

State of Kuwait Ministry of Education Mubarak AI – Kabeer Educational Area The English Department

Targe

Grade 7 Second Term Prepared By: Mrs. Eman Sayed H.O.D Ms. Badria Al- Muttari

Student's Book

Brade

Unit Seven Journey to the Past Vocabulary

Words	Part of Speech	Meaning	Words	Part of Speech	Meaning
trade-d	(V)	يتاجر	curiously	(Adv)	بفضول
trading	(N)	تجارة	gladiator	(N)	محارب
privileged	(Adj)	ذو میزۃ۔ ممیز	cheerfully	(Adv)	بفرح- بابتهاج
rather	(Adv)	إلى حد ما- بدلامن	chariot	(N)	عربة تجرها الخيول
preserve	(V)	يحفظ	take place – took	(Ph V)	يحدث
realise-d	(V)	يدرك	rule-d	(V)	يحكم
endangered	(Adj)	مهدد بالانقراض	cultural	(Adj)	ثقافى
cultivation	(N)	حصاد-زراعة	instrument	(N)	آلة - آداة
restore-d	(V)	يستعيد-يسترجع	include-d	(V)	يتضمن - يشمل
ancient	(Adj)	قديم	calligraphy	(N)	فن الخط

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1 – Salting and freez	ing are good ways to	food.	
a) preserve	b) rule	c) include	d) restore
2 – The Siberian Tig	ger is a / an	as they hunt	it badly.
a) cultural	b) endangered	c) ancient	d) privileged
3 – They	watch the action	film to find out its he	orrible end.
a) definitely	b) gently	c) cheerfully	d) curiously
4 – The thermometer	r is an / a	. which is used to me	asure temperature.
a) chariot	b) gladiator	c) cultivation	d) instrument

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

ancient - realise - cheerfully - cultivation - trading

- 1- The Egyptians built the pyramids 7000 years ago.
- 2- The young boyhugged his father as he gave him a nice gift.
- 3- South Africa is well-known for diamond
- 4- Everybody should the real meaning of having a caring family.

Reading Comprehension

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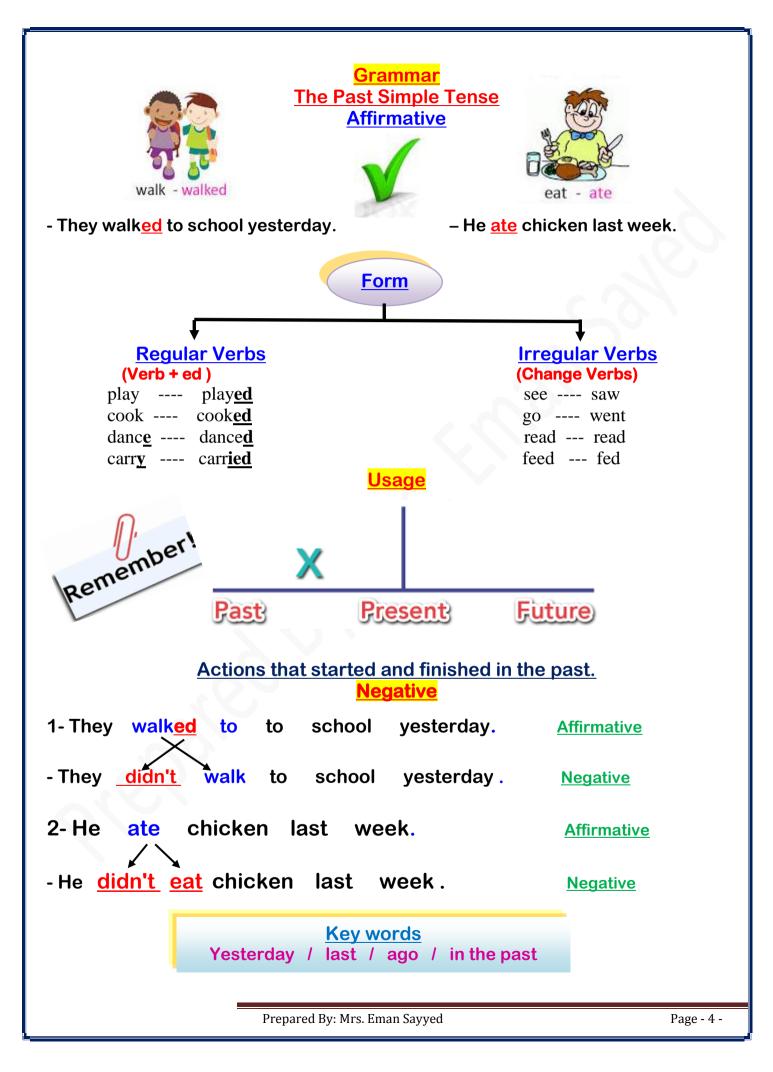
Read the following passage then answer the questions below

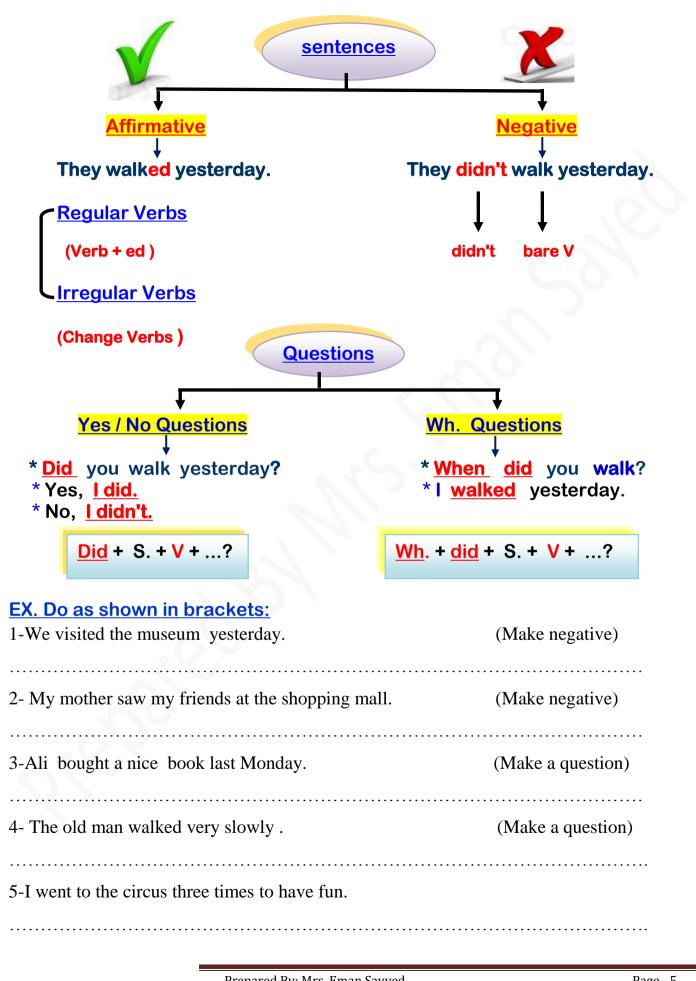
UNESCO is a specialized agency of the United Nations (UN) based in Paris. It searches for peace and security through international educational, scientific and cultural changes and improvements. It tries to achieve this in order to increase the worldwide respect for justice. human rights and freedom. UNESCO has 195 member states and nine other members. UNESCO tries to achieve its aims through five **major** programs: education, natural sciences, social / human sciences, culture and communication information. It has many projects. **They** include literacy, technical, teacher-training programmes, international science programmes, media, freedom of the press, cultural history projects, translations and the human rights.

UNESCO's main objective is to contribute to the building of peace, fighting poverty, sustainable development and cultural dialogue through education, the sciences, culture, communication and information". Other priorities of the organization include the best quality Education For All and lifelong learning. It also concentrates on the culture of peace and building common understanding through information and communication.

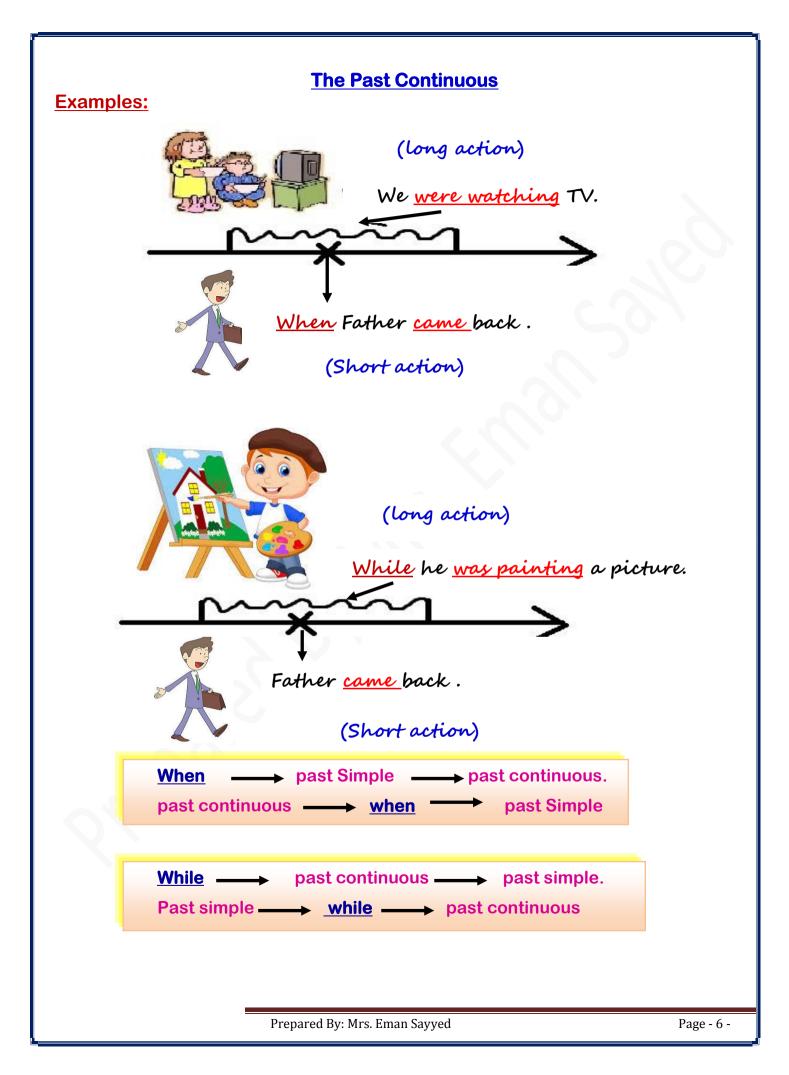
A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

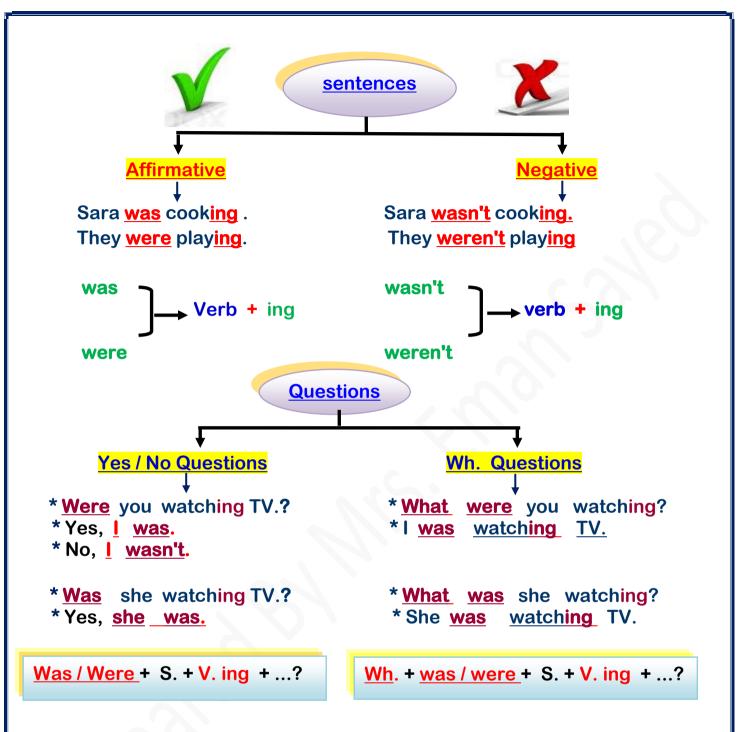
1- The most suitable title for this passage is	
a) The UNESCO	b) The UN
c) culture of peace	d) fighting poverty
2- The underlined word "major" in the sevent	h line means
a) exciting	b) effective
c) submissive	d) important
3- The underlined word "They" in the eighth l	ine refers to
a) improvements	b) projects
c) programmes	d) translations
4-The purpose of the writer in this passage is .	
a) to convience us with education.	b) to focuss on the role of the UNISCO.
c) to show the educational programmes.	d) to explain the projects of the UN.
B) Answer the following questions:	
5-What are the main objectives of the UNESC	CO?
6-How many members does the UNESCO have	/e?
7- How can the UNESCO support the culture	of peace ?
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Prepared By: Mrs. Eman Sayyed

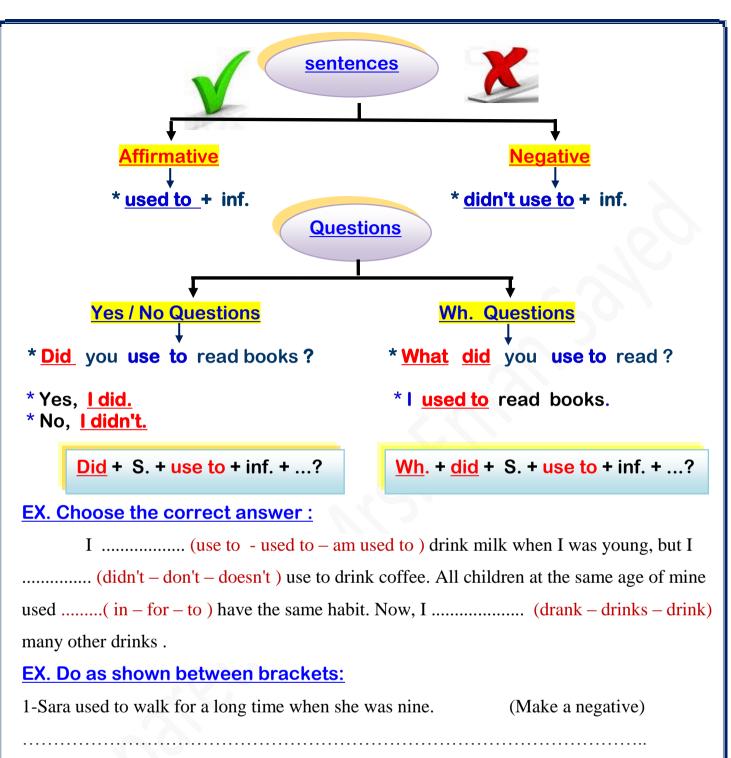




EX. Choose the correct answer :

When I got up this morning , my mother(was making – were making – making) our breakfast. While Dad (were reading – was reading – is reading) the newspaper, the telephone rang. When I finished having my shower, my little brothers (was sleeping – are sleeping – were sleeping) . Everybody (was doing – were doing – doing) different things at that time of the day.

EX. Do as shown between brackets: 1-We were visiting the USA when I saw them. (Make negative) 2-Maha was travelling to London. (Make negative) 3-Ali was meeting his cousin in the mosque. (Make a question) 4-While Maher (wash) his car, a tall man stole his wallet. (Correct the verb) Used to + inf. didn't use to + inf, He used to play football, but now he plays tennis In the past infinitive 2-She used to ride a bicycle, but now she drives a car. In the past infinitive **Negative** read books when I was young. Affirmative to used to read books when I was young. <u>Negative</u> -I didn't use * used to A habit in the past Remember! + inf. that stops or *didn't use to changes now Prepared By: Mrs. Eman Sayyed Page - 8 -



2- Ali used to watch action films.

(Make a question)

Spelling

EX.Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

- 1- There are many sources of the national economy $r_$ ther than tra_ing .
- 2-C_ltural festivals are held to rest_re the old heritage of the country.

Composition

" Life in the past was different from life nowadays. " Plan and write a paragraph of (8 sentences) about " Life in the past" .

These guide words and phrases may help you:

Homes - electricity -jobs -learn -food - technology

<u>Plan</u>

Life in the past

<u>Unit Eight</u> <u>The Work We Do</u> <u>Vocabulary</u>

Words	Part of Speech	Meaning
hard-working	(Adj)	مجتهد
rarely	(Adv)	نادرا
hidden	(Adj)	مختفى – مختبأ
dig up-dug up	(Ph V)	يحفر
sow -ed	(V)	یزرع – زرع
value-ed	(V)	يقيم يقدر يثمن
earn-ed	(V)	يكسب مالا
queue-ed	(V)	يصطف في طابور
perform-ed	(V)	يؤدي عمل
behaviour	(N)	سلوك

Words	Part of Speech	Meaning
public	(N)	على العامة- على الملأ
park ranger	(N)	حارس حديقة عامة
biologist	(N)	عالم أحياء بحرية
runway	(N)	مهبط الطائرة
staff	(N)	فريق عمل
luggage	(N)	حقائب سفر
passport	(N)	جواز سفر
aisle	(N)	ممر
agent	(N)	مضيف أرضي
boarding pass	(N)	بطاقة الصعود للطائرة

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1- Let's be ready fo	r travelling and pack	our	
a) luggage	b) passport	c) aisle	d) agent
2- They were search	hing for the	treasure eve	rywhere.
a) hidden	b) ancient	c) cultural	d) hard-working
3- All the actors try	<i>i</i> to	well in the play to ge	et the first award.
a) sow	b) earn	c) queue	d) perform
4-Polite students co	nduct a good	in class.	
a) behaviour	b) park ranger	c) runway	d) staff

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

passport – public – rarely – value – dig up

1- In some areas, they wells to get water .

- 2- You can't travel abroad without having a
- 3- People should follow the rules in the places.
- 4- It is sunny in the South Pole.

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Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

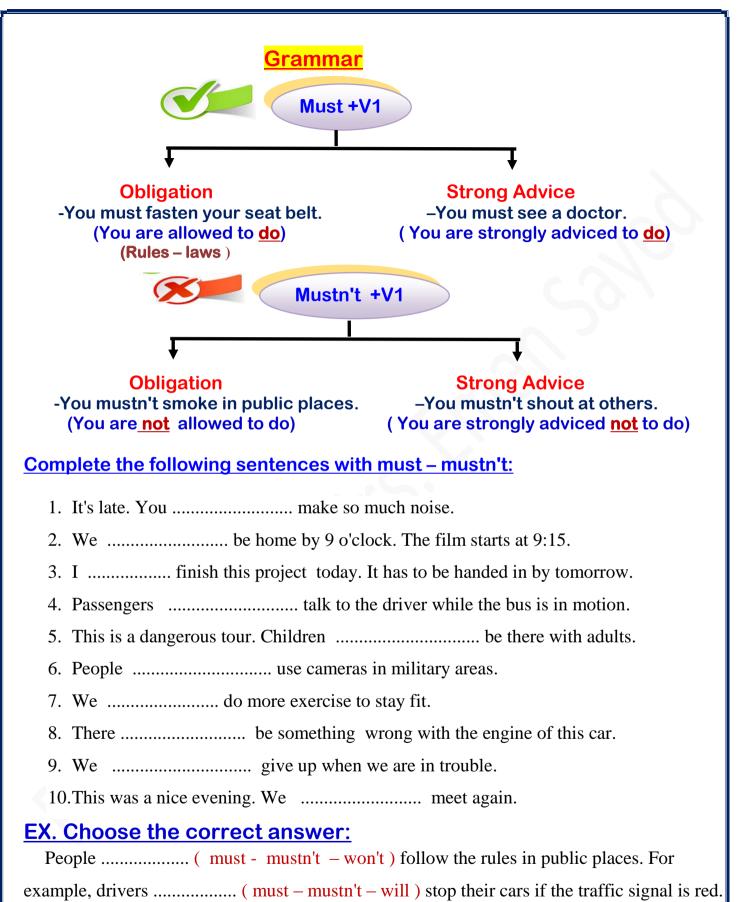
Fortunately some air tragedies are ended up with happy endings. Once a pilot of a small plane took off from an airport runway on a training flight. A strong wind blew and hit the plane to the top of a tree. The two wheels of the plane were knocked off but the plane did not crash. The pilot sent a radio message to the airport. He did not know how to land. The airport controller telephoned the airport firemen and told them what to do. A fireman borrowed a lorry that was waiting at the airport building to collect some goods.

The fireman had an idea which is to let the pilot try to land on the top of the lorry. He drove the lorry quickly along the runway and the pilot flew down to land. Luckily, he managed to land on the lorry. Part of the lorry was damaged and the tail of the plane was broken, but nobody was injured. The pilot was grateful to the fireman. He gladly agreed to pay for the damage to the lorry driver.

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1-The underlined pron	oun " them " in line	5 refers to	•••••
a) the controlers	b) the firemen	c) the drivers	d) the pilots
2. The word " <u>goods</u> "	in line 6 means		
a) items to be moved	b) households	c) clothing items	d) silverware
3. The main idea of the	e 2 nd paragraph is		
a) an airport building	b) a radio message	c) a training flight d)	an unusual adventure
4. In this story, the wr	iter tries to		
a) show trainings on a	ir crashes	b) focus on the impor	tance of team work
c) entertain the readers		d) recommend self le	arning and experience
B) Answer the follo 5.How did the fireman	help the pilot?		
6. What happened to t	•		
7. Why was it a lucky	-		
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At the same time, they (must– can't – mustn't) talk on their mobile phones while driving.



Necessity



.....

Affirmative	Negative
-I have to get up early to go to school.	-I don't have to cook . I'm still young.
	Don't have to + base V1 (Present)
I-You-We-They + <u>have to</u> + V1	
-Sara <u>has to</u> visit Mona who is sick.	-Sara doesn't have to work alone.
	Doesn't have to + base V1 (Present)
She-He-It + <u>has to</u> + V1	
-We <u>had to</u> help at home yesterday.	-We didn't have to be alone yesterday.
	Didn't have to + base V1 (Past)
I-You-We-They-She-He-It + had to	
Strong obligation, when the obligation	gation comes from someone else.

EX. Change into negative:

1-We have to wear jeans at school.

2-Asmaa has to speak French in London.

3- I had to spend my last holiday working.

.....

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

1-People should have good behav_our when they are in p_blic places.

2-This st__ff of divers and b__ologists is working in the marine field.

EX. Choose the correct answer:

Students (has to - have to - had to) wear their school uniforms. My little
sister (has to - have to - had to) stay at home with my mother. She is still
young, so she (don't have to - doesn't have to - didn't have to) go to school every
morning. All of us (don't have to - doesn't have to - didn't have to) to go to
work on Friday because it is a public holiday. Last weekend, I (has to - have to
- had to) be with my family celebrating my elder brother's graduation.

EX. Complete the following sentences with : (have to- don't have to -has to - doesn't have to -had to – did n't have to):

- 1. When you make pizza, you have some pizza sauce.
- 2. The secretary know how to type.
- 3. A person smoke cigarettes to stay alive.
- 4. People drink water to stay alive.
- 5. We to shout at the others.
- 6. Khadija meet her friends last weekend as she was busy.

EX. Make questions:

1- I have to stay up late to send many emails.

.....

2- Sofia has to practise well three times a week.

.....

3-We had to revise Science yesterday.

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Composition

" Every job has its own responsibilities " Plan and write a paragraph of (8 sentences) about " An animal trainer" and the things he has to do / doesn't have to do .

These guide words and phrases may help you:

Patient - police - physically strong - computer - office - different

<u>Plan</u>

An animal trainer

Unit Nine Jobs and Personality Vocabulary

Word	Part of	Meaning
	speech	
profile	(N)	ملف شخصىي
composer	(N)	مؤلف- ملحن
generous	(Adj)	کریم
imaginative	(Adj)	خيالى
selfish	(Adj)	أنانى
organise-d	(V)	ينظم
cabinet	(N)	خزانة
regularly	(Adv)	بانتظام
sweep-swept	(V)	يکنس- کنس
laundry	(N)	الغسيل

Word	Part of speech	Meaning
Noble Prize	(N)	جائزة نوبل
contribute-d	(V)	يساهم
Faculty	(N)	كلية
Voyage	(N)	رحلة
Theory	(N)	نظرية
Citizen	(N)	مواطن
admire-d	(V)	يعجب ب
achievement	(N)	انجاز
Quote	(N)	قول مأثور

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1- My younger sister wants to be a music as she likes playing the piano.			
a) profile	b) composer	c) cabinet	d) laundry
2-It is really kind a	and	to share things w	with the others.
a) generous	b) imaginative	c) selfish	d) hidden
3- Young children	always have a dream	to join the	of Medicine.
a) citizen	b) faculty	c) quote	d) cabinet
4- There are many	complicated	in Maths	5.
a) theories	b) faculties	c) citizens	d) quotes
<u>B) Fill in the spa</u>	aces with words fro	m the list:	

selfish – organise – voyages – achievement - regularly

- 1- Doing your workis the best way to success.
- 2-You should make a plan andyour ideas before writing.
- 3-Always avoid being! It is a bad habit.
- 4-Ibn Battota was known for his long travels and sea

Reading Comprehension



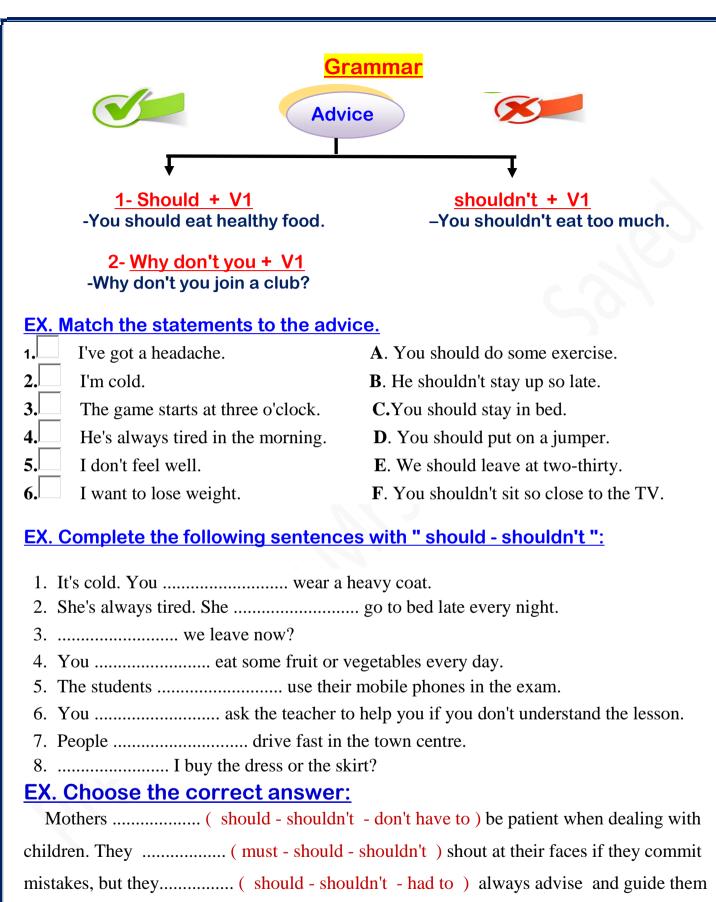
Read the following passage then answer the questions below

Morals and values are vital to create an amazing character. <u>Manners</u> too are of great importance as they help us know what we are supposed to do or what we are not supposed to do . People are classified into two types according to their manners. They are either well-mannered or ill - mannered. We say that a person has good manners if he or she behaves politely, helpfully and kindly to others.

Undoubtedly, a great deal of examples are given to children to be followed in order to be well mannered. Parents always advise **them** never laugh at people when they are in trouble. Instead, they should try to help them. When people are waiting for a bus, or in a post office, they should take turns. Children shouldn't push to the front. They must say 'please or excuse me ' when making a request and 'thank you or God Bless you ' when they receive something. They must stand up when speaking to the elderly. They are not allowed to interrupt other people when they are talking. They mustn't speak with mouth full of food.

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d: 1- The word " them " in line 7 refers to

	Prepared By: Mrs.	Eman Sayyed	Page - 20 -
7) How do people d	escribe the well manne	ered?	
6) What should you	ı say when you have a	request?	
5) Why are manners	s important?		
	·		
B) Answer the fo	llowing questions:		
c) express his person	nal experience	d) recommend s	olutions to a problem
a) focus on the impo	ortance of manners	b) show how to b	behave badly
4- The writer in this	s passage tries to		
a) bad manners	b) good manners	c) types of manne	ers d) elder people
3-The main idea of	the 1 st paragraph is		
a) behaviours	b) characters	c) belongings	d) examples
2- The word "Mann	ners" in line 1 means .		
a) parents	b) children	c) people	d) manners



to learn how to perfectly deal with their problems .

Adverbs Adverbs describe the actions or the verbs (Adjectives + ly = Adverbs)

slow → slowly quick → quickly	N. or Adj.	Adverb
Example:	Nice	Nicely
1- Asma is a <u>slow</u> runner. She runs <u>slowly</u> .	Careful	Carefully
	Happy	Happily
* Remove the (y) and add (ily) to	Simple	Simply
the Adj. with letters like $p, t, s + y$.	Full	Fully
noisy	True	Truly
happy — happily	Friend	Friendly
Example: 1- Ayman lives a <u>happy</u> life. He lives <u>happily</u> .	Fast	Fast
	Hard	Hard
<u>* Irregular Adjectives</u>	Good	Well

- * hard Maha is a good pupil. She studies her lessons well.
- * fast → fast
- Ali is a fast runner. He can run fast.

EX. Complete the following sentences with the suitable adverbs: :

- 1- Salma is a good reader . She can read
- 2- Dana is a fast swimmer. She swims
- 3- We are a happy family. We always live
- 5- Ali has a quick way to do things. He does everything
- 6- The workaholics do their best and workto achieve their goals.
- 7- Good people always behave in situations.
- 8- Don't drive your car in the crowded areas.
- 9- The baby walks
- 10-Careful drivers drive their cars

EX. Complete the following sentences (Adjectives or adverbs):

- 1. The bus driver was injured. (serious)
- 2. Ali is clever. (extreme)
- 3. This hamburger tastes (awful)
- 4. Be with this glass of milk. It's hot. (careful)
- 5. Jassim looks What's the matter with him? (sad)
- 6. Dana is upset about losing her keys. (terrible)
- 7. This pizza smells (good)
- 8. Our basketball team played last Friday. (bad)
- 9. Don't speak so I can't understand you. (fast)
- 10. My mother opened her present. (slow)

EX. Choose the correct answer :

EX. Make questions :

1-The old man walks slowly.

2-The little boys can run fast.

3-I cook salty dishes perfectly.

.....

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

1-Imag __native ideas always lead to great achi__vements. .

2-They org__nise an activity to encourage people to do sports reg__larly.

Composition

"Peole can get prizes for their great achievements." Plan and write a paragraph of (8 sentences) about "The Noble prize".

These guide words and phrases may help you:

great minds - achievements - inventions - contribute - society - respect

<u>Plan</u>

The Noble Prize

Unit Ten Travels and Exploration Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Meaning
silver	(N)	فضبة
ambitious	(Adj)	طموح
repair-ed	(V)	يصلح
engine	(N)	محرك _ موتور
submarine	(N)	غواصة
quality	(N)	جودة
issue	(N)	موضوع
film-ed	(V)	يصور فيلم

Word	Part of	Meaning
	speech	
neatly	(Adv)	بترتيب
create-d	(V)	يخلق
brilliant	(Adj)	P
mausoleum	(N)	ضريح
concert	(N)	ضريح فرقة موسيقية
population	(N)	الكثافة السكانية
impatiently	(Adv)	بفارغ الصبر
seagull	(N)	نورس
facinated	(Adj)	منبهر

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1- The car	sudde	enly broke down on the	e way to the company.
a) silver	b) engine	c) mausoleum	d) concert
2- Bethhooven u	sed to	special pieces of mu	sic.
a) repair	b) film	c) create	d) issue
3- She is totally	by her	elder sister who was a	tallanted fashion designer.
a) ambitious	b) brilliant	c) facinated	d) selfish
4- China is a big	country with a great	t	
a) population	b) seagull	c) quality	d) submarine
5- The childrenjumped over their father to see their presents.			
a) impatiently	b) neatly	c) rarely	d) regularly

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

neatly - Seagull - repair - brilliant - quality

1- During sales, we can buy things in a good price and

2-Why don't you go to the mechanic to.....your old car.

3-You should think of a idea to improve your reading skill.

4-..... are beautiful white sea animals with long legs.

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Although not the longest river in America, the Rio Grande is one of the most important. But, unlike other rivers, **<u>it</u>** is not used for shipping. In fact, what makes the Rio Grande so important is its location. Since 1846, it has been the official border of Texas and Mexico. It is either the fourth or fifth longest river system in North America. The river starts in Colorado and extends downward to the Gulf of Mexico. Its name is Spanish that means the "Big River," but the Rio Grande is actually known as Rio Bravo in Mexico. "Bravo" translates as "**<u>furious</u>**," . The name makes sense . Because of its twists and turns, it certainly seems to be angrier than most rivers!

The Rio Grande today is mostly used as a source of drinking water for Texans and Mexicans. More important, it is a symbol of cooperation between the two nations. Although the Rio Grande separates their borders, it is therefore a symbol of friendship and peace between two peoples.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1-According to the passage, the purpose of the writer is to a) show the importance of the Rio Grande for drinking most of the United States. b) focus on the Rio Grande as the border of Texas and Mexico. c) tell us about the longest river system in the United States. d) emphasise the Rio Grande as a river known by two different names. 2) The underlined pronoun "it" in line (2) refers to a) Colorado b) the Rio Grande c) Mexico d) Texas 3) The underlined word " **furious** " in line (7) means b) dry a) angry c) large d) narrow 4) The main idea of the 1st paragraph is a) Texans and Mexicans b) a symbol of friendship c) a unique river d) the Rio Grande location **B)** Answer the following questions 5) How is the Rio Grande used today? 6) What makes the Rio Grande so important? 7) Why is the Rio Grande unlike other rivers?

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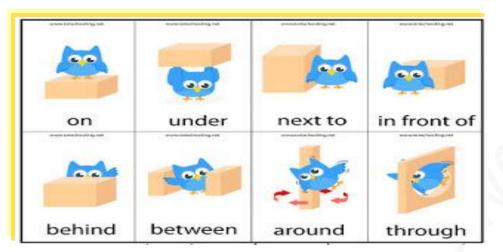


- 5. I saw the shoes you bought last week on sale for less this week.
- 6. Those are the winners will receive money and other prizes.
- 7. This is the hospital was built in 2005.
- 8. This is the hospital my uncle works.

EX. Join the following sentences: 1. The cyclist won the race . He trained hard. 2. I bought a book yesterday. It is very interesting. 3. The team leaders scored the goals. They will be at tomorrow's meeting. 4.We eat Spagetti. It is one of my family's favorite meals. 5.It is Friday. We have a holiday on Friday. 6. This is the house. We live in this house. 7. This is the house . My father bought last year.

EX. Choose the correct answer from a , b ,c and d:

Prepositions of place



EX. Choose the correct answer from a , b ,c and d:

In my class, the board is always (on - in front of - above) the Students. I sit (under - between - next to) Mona , but my friend Sara is sitting

(between - above - behind) Maha and Dana. We all work hard and help each other

Prepositions of time

in	<u>On</u>	<u>At</u>	By
- the morning	- on Sunday	-10:00 a.m	- by 6:00
- the after noon	- on Friday	- 6:00 p.m	(before 6:00)
- the evening	(<u>days</u>)	-7:30	
(day's times)	5		
- in February	- on December 1 st	- at 10 o'clock	-car / bus
(months)	- on May 3 rd	- at half past six	-plane / taxi
-in 2000	(<u>date</u>)	- at aquarter to five	(<u>transports</u>)
(<u>years</u>)			

EX. Choose the correct answer from a , b ,c and d:

I have a special daily routine. I always get up early (on - in - at) 6:00 (in - by - on) the morning. I join my friend Mona to go to school together (in - by - on) bus. We study many subjects (in - by - at) school.

<u>No</u>, the boy $\frac{\text{was}}{\text{mas}} \frac{\text{not}}{\text{not}}$ reading the story.

Questions

Was the boy reading the story?

1-Yes / No Questions:

Are there books

• <u>Yes</u>, I <u>swim</u> well in the swimming pool.

Yes, there **are** books in the bag.

in the bag?

Do you **swim** well in the swimming pool?

• <u>Yes</u>, Ali <u>wants</u> to be a teacher of English.

Does Ali <u>want</u> to be a teacher of English?

• <u>Yes</u>, Ali **played** football well.

<u>Did</u> Ali play football well.

• <u>No</u>, We <u>did n't</u> visit Dubai.

<u>Did</u> you visit Dubai?

Ex. Make (Yes / No)questions:

- 1-They like soccer.
- 2- He was born in this town.
- 3-They are nice.
- 4-They went to the swimming pool.
- 5-She wastes her money on jewelery.
- 6-He decided to study German.
- 7- They should revise their lessons.

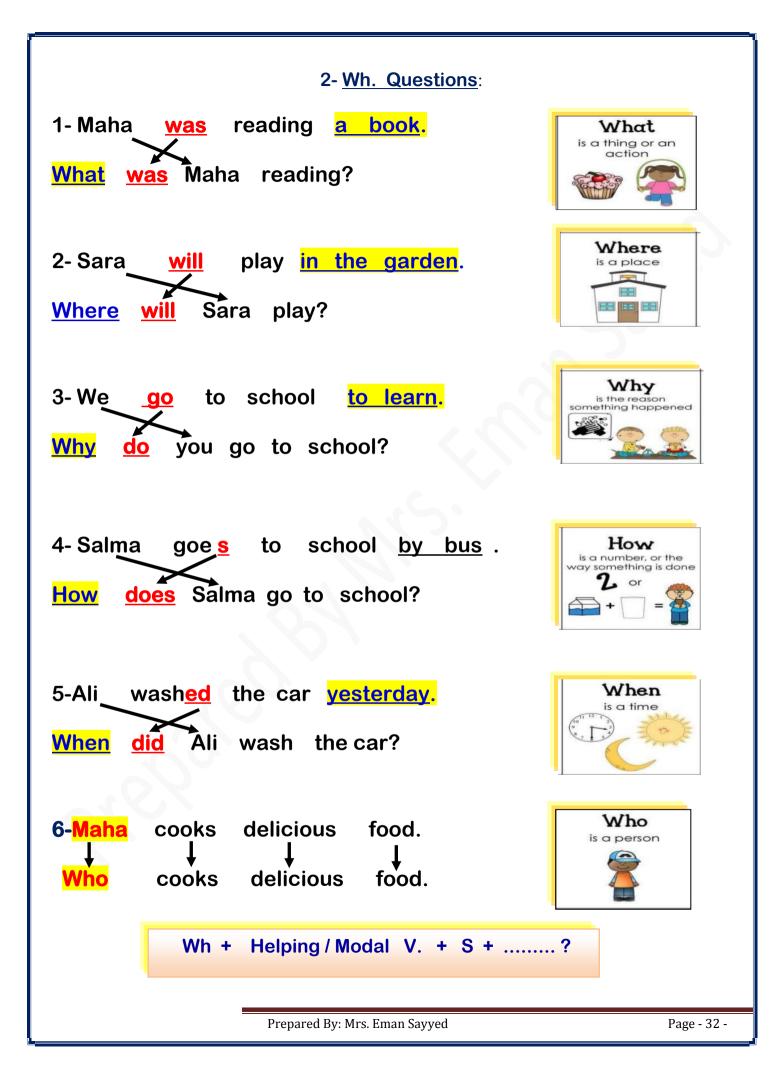
Helping / Modal Verbs: (am – is – are – was – were –) (have – has – had) (can – could – will –would – shall – should – may -might – must)

Helping / Modal V. + S + V?

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7- This dress is <mark>50 KD.</mark>	
How much is this dress?	
9 I drink three litree of water every day	low ^{or} How ch? Many?
How much <u>water</u> <u>do</u> you drink every day?	
How many <u>litres</u> of water <u>do</u> you drink every day?	
EX. Make Questions: 1- Salim bought three T. shirts yesterday.	
2- There are five rooms in my house.	
3- This car costs 12000 KD.	
4- My brother travels to London to study.	
5- Dana added little sugar in her tea.	
6-We were studying English at 10:00 yesterday.	
7-Salma was playing computer games.	
8-Sara can go shopping at the weekend.	
9-I finished my homework at 6 o'clock.	
10-Sami saves money in the bank.	

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

1- This submar__ne needs a strong __ngine to work perfectly .

2- The silv_r ring which I bought is of a good qualit_.

Composition

" Al-Khiran Resort is a wonderful place to visit." Plan and write a paragraph of (8 sentences) about "Al-Khiran Resort "

These guide words and phrases may help you:

family – collect shells – seagull – friends – facinated - enjoy

<u>Plan</u>

Al-Khiran Resort

Unit Eleven Energy and recycling Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Meaning
vally	(N)	وادى
steep	(AdJ)	منحدر
cautiously	(Adv)	بحذر
mayor	(N)	عمدة
pump	(N)	مضخة
operate-d	(V)	يشغل
attach-ed	(V)	يرفق
flow up	(Ph V)	ينهمر
recycle	(V)	يعيد تصنيع
impact	(N)	تأثير
reduce-d	(V)	يقلل

Word	Part of	Meaning
	speech	
pollution	(N)	تلوث
gadget	(N)	جهاز -أداة
container	(N)	وعاء
several	(Adj)	عديد
renewable	(Adj)	متجدد
Coal	(N)	فحم
Tiny	(Adj)	صغير جدا
deposit	(N)	راسب
solar	(Adj)	شمسي
powerfully	(Adv)	بقوة
windmill	(N)	طاحونة هواء

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1- Parents' behaviour has a greaton children's life.				
a) vally	b) mayor	c) pump	d) impact	
2- Solar power is asource of the unlimited natural sources of energy.				
a) steep	b) several	c) renewable	d) tiny	
3- Volcanos can erupt violently andto destroy buildings around.				
a) powerfully	b) cautiously	c) impatiently	d) neatly	
4- To save energy, we should the amount of paper or plastic we use daily				
a) attach	b) operate	c) pump	d) reduce	
 a) steep 3- Volcanos can e a) powerfully 4- To save energy 	b) several rupt violently and b) cautiously ,we should	 c) renewable to des c) impatiently the amount of pap 	d) tinytroy buildings around.d) neatlyer or plastic we use daily	

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

tiny - container - gadget - recycle - cautiously

- 1- Firemen are trying to save the family in the building on fire..
- 2- Scientists invented a very robot that can be put in the human body.
- 3- Don't throw your old if they don't function well.
- 4- We should the old newspapers, plastic botlles and paper bags.

Reading Comprehension

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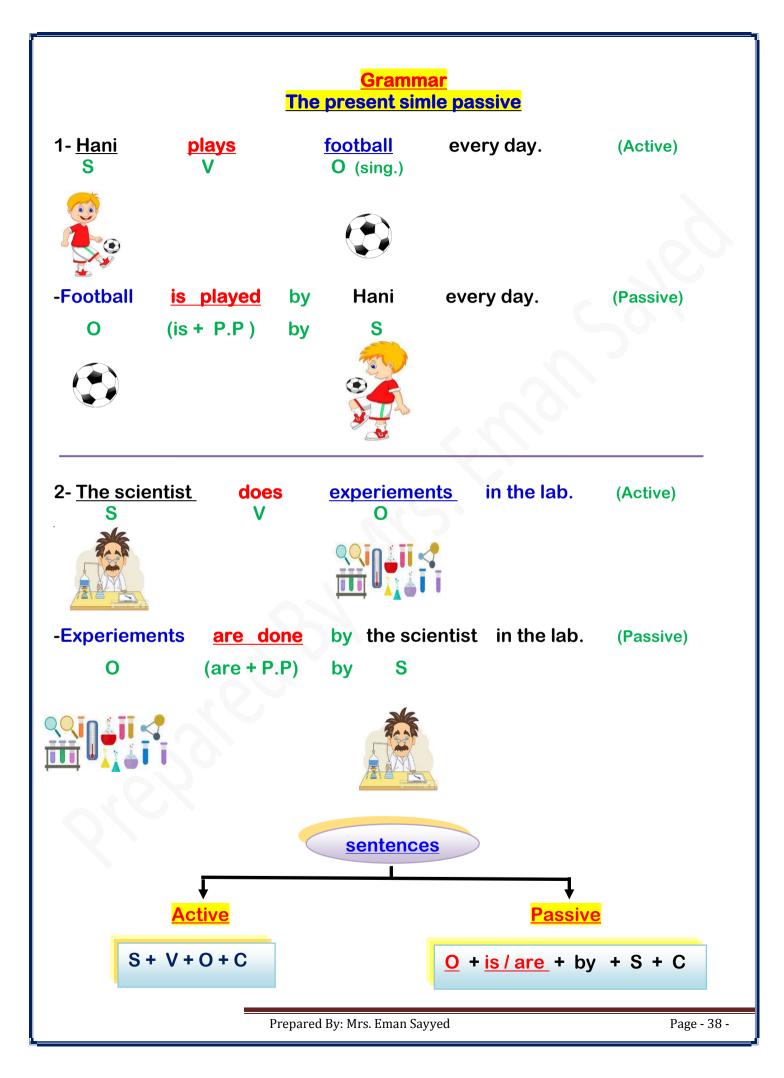
Read the following passage then answer the questions below

A material is what something is made of. There are 5 basic materials. They are metal, glass, wood, cloth and plastic. There are some other materials. But <u>they</u> are not widely used. Metal is very heavy, hard and strong. We use it to make forks , knives, keys and cars. Glass is very smooth. It is not as heavy as metal. It is hard. But it is not strong. It breaks very easily! We use it to make windows and glasses because it is clear and we can see through it.

Wood is lighter than metal and glass. It is not as strong as metal. But it is much stronger than glass. We use wood to make chairs, tables and pencils. Cloth is very light. It is much lighter than wood. And it is very soft. It is used to make clothing and blankets. Now , let's talk about plastic. Plastic is also very light. But it is different from cloth. Sometimes it is soft.Sometimes it is hard. Plastic can be used to make thin plastic bags and bicycle <u>helmets</u>.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The main idea of the 2 nd paragraph is	
a) chairs are made of wood.	b) cloth is used for balankets.
c) plastic is important.	d) wood, cloth and plastic.
2- The underlined pronoun " <u>they</u> " in line (2) refers to
a) wood and glass	b) the 5 basic materials
c) the other materials	d) plastic and cloth
3- The underlined word " <u>helmets</u> " in line	(10) means
a) a covering for the face	b) strong metal gloves
c) a protective gear for the head	d) very long sleves
4- The purpose of the writer in this passage	e is
a) tell us about using cloth to make things.	b) show the importance of wood.
c) focus on the five basic materials.	d) concentrate on windows and glasses.
B) Answer the following questions:	
5- What is metal used for?	
6- Why are windows made of glass?	
0- Why are while will ow s made of glass:	
7- How is wood different from metal and g	glass?



EX. Choose the correct answer :

Every thing (does - is done - are done) in a good way at hor	ne. The dishes	
(is cleaned – are cleaned - cleaned) well . Food(are cooked – is cooked-		
cooks) and served nicely. The babies (fed -are fed - is fed) with	th some	
delicious food.		
EX. Change the following sentences into passive:		
1- Mr. Ali runs a business in a well-known company.		
2-I recite the Holy Quraan every day.		
3- My mother folds the blankets to tidy our rooms.		
4-This job requires lots of duties and effort .		
8- Mirrors reflect the sun rays.		
The next simila receive		
Examples:		
1- My mother baked a delicious cake for us. S V O (sing.) C	(Active)	
* A delicious cake <u>was</u> <u>baked</u> <u>by</u> my mother for us. O P.P S	(Passive)	
2- I bought some new clothes for the kids. S V O (PI.) C	(Active)	
* Some new clothes were bought for the kids. O P.P	(Passive)	
<u>O</u> + <u>is / are</u> + by + S + C		
$\underline{O} + \underline{is / are} + by + S + C$		

EX. Choose the correct answer :

EX. Change into passive:

1- They built some new buildings for the people in this area. .

2- Dr. Ali carried out many successful operations.

.....

3-I sent a message to my friend yesterday.

.....

4- Aisha chopped the fresh vegetables to make green salad.

5- They rewarded the leaders of the teams in the celebration.

Question Tags

Examples:

- 1. Sara <u>is</u> dancing, <u>isn't</u>she.
- 2. Salim <u>isn't</u> at home, <u>is</u>he?
- The cat <u>was</u> playing, <u>wasn't</u> it?
- 4. The old man <u>wasn't</u> walking quickly, <u>was</u>he?
- 5. We are with you, aren't we?
- 6. My friends were at school yesterday, weren't they?
- 7. <u>The elephant</u> can lift heavy things, can't it?
- 8. We will come tomorrow , won't we?

0		7	
M	REMEMB	SFR	
YA.	NEM LMID	DEK	

It is a short question.
 At the end of a sentence.
 Positive ←→ Negative
 Nouns → Pronouns

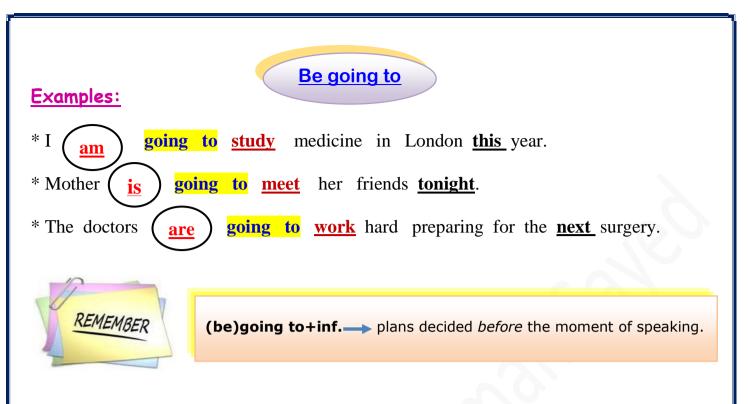
EX. Add tag questions: 1-Salim is a funny boy,?

2- Your brother isn't coming tonight,?	
3- Fatma was speaking English and French,	?
4- You were in the club yesterday evening,	. ?
5- Hassan and Ali weren't excited with the new game,	ء
6- We are shifting to a new house,?	
7- Our teacher will be at school tomorrow ,?	
8- We can find out the answers,?	
9- Kuwait is a very modern country,?	
10-Salim and Ali won't be late for the meeting,	?

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

- 1-Oil and co_l are nonrene_able sources of energy.
- 2- Try to o_erate this complicated gadget c_utiously.



Going to future expresses a conclusion regarding the immediate future or an action in the near future that has already been planned or prepared.

	Positive	Negative	question
1	I <u>am</u> going to speak.	I <u>am not</u> going to speak.	Am I going to speak?
you / we / they	You <u>are</u> going to speak.	You <u>are not</u> going to speak.	Are you going to speak?
he / she / it	He <u>is</u> going to speak.	He <u>is not</u> going to speak.	<u>Is</u> he going to speak?

EX. Complete the following with the correct form of " going to "

1. I (fly) by plane tomorrow.

- 2. W hat time (the train / leave) this evening?
- 3. (you/travel) to Paris tomorrow?
- 4. I (go) to the cinema tonight.
- 5. They (have) breakfast at 07.30
- 6. We (go out) this weekend.
- 7. What time (they/start) work?
- 9. The parents (have) a meeting on Saturday.

Composition

"Energy is vital to survive in our life. " Plan and write a paragraph of (8 sentences) about " Energy " .

These guide words and phrases may help you:



sources – renewable – solar - non-renewable – oil – save



Energy

Unit Twelve Predicting the Future Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Meaning
prominent	(Adj)	بارز-هام
publication	(N)	نشر_منشورات
calendar	(N)	رزنامة-تقويم
honour	(V)	يكرم
reward-ed	(V)	يكافئ
idiom	(N)	مصطلح
heavily	(Adv)	بشدة-بغزارة
degree	(N)	درجة
prediction	(N)	تنبؤ -توقع
forecast	(N)	النشرة الجوية

Word	Part of	Meaning
	speech	
polar	(Adj)	قطبى
ice cap	(N)	قمة جليدية
coast	(N)	ساحل
enormous	(Adj)	هائل-ضخم
rise	(V)	ترتفع
homeless	(Adj)	بلا ماوي
download	(V)	يحمل من النت
recall-ed	(V)	يستدعى يسترد
disaster	(N)	كارثة
hurricane	(N)	اعصار
environmental	(Adj)	بېئى

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

e net if you want to	some pictu	res for your project.
b) download	c) rise	d) honour
men play a	role in all the fi	elds in our society.
b) homeless	c) polar	d) environmental
natural		
b) disaster	c) icecap	d) degree
of books, pe	ople used to record the	ir history on the stone.
b) idiom	c) calendar	d) publication
	men play a b) homeless natural b) disaster of books, pe	b) download c) rise men play arole in all the fi b) homeless c) polar naturalwhich can't be sto b) disaster c) icecap of books, people used to record the

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

rewarded - enormous - forecast - heavily - coast

- 1-It was rainningthis morning.
- 2-In the evening, they always tell us about tomorrow's weather.
- 3-They waste an / a amount of food daily.
- 4-The policemen the man who helped to arrest the criminal.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

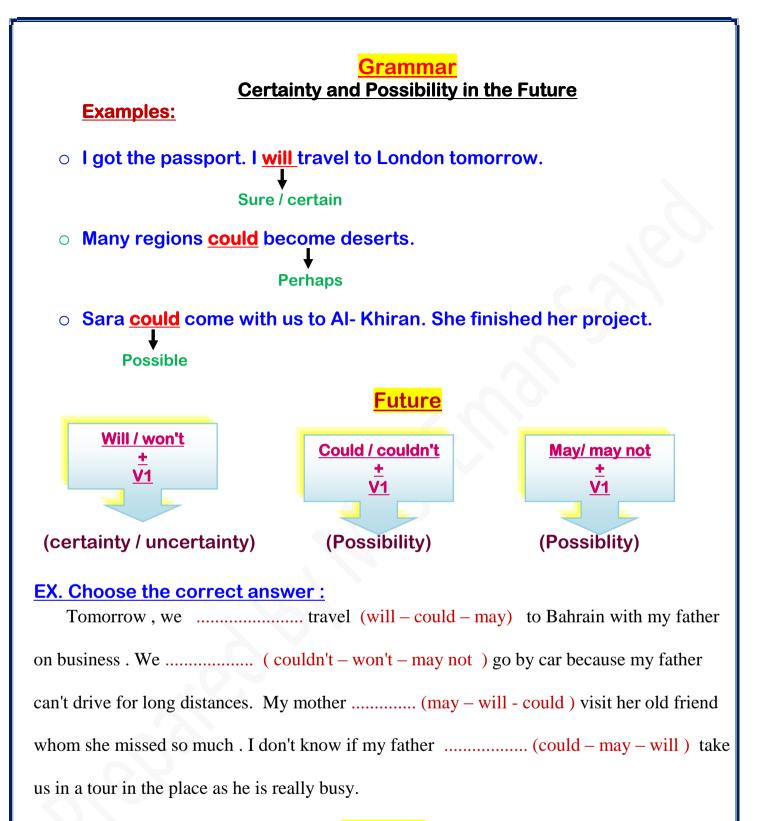
A robot is a special kind of machine that moves and follows the instructions that come from a computer. That is why it neither makes mistakes nor gets tired. It never complains. Some robots can help make cars in factories. Some other are used to **explore** dangerous places such as volcanoes. **They** can help women do all the housework. Also, they can be used to o answer telephone calls. Long ago, over 2,000 years ago, a famous poet called Homer imagined robots. His robots were made of gold. They cleaned things and they made things. Nobody was able to make a real robot.

The first real robot was made in 1961. It was called Unimate. It was used to help make cars. It looked like a giant arm. Today, it is used everywhere. In the future, we will have even more robots. They will do difficult and dangeroud things that we can't do. Robots will help us fight fires, fight wars, fight sickness and do all the tasks that we don't or can't do.

A) Choose the correct answer from a	<u>a, b, c and d:</u>		
1- The main idea of the 2 nd paragraph is			
a) robots in the past	b) robots nowadays		
c) robots in the future	d) robots through ages		
2- The underlined pronoun " <u>They</u> " in line (4) refers to			
a) women	b) robots		
c) instructions	d) places		
3- The underlined word " <u>explore</u> " in line (3) means			
a) get out	b) clean up		
c) blew up	d) find out		
4- In this passage, the purpose of the writer is to			
a) focus on the places where robots work	b) show how life is better with robots		
c) tell us how useless robots are	d) entertain us with robots stories		

B) Answer the following questions

5- Why will people need robots in the future?
6- How do roborts work?
7- What do robots do ?



Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

- 1-Oil and co_l are nonrene_able sources of energy.
- 2- Try to o_erate this complicated gadget c_utiously.

Composition

"Life in the future will be different." Plan and write a paragraph of (8 sentences) about " Life in the future ".

These guide words and phrases may help you:

memories - live - weather - schools - technology - better

<u>Plan</u>

Life in the future

Best Wishes