Real Madrid football team showed a performance during the match.

(**converting** - **hark back** - **toxic** - **depicted** - **prodigious**)

- 1-Ayoub Hussein more than 600 paintings about life in old Kuwait.
- 2-The music composer showed a talent in music and playing the piano.
- 3- Most teachersto revise the previous lesson to check students' understanding.
- 4-Kuwait succeeded inbare desert into green farmlands in Al-Wafra area.

(**hard-packed** - **suffocate** - **depict** - **splendid** - **flanked**)

- 1-Most movies all over the world sharks as the most feared animals in the sea.
- 2-The policementhe criminal to catch him and send him to prison.
- 3-My family had aholiday and a wonderful time in Switzerland last winter.
- 4- The snow in the mountains of Canada was perfect for skiing .

(**hard-packed** - **weaving** - **regardless** - **marvelously** - **splendid**)

- 1-Only a few women are still good at clothes , carpets and tents.
- 2-Our house wasdecorated during the wedding of my brother yesterday.
- 3-I had a time in London with my family visiting museums and shopping.
- 4-My little brother was injured and broke his arm as he fell on theground.

(**converted** - **splendid** - **harks back** - **flank** - **marvelously**)

- 1-He always to his childhood and says that things were better then.
- 2-My father one of the bedrooms in our house into a playroom for the children.
- 3-The pyramids and temples in ancient Egypt werebuilt and designed.
- 4- I congratulated my elder sister Mariam on hersuccess at university.

Grammar

Grammar

Grammar

Unit 1

The Present Simple Tense (الزمن المضارع البسيط)

Form : The first form of the verb. (he/ she/ it) في نهاية الفعل إذا كان الفاعل مفرد **S** التكوين : هو الشكل الاول للفعل ويضاف

Use : We use it to talk about facts and regular habits. الاستخدام : يعبر عن حقائق او عادات متكررة

الكلمات الدالة: always - usually - sometimes - often - never - every

كل - ابدأ - غالبا - احيانا - عادة - دائما

▶▶ Examples ▶▶

- ✂ I always **play** football in the club.
- ✂ We usually **do** homework after school.
- ✂ You sometimes **come** late to school.
- ✂ They often **go** to the cinema.

- ✂ He never **eats** in class.
- ✂ She goes to school by car every day.
- ✂ It always **flies** high in the sky.

Negative (النفي)

- 1- I play video games at home.
 - I **don't** play games at home.
- 2- We live in the Kuwait city.
 - We **don't** live in Kuwait city.

Negative (النفي)

- 3- He eats in class.
 - He **doesn't** eat in class.
- 4- Fajer helps her mum.
 - Fajer **doesn't** help her mum.

☆☆ Exercises ☆☆

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

- 1- Reem never on the school walls.
 - a) write b) writes c) wrote d) writing
- 2- Ali always his grandparents at the weekend.
 - a) visiting b) visit c) visited d) visits
- 3- We usually messages to our friends.
 - a) send b) sends c) sending d) sent
- 4- My father sometimes me with my homework.
 - a) help b) helps c) helped d) helping
- 5- The car always very fast.
 - a) moved b) moves c) move d) moving
- 6- Hamad usually to the beach on holidays.
 - a) goes b) go c) went d) gone
- 7- We often our class.
 - a) cleans b) cleaning c) clean d) cleaned
- 8- The sun in the east.
 - a) rise b) rising c) rose d) rises
- 9- My uncle too much TV every day.
 - a) watches b) watch c) watching d) watched
- 10 I always my school bag in the evening.
 - a) packs b) pack c) packed d) packing
- 11 He usually In the swimming pool.
 - a) swim b) swims c) swam d) swum

☆☆ Exercises ☆☆

Correct the verbs in brackets :

- 1- My father usually (give) me allowance.
.....
- 2- Fahd never (eat) in class.
.....
- 3- We always (watches) TV in the evening.
.....
- 4- Hassan often (go) to the desert with his family.
.....
- 5- The students always (listens) to our teachers' advice.
.....
- 6- My sister (study) hard every day.
.....
- 7- Salem sometimes (read) books in the library.
.....
- 8- Scientists always (does) experiments in the science labs.
.....
- 9- The baby always (drink) milk.
.....
- 10- Sharks (lives) in seas and oceans.
.....
- 11- I (lives) in Kuwait.
.....
- 12 - Remas never (play) in the street.
.....
- 13- Sara often (buy) her clothes by herself.
.....
- 14- Fajer usually (wakes up) in the morning at 6 o' clock.
.....
- 15- Lions and tigers (eats) other animals.
.....
- 16- They (travels) to Dubai every year.
.....
- 17- Omar always (wash) his hands before eating.
.....
- 18- My mother often (cook) delicious food.
.....
- 19- Sara often (visit) her grandparents on Fridays.
.....

The Past Simple Tense (الزمن الماضي البسيط)

Form : The second form of the verb.

في نهاية الفعل المضارع

ed

التكوين : هو الشكل الثاني للفعل ويتم اضافة

Use : We use it to talk about completed actions in the past.

الاستخدام : يعبر عن حدث بدأ و انتهى في الماضي

Play →
arrive →
study →

played
arrived
studied

في نهاية الفعل المنتظم

في نهاية الفعل المنتظم الذي ينتهي بحرف e

في نهاية الفعل المنتظم الذي ينتهي بحرف y قبلها ساكن

-ed يضاف
-d يضاف
-ied يضاف

◀◀ الأفعال الغير منتظمة يجب أن نحفظها من جدول تصريف الأفعال مثل :

1 مضارع	2 ماضى	3 تصريف ثالث
go	went	gone
see	saw	seen
eat	ate	eaten
come	came	come
buy	bought	bought

1 مضارع	2 ماضى	3 تصريف ثالث
am / is	was	been
are	were	been
do / does	did	done
has / have	had	had

☆☆

الكلمات الدالة : yesterday - last - ago - in the past - in 2018
في عام 2018 - في الماضي - منذ - السابق - أمس

☆☆

►► Examples ►►

✂ I played football in the club yesterday.

✂ Ahmed visited Kuwait Towers last week..

✂ The pupils finished homework two hours ago.

✂ My father went to the USA in 2017.

✂ People wrote letters to one another in the past.

✂ Mariam bought a car last year.

✂ Ali saw a car accident yesterday.

Negative (النفي)

1.Ahmed visited Kuwait Towers last week.

* Ahmed didn't visit Kuwait Towers last week.

2-My father went to the USA in 2017.

* My father didn't go to the USA in 2017.

☆☆ Exercises ☆☆

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d.

- 1- Hamad his teeth before sleeping yesterday.
a) brushes b) brushed c) brush d) brushing
- 2- Seif the piano last Monday.
a) played b) play c) playing d) plays
- 3- Asel a gold medal in 2017.
a) win b) won c) wins d) winning
- 4- My father e- mails to his friends one hour ago.
a) sends b) sent c) send d) sending
- 5- The car suddenly in Hawally last night.
a) stop b) stops c) has stopped d) stopped
- 6- Noura to Alexandria to study engineering a week ago.
a) goes b) go c) went d) gone
- 7- My mother delicious cake yesterday.
a) makes b) made c) making d) make
- 8- Manal pizza in a restaurant three days ago.
a) ate b) eat c) eating d) eats
- 9- My uncle In Egypt in the past.
a) lives b) living c) has lived d) lived
- 10 I at 11 o'clock yesterday evening.
a) sleep b) slept c) have slept d) sleeping
- 11 In 2018, I a big wedding party.
a) have b) having c) had d) has
- 12 Yesterday , Meshal a lovely picture.
a) paint b) paints c) have painted d) painted
- 13 Kuwait many schools in the past.
a) built b) is building c) builds d) has built
- 14 I school at 1:35 yesterday.
a) leave b) has left c) is leaving d) left
- 15 My mother me a present when I passed the tests.
a) gives b) gave c) given d) giving
- 16 He Dr. Salem in the hospital yesterday.
a) saw b) sees c) has seen d) seeing
- 17 Ali finished homework, watched the match and to bed.
a) go b) is going c) went d) gone
- 18 I English when I was six years old.
a) study b) studies c) studying d) studied
- 19 We visited the Scientific Centre and photos.
a) take b) took c) taken d) takes
- 20 My family went to Bahrain and one week there.
a) are staying b) stayed c) have stayed d) stay

☆☆ Exercises ☆☆

Correct The verbs In brackets:

1- Dinosaurs (live) on earth in the past.

2- My mother (help) me with the difficult questions yesterday .

3- Sara (visit) her grandparents last Fridays.

4- Kuwaitis (use) to live in mud houses in the past.

5- Abdullah (answer) all the questions in the exam last Sunday.

6- I (learn) how to drive a car in 2017.

7- Adel (go) to Failaka Island last holiday.

8- Hamad (lose) his laptop in the mall three hours ago.

9- The baby (come) home late last night.

10- My father (give) me allowance yesterday.

11- My uncle (drive) the car fast to Kuwait City yesterday.

12 - Salem (swim) in the lake last week.

13- My grandfather (buy) a villa in Kuwait city in 2018.

14- Fawaz (wake up) late yesterday.

15- My sister (has) a stomach ache last night.

16- My little brother (break) my camera yesterday.

17- Ali (find) a nice shell on the beach last Monday.

18- The pupils (write) reports one hour ago.

19- Salma (do) the dishes last night.

Pronunciation of S

Plural Nouns - Verbs in Third Person



The pronunciation of words ending in S depends on the final consonant (sound). There are three ways to pronounce the S:

/ɪz/ SIBILANT	/s/ VOICELESS	/z/ VOICED
CE races S buses X boxes Z prizes SS kisses CH watches SH dishes GE changes	P sleeps K books T hats F cliffs PH graphs TH myths	B crabs D words G bags L deals M dreams N fans NG sings R wears V gloves Y plays
Sibilant Sound a hissing or buzzing sound	Voiced Sound uses the vocal cords and it produces a vibration or humming sound in the throat	

www.grammar.cl www.woodwardenglish.com www.vocabulary.cl

EX. (1) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

I always (**gets up** – **getting up** – **get up**) at 6 o'clock. I often (**have** – **has** - **had**) a shower and get dressed. My brother Hamad usually (**eat** - **eats** - **ate**) his breakfast at home. We (**go** - **goes** – **went**) to school by car every day.

EX. (2) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

A good student always (**study** - **studies** - **us studying**) lessons regularly. Yesterday, I (**seek** - **seeks** - **sought**) my English notebook to do my homework. I (**don't** - **didn't** - **doesn't**) find it. My parents were annoyed as I sometimes (**leave** - **left** - **leaves**) my belongings in class.

EX. (3) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

Lamees Nijem (**go** - **went** - **goes**) on an expedition to the North Pole in 2018. She (**didn't** - **doesn't** - **don't**) go alone. But she (**accompanies** - **accompany** - **accompanied**) three other female explorers from the Arabian Gulf. They (**sleeps** – **sleeping** - **slept**) in tents for ten days in the Arctic wilderness.



dog, cat, horse, student, teacher, apple,
Mary and etc...

realize, walk, see, look, sing, sit, listen
and etc...

at, in, on, about, to, for, from and etc...

he, she, it, we, they, him, her, this ,that
and etc...

loudly, always, never, late, soon etc...

Examples; red, tall, fat, long, short, blue, beautiful, sour, bitter and etc...

Examples; and, because, yet, therefore, moreover, since, or, so, until, but and etc...

Bravo! Well! Aha! Hooray! Yeah! Oops!
Phew!

Play – Sara - teacher - In - He - beautiful - Oops! - because - of - quickly - highly - but - sleep -and- Fahd - school - from- Kuwait - we - so - good - fish - great - study - is - short - eat - yeah! - DVD - baby - father – moreover - to - with – Live - bus – mosque - banana – cow - always – usually - soon - blue- this- over –nice –Well!

[illegible]

Forming questions (تكوين السؤال)

Question words (ادوات الاستفهام)

What	(تسال عن الاشياء)	ما ، ماذا
Where	(تسال عن المكان)	اين
When	(تسال عن الزمان)	متى
Who	(تسال عن الانسان)	من
Why	(تسال عن السبب)	لماذا
Which	(تسال عن الاشياء)	ايهما

How	(تسال عن الوسيلة الطريقة)	كيف
How old		كم للعمر
How many		كم عد
How much		كم كمية ، كم ثمن
How long		كم المدة الزمنية ، كم طول
How often		كم مرة
How far		كم المسافة

طريقة عمل السؤال المفتوح (Open Ended Questions)

Question word + auxiliary verb + subject + main verb + the rest of the sentence.

1	2	3	4	5
(اداة الاستفهام)	(فعل مساعد)	(فاعل)	(فعل أساسي)	(باقي الجملة)

زمن المضارع المستمر (The Present continuous)

- What
1- **Fahd is eating** pizza in a restaurant now.
What **is Fahd eating** in a restaurant now?
- where
1- **Fahd is eating** pizza in a restaurant now.
Where **is Fahd eating** pizza now?
- when
1- **Fahd is eating** pizza in a restaurant now.
When **is Fahd eating** pizza in a restaurant?

في السؤال تتحول الكلمات التالية

I/me/we → you
my/our → your

Exercises

- 2- The pupils **are doing** homework at home now.

.....
.....
.....

زمن الماضي المستمر (The Past Continuous)

- What where when
3- Mona **was reading** a story in the library yesterday.

.....
.....
.....

زمن المضارع التام (The Present Perfect)

في السؤال تتحول الكلمات التالية

I/me /we → you
my /our → your

4- I have stayed in Dubai for two weeks.

✍.....

✍.....

4- Ali has got three brothers.

✍.....

زمن المستقبل البسيط (The future simple)

5- I will visit my uncle in London Tomorrow.

✍.....

✍.....

✍.....

زمن المضارع البسيط (The Present Simple)



Does + play

6- Ali plays tennis in the club on Fridays.

✍.....

✍.....

Do + go

7- We go to school by car every day.

✍.....

✍.....

play	= do + play
help	= do + help
go	= do + go
eats	= does + eat
plays	= does + play
visits	= does + visit
played	= did + play
cleaned	= did + clean
went	= did + go
slept	= did + sleep

زمن الماضي البسيط (The Past Simple)

did + watch

8- Sara watched the film at home two hours ago.

✍.....

✍.....

9- My father bought a car from Salmiya yesterday.

✍.....

✍.....

10 - My sister sent an e-mail to her friend last week.

✍.....

✍.....

Make a Question

1- Sara wears a new dress for the wedding party.

.....

2-He went to hospital because he was ill.

.....

3-Fajer has got three brothers.

.....

4-Remas gets up at 6 o'clock every day.

.....

5-Fawaz is reading books at home now.

.....

6-Sara eats lunch at a restaurant.

.....

7-They are going to stay in London next year.

.....

8-They found a treasure in a shipwreck.

.....

9-Saleh saw a car accident on the 6th ring road last week.

.....

10-My dad gave me a nice present yesterday.

.....

11-I saw my friend in the shopping mall two days ago.

.....

12-She visits her grandma at the weekend.

.....

13-My dad lived in Dubai for three years.

.....

14-My mom is making a delicious cake at the moment.

.....

15-The car costs 5000 kd.

.....

16-We go to Failaka by boat every summer.

.....

17-She has finished her assignment two hours ago.

.....

18-I travelled by plane to Alexandria last summer.

.....

19-Polar bears prey on seals in the north pole.

.....

20-My dad will buy a new car tomorrow.

.....

21-My brother studied medicine in Egypt last year.

.....

22-We are spending our holiday in France next winter.

.....

23- I am going to read books at the school library.

.....

Make a Question

1- Yes, my father is a police officer.

2- Yes. I have got a new car.

3- Yes. I am doing my homework.

4- Yes, Fahd was writing a report.

5- Yes, Remas went to New York.

6- Yes, Sara tidies her room.

7- Yes, my mom will help me with my homework.

8- Yes, Mohammed has got a play station.

9- Yes, Hoor swims in the swimming pool.

10-Yes, I go to school by car.

11-Yes, I brush my teeth twice a day.

12-Yes, Omar likes fish.

13- No, I don't play video gamed.

14-No, she doesn't eat sushi.

15-No, they didn't travel abroad.

16-No, he hasn't got any sisters.

17-No, Remas doesn't tell lies.

18-No, Mariem doesn't eat fast food.

19-No, Afnan didn't stay up late.

20-No, I don't watch the daily news.

21-No, Saleh wasn't absent yesterday.

22-No, Fawaz hasn't been to the USA yet.

23-No, I can't fly a plane.

24-No, Manal won't live in Canada.

25-No, we shouldn't call the police.

26-No,they weren't shopping at the Avenues.

Negative (قواعد النفي)

عند وجود أفعال ناقصة , نضع بعدها كلمة not (n')

1- I am American.

2- My father is a policeman.

3- They are doing homework now.

4- My friends were watching TV yesterday at 5 o'clock.

5- Hamad was reading a story one hour ago.

6- The students will go on a camping trip tomorrow.

7- I can speak English very well.

8- You must wear the school uniform.

9- Mohammed has got an expensive car.

10- Remass could walk when she was one year old.

1- Hamad plays football in the club.

Hamad doesn't play football in the club.....

2- The pupils play football in the club.

The pupils don't play football in the club.

3- Asel likes reading storybooks .

4- My friends like swimming and volleyball.

5- Sharks eat small fish.

6- Nora types an e-mail to her friend.

7- Teachers help us at school.

8- Doctors give us medicine at hospital.

9- Fahd goes to school at 7:15 every day.

10- We go to school at 7:15 every day.

1- Ahmed visited Kuwait Towers yesterday.

Ahmed didn't visit Kuwait Towers yesterday

2- Mariem watched a new movie yesterday.

3- People used to travel by camel in the past.

4- Mohammed finished his homework 2 hours ago.

5- I went to the USA last week.

6- Ali saw a car accident on the 6th ring road.

7- My dad bought a nice villa last year.

am
is
are
was
were

has
have + not (n't)
had

can → cannot = can't
could
shall
should
will → will not = won't
would
may
might
must

doesn't + مصدر الفعل
don't

نستخدم
didn't + مصدر الفعل

Unit 2

زمن المستقبل

The Future tense

1- الطريقة الاولى باستخدام (مصدر + be going to)

1- Future form	uses
فعل مصدر + am going to (سوف) فعل مصدر + is going to (سوف) فعل مصدر + are going to (سوف)	
I am going to buy a new car.	خطط مستقبلية (Future plan)
Look at those clouds. It is going to rain .	التنبؤ مع وجود دليل (Prediction with evidence)

2- الطريقة الثانية باستخدام (مصدر + will)

1- Future form	uses
فعل مصدر + Will	
I will live in the Dubai in the future.	احداث مستقبلية (Future events)
This book is great. You will like it.	التنبؤ مع عدم وجود دليل (Prediction without evidence)
It is hot in here. I will turn on the air conditioner.	قرار سريع (Quick decision)
You have many bags. I will carry them for you.	تقديم عرض (Making offer)
Don't worry. I will take care of myself.	الوعد (Making promises)

Ex. (1) choose the correct answer: (4x2=8)

I (**am going to celebrate - will celebrate - celebrates**) my birthday next Monday. My dad (**will give - is going to give - giving**) a birthday party that night. I think I (**will get -is going to get-am going to get**) many wonderful gifts from my friends . I hope everyone (**are going to enjoy-enjoyed-will enjoy**) the birthday party.

EX. (2) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

Tomorrow, I (**am going to go – will go – go**) to the club. The weather (**is – will be – is going to be**) fine because the sky is clear. My brother is clever. He (**is going to play – will play – playing**) many games. If it rains, we (**aren't going to enjoy – don't enjoy – won't enjoy**) our time there. My father bought me a new camera last week, so I (**will take – am going to take – take**) some photos.

EX. (3) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

In fact, my father offered that he (**will give – is going to give – gives**) me his I-phone mobile if I do well in the exam. Because I am always clever, I promised him I (**get – will get – am going to get**) the highest mark. My mother is very rich. She gives me a lot of money. I am going to (**buy – buys – buying**) her a gold necklace for her great efforts.

Ex. (4) choose the correct answer: (4 x 2=8 M)

We (**are going to celebrate - will celebrate - can celebrate**) the National Day next February. The weather (**will be - is going to be - might be**) very cold. That is why all people (**are going to switch off - will switch off - will be able to switch off**) the air conditioners. If it rains, we (**aren't going to go out - don't go out - won't go out**) for shopping.

EX. (5) Do as shown between brackets (3x2=6 M)

1. I am very hungry now. I think I (eat) a sandwich. (Correct the verb)
.....
2. I am going to study medicine in The USA next year. (Ask a question)
.....
3. My dad will buy a new car tomorrow. (Make Negative)
.....

EX. (6) Do as shown between brackets (3x2=6 M)

- 1-My father (travel) to London tonight at 10 pm. (correct the verb)
.....
- 2- Remas has got her camera. she (take) photos. (correct the verb)
.....
- 3-I bought a meal. I (have) lunch. (correct the verb)
.....
- 4-Ali is very ill. He (see) a doctor. (correct the verb)
.....
- 5-They brought their play station. They (play) games. (correct the verb)
.....
- 6-I go to the beach with my friends next weekend. (correct the verb)
.....
- 7-I am thirsty. I think I buy a drink. (correct the verb)
.....
- 8-That looks heavy. I help you with it. (correct the verb)
.....
- 9-Don't worry. I keep it secret. (correct the verb)
.....
- 10-If you go to London, you see new places. (correct the verb)
.....
- 11-I **think** I watch Tv tonight. (correct the verb)
.....
- 12-I **hope** you visit me at home. (correct the verb)
.....
- 13-I **probably** help do the dishes for mom. (correct the verb)
.....
- 14- It is too cold outside. I wear my jacket. (correct the verb)
.....

Unit 3

Second Conditional

If لو

تستخدم للتعبير عن شيء لا يمكن تحقيقه الآن لأنه آمانيات وخيال في الوقت الحاضر
(it is impossible or unlikely to happen)

If + past simple , would + inf.

- 1-If we visited London, we would see Big Ben .
- 2-If we had enough money , we would buy a new car.
- 3-If Ali ate healthy food , he would feel better .
- 4-If I were a pilot, I would visit all countries.
- 5-If I were you , I would go to the doctor.

correct the verb

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1- If Fawaz (study) , he would pass the test. | correct the verb |
| 2-If I (get up) earlier , I would catch the train. | correct the verb |
| 3-If we(go) to the USA, we would see new places. | correct the verb |
| 4-If I ate lunch, I (not feel) hungry. | correct the verb |
| 5-If she practiced a sport, she (be) fit. | correct the verb |
| 6-I would ask you if I (need) any help. | correct the verb |
| 7-I (tell) my dad if I were you. | correct the verb |
| 8-I (do) my homework if I were you. | correct the verb |
| 9-If I had an accident, I (go) to hospital. | correct the verb |
| 10-If I were you , I (carry) it with two hands. | correct the verb |
| 11- I would buy a new car If I (have) enough money,. | correct the verb |
| 12-If we played properly , we (win) the match. | correct the verb |
| 13-If I had time , I (tidy) my room. | correct the verb |
| 14- You would feel better If you (sleep) properly. | correct the verb |
| 15- If my mum (help) me with homework, I 'd do it quickly. | correct the verb |
| 16- If Remas (study) hard she would get full marks. | correct the verb |

Relative pronouns ضمائر الوصل

للإنسان	الذي	Who
لغير الإنسان (أشياء - حيوانات)	الذي	Which
	للملكية	Whose

The **man** who was talking to me is my uncle.

This is the **camera** which I bought yesterday.

- 1- A pilot is a person flies a plane .
- 2- Animalslive in the nature park are rare.
- 3- I met the doctor gave me medicine.
- 4- This is the teacher..... teaches us English.
- 5- Students, respect others ,are loved.
- 6- I saw the movie is about space.
- 7- This is the bag I bought yesterday.
- 8- This is my unclehouse is located by the sea.
- 9- People, live in London, have to speak English.
- 10- My father bought a car is very expensive.
- 11- Salma..... won the gold medal, is my sister.
- 12- The boy,bike was stolen, is my brother.
- 13- I saw Salma won the gold cup in swimming last week.
- 14- My cousin, lives in Canada, always e-mail us.
- 15- I met the doctor gave me medicine before.
- 16- The student,father is a police officer, came first at school.

- 1- The water is used for drinking. It comes from a well.

- 2- The Eskimo people wear warm clothes. They live in the Arctic

- 3- The panda sleeps all day. It is an endangered animal.

- 4- Ali is studying IT in the USA. He won a scholarship.

- 5- Titanic is my favourite film. It was made many years ago.

- 6- My house is very big. It is located in Al Jahra.

- 7- The girl had a car accident. The girl's name is Reem.

- 8- The doctor lives next door. The doctor's house was on fire.

- 9- The house is very beautiful. The house's windows are coloured.

- 10- The student can go now. The student's parents are waiting.

EX. (1) Choose the correct answer: (4x2= 8 M)

My neighbour, (which - who - whose) son is very naughty, has a big dog. It is the same dog, (who - which - whose) always barks night and day and makes noise in the area. All the other people, (which - who - whose) live in our place, complain about it. Yesterday, my husband, (which - who - whose) is very busy, saw the dog biting a small boy walking in the street.

EX. (1) Choose the correct answer: (4x2= 8 M)

Our grandparents (used to - use to - uses to) live a simple life. If they wanted to eat healthy food, they (will have - would have - would have had) fresh vegetables and fruits. If their children wanted to enjoy their time, they (would tell - will tell - told) them stories. Nowadays, people of different ages surf the Internet for exciting online games. If I were them, I (would help- help – will help) my children to do any physical activity daily.

Ex. (3) choose the correct answer: (4x2=8)

Our health is very important to live a better life. If I (**am - is - were**) a doctor, I (**will help- can help - would help**) all people. If I (**have – has - had**) much money , I would give away much of it to charity fundraising committees . If the patients were poor, I (**will –would -may**) give them medical treatment and supplies for free.

Ex. (4) choose the correct answer: (4x2=8)

Hamad is a good student (**which -who- whose**) likes sport very much .His father bought him a new motorbike (**whose –which –who**) is very expensive. A thief , (**which -who- whose**) name is Yasser, stole his motorbike. Hamad went to the police station and asked the police officer, (**whose –which –who**) was there ,to search for it and bring it back to him.

Ex. (5) choose the correct answer: (4x2=8)

Dreams are very important in man's life. A person, (**which – who – whose**) has a dream, can work hard to reach it. If you were a dreamer, you (**will be – are – would be**) creative. You can think of creating a machine (**whose – which – who**) helps a lot of people. A student, (**who – whose – which**) mind is active, can do the best.

Unit 4

The Present Continuous Tense (زمن المضارع المستمر)

I	am		
(he- she-it) المفرد	is	+ Verb ing	يتكون من :
(we- you-they) الجمع	are	.	

الكلمات الدالة : tonight - today - tomorrow - in the evening - next – in 2022
الاستخدام : يعبر عن ترتيبات وخطط مستقبلية.

1 - I am buying a car tomorrow.

2 - Ali is living in Canada next year.

3 - We are playing in the club this evening .

☆☆

☆☆ Exercises ☆☆

- 1- The students the scientific centre next Sunday.
a) visit b) are visiting c) visiting d) is visiting
- 2- My mother..... meat and rice tomorrow..
a) cooking b) is cooking c) cooked d) cooks
- 3- I my homework in the evening.
a) is doing b) am doing c) are doing d) does
- 4- Saradinner in a restaurant tonight.
a) are having b) is having c) had d) having
- 5- At night , I a story about animals.
a) read b) is reading c) am reading d) reads
- 6- Hamad his school project next week.
a) does b) doing c) is doing d) did
- 7- They the internet to get information today.
a) are surfing b) am surfing c) surfing d) surfed
- 8- Ali the guitar in the party tonight .
a) playing b) are playing c) is playing d) plays
- 9- Kuwait new schools next year.
a) builds b) are building c) watching d) is building
- 10 I along the beach with my mum tomorrow.
a) am walking b) walks c) walked d) is walking
- 11 Ito the airport to pick up my brother this evening.
a) go b) going c) am going d) went
- 12 Next year, We a holiday in Egypt.
a) have b) is having c) have had d) are having

Exercises

Correct The Verbs In Brackets:

1- Hamad (train) for the running race next week.

.....

2- My mother (work) in her office this evening.

.....

3- Remas (shop) in the Avenues tonight.

.....

4- I (do) homework at the weekend.

.....

5- Adel (study) English in his room in the afternoon.

.....

6- We (prepare) for the party tomorrow .

.....

7- They (swim) in the pool at the weekend.

.....

8- I (visit) my grandparents in Kuwait City tonight.

.....

9- Sara (read) stories this afternoon.

.....

10- I (watch) a movie this evening.

.....

11- We (travel) to Dubai next week.

.....

12 – Fawaz (camp) in the desert tomorrow.

.....

13- I (play) video games at home tonight.

.....

14 - Hamad (swim) in the sea next Monday.

.....

The past Continuous Tense (زمن الماضي المستمر)

المفرد (I - he- she-it)

was

+

Verb ing

يتكون من :

الجمع (we- you-they)

were

☆☆

When - While / as :

الكلمات الدالة

عندما - حينما

☆☆

الاستخدام : يعبر عن حدث استمر لفترة زمنية في الماضي

►► Examples ►►

✍ I was watching the match yesterday evening (for two hours).

✍ We were playing games yesterday at 5 o'clock.

✍ What were you doing yesterday at 5 o'clock?

☆☆

✍ While I was reading a story , my father arrived.

✍ While we were eating , the bell rang.

☆☆

✍ When I saw the shark , I was swimming.

✍ When Dad phoned , you were sleeping.

☆☆

☆☆ Exercises ☆☆

1- While I, I fell down.

a) played

b) playing

c) was playing

d) were playing

2- My mother..... When I came home.

a) cooking

b) was cooking

c) cooked

d) cooks

3- The police stopped them while they fast.

a) driving

b) drove

c) was driving

d) were driving

4- The baby when I arrived.

a) were sleeping

b) was sleeping

c) slept

d) sleeps

5- The car very fast when the accident happened.

a) was running

b) is running

c) ran

d) has run

6- While Hamad was eating Snacks, the bell

a) rings

b) rang

c) is ringing

d) rung

- 7- Sara homework when mum called her.
 a) is doing b) was doing c) did d) were doing
- 8- Fawaz the accident while he was walking in the street.
 a) see b) is seeing c) saw d) sees
- 9- While the pupils , they heard a scream.
 a) playing b) was playing c) play d) were playing
- 10 I my lessons when uncle visited us.
 a) was studying b) studied c) studies d) am studying
- 11 My father hurt himself While he meat.
 a) cutting b) was cutting c) is cutting d) are cutting
- 12 When I met Fahd , I on the beach.
 a) run b) was running c) were running d) am running

☆☆ Exercises ☆☆

Correct The Verbs In Brackets:

1-While Hamad (do) homework , the light (go) off.

.....

2- My mother (work) in her office when I (arrive).

.....

3- When I (call) you , I (watch) the movie.

.....

4- While the engineers (work) , it (rain) heavily.

.....

5- We (wait) for the ferry when we (see) a big bird.

.....

6- My uncle (drive) fast when we have an accident.

.....

7- As they (dive) , sharks (attack) them .

.....

8- While Abdullah (send) e mails, the computer (break) down .

.....

9- Fajr (shop) when she (see) her friends.

.....

10- When we (meet) Salwa , we (walk) on the beach.

.....

11- As they (have) lunch , the doorbell rang .

.....

12 – While Aziz (stretch) , the couch (call) him.

.....

13- Remas (play) the violin when Sara (ask) her a question.

.....

14 - They (sleep) when a thief (break) into their house.

.....

15- Saleh (fall) off while he (ride) his bike.

.....

EX. (1) Choose the correct answer: (4x2= 8 M)

My cousin (is preparing - have prepared - would prepare) for her wedding party next Thursday. I (will plan - am planning - shall plan) to be with her all the time. Her groom's parents (am invite - is inviting - are inviting) many guests for the wedding. All the family and friends (are coming - come - has come) with nice presents for the beautiful bride.

Choose the correct answer:

Today is a fine day. We are on the beach. I (sit – sat – am sitting) in front of the sea. The sun (shine – shines – is shining). Look, the boys (are playing – were playing – playing) with the sand. Listen, someone (cries – is crying – cried) to his sons. My mother (walk – walks – is walking) on the beach at the moment. My father is still (talk – talks – talking) on the phone.

EX. (3) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

Remas was very clever at school . While she (**study – was studying – were studying**) English in her bedroom , the doorbell (**rings - ring – rang**). When her younger brother (**rushes –rushing - rushed**) to open the door , her mother (**was cooking – were cooking – cook**) dinner. It was their father (**who – which - whose**) often forgets his keys.

EX. (4) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

While I (**am crossing – is crossing - was crossing**) the street, a car stopped. The old man, who (**was driving – is driving – driving**) the car, asked me about the nearest bank. At night, when I went to the park next to my house, that man (**giving – was giving – is giving**) a lot of money to the poor. Now, I (**helping – am helping – was helping**) people like that man.

Unit 5

Passive (المبني للمجهول)

بمعني ان الفاعل غير معروف او غير مهم .

We use the passive form when We focus on the action not who does it.

When it is important to say who did the action, use by.

1- نقسم الجملة 3 أجزاء (الفاعل + الفعل + المفعول)

2- نبدأ بالمفعول به

3- نطبق القاعدة حسب الزمن الموجود

Tense	Active	Passive	Rule
1-Present Continuous	Fawaz <u>is playing</u> games.	Games <u>are being played</u> .	is are + being + pp
2-Past Continuous	The painter <u>was painting</u> the house.	The house <u>was being painted</u> .	was were +being + pp
3-Simple Future will	Manal <u>will buy</u> a new car.	A new car <u>will be bought</u> .	Will + be + pp
4- can could must	1-Mariam <u>can</u> do the housework. 2-Fahed <u>could</u> ride a camel. 3- We <u>must</u> follow the rules.	The housework <u>can be done</u> . A camel <u>could be ridden</u> . The rules <u>must be followed</u> .	can could + be + pp must

Present Continuous (مضارع مستمر)

1. Hamad is drinking a cup of tea at the moment.

2. Fahd is washing the car now.

3. Remas is doing the school project.

4. She is taking a picture now.

5. I am writing a poem at present time.

6. We are playing football.

7. He is eating sandwiches in a restaurant.

8. Kuwait is building schools nowadays.

9. Scientists are inventing robots and useful machines.

10.The pupils are practicing different sports.

is
are + being + p.p.

Past Continuous (ماضي مستمر)

1- We were eating delicious cakes in a famous restaurant .

was

2-He was playing the guitar with his band.

were + being + p.p.

3-She was watching a film yesterday evening.

4-I was repairing my bike .

5-They were making much noise in class.

6-We were painting the gate.

7-You were helping our mom.

8-He was feeding the wild dogs.

9-Hamad was sending e-mails to his friends.

10-Ali was drawing a picture of his house.

11-The government were taking many important decisions.

(Passive with modals) will / can / could/ must

1-Scientists can predict volcanos.

will

2-Satellites could track storms everywhere.

can + be + p.p.

3-Fahad will drive the car very fast.

could

must

4-My brother can speak German and Spanish

5-The helicopter must rescue many injured people.

6-I will fly a plane after much training.

7-Seif must do all the housework by himself.

8-NASA can send astronauts into space.

9- Fahad could eat twenty sandwiches in five minutes.

10-The USA will send spaceships to Saturn.

11-I can answer all the question in ten minutes.

12-She could carry the heavy box.

13-I will open the window.

14-We can play cards.

16-He must fill in the form.

18-Meshaal could read the sentence.

19- Remas will visit Kuwait towers next week.

20- Ahmed could buy a new bike yesterday.

EX. (1) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

Smart phones (**used – are being used – were used**) everywhere all over the world nowadays. They (**can regard - can regarded - can be regarded**) as the best inventions of modern time. In the past, the first mobile phones (**was being used - were being used - is being used**) just for calling as they didn't have cameras or internet service .In the future, new editions (**will invent – invent – will be invented**) to make our life better and easier.

Unit 6

Order of adjectives (ترتيب الصفات)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Opinion	Size	Age	Shape	Colour	Origin	Material
رأي	حجم وارتفاع	عمر	شكل وزن طول	لون	دولة	مادة
nice lovely beautiful cool good delicious interesting exciting ugly boring bad	big large huge small little tiny tall short	new modern ancient antique old young	fat thin long oval round square triangle rectangle	green blue purple blue black brown yellow white pink	Kuwaiti Italian Chinese Egyptian American Canadian French German Indian British	silk woolen cotton paper metal iron wooden gold plastic clay

1-My dad gave me **beautiful large black** mobile phone.

2-A **little old British** man lives next door.

3-We bought a **nice modern square** villa in Salmiya.

(A) Complete the sentences with the right order of the given adjectives:

1- My father bought a **white/square/small** villa for us.

2- Salma gave me a **wooden/beautiful/blue** box.

3- I made a **green/huge/delicious** salad.

4- They bought **wooden/ strong/ brown** chairs.

5-The coach gave **golden/precious/big** medals to the winners.

6- I bought a **Japanese /good/ golden** watch for my brother in his birthday.

7-We have got **wooden/ beautiful/ blue** table in our dining room.

8- Sara bought a **silk/ blue/ new** dress.

9- My mom made a **round /big /delicious** cake.

10-I wanted to buy a **Japanese /rectangle/ fantastic** car.

11-I saw a **Kuwaiti /beautiful /young** lady.

12-My brother had a **woolen /English /wonderful** jacket.

13- We bought **Egyptian/ cotton/ modern** clothes

14-My dining room has got a **new /round /Italian** table.

15- I bought a **lovely /new /ceramic/** mug last week.

16- My dad wants to buy a **German /black/ beautiful** car.

17-Remas bought a **new /comfortable/ blue** dress yesterday.

18- My grandpa has got a **French/ old/ wonderful** clock.

19- I saw an **amazing /red/ huge** balloon in the city centre.

20-Have you seen my **leather/new /black** bag?

21-My brother has a **large/ scary/ brown** dog.

The Present perfect Tense (زمن المضارع التام)

يتكون من : (التصريف الثالث)

has
p.p.
have

المفرد (he- she-it)
الجمع (I - we- you-they)

الكلمات الدالة : just - already - recently - for - since - yet - ever - never
ابدا - قبل الان - حتى الان - منذ - لمدة - حديثا - بالفعل - توا

الاستخدام : 1- يعبر عن حدث بدا في الماضي وانتهى الان (او ما زال اثره مستمرا)

►► Examples ►►

✂ Mona has just finished homework.

✂ We have already watched that film.

✂ Kuwait has recently built sky scrapers.

✂ We have lived in Kuwait for 12 years.

✂ We have lived in Kuwait since 2010.

✂ Have you ever ridden a horse ?

✂ No, I have never ridden a horse.

✂ have you played tennis yet ?

✂ I haven't played tennis yet.

بعدها : مدة زمنية كاملة (رقم)

For *two minutes*
(المدة) *three hours*
four days
Five weeks
Six months
Seven years
a long time
ages /months/ days/weeks years

بعدها : بداية المدة الزمنية

Since *yesterday*
(منذ) *last week*
Monday
March
October
I was four. (جملة)
I met her. (جملة)
2008
five o'clock

☆☆ Exercises ☆☆

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

- 1- Seif English for three hours.
a) have studied b) has studied c) study d) is studying
- 2- I him since last year.
a) saw b) hasn't seen c) haven't seen d) seen
- 3- The pupils yet.
a) didn't come b) haven't come c) hasn't come d) came
- 4- Have you Dubai yet?
a) visited b) is visiting c) visits d) was visiting
- 5- she ever been diving ?
a) has b) have c) are having d) has had
- 6- you ever lived in Canada?
a) has b) have c) are having d) has had
- 7- I have never cigarettes.
a) are smoking b) smoked c) smoking d) have smoked
- 8- Manal read this story since 2018.
a) have b) has c) is d) are
- 9- The doctors have just the operation.
a) done b) are doing c) did d) is doing
- 10 My father has already home.
a) has arrived b) arrive c) arrived d) arriving
- 11 They School since two o'clock.
a) has left b) leaving c) is leaving d) have left
- 12 Hoor hasn't written e – mails to her friends
a) already b) just c) yet d) for
- 13 My father has already home.
a) has arrived b) arrive c) arrived d) arriving
- 14 They school since two o'clock.
a) has left b) leaving c) is leaving d) have left
- 15 Hamad and Waleed in the pool yet.
a) haven't swum b) hasn't swum c) didn't swim d) swimming
- 16 Ali has..... played tennis in the club.
a) yet b) just c) for d) since
- 17 We have studied English 2015.
a) already b) just c) for d) since
- 18 Sara has been painting three hours.
a) yet b) just c) for d) since
- 19 Sara has been painting three o'clock.
a) yet b) already c) for d) since
- 20 I haven't seen that movie along time.
a) yet b) just c) for d) since
- 21 Mariam has been to London last November.
a) yet b) already c) for d) since
- 22 Have you been to the USA?
a) yet b) ever c) for d) since

Correct The Verbs In Brackets:

1- The visitors already (arrive) to our house .

2- My brother (not finish) all his work yet .

3- The camera just (break) into pieces.

4- We (see) that movie for two hours.

5- My father (sleep) for eight hours.

6- Kuwait (build) hundreds schools since 2015 .

7- I (swim) in the pool since five o ' clock.

8- I never (drink) Alcohol .

9- Have you ever (speak) French?.

10- The horse (eat) for a long time.

11- We (not meet) Dr. Salem since I was in grade five.

12 - Anod (not eat) pizza since last week.

13- I (not travel) to Bahrain since October.

14 - He(is) at this school since 2017.

15- I (live) in this house for ten years

16- Have you ever (win) a medal?

17- Mariam (know) her best friend since they were young.

18- Seif and Mariam (already finish) all the housework.

19- Nora (just buy) a new bag

20 – The children (not wash) their hands yet.

21- I (stay) in Mekka for two weeks.

The Present Perfect Continuous (الزمن المضارع التام المستمر)

(he - she - it) + اسم مفرد → **has been + V ing** : يتكون من

(I - we - you - they) + اسم جمع → **have been + V ing**
الكلمات الدالة :

for / since / all day , morning , evening / till now / still

الاستخدام : يعبر عن حدث بدا في الماضي و ما زال مستمرا في الحاضر و المستقبل

Examples

1-I have been working here **since** three o'clock.

2-She has been studying English **for** five years.

3-It has been raining **all** day.

4-We haven't been watching the film **till** now.

5-Have you been listening to me?

6-What have you been doing **all evening**?

Test Yourself

Correct the underlined verbs:-

1-She(draw) a nice picture for three hours **till** now.

2- My mother **already** (cook) delicious food.

3- I (study) English since I was six years old and **still** studying it.

4- He (not finish) playing football **yet**.

5- What you (do) since 10 o'clock **till** midnight?

6- I **just** (do) my homework.

7- She hasn't (arrive) **already**.

8- Hamad(sleep)for five hours **till** now.

9- We **recently**(know) about his illness.

EX. (1) Choose the correct answer: (4 x 2 = 8 M)

Fawaz is a talented student who has lived in Kuwait (**for – since – ago**) 2005.

He (**has learned - have learned -has been learning**) English for nine years till now. He has (**already - for - yet**) won many medals . Fawaz (**has come – have come- coming**) first at school because of his hard work and determination.

EX. (2) Choose the correct answer:

I (**has worked - have been working - worked**) in the USA for a long time. I have been meeting many people of different nationalities (**since - for - all**) my time there. Actually, all of them (**will try - have been trying - has tried**) to work hard to make fortune. Travelling to America has been my dream (**since - for - all**) my life.

Choose the correct answer:

My father **is** always busy. He (**has done – do – hasn't done**) his work yet. He (**has been sending – has sent – is sending**) emails the whole day. I'd like to help him but I (**have written – have been writing – write**) my homework since the afternoon.

1- Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Many people don't know that chocolate was first discovered almost 4,000 years ago. It was made from the beans of the cacao trees. For several centuries in pre-modern Latin America, cacao beans were used as money.

Since the time of its discovery, the Spanish have been obsessed with chocolate. At first, Spanish explorers did not like the taste of chocolate, so some tried mixing it with sugar or honey. This made the drink sweet. By the late 1500s, chocolate drinks were only popular with Spanish Kings and Queens. They were very expensive and a symbol of wealth and power until 1800s.

People who really love chocolate are called "chocoholics." The first chocoholics did not eat chocolate. Instead, they drank it. Early chocolate drinks were not sweetened like hot chocolate or chocolate milk.

The most chocolate eaten today is milk chocolate which has milk powder, but people also eat white chocolate and dark chocolate. Dark chocolate is not sweet. It has cocoa solids and cocoa butter. Both cocoa and dark chocolate are good for the brain and **they** help prevent heart diseases. Several studies have shown that eating small amounts of dark chocolate can lower your blood pressure, reduce stress, and stop some diseases.

Chocolate is **toxic** to some animals and may kill them. Some chemicals in chocolate are poisonous to dogs, cats and parrots. Therefore, they should never be given chocolate.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (6 x 2 = 12 Marks)

9. What is the main idea of the 3rd paragraph?

- a. Early chocolate drinks were sweet.
- b. All types of chocolate were eaten by chocoholics.
- c. Chocoholics are the people who discovered chocolate.
- d. Unsweet chocolate was drunk by the first chocoholics.

10. The underlined word '**toxic**' in the 5th paragraph means:

- a. tasty
- b. popular
- c. dangerous
- d. annoying

11. The underlined word '**they**' in the 4th paragraph refers to:

- a. milk chocolate and milk powder
- b. white chocolate and dark chocolate
- c. cocoa solids and cocoa butter
- d. cocoa and dark chocolate

12. To make chocolate sweet, we can mix it with:

- a. cocoa butter
- b. cocoa solids
- c. milk powder
- d. sugar or honey

13. According to the passage, which of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**?

- a. Chocolate is made from cocoa beans.
- b. In the past, chocolate was used as money.
- c. Spanish explorers made chocolate sweet.
- d. Dogs and cats can eat chocolate.

14. What is the author's purpose in writing this text?

- a. To describe how to grow a chocolate tree.
- b. To tell us about chocolate and its history.
- c. To list the types of chemicals in chocolate.
- d. To explain how chocolate is made and sold.

b) Answer the following questions: (2 X 2 = 4 Marks)

15. Why were chocolate drinks popular only with the Spanish Kings and Queens?

.....

16. What are the benefits of dark chocolate?

.....

2- Reading (16 marks)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

A lady and her husband went to meet the president of Harvard. Since they were dressed poorly the president wasn't interested in meeting them. After making them wait for a long time he agreed to see them.

The lady told him, "We had a son who attended Harvard for one year. He loved Harvard. He was happy here. But about a year ago, he was accidentally killed by a careless driver. And my husband and I would like to build a memorial to him, somewhere here."

The president was shocked. "Madam," he said angrily. "We can't put up a statue for every person who attended Harvard and died. If we did, this place would look like a cemetery. "Oh, no," the lady explained quickly. "We don't want to build a statue. We thought we would like to give a building to Harvard." The president rolled his eyes then exclaimed, "A building! Do you have any idea how much a building costs? We have over seven and a half million dollars in the physical department at Harvard." For a moment the lady was silent. The president was pleased. He could get rid of them now. And the lady turned to her husband and said quietly, "Is that all it costs to start a University? Why don't we just start our own?" Her husband agreed. The president was shocked. Mr. and Mrs. Leland Stanford walked away, travelling to California where they established the University that has their name (Stanford), a memorial to a son that Harvard no longer cared about.

a) From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer: (6X2=12 Marks)

9. What is the main idea of the passage?

- a- How the son was killed.
- b- How Harvard university was built.
- c- How Stanford university was established.
- d- How the lady and her husband became rich.

10. Which of the following means the underlined word "**shocked**" in the 3rd paragraph?

- a- afraid
- b- proud
- c- surprised
- d- modest

11. What does the underlined word "**him**" in the 2nd paragraph refer to?

- a- driver
- b- son
- c- husband
- d- president

12. Mr. and Mrs. Leland Stanford decided to start a university:

- a- to please the president.
- b- in memory of their son.
- c- to earn a lot of money.
- d- for their son to complete his studies

13- According to the passage, which of the following is **TRUE**?

- a- The president of Harvard university was polite.
- b- The son died after a serious illness.
- c- Mr. and Mrs. Leland Stanford wanted to donate money to Harvard.
- d- Mr. and Mrs. Leland Stanford were very poor.

14. What is the writer trying to do?

- a- tell us to be patient
- b- show the importance of a university
- c- explain why we shouldn't judge people by appearance
- d- describe how Harvard university respect its students

b) Answer the following questions: (2x2=4 Marks)

15. How much does it cost to start a university?

.....

16. Why did the president of Harvard university want to get rid of the parents?

.....

3- Reading Comprehension (16 Ms)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

The first time I took my daughter to the cinema she was six and the movie was “Bambi”. I’m a movies lover, so I had chosen it carefully and thought a cartoon film would be an effective introduction to the Seventh Art World.

Everything was going just fine until Bambi’s mother was shot and killed. My daughter got terrified and asked to go home in the middle of the film. Fortunately later choices turned out OK and she likes films as much as I do.

My point is: are cartoons really safe for children? Or do parents need to pay attention to the type of cartoons that children are watching during their spare time?

Once I sat on the sofa to watch a cartoon with my 8-year-old son and got completely shocked when I realized a cartoon character was in pain right in front of us, bleeding as if it was an action adult movie!

Everybody knows that there are some adult movies that don’t spread nice manners or behavior, but what about other cartoons that are displayed all the day long for young children?

The next time you take a kid to the films maybe a cartoon doesn’t make the best choice, unless you take the time to watch it and analyze its content first. Or you take the risk of exposing your child to messages she or he isn’t prepared to get yet.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d : (6 X 2 = 12 marks)

9. The best title for this passage could be:

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| a) Careful Parents | b) Safe Cinemas |
| c) Action Movies | d) Young Children |

10. The underlined word “ **she** ” in the **second paragraph** refers to:

- | | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| a) the mother | b) the daughter |
| c) Bambi | d) Bambi’s mother |

11. The underlined word “**displayed**” in the **fifth paragraph** means:

- | | |
|-----------|--------------|
| a) liked | b) discussed |
| c) showed | d) painted |

12. The writer’s purpose of writing this passage is to:

- a) persuade the readers to watch cartoons in cinemas.
- b) explain to the readers the importance of cinema in their life.
- c) entertain the readers by telling them about the best cartoons.
- d) inform the readers of the effects of some programmes on their kids.

13. According to the story, all the following statements are **NOT TRUE** Except:

- a) The writer has 8 sons.
- b) All adult movies are safe to watch.
- c) The daughter liked “Bambi”, the movie
- . d) Some cartoon movies shouldn’t be watched.

14. At the end of the movie the writer’s daughter asked to go home because she was:

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) tired | b) sleepy |
| c) terrified | d) surprised |

B) Answer the following questions : (2 X 2 = 4)

15. How old was the writer’s daughter when she first entered the cinema?

.....

16. When should parents allow their children to watch cartoon movies?

.....

4- Reading Comprehension (16 Ms)

Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions below:

Polar bears will be extinct by the end of the 21st century if the global warming continues to this constant rate. Temperatures are rising in the Arctic. It is the only place where polar bears are found. This change of nature is having a strong effect on the health and numbers of the world's population of polar bears.

During the winter, polar bears live and hunt on the sea ice. They travel for many kilometers to catch their main food, which is the seal. Through the ice, polar bears can feel the movement of a seal. They sit close to a hole in the ice and wait for the seal to come up for air.

In summer, as the ice melts, some bears return to the shore, fasting until the colder weather and sea ice return. Others continue to hunt. They swim in the icy water until they reach floating sea ice where they can wait for a seal. Bears who have been fasting all summer weigh less and are weak. They have lost too much of their fat, which is needed to keep them warm and as a source of energy.

Global warming has increased the temperature in the Arctic so much that the warmer weather comes sooner each year and it lasts longer. It has been predicted that by the end of this century there will be no sea ice left. As the temperature continues to rise, the cold winter will be much shorter.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d : (6 X 2 = 12 marks)

- 9) Which of the following is **the best title** for this story?
- a. Temperature of Arctic
 - b. The 21st Century summer
 - c. Global Warming
 - d. Polar Bears Life
- 10) The underlined word 'It' in the (1st) paragraph refers to:
- a. the temperature
 - b. the seal
 - c. the arctic
 - d. the polar bears
- 11) What is the author's purpose in writing this text?
- a. tell us about the bad effects of global warming on polar bears.
 - b. inform us about the floating of sea ice.
 - c. explain how polar bears hunt in winter.
 - d. compare between polar bears and grizzly bears .
- 12) What is the **meaning** of the underlined word ,increased' in the 4th paragraph?
- a. got colder
 - b. got fatter
 - c. got higher
 - d. got taller
- 13) Why do some bears weigh less ?
- a. They feed on seals only
 - b. They live in the north pole
 - c. They have been fasting all summer
 - d. The weather is very cold
- 14) All the following statements about polar bears are **TRUE except**:
- a. Polar bears eat penguins and birds
 - b. Temperatures are rising in the Arctic.
 - c. The cold winter will be much shorter.
 - d. In summer some bears weigh less.

B) Answer the following questions : (2 X 2 = 4)

15) Why are temperatures rising in the Arctic ?

.....

16) What will happen to the polar bear if the ice melts in the Arctic?

.....

5- Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)

-Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

In the winter, many animals and birds travel hundreds of kilometers to places with a warmer climate and more food. This incredible journey takes place every year at about the same time in winter. It is common to see birds sitting on walls or telephone wires having a rest before they complete the long journey between the places where they spend summer and winter.

Scientists do not know exactly how the birds find their way to and from their winter homes. It is thought that there are different ways, for example, using the sun and the stars for navigation. Some people believe that **they** depend on their senses, including their sense of smell to help them find the way. Some animals and birds travel thousands of kilometers. The blue whales, for example, have been known to travel up to 20.000 kilometers.

Summer is a very difficult period for birds in Kuwait because it is very hot and humid. Many birds seek a **refuge** where there is water, food and shelter. So the best places to see birds during this time is where they may be nesting, near water. Despite the small size of the State of Kuwait, there are many places to find interesting places for birds. Sometimes even parks and gardens can attract groups of birds.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (6×2= 12 Marks)

9. The underlined pronoun "**they**" in the 2nd paragraph refers to:
- | | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| a- winter homes | b- the birds |
| c- different people | d- the stars |
10. The underlined word "**refuge**" in the 3rd paragraph means:
- | | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| a- deep water | b- safe place |
| c- short way | d- tropical forest |
11. The **best title** of the passage is:
- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| a- Birds and Animals Migration | b- Kuwait Saves Birds and Animals |
| c- Different Kinds of Birds and Animals | d- Birds and Animals in the Zoo |
12. The writer of the passage wants to:
- | | |
|--|--|
| a- invite people to build more nests for birds | |
| b- give a brief idea about the weather of Kuwait in summer | |
| c- tell us how the blue whales can travel for a long distance | |
| d- show why birds and animals travel from one place to another | |
13. Many birds travel hundreds of kilometers to:
- | | |
|--|------------------------------|
| a- find more warmth, food and drink | b- use their sense of smell |
| c- join the blue whales in their journey | d- meet more groups of birds |
14. Birds sit on walls and telephone wires when they:
- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| a- meet each other | b- start to build nests |
| c- see the sun | d- feel tired |

B) Answer the following questions: (2×2= 4 Marks)

15. How do birds find their way when they travel for a long distance?

.....

.....

16. What places can attract birds in Kuwait in summer?

.....

.....

6-Reading Comprehension (16 marks)

Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions below:

Twenty-five years ago, communication between people was very different from communication today. To call friends quickly, we used a telephone to ring them. If time was not important, we wrote a letter and sent it by post. For fast written communication, people sent faxes.

Although many people still use these ways of communication, they are becoming less widespread because of the new technology. Today, the most common forms of personal and business communication are mobile phone calls, text messages and e-mails. Many people now use smart phones with computers which can connect to the Internet and send e-mails.

In the future, the only thing that we can be sure of is that technology is not going to stand still. Scientists are going to continue inventing new, more complex ways of communication. Some experts predict that the next big development will be in visual communication. Small mobile computers with fast Internet connections will probably be the first mobile devices that give us high-quality visual communication, so that we can see the people we are talking to.

Further in the future, who knows what will happen? By the year 2023, scientists predict that we will be able to send text messages by the power of thought. A special helmet connected to our brain will turn what we are thinking of into a digital form enabling us to communicate to other people that we know.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (6 x 2 =12 Ms)

9 - The best title for this passage could be:

- a- Digital Thinking
- b- Visual Communication
- c- Communication Development
- d- The Importance of Communication.

10 - The underlined word "widespread" in the (2nd) paragraph means:

- a- weak
- b- common
- c- modern
- d- different

11 - The underlined pronoun "it" in the (1st) paragraph refers to:

- a- letter
- b- time
- c- telephone
- d- communication

12 - How did people communicate in the near past?

- a- They used smart phones.
- b- They sent faxes and letters.
- c- They used mobile computers.
- d- They sent text messages and e-mails.

13 - According to the text, all the following statements are **NOT TRUE** except:

- a- Technology is going to stand still in the future.
- b- We can't connect mobile computers to the Internet.
- c- Communication in the past was the same as nowadays.
- d- Smart phones are one of the most popular means of communication.

14 - The purpose of the writer in writing the passage is to:

- a- compare between past and modern computers.
- b- inform us about how people can call each other.
- c- explain how communication changes over time.
- d- persuade people to use modern means of communication.

b) Answer the following questions : (2 x 2 = 4 Ms)

15 - Why aren't old means of communication used as before?

.....

16 - How will communication change in the future?

..... Prepared by : Mr. Mustafa Al Jendi

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The next day, the police told me that they had found the car in a side-street five hundred meters away. **It** was not damaged, but someone had stuck a note to the windscreen. It read “To the owner; if you want to kill yourself with this steering wheel, go ahead; I’ve got better things to do.” Anyway, the thief didn’t laugh for long. He was soon arrested and then it was my turn to laugh.

d-to emphasise that thieves must be caught at the end.

Prepared by : Mr. Mustafa Al Jendi

8- Reading Comprehension (16 M)

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

In a small village in South Africa people used to plant vegetables and fruits. One day, last spring after a heavy rainfall, the villagers suddenly saw some strange trees , growing fast in their gardens and fields. All people were **astonished** , no one had ever seen something like that before. And no one knew where they had come from or how. Some trees started to produce some beautiful flowers of different colours and fantastic smell. Others produced strange fruits in large sizes. Some people thought that those trees were dangerous. A big mess was there in the village because of these trees.

The newspapers in that village took the advantage of this event and started to tell false stories about the strange trees. Every morning the newspapers told people a new story.

They even told that the trees could walk and bite children. One new story said that the trees could run and move from one place to another .

The journalists provided the newspapers with some false pictures. Actually, some villagers started to believe those stories, so they started cutting down some of those trees. Other villagers were wise enough to watch the trees day and night to discover the truth. They found that trees couldn't move or bite children. All those stories were lies. The newspapers just wanted to sell more and more to gain much money. After discovering the truth, all people in that village united and decided to stop buying newspapers.

a) Choose the best answer from a, b, c & d: (6x2=12 M)

1. What is the best title for the passage?
 - a) The Large Village
 - b) The Strange Trees
 - c) The Famous Newspapers
 - d) The African Villagers
- 2-The underlined word "**astonished**" in the 1st paragraph means:
 - a) surprised
 - b) beautiful
 - c) wise
 - d) dangerous
- 3-The underlined word "**they**" in the 2nd Paragraph refers to:
 - a) people
 - b) stories
 - c) newspapers
 - d) trees
4. The villagers were astonished when they saw the trees because:
 - a) the trees were strange and growing fast
 - b) the newspapers were true
 - c) the stories were not correct
 - d) the villagers used to plant vegetables
5. In time of trouble, we should:
 - a) be careless and naïve.
 - b) have a good memory.
 - c) be wise and responsible.
 - d) be enthusiastic.
6. The moral lesson of this story is:
 - a) Media should enlighten people's life
 - b) Trees are important for villagers.
 - c) Media can't be deceiving.
 - d) We should believe rumors.

b) Answer the following questions: (2X2=4 M)

7. How could the trees be dangerous
.....
8. What should we do to the false media?
.....

9- Reading Comprehension (16 M)

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

People always have strange, funny and exciting stories in their life. Bill was a journalist working in one of the most well-known magazines in his city. Once he had to go to the bus stop to take it for the first time trying to go to Oxford Street. He never travelled by bus before as he has been driving his car for many years. It was easy for him to go to work on his car. But it happened that his car broke down. He was going to Oxford Street to buy a digital television from one of the famous shops that sells Japanese Electronics.

He put his money in an envelope and kept **it** in his pocket. Bill went to the bus stop where he got on a bus. Every now and then he put his hands on his pockets to make sure that the envelope was still there. Suddenly, he felt that it had gone!

Bill didn't get **irritated** or nervous. A middle-aged man was sitting next to him. With a smile he said to that man, "A foolish thief has taken an envelope full of newspaper cuttings from my pocket. I think the foolish thief thought it was full of money". Then, exactly as he was expecting, Bill looked down and saw his envelope under his feet. He picked it up and left the bus. He was really pleased as got all his money safe back again.

a) Choose the best answer from a, b, c & d: (6x2=12 M)

1. What is the best title of the passage?
 - a) A Bad Dream
 - b) A Funny Story
 - c) Intelligent Bill
 - d) Oxford Street
2. The meaning of the word "**irritated**" in the 3rd paragraph means:
 - a) pleased
 - b) quiet
 - c) troubled
 - d) joyful
3. The pronoun "**it**" in the 2nd paragraph refers to:
 - a) the bus
 - b) the envelope
 - c) the pocket
 - d) the shop
4. Bill was going to Oxford Street to:
 - a) take the bus
 - b) meet the man
 - c) buy a digital TV
 - d) get pocket money
5. You feelif you are in a sudden situation.
 - a) pleased
 - b) confused
 - c) lonely
 - d) grateful
6. The purpose of the writer in this story is:
 - a) to focus on the importance of self-control when getting in trouble.
 - b) to explain the steps of solving problems.
 - c) to show how we should deal with strangers.
 - d) to entertain the readers with a funny story.

b) Answer the following questions: (2x2=4 M)

7. How did Bill get his envelop back?

.....

8. What is the best way to catch a thief without calling the police?

.....

10-Reading Comprehension (16 M)

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

No wonder that salt has many uses in our life. It is added to food, pickle and fish. It is also used to preserve some types of food. Many people prefer salty dishes than sweet ones. Despite the bad side effects of adding salt randomly or too much in some dishes, still many people like it. But have you ever asked yourself about the time and place where it was first discovered and used?

In fact, we don't know when man first began to use salt, but we do know that it has been used in many different ways throughout the history. People who lived over 3000 years ago ate salted fish. Thousands of years ago in Egypt, salt was used to **embalm** the dead. Stealing salt was considered a major crime during some periods of history.

In the 18th century, for instance, if a person was caught stealing salt, he could be put in jail. About 150 years ago, taking more salt than once was considered a crime. The criminal's ear was cut off as a punishment for the crime he has committed. In the Roman Empire, one of the most important roads was the one that carried salt from the salt mines to Rome. Guards were kept along the route to protect it against **its** thieves.

In the early days in the USA, salt was scarce. So, the store-keeper was very careful with his salt. As he poured out salt for his customers, he did not like anyone to cross the floor of the store.

a) Choose the best answer from a, b, c & d: (6x2=12 M)

- What is the main idea of the 4th paragraph?
 - Storing Salt
 - Salt in Rome
 - Stealing Salt
 - Salty Dishes
- The underlined word "**embalm**" in the 2nd paragraph means:
 - preserve a dead body from decay.
 - put the dead body in the fridge.
 - support put or take on board a ship
 - bury the dead body.
- The underlined word "**its**" in the 4th paragraph refers to:
 - route's
 - salt's
 - Rome's
 - mine's
- Theused salt to embalm the dead bodies.
 - Arabian countries
 - Ancient Egyptians
 - Roman Empire
 - Americans.
- are called the white poison.
 - Flour and salt
 - Coco nut and sugar
 - Salt and sugar
 - Maize corn and salt
- The purpose of the writer in the passage is:
 - to give us a review on the history and the importance of salt.
 - to show the role of guards to protect salt from thieves in the past.
 - to explain how salt was stored and sold in the USA.
 - to tell us about the benefits of salt.

b) Answer the following questions: (6x2=12 M)

7. How were the thieves of salt punished in the past?

.....

8. Why is eating too much salt harmful?

.....

1- Writing (16 Marks)

“Some people are adventurous. They want to escape the familiar and explore new places”. Plan and write a report of **two paragraphs** (not less than 12 sentences) about "an expedition you made in the desert" explaining **the preparations for the trip and the challenges you faced there.**

(Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion)

The Plan (2 M)

an expedition I made in the desert

the preparations for the trip

- 1-last winter with friends
- 2-tent and sleep bags
- 3- food and water
- 4- phones and cameras
- 5- stove and torches
- 6- insect repellent
- 7- compass and maps

the challenges you faced there.

- 1-bad weather
- 2- snakes and scorpions
- 3- phone batteries died
- 4- got lost
- 5- ran out of food
- 6- got experience and information
- 7-enjoyed and discovered

2- Writing (16 Marks)

“Despite the dangers that people face on their expeditions, still they take the risk.”

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (not less than 12 sentences) about **(Expeditions)** explaining **the dangers of going on expeditions and the qualities of those people.**

NB: (Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion)

Expeditions

The dangers

- 1- dangerous animals
- 2- bad weather
- 3- food and water
- 4- long distances
- 5- getting lost
- 6- get ill or injured

The qualities of explorers

- 1- physically strong
- 2- strong will and determination
- 3- well- prepared
- 4- organised and challenged
- 5- team work
- 6- excited and enthusiastic

3- Writing (16 Marks)

“Authors and novelists are those people who can change people and affect their attitudes.”
Plan and write a report of **two paragraphs** (not less than 12 sentences) about “**Authors**”
explaining the **characteristics of a good author and the role of authors in society.**
(Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion)

The Plan (2 M)

Authors

The characteristics of a good author

- 1- creative imagination
- 2- clear language
- 3- loves writing
- 4- attention to details
- 5- strong vocabulary
- 6- organised and patient
- 7- use their senses
- 8- great observers
- 9- open to new ideas
- 10-creative/think outside the box

The role of authors in society.

- 1- great influence
- 2- convey messages
- 3- give us information
- 4- change ideas
- 5- spread peace
- 6- give solutions
- 7- reflect discuss problems
- 8- guide society to better life
- 9- make better future
- 10- entertain people

4- Writing (16 Marks)

"Voluntary work is necessary in each society as it creates a better world".

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (not less than 12 sentences) about **"Voluntary Work"** explaining **the ways you can volunteer in your community** and **the benefits you and the community get from volunteering**.

**Your writing should include a topic sentences, supporting details and a conclusion*

Voluntary Work

the ways you can volunteer in your community

- 1- organise cleaning campaigns
- 2- keep the sea and the beaches clean
- 3- raise money for the poor.
- 4- planting more trees
- 5- educate and support orphans
- 6- give food to those in need
- 7- medical supplies and treatment
- 8- serving disabled people
- 9- care for the elderly
- 10- give animals a shelter
- 11- read for children

the benefits I and the community get from volunteering

- 1- the country doesn't pay for it
- 2- moral values like mercy and cooperation
- 3- sharing responsibility
- 4- improving life and skills
- 5- build self confidence
- 6- spread hope ,love and peace
- 7- creating better society
- 8- everyone feels happy
- 9- hold society together
- 10- raise awareness

5- Writing (16 Marks)

"A holiday is the time when we are free of our work and duties and when we relax and enjoy our time".

Plan and **write** an e-mail of two paragraphs (not less than 12 sentences) to your friend Hamad telling him about "A country you visited ", explaining why you chose it for your holiday and give a description of this place to your friend.

NB: (Your writing should include a topic sentences, supporting details and a conclusion)

a country I visited

why I chose it for my holiday

- 1- Last holiday I visited Egypt
- 2- historical places
- 3- the River Nile cruise
- 4- the pyramids and museums
- 5- good weather
- 6- friendly and cheerful people
- 7- shopping
- 8- amazing Red Sea
- 9- Arabic atmosphere
- 10- wonderful hotels

a description of this place

- 1- located in Africa
- 2- stayed in Cairo
- 3- old mosques and modern buildings
- 4- amazing five star hotel
- 5- delicious local food
- 6- shops for gifts
- 7- visited the pyramids and temples
- 8- 7000 years civilization
- 9- Egypt is unique

6-Writing (16 Ms)

"Pollution is a major environmental problem that threatens our life on Earth."

Plan and write a **report of two paragraphs** (not less than 12 sentences) about **"Pollution"** explaining **the causes of pollution** and **suggest ways to solve the pollution problem** .

*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.

Pollution

the causes of pollution

- 1 -many dangers
- 2- human actions
- 3-smoke and fumes from factories
- 4-wastes from industries
- 5-cars ,buses vehicles
- 6-fossil fuels cause harm to people
- 7-toxic gases
- 8-cleaning products
- 9-pesticides and fertilizers
- 10-harmful chemicals

ways to solve the pollution problem

- 1-should face
- 2-many solutions
- 3-laws should be imposed
- 4-factories outside cities
- 5-green areas
- 6- electric and hybrid cars
- 7-plant more trees
- 8-stop using pesticides
- 9-renewable energy
- 10-check car engines regularly

7-Writing (16 Ms)

“Kuwait has many places of interests and cultural attractions that can motivate tourists from all over the world.”

Plan and write a report of **two paragraphs** (not less than 12 sentences) about “The places of interest in Kuwait” showing the most interesting places and why people visit them.

NB: (Your writing should include a topic sentences, supporting details and a conclusion)

The places of interest in Kuwait

the most interesting places

- 1 -Multa Ridge
- 2-The House of Mirrors
- 3-Tareq Rajab Museum
- 4-National Museum of Kuwait
- 5-Bait Al Sadu
- 6- cultural center
- 7-Kuwait Towers and the Scientific center
- 8-avenues and 360 mall
- 9-fantastic places like Failaka

why people visit them

- 1 -camping and hiking
- 2-beautiful mirrors
- 3-collection of items
- 4- ancient antiquities
- 5-the art of weaving
- 6-the largest aquarium
- 7- shopping and enjoy
- 8-diving and water sports
- 9-take photos and have fun