## تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



### الملف مذكرة تدريبية متكاملة

موقع المناهج  $\Rightarrow$  المناهج الكويتية  $\Rightarrow$  الصف الحادي عشر  $\Rightarrow$  لغة انجليزية  $\Rightarrow$  الفصل الثاني

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الحادي عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني							
حل الورك بوك	1						
مذكرة	2						
كلمات الحادي عشر	3						
تدريبات قواعد	4						
مذكرة مدرسة النوار بنت مالك	5						

# الصف الحادي عشر

اللغة الإنجليزية

# مذكرة تدريبات شاملة

الفصل الدراسي الثاني

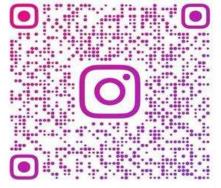


اسم الطالب:

ملاحظة: تم إعداد هذه المذكرة بالاستعانة ببنك أسئلة توجيه اللغة الإنجليزية وترتيبها بطريقة مفيدة للطلاب في التدرب على جميع أنماط الأسئلة. مع دعواتنا لجميع الطلاب بالتوفيق والنجاح.

# المذكرة خدمة تطوعية لمن يحتاجها وليست للبيع

إعداد: أ. ناشد الحاج



**@NNASHIDALHAJ** 

# جزئيات الاختبار

1-Vocabulary	كلمات (10 درجات)	
2-Grammar	قواعد (6 درجات)	
3-Language Functions	وظائف لغوية (مواقف) (4 درجات)	
<b>4-</b> Set-Book	أسئلة الكتاب (4 درجات)	
5-Writing	تعبير (12 درجات)	
<b>6-</b> Reading comprehension	استيعاب (11 درجات)	
7-Summary making	تلخیص (6 درجات)	
8-Transition	ترجمة (3 درجات)	
درجة الأعمال 24	درجة الاختبار 56	الدرجة الكلية 80

الناهج الكويتية almanahj.com/kw

# مواضيع المنهج

Unit: 7	-Broadcasting (Media)	- وسائل الاعلام
Unit: 8	-Television watching habits	-عادات مشاهدة التلفاز
Unit: 9	-Uses of cameras	-استخدامات الكامير ا
<b>Focus On</b>	-Kuwait Times and Yousuf Saleh Alyan	-كويت تايمز ويوسف صالح العليان
Unit: 10	-Accidents	- الحوادث
	-Smoke alarms	-أجهزة انذار الدخان
Unit: 11	-The planet in danger	- الكوكب (الأرض) في خطر
	-Environmental problems	-المشاكل البيئية
	-Pollution	-التلوث
	- Global warming	-الاحتباس الحراري
	-Animal extinction	-انقراض الحيوانات
	-Deforestation	-إزالة الغابات
<b>Unit: 12</b>	-The power of nature	قوة الطبيعة
	-Natural disasters	-الكوارث الطبيعية
	-Volcanoes	-البراكين
	- Earthquakes	-الزلازل
	-Floods	-الفيضانات
	- tornadoes	الأعاصير
	-Water shortage	-نقص المياه
<b>Focus On</b>	-Sheikh Sabah Al-Ahmad Nature Reserve	محمية الشيخ صباح الأحمد الطبيعية

# كلمات مهمة يجب حفظها

1-	-advantages-pros-merits positive effects-good aspects	-ايجابيات- آثار إيجابية -جوانب جيدة
2-	benefits-importance-important	-فو ائد-أهمية
3-	-disadvantages-cons-negative effects-bad aspects	-سلبيات-آثار سلبية-جوانب سيئة
4-	-reasons-causes-factors	-أسباب-عوامل
5-	-results-effects-consequences	-نتائج-آثار -تبعات
6-	-aims-goals-purposes-objectives	_أهداف
7-	-types-kinds	-أنواع
8-	ways-methods	-طرق
9-	-preparations-measures	-استعدادات -اجراءات
10-	-activities	_أنشطة
11-	-challenges-dangers-difficulties-problems	-تحدیات-مخاطر -صعوبات-مشاکل
12-	suggestions-solutions	-اقتراحات -حلول
13-	-characteristics-features-qualities	-صفات-میز ات
14-	-comparison-compare	-مقارنة
15-	-similarities and differences	-أوجه التشابه والاختلافات

# Vocabulary

# <u>Unit 7</u>

Lesson: 1+2

1-	broadcast	n	بث	7-	film industry	n	صناعة الأفلام
2-	collectively	adv	بشكل جماعي	8-	invention	n	اختراع
3-	digital	adj	رقمي	set (قم <i>ي</i>		n	جهاز
4-	dispatch	V	يرسل ــ يبعث	10-	station	n	محطة
5-	entertainment	n	تسلية	11-	transistor	n	الترانزستور-راديو محمول
6-	evolve	V	يتطور	12-	video recorder	n	مسجل فيديو

Lesson: 3

13-	adversely	adv	بشكل سلبي	16-	glorify	V	يمجّد -يعظّم
14-	dedication	$n_{\rm m}$	اخلاص	17-	innumerable	adj	لا يعد ولا يحصى
15-	deterrent	n	مانع – رادع	18-	remote	adj	نعتد

Lesson: 4+5

19-	bring about	V	يسبب- يسرّ ع	26-	reveal	V	یکشف
			حدوث شيء				
20-	demonstrate	V	يوضىح	27-	telecommunication	n	الاتصال عن بعد
21-	disappointing	adj	مخيب للأمال	28-	teleprinter	n	طابعة تعمل عن بعد
22-	half	n	نصف	29-	tension	n	توتر
23-	potential	n	قدرة كامنة	30-	transatlantic	adj	عبر المحيط
							الأطلسي
24-	prominent	adj	بارز - ممیز	31-	victory	n	نصر
25-	resident	n	مقیم — ساکن	32-	zealous	adj	متحمس

Lesson: 7+8

33-	consume	V	يستهاك - يستخدم	36-	portable	adj	محمول
34-	electronic device	n	جهاز الكتروني	37-	rank	V	يصنف – يرتب
35-	electronics	n	الإلكترونيات				

# <u>Unit 8</u>

### Lesson:1-2

1-	age-appropriate	adj	مناسب لفئة	6-	miss out on	ph.v	يفوت الفرصة
			عمرية معينة				
2-	channel-surf	V	يتصفح القنوات	7-	promote	V	يعزز -يشجع
3-	comedy	n	الكوميديا	8-	provoke	V	يثير
4-	inactivity	n	خمول-كسل	9-	tune out	ph.v	يتجاهل-يوقف الانتباه
5-	mentally	adv	ذهنيا-عقليا	6-	miss out on	ph.v	يفوّت الفرصة

## Lesson:4-5

10-	get behind with	Ph.v	يتخلف عن	14-	get through	Ph.v	يتمكن من الاتصال
11-	get down to	Ph.v	يبدأ في عمل	15-	occasionally	adv	أحيانا -من حين لآخر
	ناهج الكويتية	11	شيء بجدية		-		
12-	get on ahl.com/k	^Ph.v	ينسجم – يقيم	16-	record	V	يدون – يسجل
			علاقة جيدة				
13-	get over	Ph.v	يتعافى يشفى	17-	tune in	V	يستمع-يتابع-يشاهد

### Lesson:7-8

18-	convict	V	یدین -یثبت	22-	news team	n	فريق أخبار
			التهمة				
19-	equestrian	adj	متعلق بالفروسية	23-	prosecution	n	مقاضياة
20-	evidence	n	دلیل-بر هان	24-	thriller	n	رواية أو قصة مثيرة
21-	newcomer	n	قادم جدید				

### Lesson:1-2

1-	capability	n	قدرة ـامكانية	6-	motion picture	n	صور متحركة
2-	consumer	n	مستهاك	7-	nowadays	adv	في هذه الأيام
3-	ENG	abbr.	جمع الأخبار الكترونياً	8-	pedestal	n	قاعدة ارتكاز
4-	high-end	adj	متطور وغالي الثمن-	9-	period drama	n	مسرحية
			الأحدث				تاريخية
5-	hydraulic	adj	هيدروليكي (يعمل بالسائل)	10-	stabilising	adj	مثبِّت

## Lesson:4-5

11-	amicably	adv	بمودة-بشكل ودي	18-	commentator	n	معلِّق
12-	audience ***	n	الحضور ـ الجمهور	19-	court	n	محكمة
13-	beckon away	Ph.v	يغادر من مكان لأخر	20-	feature	n	ميزة - خاصية
14-	bring up	Ph.v	يربي	21-	producer	n	مُنتِج
15-	category	n	فئة ــ صنف	22-	screen	V	يعرض علي الشاشة
16-	characterise	V	يميز – يصف	23-	spotlight	n	ضوء كاشف
17-	cityscape	n	منظر المدينة	24-	sprawling	adj	ممتد – منتشر

### Lesson:7-8

25-	basically	adv	بشكل أساسي	29-	inexpensive	adj	رخیص
26-	catch	V	يمسك _ يلتقط	30-	voice-over	n	صوت الراوي بدون
							صورة
27-	congested	adj	مزدحم	31-	wholeheartedly	adv	بإخلاص
	_				-		بكل صدق
28-	fundamentally	adv	بشكل أساسي				

# <u>Unit 10</u>

### Lesson:1-2

1-	attached	adj	مرفق ـ ملحق	9-	inflate	V	ينفخ
2-	automatically	adv	بشكل تلقائي	10-	plug	n	قابس كهرباء
3-	cloth	n	قماش	11-	restraint	n	تقیید - مانع
4-	collide	V	يصطدم	12-	safeguard	V	يحمي
5-	cushion	V	يخفف الصدمة		strain	n	سلالة - فصيلة
6-	detect	V	یکتشف - یکشف	14-	strip	n	شريط
7-	diluted	adj	مخفف (بالسائل)	15-	vehicle	n	مركبة
8-	feasible	adj	سهل الانجاز	16-	warning	n	تحذير

## Lesson:4-5

17-	acquainted with	adj	ملم ب_ على معرفة ب	28-	intentional	adj	متعمد-مقصود
18-	cautious	adj	حذر -حریص	29-	overcome	V	يتغلب على
19-	confidential	<sup>v</sup> adj	سري	30-	perseverance	n	مثابرة -اجتهاد
20-	daydream	V	يستغرق في أحلام اليقظة	31-	securely	adv	بشكل آمن
21-	decelerate	V	يخفف السرعة	32-	shred	V	يمزق
22-	deviate	V	ينحرف	33-	slam into	V	يرتطم
23-	disregard	V	يهمل-يتجاهل	34-	toothy	adj	بارز الأسنان
24-	drag	V	يجر - يسحب	35-	unsung	adj	غیر محتفل به
25-	falsehood	n	زیف – خطأ	36-	venomous	adj	حقود
26-	fundamental	adj	أساسىي-جو هر ي	37-	watchful	adj	يقظ - واعي
27-	inexperienced	adj	عديم الخبرة				

### Lesson:7-8

38-	CEO	abbr	المسؤول التنفيذي	42-	object	V	يعترض -يعارض
39-	emergency	n	خدمات الطوارئ	43-	over the moon	expr	في منتهى السعادة
	services						
40-	fire drill	n	تدريب اطفاء	44-	wed	V	يربط - يدمج
41-	monkfish	n	نوع من الأسماك				

## <u>Unit 11</u>

### Lesson:1-2

1-	appraise	V	يثمّن -يقيّم	8-	overall	adj	كلي — شامل -
							اجمالي
2-	aquaculture	n	الحياة البحرية -تربية	9-	partnership	n	شراكة
			المائيات				
3-	deforestation	n	از الة الغابات -قطع	10-	recreation	n	ترفیه ـ تسلیهٔ
			الأشجار				
4-	ecological	adj	بيئي	11-	red tide	n	المد الأحمر
5-	fund	V	يموّل	12-	sting	V	يلسع
6-	joint	adj	مشترك	13-	sustainable	adj	مستدام
7-	marine	adj	بحري	14-	unbearable	adj	لا يطاق



# Lesson:4-5 mahj.com/kw

15-	anticipate	V	يتوقع	20-	exhaust pipe	n	أنبوب العادم (أكزوز)
16-	consent	V	يوافق	21-	fell	V	يقطع
17-	contradict	V	يناقض	22-	landfill site	n	مكان ردم النفايات
18-	dread	V	يرعب -يخيف	23-	smokestack	n	مدخنة
19-	dump	V	يلقي النفايات	24-	suspect	V	یشك -یشتبه

# Lesson:7-8

25-	amend	V	يحسّن - يعدّل	30-	plight	n	مأزق ــ ورطة
26-	anxiety	n	قلق – توتر	31-	symposium	n	ندوة - مؤتمر
27-	chiefly	adv	بشكل رئيسي	32-	tackle	V	يعالج مشكلة
28-	confront	V	يواجه	33-	worldwide	adj	عالمي
29-	international	adj	دولي -عالمي				

### Lesson:1-2

1-	accumulate	V	يتراكم	9-	overflow	V	يفيض
2-	alongside	prep	على طول- بجانب	10-	prohibit	V	يمنع
3-	calamity	n	كارثة - مصيبة	11-	prolonged	adj	مطوّل - ممتد لفترة
							طويلة
4-	costly	adj	مكلف-غالي	12-	quake	V	يهتز
5-	dam	n	سد	13-	remarkable	adj	بارز ـ ذو أهمية
6-	expert	n	خبير	14-	remedy	n	حل / علاج
7-	flare up	ph.v	-يندلع-يشتعل-يلتهب	15-	shortage	n	نقص/ عجز في
8-	mullet	n	سمك البوري				

# Lesson:4-5

16-	announce	V	يعلن	20-	perilously	adv	بشكل خطير
17-	come in	ph.v	يتقدم- يرتفع (المد)	21-	previous	adj	السابق
18-	go out	ph.v	ينطفئ- يتراجع	22-	regularly	adv	بانتظام -بشكل منتظم
19-	mansion	n	منزل فخم	23-	turnoff	n	طريق جانبي
							-تقاطع طرق

### Lesson:7-8

24-	absolutely	adv	بشكل مطلق-قطعا	29-	propose	V	يقترح
25-	demanding	adj	متطلِّب	30-	pros and cons	exp	الايجابيات والسلبيات
26-	impractical	adj	غير عملي	31-	standard	adj	قياسي-نمو ذجي
27-	lessen	V	يقلل	32-	supply	n	مخزون
28-	map out	ph.v	يخطط يوضح	33-	wasteful	adj	مسرف / مبذر

# Set Book أسئلة الكتاب

\_\_\_\_\_

### UNIT 7

# ( Broadcasting – Media ) وسائل الإعلام

1-	What are the advantages (pros) (positive	effects ) of media?
		1- ما هي إيجابيات وسائل الاعلام ؟
	-Watching news	- مشاهدة الأخبار
	-Learning English	- تعلم الإنجليزية
	-Promoting social issues	- طرح قضايا اجتماعية
	-Providing the latest news	- تزويدنا بأحدث الأخبار
2-	What are the disadvantages (cons) (negative	e effects ) of media?
		2-ماهي سلبيات وسائل الاعلام؟
	-Encouraging negative thinking	– تشجيع التفكير  السلبي
	-Bad content	- محتوى س <i>يء</i>
3-	What social issues does media promote (pr	
		3-ماهي القضايا الاجتماعية التي تطرحها وسائل الاعلام؟
	- Education	-التعليم
	-Health issues	- قضايا صحية
4-	How has the Internet affected the way we u	
		4-كيف أثر الإنترنت على استخدام التلفزيون والراديو ؟
	-News and films are updated	-الأخبار والأفلام يتم تحديثها
	-We get news immediately	- الحصول على الأخبار فورا
5-	What is the Kuwaiti official media policy ba	ased on?
		5-على ماذا تبنى سياسة الكويت الإعلامية الرسمية ؟
	-Mutual respect	-الاحترام المتبادل
	-Respecting other countries	- احترام الدول الأخرى

### UNIT 8

# ( Television Watching Habits )

## عادات مشاهدة التلفزيون

6-	What are the advantages (pros) (positive effects ) of television?		
		6-ماهي ايجابيات التلفزيون؟	
	-It develops imagination	- ينمي الخيال	
	-It develops good habits	-يطور العادات الجيدة	
7-	What are the disadvantages (cons ) (negative effects ) of television?		
	مومح الكويتية	7-ماهي سلبيات التلفزيون؟	
	-It makes us lazy	-يجعلنا كسالى	
	-It is bad for eyes	-ضار للعيون	
8-	How can we consume television appropriately and avoid its neg	gative effects?	
	فزيون بشكل مناسب ونتجنب آثاره السيئة؟	8- كيف نستطيع أن نستخدم التلف	
	- Setting time limits on watching TV	- تحديد أوقات مشاهدة التلفاز	
	- Turning it off during mealtimes	-اغلاقه أثناء الوجبات	

## UNIT 9

# ( Uses of Cameras )

### استخدامات الكاميرا

9-	What are the different types (kinds) of professional cameras?		
		9- ما هي أنواع الكاميرا الاحترافية ؟	
	-Camcorders	-كامير ا التسجيل	
	-Studio camera	-كاميرا الاستوديو	
10-	What are the different uses ( purposes	) of cameras?	
10-	what are the unferent uses ( purposes	10 ــماهي الاستخدامات المختلفة للكاميرا ؟	
	- Taking photos	10 - معنى 1 مستالات المستالات المست	
	-Recording videos	- بحد بعضور - تسجيل الفيديو	
	_	- تشجیل العیدیو - للأمن و السلامة	
	-Security purposes	- للمن والسلامة -لأغر اض طبية	
	-Medical purposes	- لا عراص طبیه	
11-	- On what occasions do people usually use cameras ?		
		11 -ماهي المناسبات التي تستخدم فيها الكامير ا؟	
	- Weddings	- الأعراس	
	-Receptions	- حفلات الاستقبال	
	-Graduation	-حفلات التخرج	
	-Birthday parties	-أعياد الميلاد	
12-	What are the aims of establishing (foun	ding) Kuwait Times?	
	what are the aims of establishing (roun		
	- Giving a good image about Kuwait	-12-معناي مردة جيدة عن الكويت -إعطاء صورة جيدة عن الكويت	
		,	
	- Giving true reports	-تقدیم تقاریر موثوقة	

### UNIT 10 ( Accidents ) الحوادث

13-	What inventions (innovations) are needed to keep us secure?	
	?[:	13-ماهي الاختراعات ( الابتكارات ) التي تحافظ على سلامت
	- Vaccinations	-التطعيمات
	- Smoke alarms	- أجهزة انذار الدخان
	- Face masks	- قناع الوجه
14-	-How do airbags and seat belts keep us secure while driving?	
	اء القيادة؟	14-كيف تحافظ أحزمة الأمان وأكياس الهواء على سلامتنا أثنا
	-They prevent injuries	- تمنع الاصابة
	- They protect drivers and passengers	- تحمي السائقين والركاب
15-	-Why are smoke alarms important device	
	almanahi.com/kw	15-ماهي أهمية أجهزة انذار الدخان في المباني؟
	-They detect smoke	-تكشف عن وجود الدخان
	-They give a warning to people to run away	- تعطي تحذير للناس كي يهربوا
16-	What are the best locations for smoke al	
		16-ماهي أفضل الأماكن لوضع أجهزة انذار الدخان؟
	- Halls	-الصالات 
	- Corridor	-الممرات ئىرىن
	- At the top of stairs	اعلى الدرج
17-	What are the causes ( reasons ) of car ac	
		17-ماهي أسباب حوادث السيارات؟
	- Speed	-السرعة المادة بالمادة المادة الماد
10	-Careless drivers	السائقين المتهورين
18-	What safety measures should drivers take	
		18-ماهي إجراءات السلامة التي يجب على السائقين اتباعها ل
	- Driving carefully	-القيادة بحذر اتراع قرانين المرابع
10	- Following traffic rules	-اتباع قوانين المرور
19-	What are the benefits of vaccinations?	e.ml الله الأوراد الم
	Daduaina disassas	19-ماهي فوائد التطعيمات؟ تقال الأدرات
	- Reducing diseases  Proventing viruses	ــتقلل الأمراض ــتمنع انتشار الفايروس
	- Preventing viruses	-نمنع النسار العايروس

### **UNIT 11**

# "The Planet in Danger" الأرض في خطر

20-	What are the most dangerous problems facing our world?		
	- From your point of view , our planet is in danger / at risk due to:		
		20- ماهي المشاكل الأكثر خطورة التي تواجه العالم؟	
	- Pollution and global warming	-التلوث والاحتباس الحراري	
	- Animals extinction and deforestation	- انقراض الحيوانات وقطع الأشجار	
21-	Many things can be done in order to protect the environment. Give examples.		
		21-كيف نستطيع حماية البيئة؟	
	- We can stop cutting trees	-التوقف عن قطع الأشجار	
	-We can use less oil and chemicals	-التقليل من استخدام النفط والمواد الكيميائية	
22-	What do you think the government sho	uld do to protect endangered species from	
	extinction?		
	almanahj.com/kw	22- كيف تستطيع الحكومة حماية الأنواع المهددة بالانقراض؟	
	-It should stop cutting trees	-يجب أن توقف قطع الأشجار	
	- It should build nature reserves	-بناء محميات	
23-	Why have some animals become extinc	t ?	
		23- ماهي أسباب انقراض الحيوانات؟	
	- Hunting them	-الصيد	
	-Destroying their habitat	- تدمیر مساکنها	
24-	People cut down trees for many reasons	s. Mention two.	
	-	24- لماذا يقوم الناس بقطع الأشجار؟	
	- To make paper and wood	-لصنع الورق والخشب	
	- To provide farmers with lands	لتزويد المزارعين بالأراضي	
25-	Trees are very important / useful. Why	?	
		25ماهي أهمية وفوائد الأشجار؟	
	- They provide a habitat for animals	- تأمين مسكن للحيوانات	
	- They are a source of food	- مصدر للطعام	
26-	Cutting down trees ( deforestation ) is a	devastating environmental issue. Why?	
	أضرار؟	26- قطع الأشجار له الكثير من الضرر على البيئة. ماهي هذه الا	
	- It causes pollution.	-يسبب التلوث	
	-It causes animal extinction.	-يسبب انقراض الحيوانات	

## Unit 12 "The power of nature" قوة الطبيعة

27-	Mention two types of natural disasters (powers of nature ):	
		27-اذكر اثنين من الكوارث الطبيعية أ
	-Volcanoes and earthquakes	-البراكين والزلازل
	-Floods and tornadoes	-الفيضانات والأعاصير
28-	What are the bad effects (results) of natural disasters(volcanoes – earthquakes-	
	floods -tornadoes)?	
	(- How can natural disasters affect people	
	2000	28-ما هي الآثار السلبية الناتجة عن الكوارث الطبيعة؟
	- They kill and injure people	-تقتل وتصيب الناس
	- They damage buildings and cities	<ul> <li>تدمر المباني والمدن</li> </ul>
29-	How do governments prepare the people for natural threats and disasters?	
		29كيف تجهز الحكومات الناس للكوارث الطبيعية ؟ -
	-The government can warn people	- تنبیه الناس
	-They can build dams	-بناء السدود
30-	Mention some possible ways of solving the	e problem of water shortage:
		30-اذكر بعض الطرق الممكنة لحل مشاكل نقص المياه -
	- We can build dams	-بناء السدود
	- We can drill new wells	-حفر المزيد من الأبار
31-	What are the aims of establishing / building Nature Reserves ?	
		31-ماهي أهداف بناء المحميات الطبيعة؟ -
	- Saving animals	-حماية الحيوانات
	- Saving plants	- حماية النباتات

# أفكار وجمل مساعدة لكتابة التعبير

Unit 7 + Unit 8

# 1-The advantages of television (media): إيجابيات التلفزيون (وسائل الاعلام)

-There are many advantages of television (media).

هناك عدة إيجابيات للتلفزيون (وسائل الاعلام)



<b>1-</b> It provides the latest news.	1-تزويدنا بأحدث الأخبار
2-It is a way of entertainment.	2-طريقة للترفيه
<b>3-</b> It highlights social matters.	3-يسلط الضوء على قضايا اجتماعية
<b>4-</b> It highlights political matters.	4-يسلط الضوء على قضايا سياسية
5-It can be an educational aid.	5-وسيلة تعليمية

\_\_\_\_\_\_

# 2-The disadvantages of television (media): سلبيات التلفزيون (وسائل الاعلام)

-There are many disadvantages of television (media).

هناك عدة سلبيات للتلفزيون (وسائل الاعلام)

1-It may contain bad content.	1-محتوى سيء
<b>2-</b> It encourages negative thinking.	2-يشجع التفكير السلبي
<b>3-</b> It is a waste of time.	3-يضيع الوقت
<b>4-</b> It is bad for our eyes.	4-ضار للعيون
<b>5-</b> It may contain false information.	5-معلومات خاطئة

# 3-The advantages of surveillance cameras إيجابيات كاميرا المراقبة

-There are many advantages of surveillance cameras.

هناك عدة إيجابيات لكاميرا المراقبة

<b>1-</b> They increase security and safety.	1-تزيد الأمن والسلامة
<b>2-</b> They reduce crimes.	2-تقليل الجريمة
<b>3-</b> They protect the rights of people.	3-حماية حقوق الناس
<b>4-</b> They help us to monitor activities.	4-تساعدنا على مراقبة الأنشطة
<b>5-</b> They keep events recorded.	5-تسجل الأحداث

4-The disadvantages of surveillance cameras سلبيات كاميرا المراقبة

-There are many disadvantages of surveillance cameras.

هناك عدة سلبيات لكامير ا المر اقبة

1-They can be misused.	1-قد يساء استخدامها
<b>2-</b> They cost too much money.	2-تكلف الكثير من المال
<b>3-</b> They cause problems between people.	3-تسبب مشاكل بين الناس
<b>4-</b> Others can watch our private life.	4-الأخرون يستطيعون مراقبة حياتنا الخاصة
<b>5-</b> They make us feel restricted.	5-تجعلنا نشعر بأننا مقيدين

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# 5-The uses of cameras استخدامات الكاميرا

-There are many uses of cameras.

هناك عدة استخدامات للكاميرا

<b>1-</b> They are used to take photos.	1-لأخذ الصور
<b>2-</b> They are used to record videos.	2-لتسجيل الفيديو
<b>3-</b> They can be used for medical purposes.	3-لأغراض طبية
<b>4-</b> We can be used for security and safety.	4-للأمن والسلامة
<b>5-</b> They are used for online meetings.	5-للاجتماعات عن بعد

### 6-The causes of car accidents

أسباب حوادث السيارات

# (Some people are for imposing more fines on careless drivers) بعض الناس يؤيدون فرض غرامات إضافية على السائقين المهملين

-There are many causes of car accidents.

هناك عدة أسباب لحو ادث السبار ات

- Some people are for imposing more fines on careless drivers for many reasons.

بعض الناس يؤيدون فرض غرامات اضافية على السائقين المهملين لعدة أسبأب

<b>1-</b> People drive fast and carelessly.	1-الناس يقودون بسرعة وإهمال
<b>2-</b> People use their mobile phones while driving.	2-الناس يستخدمون الهواتف أثناء القيادة
<b>3-</b> People don't follow traffic rules.	3-الناس لا يتبعون قواعد المرور
<b>4-People</b> don't concentrate while driving.	4-الناس لا يركزون أثناء القيادة
<b>5-</b> Some drivers are inexperienced.	5-بعض السائقين عديمي الخبرة

# 7- Other people are against imposing more fines on careless drivers. ناس آخرون يعارضون فرض غرامات إضافية على السائقين المهملين

- Some people are against imposing more fines on careless drivers for many reasons.

بعض الناس يعار ضون فرض غرامات اضافية على السائقين المهملين لعدة أسباب

<b>1-</b> People sometimes have an emergency.	1-أحيانا يكون هناك حالة طارئة
<b>2-</b> People sometimes drive fast to help others.	2-قد يقود الناس بسرعة لمساعدة الآخرين
<b>3-</b> Sometimes, there is traffic jam that delays people.	3-أحيانا الازدحام المروري يؤخر الناس
<b>4-</b> instead of increasing fines, we can raise the	4-بدلا من زيادة المخالفات نستطيع توعية
awareness of drivers about traffic rules.	الناس حول قواعد المرور
<b>5-</b> People want to get to their work quickly.	5-الناس يريدون الوصول لعملهم بسرعة

\_\_\_\_\_

# 8-Description of a car accident وصف حادث سيارة

-When we describe a car accident, we can talk about different aspects.

عندما نصف حادث سيارة، يمكننا الحديث عن جوانب مختلفة

. 5. 5	
1-The accident was so horrible.	1-الحادث كان مروعا
<b>2-</b> The collision was too strong.	2-التصادم كان قويا
<b>3-</b> There were serious injuries.	3-كان هناك إصابات خطيرة
<b>4-</b> People were shocked by the tragic accident.	4-الناس كانوا مصدومين من الحادث المأساوي
<b>5-</b> The car was completely damaged.	5-السيارة تضررت بشكل كامل

# 9- People cause damage to the environment. الناس يسببون الضرر للبيئة

-People cause damage to the environment in many ways. الناس يسببون الضرر للبيئة بعدة طرق

1-People cut down trees.	1-الناس يقطعون الأشجار
<b>2-</b> People hunt rare animals and birds.	2-الناس يصطادون الحيوانات والطيور النادرة
<b>3-</b> People pollute the air and the water.	3-الناس يلوثون الهواء والماء
4-People destroy the habitat of animals.	4-الناس يدمرون مساكن الحيوانات
5-People change green land into desert.	4-الناس يحولون الأرض الخضراء إلى صحراء



# 10- Saving our environment and protecting wildlife (rare animals). المحافظة على البيئة وحماية الحياة البرية والحيوانات النادرة

-We can save our environment and protect wildlife in many ways. نستطيع المحافظة على البيئة وحماية الحياة البرية بعدة طرق

1-We should stop cutting down trees.	1-نتوقف عن قطع الأشجار
<b>2-</b> We should stop hunting animal.	2-نتوقف عن صيد الحيوانات
<b>3-</b> We should reduce pollution.	3-تقليل التلوث
4-We should build nature reserves.	4-بناء محميات طبيعية
5-We should plant more trees and plants.	4-زراعة الأشجار والنباتات

# 11- Some people support the idea of spending money for protecting wildlife. بعض الناس يؤيدون فكرة صرف المال لحماية الحياة البرية

-Some people support the idea of spending money for protecting wildlife for many reasons. بعض الناس يؤيدون فكرة صرف المال لحماية الحياة البرية لعدة أسباب

<b>1-</b> Plants and animals keep the balance of nature.	1-النبات والحيوان يحافظ على التوازن في الطبيعة
<b>2-</b> Rare animals and plants are a part of our heritage.	2-النباتات والحيوانات النادرة جزء من تراثنا
<b>3-</b> Animals and plants keep the beauty of nature.	3-النباتات والحيوانات جزء من جمال الطبيعة
4-They are a major part of the environment.	4-هي جزء رئيسي من البيئة
5-Rare animals and plants are very important.	4-النباتات والحيوانات النادرة مهمة جدا



# 12- Other people are against the idea of spending money for protecting wildlife. ناس آخرون ضد فكرة صرف المال لحماية الحياة البرية

-Some people are against the idea of spending money for protecting wildlife for many reasons. بعض الناس ضد فكرة صرف المال لحماية الحياة البرية لعدة أسباب

<b>1-</b> Man is more important than anything else.	1-الانسان أهم من أي شيء آخر
<b>2-</b> It is better to spend money for human activities.	2-من الأفضل صرف المال على أنشطة بشرية
<b>3-</b> We can spend such money for building cities.	3-نستطيع صرف المال لبناء مدن
4-It is better to spend money for health purposes.	4-من الأفضل صرف المال لأغراض صحية
5- We can spend such money for scientific research.	4-نستطيع صرف المال على البحث العلمي

### 13- The effects of natural disasters.

آثار الكوارث الطبيعية

-Natural disasters have dangerous effects on people.

للكوارث الطبيعية الكثير من الأثار الخطرة على الناس

1-They kill people.	1-تقتل الناس
<b>2-</b> They cause serious injuries.	2-تسبب إصابات خطرة
<b>3-</b> They destroy houses and properties.	3-تدمر البيوت والممتلكات
4-Many people become homeless.	4-الكثير من الناس يصبحون مشردين
5-They damage farming.	4-تدمر الزراعة

14- Reducing the effects of natural disasters. وقد المحالية المحا

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-We can reduce the effects of natural disasters in many ways. نستطيع تقليل آثار الكوارث الطبيعية بعدة طرق

1-Governments should warn people about	1-الحكومات يجب أن تحذر الناس عند الزلازل
earthquakes.	
<b>2-</b> We can build dams.	2-بناء السدود
<b>3-</b> We need to teach people what to do.	3-نعلم الناس ماذا يفعلون
4-There should be safety measures at home.	4-إجراءات سلامة في البيوت
5-We should have shelters.	4-تأمين ملاجئ

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# 15- Description on a nature reserve. وصف محمية طبيعية

-When we describe a nature reserve, we can talk about different aspects. عندما نصف محمية طبيعية، يمكننا الحديث عن جوانب مختلفة

<b>1-</b> A nature reserve is a natural environment.	1-هي بيئة طبيعية
<b>2-</b> It contains various kinds of animals.	2-تحوي أنواع متعددة من الحيوانات
<b>3-</b> It contains different kinds of birds.	3-تحوي أنواع مختلفة من الطيور
4-It contains green plants and trees.	4-تحوي أشجار ونباتات خضراء
5-It is large and spacious.	4-كبيرة وواسعة

# LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

وظائف لغوية

OPINION	SUGGESTION	APOLOGY
الرأي	الاقتراح	الاعتذار
-In my opinion	-I suggest	-I am sorry for
-I think	-Let's	-I apologize for
-As I see	-Why don't you?	
AGREEMENT	DISAGREEMENT	WARNING
الموافقة	عدم الموافقة	التحذير
-I agree with you.	-I don't agree with you.	-Be careful.
-That is right.	-That is wrong.	-That is dangerous.
		-You shouldn't do that.
ASKING FOR OPINION	ASKING FOR HELP	OFFERNG HELP
طلب الرأي	طلب المساعدة	عرض المساعدة
-What is your opinion of?	-Can you help me, please?	-Can I help you?
-What do you think of?		
ADVICE	PREFERENCE	POLITE REQUEST
النصيحة	التفضيل	الطنب بأدب
-I advise you to	-I like	-Can you,please?.
-You should	-I prefer	-Would you,please?
GRATITUDE	PRESPONDING TO	APPROVAL
الشكر	THANKING الرد على الشكر	الاعجاب-الاستحسان
-Thank you.	-You are welcome.	-I like it.
-I am grateful for you.	-Don't mention it.	-That is great.
DISAPPROVAL	GIVING REASONS	OBLIGATION
عدم الاستحسان	إعطاء أسباب	الاجبار
-I don't like it.	-That is because	-You must
-That is bad.		-You have to
GUESSING	PROHIBITION	BLAME
التخمين	المنع-التحريم	اللوم
-May be	-That is not allowed.	-I blame you.
-Perhaps	-That is forbidden.	-It is your fault.

### **Remedial Exercises**

### Unit 7

## Vocabulary

### A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

1- When going camping, it's better and safer to use disposable charcoal grill.			
a- portable	b- zealous	c- prominent	d- disappointing
2- Peopletoo much water nowadays which will lead to shortage in the future.			
a- broadcast	b – rank	c- consume	d - glorify
<b>3-</b> Apple Corporation c	ould over yea	ars with many innovation	ns such as iMac and iPhone.
a- consume		c- dispatch	d- evolve
<b>4-</b> Long ago, messages	were	using the electric telegra	nph and faxes.
a- glorified	b- consumed	c- dispatched	d- evolved
<b>5-</b> Medical products were high in the rates of sales during the coronavirus pandemic.			
a- ranked	b- demonstrated	c- dispatched	d- revealed
<b>6-</b> The tennis championship is live to several different countries.			
a-broadcast	b- ranked	c- evolved	d- glorified
7- To ensure your cyber privacy and safety, never any of your personal information.			
a- rank	b- consume	c- evolve	d- reveal
8- The audience gave their team support during participating in the world championship.			
a- digital	b- zealous	c- remote	d- prominent
<b>9-</b> My father was promoted to a position in the bank due to his management skills.			
a- digital	b- zealous	c- remote	d- prominent
<b>10-</b> watc	thes are more benefic	cial than the analogue on	es; they are multifunctional.
a- Digital	b- Zealous	c- Remote	d-Prominent

11- If you want to travel to the United States, you need to buy a ticket for a/anflight.			
a- prominent	b- innumerable	c- zealous	d- transatlantic
12- I can't tell how man	ny, but there are	resources for your re	search on the Internet.
a- remote	b- innumerable	c- zealous	d- transatlantic
13- It was a/an situation when I failed the driving test for the third time.			
a- disappointing	b- innumerable	c- zealous	d- transatlantic
14- The of the medical staff always help the patients overcome their sickness.			
a- broadcast	b- dedication	c- entertainment	d- invention
<b>15-</b> My teacher helped me overcome all theand motivated me to accomplish the task.			
a- stations	b- inventions	c- residents	d- deterrents
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### **B- Fill in the spaces with the right words from the list:**

## (adversely - collectively - brought about- electronics - rank - broadcasts)

1-You can watch news	free if you have a high-speed internet connection.
<b>2-</b> I intend to study	as this major is constantly required in the labour market.
<b>3-</b> All countries were	affected by the lockdown due to the Corona Virus.
<b>4-</b> The warthe	industry's sudden fall and the negative impact on economy.
<b>5-</b> The team worked	to complete the project on time.

### Grammar

### A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

<b>1-</b> The man	helped you replac	e the flat tire of your ca	r is my brother.
a- where	b- who	c- when	d- whose
<b>2-</b> My father,	English is exce	llent, used to write inter	esting short stories.
a- whose	b- who	c- when	d- where
<b>3-</b> India,	the best types of spi	ces are grown, is one of	the leading exporters
of spices worldw	ride.		
a- which	b- whose	c- when	d-where
<b>4-</b> It seems that I	have bought the same i	novels you b	ought yesterday.
a- who	b- whose	c- which	d-when
		y son was born. It was t	he date of my graduation.
a- who	b- when	c- where	d- which
<b>6-</b> Can you reme	mber the place	we parked the car? I	can't find it!
a- which	b- when	c- whose	d- where
<b>7-</b> 2020 was the	year the enti	re world suffered from t	he outbreak of Corona virus
a- when	b- which	c- whose	d-who
8- Mobile maps l	help many people find r	oads, they ca	an drive easily without
traffic jam.			
a- who	b- which	c- whose	d- where
<b>9-</b> The team,	trainer was Braz	zilian, won all the sports	s competitions.
a- where	b- which	c- whose	d- who
<b>10-</b> The boat,	we took to Fail	aka, did not return the s	ame day to collect us.
a- where	b- which	c- when	d- whose
11- There are ma	any infections in the hos	pital my bro	ther works as a doctor.
a- where	b- who	c- when	d-whose

#### B-From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

#### 1- Tom is the best student in my class. He is expected to be one of the top ten.

(Join using: who)

- a-Tom is the best student in my class who he is expected to be one of the top ten.
- b- Tom is the best student in my class who is expected to be one of the top ten.
- c-Tom, who is the best student in my class, is expected to be one of the top ten.

### 2- Fruits contain of vitamins. The human body needs these vitamins for its wellbeing.

( Join using: which)

- a- Fruits contain vitamins which the human body needs for its well-being.
- b- Fruits contain vitamins which the human body needs these vitamins for its well-being.
- c- Fruits contain vitamins, the human body which needs these vitamins for its well-being.

### 3-This is the school. I used to study.

(Join Using Where)

a-This is the school where I used to study.

b-Where this is the school I used to study.

c-This is the school, I used to study where.

#### 4-This test is for students. Their native language is not English.

(Join)

a-This test is for students which native language is not English.

b-This test is for students whose native language is not English.

c-This test is for students whom native language is not English.

### 5-The student lost his bag. He is waiting in the office.

(Join Using Who)

a-The student lost his bag who is waiting in the office.

b-The student, who lost his bag, he is waiting in the office.

c-The student, who is waiting in the office, lost his bag.

### 6-Look at the horses. They are drinking in the river.

(Use a relative pronoun)

a-Look at the horses who are drinking in the river.

b-Look at the horses that are drinking in the river.

c-Look at the horses whose are drinking in the river.

### 7-This is the pilot. He travelled solo around the world.

(Use a relative pronoun)

a-This is the pilot who travelled solo around the world.

b-This is the pilot whose travelled solo around the world.

c-This is the pilot which travelled solo around the world.

# **Language Functions**

# Write down what you would say in the following situations:

<b>1-</b> A friend of yours claims that playing video games for a long time is not a waste of time.
2- Your younger brother spends a lot of time on his mobile phone.
<b>3-</b> Some people don't like to visit doctors when they feel unwell.
4- Someone says that he doesn't like to obey the rules in public libraries
5- Your father wants to buy the new model of electric cars. He needs your opinion.
<b>6-</b> Despite the cold weather, your family suggested to spend the weekend on the seaside.
7- Your grandfather asked you where to go with the family this weekend.
<b>8-</b> Your mother bought you a present on your graduation. Guess what it is!
9- One of your friends wants to know why you chose to study engineering.
10- A tourist wants to know what's unique about the 360 Mall.

### **Set-Book**

1- What are the advantages (pros ) (positive effects ) of media?
2- What are the disadvantages (cons) (negative effects ) of media?
3- What social issues does media promote (present) ?
4- How has the Internet affected the way we use radio and television?
5- What is the Kuwaiti official media policy based on?

#### **Translation**

# Translate the following into good English: 1-هناك العديد الإيجابيات لوسائل الاعلام. 2- تزودنا وسائل الاعلام بأحدث الأخبار. 3- تسلط وسائل الاعلام الضوء على العديد من القضايا الاجتماعية والسياسية. 4- لوسائل الاعلام دورا كبيرا في طرح قضايا مهمة مثل التعليم والقضايا الصحية. 5- هناك العديد السلبيات لوسائل الاعلام. 6- قد تشجع وسائل الاعلام التفكير السلبي وخصوصا بين الشباب. 7- ربما تتضمن وسائل الاعلام محتوى سيء ضد ثقافتنا وتقاليدنا. 8- سياسة الكويت الإعلامية مبنية على الاحترام المتبادل واحترام شؤون الدول الأخرى.

### Writing

### Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think Mass media is a valuable tool with many advantages; while others believe it has a bad effect on people.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) discussing the two points of view and stating your own position on this issue.

<u>Outline</u>		
<u>Introduction:</u>		
موقع المناهج الكوينية		
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Body: Paragraph 1:		
Paragraph 2:		
<b>Conclusion:</b>		

Write your topic here

## Vocabulary

# A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

<b>1-</b> The show contains so	ome wonderful so	cenes; all the audience	fell in laughter.	
a- inactivity	b- comedy	c- evidence	d- newcomer	
2 may lead to health problems such as high blood pressure and heart diseases.				
a- Newcomer	b – Prosecution	c- Thriller	d - Inactivity	
	ent most of my time lying or			
a- promoting b- channel-surfing c- provoking d- convicting 4- The university values of diversity and inclusion through activities, events and competitions among students.				
a- convicted	b- channel-surfed	c- provoked	d- promoted	
5- I'm going to studying English as this month I will sit for a TOFEL test.				
a- get down to	b- get behind with	c- get through	d- get over	
<b>6-</b> Don'tthe fantastic bargains in our summer sale; you can get many products at				
low prices.				
a- get down to	b- get behind with	c- miss out on	d- tune in	
7- If you the rent, the landlord will ask you to leave.				
a- get down to	b- get behind with	c- miss out on	d- get over	
<b>8-</b> The scientist found	to support his nev	v discovery.		
a- newcomer	b- prosecution	c- evidence	d- thriller	
9- We are holding a med	eting to welcome a/an	to the sales depa	artment.	
a- newcomer	b-prosecution	c- inactivity	d- comedy	

10- The manager wil	ll announce the of	BBC channel tonight.	
a- prosecution	b- comedy	c- news team	d- inactivity
11- Picasso's paintin	g was so beautiful that it	my feelings.	
a- recorded	b- channel-surfed	c- convicted	d- provoked
<b>12-</b> She	ner favourite show in order to	watch it later.	
a- channel-surfed	b- convicted	c. recorded	d- promoted
13- There wasn't suf	ficient evidence to	the suspect and send him to	o jail.
a- convict	b- promote	c. channel-surf	d- provoke
14- Taking medicine	and some time to rest helped	the patient the f	lu.
a- get on	b- get behind with	c- get down to	d- get over
	many times yesterday, but I c	ouldn't	
a- get on	b- get through	c- get down to	d- get over
<b>B- Fill in the spaces</b>	with the right words from	the list:	
( get over	-promote- mentally-stagger	ing -equestrian - occasiona	ally)
		-	• /
_	tation, you should be		
<b>2-</b> I hope my brother	willa	fter the operation soon.	
<b>3-</b> My brother	goes for a ru	in in the morning when he ha	as extra time.
4- The bond between	n the rider and the horse is ver	ry important in	sports
5-I was very pleased	with my results because they	were	

### Grammar

## A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

<b>1-</b> Paul and I are	very good friends. We ge	et very well to	ogether.
a- on	b- behind with	c- up	d- over
<b>2-</b> It's high time v	we finished our homewor	rk. We don't want to get	it.
a- down to	b- on	c- behind with	d- up
<b>3-</b> It's important	to get with co	lleagues at workplaces.	
a- down to	b- on	c- over	d- through
	aryam yesterday. She's g	etting the flu	by the way.
a- down to	b- on	c- over	d- through
5- I've got a lot o	f work to do, so I have to	get it.	
a- down to	b- on	c- through	d- up
<b>6-</b> My friend imm	nigrated, and now he live	s in England.	
a- somebody	b- everywhere	c- everything	d- somewhere
<b>7-</b> I was very hun	gry, but I didn't find	to eat, not even l	eftovers.
a- anything	b- nobody	c- nothing	d- nowhere
<b>8-</b> has	the right to disturb other	people in public.	
a- Somebody	b- Anything	c- Nobody	d- Something
<b>9-</b> sho	ould contribute to the disc	cussion to reach a democ	ratic decision.
a- Everybody	b- Nowhere	c- Nobody	d- Anything
<b>10-</b> I looked	for my keys, woul	ld you please help me fir	nd them?
a- anything	b- anybody	c- everywhere	d- anywhere
11- I checked my	calendar and I have	on Tuesday. Let'	s go out for a hike.
a- nothing	b- nowhere	c- nobody	d- anybody
12- Fahad might	feel lonely moving to a n	new city. He doesn't kno	w there.
a-everybody	b- anybody	c- somebody	d- nothing

### B-From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

#### 1-Take the pills before breakfast."

(Reported Speech)

- a-The doctor advised me that I take the pills before breakfast.
- b-The doctor advised me taking the pills before breakfast.
- c-The doctor advised me to take the pills before breakfast.

#### 2- The airhostess asked me (not leave) the luggage unattended.

(Reported Speech)

- a- The airhostess asked me not to leave the luggage unattended.
- b-The airhostess asked me don't to leave the luggage unattended.
- c- The airhostess asked me didn't to leave the luggage unattended.

#### 3- "Open the door, please."

(Reported Speech)

- a-He asked me not to open the door.
- b-He asked me to open the door.
- c-He asked me that I open the door.

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#### 4-Watch this film with me.

(Reported Speech)

- a-He asked Hani to watch that film with him.
- b-He asked Hani to not watch that film with him.
- c-He asked Hani not to watch that film with him.

### 5-Never come late again.

(Reported Speech)

- a-The teacher warned the students never to come late again.
- b-The teacher warned the students to come late again.
- c-The teacher warned the students not to come late again.

### 6-Don't use the others' things without asking them first.

(Reported Speech)

- a-My father warned me to use the others' things without asking them first.
- b-My father warned me not to use the others' things without asking them first.
- c-My father warned me to not use the others' things without asking them first.

### 7- "You should do your homework", said our teacher.

(Report)

- a-Our teacher advised us not to do our homework.
- b-Our teacher advised us to should do our homework.
- c-Our teacher advised us to do our homework.

### 8- "Don't drive very fast", said my father.

(Report)

- a-My father told me not to drive very fast.
- b-My father told me to not drive very fast.
- c-My father told me to drive very fast.

### **Language Functions**

### Write down what you would say in the following situations:

<b>1-</b> Your brother doesn't know whether to choose a laptop or a tablet for online lessons.
2- Your friend drank too much coffee and still asking for more.
3- Your friends asked you what you'd like to do this weekend.
<b>4-</b> A friend of yours asked you to go out for a hike up the mountains.  almanahi.com/kw
5- I'm calling my brother, but he's not answering his phone.
<b>6-</b> Your friend is asking for your opinion on what to have for lunch.
7- You went on a sea trip and enjoyed your time with your family.
<b>8-</b> Your father is going to work abroad as a doctor to help people in rural areas.
9- Your friend says that money is the most important thing in life.
10- Your parents decided to buy you a new pet. They asked you which pet you want.

# **Set-Book 1-** What are the advantages (pros) (positive effects ) of television? **2-** What are the disadvantages (cons) (negative effects) of television? **3-** How can we consume television appropriately and avoid its negative effects? **Translation Translate the following into good English:** 1- للتلفاز العديد من الإيجابيات والفوائد. 2- يساعدنا التلفاز على مشاهدة الأفلام والبرامج المتنوعة. 3- نستطيع معرفة أحدث الأخبار العالمية من خلال التلفاز. 4- هناك العديد من السلبيات للتلفاز. 5- مشاهدة التلفاز لوقت طويل تسبب الخمول وهي أيضا ضارة للعيون.

إعداد: أناشد الحاج

6- نستطيع تجنب الآثار السلبية للتلفاز من خلال تحديد أوقات مشاهدة التلفاز.

### Writing

### Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think television is a good tool with many advantages; while others believe it has bad effects on people."

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) discussing the two points of view and stating your own position on this issue.

<u>Outline</u>
<u>Introduction:</u>
4.7.10511 m.blil 1
Body: almanahj.com/kw
Paragraph 1:
Paragraph 2:
Conclusion:
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

# Write your topic here

### Unit 9

### Vocabulary

A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

<b>1-</b> By the time the meeting ended, we had resolved all work problems.					
a- nowadays	b- amicably	c- mentally	d- adversely		
2- The movie is a that tells the story of a king who lived from 1870 to 1920s.					
a- spotlight	b- cityscape	c- period drama	d- category		
<b>3-</b> The meeting was	3- The meeting was held by the committee to discuss the budget of the project.				
a- nowadays	b- adversely	c- mentally	d- basically		
<b>4-</b> Many people are bein	ng from their a	reas to other safe ones	for fear of volcanoes		
a- brought up	b- beckoned away	c- brought about	d- tuned out		
<b>5-</b> The boy was by his uncle when his parents travelled abroad for study.					
a- brought up	b- brought about	c- caught up	d- beckoned away		
6- The newly appointed sales manager is known for his great to create sales plans.					
a- spotlight	b- court	c- capability	d- pedestal		
7- The fined the man a total of 100 dinar for dangerous driving.					
a- court	b- category	c- spotlight	d- cityscape		
<b>8-</b> As dogs have a good sense of smell, the police use them to criminals.					
a- screen	b- catch	c- consume	d- characterise		
<b>9-</b> These books are divided into according to the fields of knowledge.					
a- producers	b- courts	c- commentators	d- categories		
10- The new film was by critics as being thrilling and dramatic.					
a- consumed	b- characterized	c- caught	d- convicted		

11- People can get an excellent view of the from the Kuwait Towers.			
a- producer	b- commentator	c- cityscape	d- capability
<b>12-</b> should c	complain if they are not sa	tisfied with the service the	hey receive.
a- Consumers	b- Spotlights	c- Categories	d- Pedestals
<b>13-</b> When you live in a	large city, streets are always	ys with traffi	ic.
a- high-end	b- stabilizing	c- hydraulic	d- congested
14- The project was	aiming at giving l	nelp to the needy all over	r the world.
a- fundamentally	b- mentally	c- amicably	d- wholeheartedly
15- They supported the proposal of the manager and promised to work hard.			
a- nowadays موقع المح الكويتية almanahj.com/k		c- fundamentally	d- mentally
<b>B- Fill in the spaces with the right words from the list:</b>			
(beckon away – congested – producers– bring up – pedestal – hydraulic)			
<b>1-</b> I used a jack to lift the car up and changed the flat tire.			
2- It's not easy to children and teach them how to behave.			
<b>3-</b> All the streets are heavilywith cars, so we will be late for work.			
<b>4-</b> I placed a beautiful b	ig vase on a	in the left corn	er of the reception.
5	earn money making	films, but they need to p	roduce good ones.

### Grammar

### A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

**1-** Sometimes, I visit my relatives ......the evening. a- in b- on d- from c- at **2-** My father always has rest ......the afternoon. a- in b- on c- at d- from b- on d-throughout a- at c- in **4-** Our first team will depart ......17th May to play against the Saudi team. d- by b- on c- at a- in b- on a- in c- at d- by **6-** Nowadays, the Internet is used ......the whole world. c- from d- throughout b- at a- on **7-**The holiday will start......Wednesday. b- on c- from d- at a- on **8**- Maha is holiday .....the moment. d- from a-over b-on c- at **9-**Theyusually go to school......car. a-in b-on c- at d- to **10**-My grandfather went for Omrah.....a bus. a-by b- in d-on c- at 11-My close friend lives......Kuwait city. a- in b- on d- from c- at **12**-....the weekend we are going to travel to London. a-In b-On c- At d- To

### B-From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1-They clean the rooms every day.

(Change into passive)

a-The rooms are cleaned every day

b-The rooms were cleaned every day

c-The rooms have been cleaned every day.

2-He speaks English fluently.

(Change into passive)

a- English is being spoken fluently.

b- English has been spoken fluently.

c-English is spoken fluently.

3-The postman delivered the letters in the morning.

(Change into passive)

a-The letters are delivered in the morning.

b-The letters were delivered in the morning.

c-The letters were delivering in the morning.

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4-He wrote a report about pollution last night.

(Change into passive)

a-A report about pollution was written last night.

b- A report about pollution is written last night.

c- A report about pollution was writing last night.

5-They are building a new house near our school.

(Change into passive)

a- A new house is built near our school.

b-A new house is being built near our school.

c- A new house was being built near our school.

6-They are painting the walls.

(Change into passive)

a-The walls have been painted.

b- The walls are painted.

c-The walls are being painted.

7-My mom was making a big cake.

(Change into passive)

a-A big cake was being made by my mom.

b-A big cake is being made by my mom.

c-A big cake has been made by my mom.

8-She was cleaning the carpets when we entered the house.

(Change into passive)

a-The carpets have been cleaned when we entered the house.

b-The carpets were cleaned when we entered the house.

c-The carpets were being cleaned when we entered the house.

### 9-He has fulfilled the aims of the project.

(Change into passive)

a-The aims of the project has been fulfilled.

b-The aims of the project have been fulfilled.

c-The aims of the project were fulfilled.

### 10-The government has built many schools in recent years.

(Change into passive)

a-Many schools have been built by the government in recent years.

b-Many schools were built by the government in recent years.

c-Many schools are built by the government in recent years.

### 11-I will present my ideas at the conference tonight.

(Change into passive)

a-My ideas are presented by me at the conference tonight.

b-My ideas will be presented by me at the conference tonight.

c-My ideas were presented by me at the conference tonight.

### 12-They can solve the problem.

(Change into passive)

a- The problem is solved.

b- The problem has been solved.

c-The problem can be solved.

### 13-You should complete the assignment by tomorrow.

(Change into passive)

a-The assignment should be completed by tomorrow.

b- The assignment have to be completed by tomorrow.

c- The assignment is being completed by tomorrow.

### 14-You must finish the report today.

(Change into passive)

a- The report is finished today.

b-The report has finished today.

c-The report must be finished today.

### 15-She could explain the issue clearly.

(Change into passive)

a- The issue has been explained clearly.

b-The issue could be explained clearly.

c- The issue was explained clearly.

# **Language Functions**

### Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- A friend of yours asks you why the iPad is your favourite device.
2- A new park will be opened to serve the whole community in your area.
3- Your friend says that television affects our lives badly and doesn't have any advantages.
4- Your grandfather believes that books are still the best source of knowledge.
5- Someone asked you about the reasons of the traffic problem.
6- Your sister asks for your opinion about how to redecorate her room.
7- Your sister asks why drivers should use hands-free devices while driving.
8- Your neighbour suggests that the only coffee shop in the area should be closed down.
9- Your mother believes that children should always be rewarded for good behaviour.
10- Your friend says that the math project is too difficult to be done within that limited time.

<b>1-</b> What are the different types (kin	nds) of professional cameras?
2- What are the different uses ( pu	rposes) of cameras?
3- On what occasions do people us	sually use cameras?
<b>4-</b> What are the aims of establishing	ng (founding) Kuwait Times?
المناهج الكويتية almanahj.com/kw Translate the following into good	Translation
	• <del>Engusi.</del> 1- تستخدم الكامير العدة أغراض مثل التقاط الصور، وتسجيل الفيديوهات.
	2- بالإضافة لذلك، فالكامير الها استخدامات طبية وأمنية.
فلات الزفاف.	3- يستخدم الناس الكاميرا في العديد من المناسبات مثل أعياد الميلاد، التخرج وحذ
	4- بعض الناس يؤيد فكرة تركيب كاميرات المراقبة في الأماكن العامة.
	5- بعض الناس ضد فكرة تركيب كاميرات المراقبة في الأماكن العامة.

### Writing

### Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think that installing surveillance cameras in public places is a good idea, whereas others believe that it is a bad idea."

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words ) discussing the two points of view and stating your own position on this issue.

<u>Outline</u>
<u>Introduction:</u>
Body: almanahj.com/kw
Body:
Paragraph 1:
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Paragraph 2:
Conclusion:

Write your topic here

### Writing

### Write on the following topic: (Descriptive)

"Cameras nowadays have different uses in the modern world."

Imagine that you want to buy a new type of TV camera. Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) **describing** what this new type of TV camera would look like, how it would work and what it would be used for.

Outline
<u>Introduction:</u>
موقع الكويتية
Body: almanahj.com/kw
Paragraph 1:
Paragraph 2:
<b>Conclusion:</b>

Write your topic here

### **Reading Comprehension**

### Read the following Passage carefully, then answer the questions that follows:

These days, computers and information technology are common around the world. Because of this, many words related to computers are used in everyday conversations. For example, almost everyone knows the word "hacker". Hackers are excellent programmers. They can write programmes that are efficient and even artistic.

The term "hacker" was first used at MIT (The Massachusetts Institute of Technology) around 1969. The word "hack" was already in use at MIT to describe student pranks. These were often very creative tricks or jokes. Computers were new to universities at that time, and there were not many computer manuals available. So, the students had to figure things out by themselves. In the process, they often wrote small sections of code to make programmes do what they wanted. This soon became known as "hacking" because the students had to use their creativity, just as they used their creativity for their **pranks**. Because of this history, hackers consider themselves curious people. They use hacking to satisfy their curiosity and to learn new computer skills, but they do not believe in destroying information or causing trouble.

In fact, hackers have a moral belief "Do no harm." They believe it is all right to look into a computer system for any weak points, as long as none of the data is damaged. In addition, they always notify the administrator of the system so that the weakness can be repaired.

On the other hand, some unkind programmers use weaknesses in systems. Hackers call these people "crackers." Crackers are people who break into computer systems for selfish reasons. Sometimes they steal information, and sometimes **they** release viruses into the systems. Hackers are not happy when computer criminals are called hackers.

Hackers are sometimes hired by companies to test computer security. This kind of hacker is called a "white hat." The white hat will try to break into the company's computer system. If he or she finds a way to break in, the company can fix the problem. Crackers also try to break into computer systems, but they are not invited. In recent years, even governments have been hiring hackers to improve national security.

Hackers spend a lot of time developing technology. In fact, if it were not for the hackers, the only products available to computer users would be expensive commercial products from companies like Microsoft. They are those who write the free programmes we download. For example, Netscape Navigator was developed by hackers.

### A-From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:

**9-**Why are hackers called the "white hats"?

# 1-What is the best title for this passage? a- Hackers and Crackers b- Hackers and Computers c- Hackers and Programmes d- Hackers and Governments 2-The underlined word "pranks" in the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph is close in meaning to: a- Students **b-** Sections c- Tricks d- Programmes 3-The underlined word "they" in the 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph refers to: a- Reasons b- Systemsanahi.com/kw c- Weaknesses d- Crackers 4-According to the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, MIT used the word "hack" to describe... a- Computer manuals. b- Creative students' pranks. c- New computer systems. d- New students at universities 5-What is the author's purpose in writing this passage? a- Teach readers about the work of the hackers. b- Inform readers about the origin of the word "hacker". c- Show readers how crackers help computer companies. d- Tell readers about the difference between hackers and crackers. **B-** With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: **6-**In what way can hackers help governments? ..... **7-**How are crackers different from hackers? **8-**Why do hackers develop programmes like "Netscape Navigator"?

### **Summary Making**

### Read the following passage, then do as required:

Addiction to technical novelties has become a new phenomenon of modern civilization. This addiction may become too strong; when people aim all their efforts to get hold of new devices, which are usually not cheap at all. The obsessive wish to buy technical novelties may lead to family conflicts. As a rule, wives strongly object to their husbands' wishes to buy a new plasma TV-set, a super slim laptop or a recordable DVD player, for instance. Psychologists determined that over-indulgence to technical devices may lead to mental disorder. In addition, some individuals waste hours and days examining a new purchase, trying to sort out all of its functions and buttons. The process makes such people forget about everything else, including food.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the previous
passage in an answer to the following question:
What are the negative effects of addiction to technical novelties?
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======================================
Read the following passage, then do as required:
It can be extremely intimidating to go to a foreign country on your own or even with
friends. It's natural to be nervous. That's why it's important to do your research ahead of time.
Without research, you could land in a foreign country and suddenly realise that you have no
idea how to catch a taxi, find a public bathroom or rent a hotel room. Buy a guidebook or chec
one out of the library on your destination. Read it thoroughly and get to know the areas that yo
want to explore. Learn some useful phrases in the native language. Also, make sure you
understand the country's culture a bit, enough to know what clothing is appropriate and which
Western customs are frowned upon. Check out what forms of transportation are most widely
used in the area you are heading for. Guidebooks will tell you how reliable each mode of
transportation is.
In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the previous
passage in an answer to the following question:
What should you know before travelling to another country?

### Unit 10

### Vocabulary

### A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

1-When you receive an email, always make sure that all the files have no viruses.			
a- diluted	b- attached	c- intentional	d- toothy
<b>2-</b> My sister had bough	nt a dress made of the fine	st silk before h	er wedding party.
a- cloth	b- plug	c- monkfish	d- falsehood
<b>3-</b> That car was going a	at about 100 kilometres ar	n hour when it	with the tree.
a- objected	b- collided	c- cushioned	d- daydreamed
4- The human ear is made up of three different parts that work together to sounds.			
a- object	b- inflate	c- detect	d- overcome
<b>5-</b> When you add more	water to the watercolour	s, you will have a	colour.
a- toothy	b- diluted	c- cautious	d- watchful
<b>6-</b> This project is not to be completed in within three months; it needs a year at least.			
a- feasible	b- cautious	c- venomous	d- diluted
7- If this life jacket doesn't work automatically, you can it by mouth.			
a- shred	b- object	c- safeguard	d- inflate
<b>8-</b> Omicron is a new of COVID-19 that was discovered in South Africa in 2021.			
a- strip	b- cloth	c- strain	d- vehicle
<b>9-</b> You should check your oil, water and tires before driving your on a long trip.			
a- perseverance	b- vehicle	c- monkfish	d- cloth
10- It's better to watch this TV ad; it contains some about the dangers of smoking.			
a- strains	b- falsehoods	c- plugs	d. warnings

11- After his car accid	ent, my father has beco	me very about any of the	e driving affairs.
a- fundamental	b- intentional	c- cautious	d- unsung
<b>12-</b> Those patient's me	edical records are	and shouldn't be passed	l on to anyone.
a- confidential	b- venomous	c- inexperienced	d- watchful
<b>13-</b> Because of the bad	weather, the plane had	to from its norma	l flight path.
a- safeguard	b- overcome	c- daydream	d- deviate
14-Many car accidents	are usually caused by	young or drivers.	
a- feasible	b- watchful	c- inexperienced	d- intentional
15- At last, the two co	untries managed to	the problem of border	s between them.
a- wed		c- deviate	d- safeguard
almanahj.com/	kw		
<b>B- Fill in the spaces v</b>	vith the right words fr	om the list:	
(fundamental – inflate – intentional – securely – overcome – automatically)			
1- The police discovered that the explosion in the factory wasn't			
2- This company could all the financial problems after great efforts.			
<b>3-</b> Airbags when the car slams into something to protect passengers.			
4- Water is to surviving in the wilderness since it is the main source of life.			
5- She locked the door	·	before leaving the house.	

### Grammar

### A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

1- The policeman fined the careless driver who	the speed limit.		
a- should exceed	b-shouldn't exceed		
c- should have exceeded	d-shouldn't have exceeded		
2- I didn't like my stay at the hotel; it was very terrible. I in another one.			
a- should stay	b- shouldn't stay		
c- shouldn't have stayed	d- should have stayed		
3- It seems that it will rain. You your umbrella and be careful while driving.			
a- should take	b- shouldn't take		
c- should have taken	d- shouldn't have taken		
<b>4-</b> The movie was so boring that I felt sorry for the time I wasted. We it.			
a- should watch	b- shouldn't watch		
c- should have watched	d- shouldn't have watched		
5- The exams will start soon. You ready	for them.		
a- should be	b- shouldn't be		
c-should have been	d- shouldn't have been		
<b>6-</b> The kitchen is a mess. You should have	it.		
a- clean	b- cleans		
b- cleaned	d- been cleaned		
7- To keep healthy, you some fruit or vegetables every day.			
a- should eat	b. shouldn't eat		
c- should have eaten	d. shouldn't have eaten		
8- It was too late. You shouldn't him at that time of the day.			
a- call	b- called		
c- be calling	d- have called		
7-The passenger missed the plane . He	_		
a-should have left	b-shouldn't leave		
c- leave	d. shouldn't have left		

### B-From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

### 1-He's always tired in the morning. He (not stay) up so late.

(Correct the verb)

- a- He's always tired in the morning. He shouldn't have staying up so late.
- b- He's always tired in the morning. He shouldn't have stay up so late.
- c- He's always tired in the morning. He shouldn't stay up so late.

### 2- The car ran out of petrol. I should have (refuel) it before going out (Correct the verb)

- a- The car ran out of petrol. I should have refueled it before going out.
- b- The car ran out of petrol. I shouldn't have refueled it before going out.
- c- The car ran out of petrol. I should refuel it before going out.

### 3- Ali should (leave) earlier. He missed her flight.

(Correct the verb)

- a- Ali should left earlier. He missed her flight.
- b- Ali should have left earlier. He missed her flight.
- c- Ali shouldn't have left earlier. He missed her flight.

### 4- I should have eaten meat instead of fish.

(Make negative)

- a- I shouldn't eat meat instead of fish.
- b- I should haven't eaten meat instead of fish.
- c- I shouldn't have eaten meat instead of fish.

### 5- You look very tired and exhausted. You ...... (Complete)

- a-You look very tired and exhausted. You should take some rest.
- b- You look very tired and exhausted. You should taking some rest.
- c- You look very tired and exhausted. You shouldn't have taken some rest.

### 6- I should have bought a new car last year.

(Ask a question)

- a- When should you buy a new car?
- b- When should have you bought a new car?
- c- When should you have bought a new car?

### **Language Functions**

### Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- The policeman asked about the car accident you saw.
2- Your brother wants to know why smoke alarms are used.
<b>3-</b> The waiter is asking for your opinion about the food they served.
4- Your older sister was late for the exam because she was asleep.
5- Your friend has lost his job because of his carelessness.
<b>6-</b> Your friend invited you to a restaurant and asked for your opinion about the place.
7- Your friend thinks that vaccinations are not useful.
<b>8-</b> Your father thinks that having a smoke alarm is important at home.
9- Your friend believes that car accidents are not a serious problem.
10- You feel regretful for not going to the cinema with your friends.

### **Set-Book**

1 - What inventions (innovations) are needed to keep us secure?
2- How do airbags and seat belts keep us secure while driving?
3- Why are smoke alarms important devices in all buildings?
4- What are the best locations for smoke alarms?
5- What are the causes ( reasons ) of car accidents?
6- What safety measures should drivers take to avoid car accidents?
7- What are the benefits of vaccinations?

### **Translation**

### **Translate the following into good English:**

ـ هناك العديد من الاختراعات والابتكارات التي تحافظ على سلامتنا.
ر- للتطعيم أهمية كبيرة في حياتنا, فهو يمنع انتشار الوباء ويقلل من الأمراض.
- لأحزمة الأمان وأكياس الهواء الكثير من الفوائد, فهي تخفف الإصابات عند وقوع الحوادث. موقع
عجب وضع أجهزة انذار الدخان في المباني لأنها تكشف وجود دخان.
- من الأفضل وضع أجهزة انذار الدخان في الصالات والممرات وأعلى الدرج.
<ul> <li>هناك العديد من الأسباب لحوادث السيارات مثل السرعة واستخدام الهاتف النقال أثناء القيادة.</li> </ul>
ـ نستطيع تقليل حوادث الطرق من خلال اتباع قوانين المرور والقيادة بحرص.
- لا ينصح وضع أجهزة انذار الدخان في المطابخ.

### Writing

### **Write on the following topic: (Descriptive)**

"Driving a car may be the most dangerous activity in which human beings are involved."

Plan and write an essay of about **14** sentences (**160 words**) **describing** a car accident you have recently witnessed, mentioning how the accident happened and the dangerous consequences that followed the accident.

Outline
<u>Introduction:</u>
مونج الكويتية
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Body: almanahj.com/kw
Paragraph 1:
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••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Paragraph 2:
<u>Conclusion:</u>

Write your topic here

# Unit 11

### Vocabulary

# A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

1- My teacher read my essay and asked me to it by correcting my mistakes.				
a- anticipate	b- amend	c- confront	d- contradict	
2- Before starting a trip, you should all the cost so as to get enough money.				
a- appraise	b- dump	c- dead	d- consent	
<b>3-</b> The COVID-19 pande	mic caused a feeling of	among man	y people.	
- Cut Gras	b- deforestation		•	
4- The indust	ry provides almost half	the fish eaten worldwic	le.	
a- recreation	b- aquaculture	c- symposium	d- partnership	
<b>5-</b> A brave person alway	s his probler	ns and never runs away	·	
a- amends	b- funds	c- confronts	d- stings	
<b>6-</b> The witness told the p	police two stories that	each other.		
a- appraised	b- funded	c- anticipated	d- contradicted	
<b>7-</b> is destroyi	ng large areas of tropica	al rainforest.		
a- Deforestation	b- Landfill site	c-Red tide	d- Smokestack	
8- Unfortunately, some p	people just th	neir rubbish in the river.		
a- appraise	b- fund	c- dump	d-tackle	
<b>9-</b> The of mo	tor vehicles emit dange	rous toxic smoke.		
a- exhaust pipes	b-symposium	c- landfill sites	d- red tides	
10- My father used an axe to the big tree that blocked the main entrance.				
a- fund	b- fell	c- anticipate	d- tackle	
			اعداد، أ ناشد الحاح	

11- We are collecting	money to th	e famine relief efforts in	poor countries.
a- anticipate	b- dump	c- fell	d- fund
12- My grandfather w	as the manager of a larg	ge company.	
a- ecological	b- international	c- unbearable	d- sustainable
13- There has been a/a	an improven	nent in the health situation	n recently.
a- sustainable	b- marine	c- ecological	d- unbearable
<b>14-</b> My brother took p	part in an international.	about environr	nental changes.
_		c- symposium	d- Plight
<b>15-</b> Drilling for oil un	der the sea is harmful fo	or all life.	
a- joint	b- international	c- sustainable	d- marine
<b>B- Fill in the spaces</b>	with the right words fi	om the list:	
( chiefly	- anticipate - smokesta	ncks - overall - deforesta	ntion- tackle)
1- My computer isn't	working, so I don't kno	w how to	this problem.
<b>2-</b> We	having a lot of fun d	uring our trips to London	and Paris next week.
<b>3-</b> The fumes coming to	from the	are very toxic.	
4	destroys the natural	habitats of wild animals	and birds.
<b>5-</b> Tea is	planted in Japan	n, Sri Lanka, and India.	

### Grammar

### A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

1- I.....mobile phones will be more sophisticated in the future. a- thinks b- think c- am thinking d- will think **2-**I.....about how to manage the project successfully. b- think c- am thinking d- will think a- thinks **3-**I.....we will finish doing the task in a few hours. b- am expecting d- was expecting a- expect c- expects **4-** A lot of people ..... to travel in summer. a- have loved b- loving c- are loving d- love 5- I ..... the future holds the best for all of us in the end. a- am believing b- believe c- believing d- was believing **6-** You can achieve your aims...... you have a good plan. a- if b- until c- by the time d- whereas 7-I will wait here .....you finish your meeting. a- if b- yet d- until **8-** ...... I arrived at the station, the train had already left. a- Since b-By the time c-Whereas d- Until a-since b- if d- whereas c- until **10-** He was tired,....he continued working until late at night. a- if b- by the time d- whereas c- yet **11-**We should stay indoors.....it is raining. a- since b- in spite of c- until d- yet

### B-From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

### 1- My sister (think) that German is a difficult language.

(Correct)

- a- My sister thinks that German is a difficult language.
- b- My sister thinks that German is a difficult language.
- c- My sister thinking that German is a difficult language.

### 2-I (expect) a letter from my friend who lives abroad in a few days.

(Correct)

- a- I was expected a letter from my friend who lives abroad in a few days.
- b- I am expecting a letter from my friend who lives abroad in a few days.
- c- I expecting a letter from my friend who lives abroad in a few days.

### 3-John loves to read book. His brother prefers watching movies.

(use whereas)

- a- John loves to read book, his brother prefers watching movies whereas.
- b- John whereas loves to read book, his brother prefers watching movies.
- c- John loves to read book, whereas his brother prefers watching movies.

### 4-He is still young. He has a lot of experience.

(Join using: yet)

- a-Yet he is still young, he has a lot of experience.
- b- He is still young, yet he has a lot of experience.
- c- He is still young, he has a lot of experience yet.

### 5-The teacher will stay in the classroom. Everyone leaves.

(Join using: until)

- a- The teacher will stay in the classroom until everyone leaves.
- b- Until the teacher will stay in the classroom everyone leaves.
- c- The teacher will stay in the classroom everyone leaves until.

### 6- The weather is hot. We will go to the beach.

(Join using: since)

- a- Since we will go to the beach, the weather is hot.
- b- The weather is hot since we will go to the beach.
- c- Since the weather is hot, we will go to the beach.

### **Language Functions**

### Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- You expected your favourite team to win the match, but unfortunately, they did not.
2- A friend of yours has lost his job because of his carelessness.
<b>3-</b> Your little sister apologizes for making noise while you are asleep.
4- Your little sister saw a crowd in front of a shop and asked you what it is.
5- A classmate of yours won the first-place prize at the story writing competition.
6- One of your neighbours need help repairing his house's fence.
7- A policeman asks you to pull over your car because you have gone over the speed limit.
<b>8-</b> Your teacher asks you about the effects of pollution on the environment.
9- Many people think that global warming isn't a serious issue.
10- You see a young child finish his food and throw the bag of rubbish on the ground.

### **Set-Book**

<ul><li>1 - What are the most dangerous problems facing our world?</li><li>- From your point of view , our planet is in danger / at risk due to:</li></ul>
2 - Many things can be done in order to protect the environment. Give examples.
3- What do you think the government should do to protect endangered species from extinction?
almanahj.com/kw  4- Why have some animals become extinct ?
5- People cut down trees for many reasons. Mention two.
6- Trees are very important / useful. Why?
7- Cutting down trees ( deforestation ) is a devastating environmental issue. Why?

### **Translation**

### **Translate the following into good English:**

1-هناك العديد من المشاكل البيئية الخطرة التي تواجه العالم في الوقت الحاضر .
2- من أخطر المشاكل التي تهدد البيئة هي التلوث، الاحتباس الحراري، ازالة الغابات وانقراض الحيوانات.
3- هناك الكثير من المخاطر التي تهدد الحيوانات مثل الصيد وتدمير مسكنها.
5- يؤدي قطع الأشجار إلى التلوث، كما أنه يسبب الاحتباس الحراري.
6- للنباتات والأشجار الكثير من الفوائد, فهي تحافظ على التوازن البيئي, كما أنها مصدر للطعام.
7- يجب أن نحافظ على البيئة من خلال تقليل التلوث.
8- يقوم الناس بقطع الأشجار من أجل صناعة الورق والخشب.

### Writing

### Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think that keeping the environment clean is the responsibility of the government while others say it is the responsibility of all people.

Plan and write an essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) discussing both views and stating your own.

Outline
<u>Introduction:</u>
الناهج الكويتية المسام
Body:
Paragraph 1:
Paragraph 2:
<b>Conclusion:</b>

Write your topic here

# Unit 12

# Vocabulary

## A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

<b>1-</b> The new	will provide electricity	to all cities and villages.	
a- dam	b- mullet	c- remedy	d- shortage
<b>2-</b> When the tide	, it leaves behind	a variety of interesting se	ashells on the shore.
a- flares up	b- goes out	c- comes in	d- maps out
<b>3-</b> His hands began to	with fear	as he approached the edge	e of the cliff.
a-quake	b- announce	c- lessen	d- propose
<b>4-</b> The candidate will	meet with his campaign	manager toh	is campaign strategy.
a- come in	b- go out	c- map out	d- flare up
<b>5-</b> Building a house er	ntirely out of glass is a /	anio	dea.
a- previous	b- impractical	c- wasteful	d- demanding
<b>6-</b> A healthy diet can the risk of heart and stomach disease, can't it?			
a- accumulate	b- propose	c- announce	d- lessen
<b>7-</b> When we go campi	ng, we usually take a la	rge of food an	d water.
a- supply	b- dam	c- expert	d- mansion
8- Over time, dust and	l dirt began to	on the shelves.	
a- prohibit	b- accumulate	c- overflow	d- quake
9- The doctor recomm	nended a quick	for the cold, including res	st and plenty of fluids.
a- remedy	b- shortage	c- calamity	d- expert
<b>10-</b> The water in the tub will if you fill it completely.			
a-quake	b- announce	c- prohibit	d- overflow

11- The manager has .	to hire qualifi	ied workers and fire all in	experienced ones.		
a- lessened	b- overflowed	c- proposed	d- accumulated		
12- The teacher discussed the of the vegetarian diet.					
a- shortage	b- dam	c- mullet	d- pros and cons		
13- She is good at painting. That's why she won the competition.					
a- absolutely	b- regularly	c- perilously	d- previously		
14-There are many parts of the world where theof food lasts for years, not just for one.					
a-mansion	b-mullet	c-expert	d-shortage		
15-Her achievements areas she embarked on a university education in her fifties.					
a-lethal موقع هج الكويتية almanahj.com/		c-spinning	d-moist		
<b>B- Fill in the spaces with the right words from the list:</b>					
(perilously - prohibit – prolonged- wasteful -calamity - regularly)					
1-To keep fit both phy	sically and mentally, on	e should do exercise			
2-The government dec	ided to	importing tox	ic waste.		
<b>3-</b> The car was parked		close to the edge of th	e cliff.		
<b>4-</b> The drought caused severe water shortages across the region.					
5-Many villages and cities were affected because of the natural					

#### Grammar

c- is talking

### A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

**1-** The girl said that she ..... to the teacher the previous day.

b- talks

**2-** The engineer said that he ..... on the project the previous day.

a- working b- works c- had worked d- will work

**3-** Emily told her father that she ...... the golden medal.

a- won b- will win c- is winning d- wins

**4-** My friends told me they ..... to Canada the day after.

a- travel b- will travel c- would travel d- travelled



#### B-From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

#### 1- I 'm glad to meet you.

a- has talked

(Reported Speech)

d- had talked

- a- John told me that he was glad to meet me.
- b- John told me that he is glad to meet me.
- c- John told me that he has been glad to meet me.

#### 2- We lost our way to the park yesterday.

(Reported Speech)

- a- David said that they lose their way to the park the day before.
- b- David said that they had lost their way to the park the day before.
- c- David said that they lost their way to the park the day after.

#### 3- I'll be here in the café tomorrow.

(Reported Speech)

- a- Sara said that she will be there in the café the day after.
- b- Sara said that she would be there in the café the day before.
- c- Sara said that she would be there in the café the day after.

#### 4- "I want to go camping this summer."

(Reported speech)

- a- My brother said that he wanted to go camping that summer.
- b- My brother said that he had wanted to go camping this summer.
- c- My brother said that he will want to go camping this summer.

#### 5- "We visited many interesting places last week."

(Reported speech)

- a- My friend said that they have visited many interesting places the week before.
- b- My friend said that they had visited many interesting places the week before.
- c- My friend said that they would visit many interesting places the week before.

#### 6- "I have been playing football for two hours."

(Reported speech)

- a- My brother said that he has been playing football for two hours.
- b- My brother said that he was playing football for two hours.
- c- My brother said that he had been playing football for two hours.

#### 7- "I will see you tomorrow."

(Reported speech)

- a- My friend Nasser told me that he would see me the next day.
- b- My friend Nasser told me that he will be seeing me tomorrow.
- c- My friend Nasser told me that he will see me the next day.

#### 8- " I have been interviewing candidates."

(Reported speech)

- a- Merit said that I am interviewing candidates.
- b- Merit said that she had been interviewing candidates.
- c- Merit said that she has been interviewing candidates.

### 9- "Our teacher asks too many questions."

(Reported speech)

- a- They said that our teacher asked too many questions.
- b- They said that their teacher has asked too many questions.
- c- They said that their teacher asked too many questions.

#### 10- "I travelled to London with my family last week", said Ali. (Reported speech)

- a- Ali said he had travelled to London with her family the previous week.
- b- Ali said he was travelling to London with his family the previous week.
- c- Ali said he has travelled to London with his family the previous week.

#### 11- "Don't talk without permission."

(Reported speech)

- a- The teacher told them to not talk without permission.
- b- The teacher told them not to talk without permission.
- c- The teacher told them do not talk without permission.

#### 12- " I will come to visit you tomorrow."

(Reported Speech)

- a- He said he would come to visit me the day after.
- b- He said he would come to visit me the day before.
- c- He said he will come to visit me the day after.

#### 13- Copy these words into your notebooks.

(Reported Speech)

- a- He told us not to copy those words into our notebooks.
- b- He told us to copy those words into our notebooks.
- c- He told us to copy these words into his notebooks.

# **Language Functions**

# Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- The lava burnt down some cities and killed a lot of people.
2- People in Bangladesh suffered a lot because of floods and hurricanes.
<b>3-</b> People have to stay home during tornados.
4- A friend says earthquakes cannot be disastrous.
5- Your friend invites you to dine out in a Chinese restaurant.
<b>6-</b> We can never do anything that may reduce the impact of a sandstorm.
7- It's truly said that water is life; so people have to make the best use of it.
8- Your friend suggest going to Al-Jahra Natural Reserve to play there.
9- The policeman wants to know why you have been driving the car fast.
10- Your brother asks you how to fix his computer.

# **Set-Book**

<b>1-</b> Mention two types of natural disasters (powers of nature ):
<b>2-</b> What are the bad effects (results) of natural disasters(volcanoes / earthquakes / floods
/tornadoes)?
(- How can natural disasters affect people badly?)
3 - How do governments prepare the people for natural threats and disasters?
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<b>4-</b> Mention some possible ways of solving the problem of water shortage:
5-What are the aims of establishing / building Nature Reserves ?

#### **Translation**

# **Translate the following into good English:** 1-هناك الكثير من الكوارث الطبيعية مثل الزلازل، البراكين، الأعاصير والفيضانات. 2- للكوارث الطبيعية الكثير من الآثار المدمرة. 3- تتسبب الكوارث الطبيعة بقتل الناس وتدمير المباني. 4- يعتبر نقص المياه إحدى المشاكل الخطرة التي تهدد حياة الكثير من الناس. 5- يجب على الحكومات إيجاد حلول لمشكلة نقص المياه. 6- نستطيع التقليل من آثار نقص المياه من خلال بناء السدود وحفر المزيد من الأبار.

إعداد: أناشد الحاج

7- تلعب المحميات الطبيعية دورا مهما في حماية الحيوانات والنباتات.

8- تعتبر محمية الشيخ صباح الأحمد مكانا مثاليا للحياة البرية.

#### Writing

## Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think it is very important that governments spend money on keeping wildlife and rare animals; whereas others see that we should save our money for the prosperity of people.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) discussing the two points of view and stating your own position on this issue.

Outling

Outine
Introduction:
هوانغ المناهج الكويتية Body:
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Paragraph 1:
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Dawa ana da 2.
Paragraph 2:
<b>Conclusion:</b>

Write your topic here

#### Writing

#### Write on the following topic: (Descriptive)

You have visited Sabah Al Ahmad Natural Reserve in one of your school trips. Plan and write an e-mail of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) describing the animals, plants and the natural features of the place that you have seen.

Outline
Introduction:
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Body:
Body: Paragraph 1: hahj.com/kw
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Paragraph 2:
<b>Conclusion:</b>

Write your topic here

#### READING COMPREHENSION

#### Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

Air pollution is made up of gases, dust, odours, particles, smoke, fumes, and other substances which can be harmful to humans, animals, plants, and all living organisms. The air is contaminated and unclean. Air pollution affects the Earth's atmosphere. The atmosphere of the Earth is like a blanket of air which protects all living organisms. Without the atmosphere, life would not exist. The atmosphere protects living things from the heat of the Sun during the day, and at night, **it** prevents the warm air from escaping. Basically, the atmosphere helps keep the living things on Earth from burning up or freezing.

It is difficult to avoid the pollution in the air which is the source where people get the oxygen to breathe and live. Pollution can travel with the wind from one place to another and spread over a large number of miles. Pollution can be caused by humans, or it can also occur naturally. For example, natural pollution may come from volcanoes, forest fires, windstorms, pollen in the air, and other sources in nature.

The three main causes of pollution by humans include the release of smoke and fumes from manufacturing plants and various industries. Power plants that release carbon monoxide and furnaces that burn waste are two examples of **man-made** pollution. Gasoline refineries also release dangerous chemicals in the air called hydrocarbons. The second cause is the burning of fossil fuels such as from cars, trucks, trains, airplanes. This type of pollution occurs often because people rely on transportation every day. Another main cause of pollution is from household and farming chemicals. On farms, crop dusting may pollute the air, homes may be sprayed with chemical to kill bugs or to help the grass grow.

There are several effects of air pollution including acid rain, which is when rain is mixed with the pollution in the air. This acid rain can cause harm to trees, animals, fish, and other living organisms. It can cause problems with breathing and irritation to the eyes, nose, or throat. Sometimes people can also get headaches or have allergic reactions. Longterm effects can include lung cancer, heart disease and other health problems.

a- Acid Rain
b- Air Pollution
c- Water Pollution
d- Farming Chemicals
2- The underlined word "man-made" in the 3rd paragraph is closest in meaning to:
a- useful
b- natural
c- artificial
d- several
<b>3-</b> The underlined word " <u>it</u> " in the <b>1st</b> paragraph refers to:
a- sun
b- day
c- nigh
d- atmosphere
4- According to the 3rd paragraph, one of the main causes of pollution by humans is:
a- the eruption of volcanoes.
b- forest fires.
c- the release of smoke and fumes.
d- pollen in the air.
5- According to the text, all the following statements about air pollution are TRUE EXCEPT
a- It is easy to avoid it.
b- It affects all living organisms.
c- It can be caused by humans or naturally.
d- It causes damage to the Earth's atmosphere.
a it eadses duringe to the Earth's atmosphere.
B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:
6- Why is the atmosphere very important?
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7. What two avamples of man made notifying given in the tayt?
7- What two examples of man-made pollution given in the text?
8- Why can't we escape pollution in the air?
9- How does acid rain affect living organisms?
مداده أياش دالم

A- From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:1- The best title for the passage could be:

#### **SUMMARY MAKING**

#### Read the following passage, then do as required:

E-Readers are the future of reading, and it is clear that they are superior to printed books for many reasons. An e-reader allows its user to customise the letter size, font, and line spacing of any book you download, making the reading experience more comfortable. It also allows highlighting and electronic bookmarking for all the parts of the books you want to get back to. While these are all nice features, perhaps the most helpful of all is the ability to get dictionary definitions at the touch of a finger. On even the most basic e-reader, users can get instant definitions without having to hunt through a physical dictionary. Finally, the light weight of the e-reader allows users to carry hundreds of books in the palm of their hand.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

Why are e-readers better than printed books?
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Read the following passage, then do as required:
Owning a cat is quite popular in many countries all over the world. For millions of
people, cats are their favourite pets. People sometimes forget, however, that owning a cat is a
big responsibility. First, owners should have time as they need to feed, care for and clean up
after their cats. They must also make sure their cats get enough exercise. In addition, cats need
to be taken to the vet regularly to make sure they are healthy. Finally, owners have a
responsibility to train their cats, so they know how to behave around people. Cats are beautiful animals, and they deserve responsible owners who look after them properly. In a paragraph of
FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the
following question:
How is owning a cat a big responsibility?