

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



الملف كتيب يشمل جميع وحدات الكتاب بدون حل

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روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر



روابط مواد الصف الثاني عشر على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

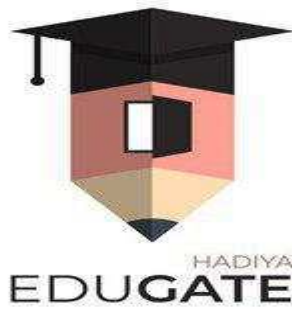
[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

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المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

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Learn English

Grade 12

Prepared by:
Mrs. Madleen Nabil

HOD
Khadija Al-Hrbi

School Principal
Hamsa Al-Ajmi

Name:

Class: 12/

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Tenses

- 1.Ahmed often (try)to do his best.
- 2.Huda usually (wake)up early.
- 3.The earth (go).....round the sun.
- 4.My sister always (help).....me
- 5.people (use)..... internet for getting information.

- 1.My father (buy)me a new mobile yesterday.
- 2.The light (go).....out while he was reading.
- 3.They (visit).....many places last year.
- 4.I (be)a student in 2000.

- 1.I (study).....very hard this term.
- 2.Our team (play).....a big match next month
- 3.You certainly(pass).....the test
- 4.They (buy)a new house in Salwa.
- 5.listen! the bell(ring).....

- 1.Look! My brother (dive).....in the sea.
- 2.my mother(decorate).....her room now.
- 3.we(work)..... in a new company at present.
- 4.They (watch).....a film at the moment.
- 5.listen! the bell(ring).....

- 1.While the people (sleep).....the enemy invaded the city.
- 2.when they reached home I (prepare)lunch.
- 3.He broke his leg as he (climb)the stairs.
- 4.while I(watch).....tv I heard a loud cry.

- 1 My brother (leave).....Kuwait for three months.
- 2.They already (do).....their project work .
- 3.Merit (be).....here since 2000.
- 4.Amani just (receive).....an email from her friend .

- 1.We (wait).....here since two o'clock.
- 2.I (play)..... for three hours
- 3.It (rain)..... for a long time.
4. They (stay).....here since my childhood

- 1.Salma (buy) a bunch of flowers before she went to see her friend.
- 2.By the time they reached the station the train (leave)....
3. The patient (die).....when the doctor arrived .

Simple Present Tense

(Rule:he.she.it + v + s/es

They.we.you.I+v(infinitive)

Key words: always, usually,
Seldom,rarely,often)

Simple Past Tense

(Rule: he.she.it\they.we.you.I+v2

Key words:last-month,week,

Year,yesterday,in2000, Past dates)

Simple Future

(Rule: she.he.it\they.we.you.I+ will+v1

Key words:tomorrow,next day,

Next month,coming year)

Present Continuous

(Rule: she.he.it+is+v+ing

They.we.you+are+v+ing

i+am+v+ing

Key words: now, at present, at the
moment, look!, listen!)

Past Continuous

(Rule: she.he.it/i+was+v+ing

They.we.you+were+v+ing,

Key words: while, when, as)

Present Perfect

(Rule: she.he.it+has+v3

They.we.you/i+have+v3

key words: for, since, yet, just, already)

Present Perfect Continuous

Rule: He.She .It+has+been+V(ing).

They.We,You,I+have+been+v(ing)

key words: for, since, all day

Past Perfect

(Rule: he.she.it\they.we.you +had v3

Key words: before, after, by the time)

Unit 1 The law**Lessons 1-2****(SB. Pages: 12-13)****Date:****New Vocabulary**

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
adoption	n.	The action of legally taking another's child and bring it up as one's own	
civil	adj.	Relating to private relations between members of a community	
code of law	n.	A set of rules and standards adhered by a society	
consultation	n.	The process of formally consulting or discussing	
define	v.	To state or describe exactly the nature, scope or meaning of	
enforce	v.	To put into practice / to carry out	
govern	v.	To control	
guilty	adj.	Responsible for a crime	
impose	v.	To require a duty, charge, or penalty to be undertaken or paid	
innocent	adj.	Not guilty of a crime or offense	
judiciary	n.	The judicial authorities of a country; judges collectively	
jury	n.	Group of people in court who decide whether someone is guilty	
legal	adj.	Appointed or required by the law	
penalty	n.	A punishment imposed for breaking a law	
persuasion	n.	A belief or set of beliefs	
principle	n.	Rule / belief	
property	n.	Something valuable which belongs to someone	

prove	v.	To show that something is true by providing facts, information etc.	
tolerant	adj.	Showing willingness to allow the existence of opinions or behaviors	
violence	n.	The unlawful exercise of physical force	
welfare	n.	The health, happiness, and fortunes of a person or group	

From a, b , c and d choose the correct words:

1. People usually resort to..... actions when they have disputes with others.

- a) legal b) innocent c) guilty d) tolerant

2. Some teachers find it so difficult to any sort of discipline on irresponsible students.

- a) prove b) enforce c) impose d) define

3. Family tensions and conflicts may lead toamong children.

- a) violence b) persuasion c) welfare d) property

4. After..... with the general manager, we've decided to hire more tough employees as soon as possible.

- a) penalty b) jury c) consultation d) violence

**What comes to your mind when
you hear the word Law?**



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.....

.....

Answer the following questions:

1-How will our life be without law?

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2-Mention different types of law.

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**3-What are the reasons for making laws?
(Why are laws important)?**

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4-How do Islamic Values influence the system of law in Kuwait?

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5-Are you for or against sending criminals to prison? Why?

.....

.....

.....

.....

Unit 1- New Crimes

Date:

lesson 3

(WB. Pages: 4-5)



New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
break into	ph.v	To enter by force	
fake	adj.	Not real and seeming to be something it is not, to deceive people.	
invisible	adj.	Cannot be seen.	
techno-criminal	n.	A person who has committed a crime using technology.	
worthless	adj.	Having no value, importance or use.	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(break into / worthless / Techno- criminals / invisible/ guilty)

1. Bacteria are..... unless viewed with a microscope.
2. The thief tried toa car in full sight of a policeman.
3.may make money by using confidential information they have found in a computer.
4. The jewels they have found were.....and fakes.

Answer the following questions:

1-There are two kinds of crimes. Mention them.

1

.....

.....

2

.....

.....

2. Why do you think the computer crime is on the increase ?or difficult to be solved?

.....

.....

3. From your point of view, how can we prevent computer crimes?

.....

.....

Unit one

Date:

Lessons 4-5

(SB. Pages: 14-15)



English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
bench	n.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A long seat for many people made of wood or stone. A seat in Parliament for politicians of a specified party or position. 	
brief	n. & adj.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A digest or synopsis of a larger document or group of documents. An outline or summary of a book. 	
case	n.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A legal action A flat container, typically made of leather, for putting belongings in it. 	
defense	n.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The action of defending from or resisting attack. The counsel for the defendant in a lawsuit 	
handcuffs	n.	A pair of lockable linked metal rings for securing a prisoner's wrists	
note	n. & v.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A brief record of facts, topics An official letter sent from the representative of one government to another. 	
prosecute	v.	To institute legal proceedings against a person or organization.	
row	v.	To propel a boat with oars	
spring	n.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A resilient metal coil used especially for cushioning and in clockwork. The season of the year between winter and summer. 	

Unit 1-Legal Disputes

Date:

Lessons 7-8

(SB. Pages: 16-17)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
claim	v.	To state or assert that something is the case, typically without providing evidence or proof	
clog up	ph.v	To prevent things from being dealt with as quickly as usual	
contend	v.	To assert something as a position in an argument	
grievance	n.	An official statement of complaint over something believed to be unfair	
in favour of	expr	To the advantage of	
intend	v.	To have a course of action as one's purpose or objective / plan	
litigation	n.	The process of taking claims to a court law	
petty	adj.	Of little importance / trivial	
regardless	adv.	Without being affected by something	
residential area	n.	A part of a town that consists of private houses, with no offices or factories	
speed limit	n.	The fastest speed allowed by law on a particular piece of road	
sue	v.	To make a legal claim against someone	
Supporter	n.	Someone who agrees with a particular person, group, or plan	
ultimately	adv.	Finally, after everything else has been done or considered	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(intend / handcuffs / regardless / ultimately / in favour of)

1. The police officer put..... on the two men and led them away.
2. We will start our project.....all the financial problems we have nowadays.
3. If you to study abroad, there are some procedures you must follow.
4. The majority of parliament voted.....the prohibition of smoking in public areas.

Answer the following questions :

1. What does the term " culture of blame " mean?

.....

.....

2. What are the advantages and disadvantages of taking courts as the first port for solving problems?

Pros (Advantages)
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Cons (Disadvantages)
.....
.....
.....
.....
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.....
.....
.....

3. How could people solve their problems away from court?

.....

.....

4. Are you for or against banning motorists who break the speed limits in residential areas from driving? Justify your answer?



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Unit 1-Vocabulary exercises

A. From a ,b , c and d choose the correct words:

1. A special committee has been appointed to handle prisoners'.....
 a) grievances b) benches c) supporters d) notes
2. Safety measures are usually.....when a natural calamity occurs.
 a) proven b) imposed c) defined d) prosecuted
3. Honesty is the most important.....in social relationships.
 a) principle b) property c) penalty d) welfare
4. The delay of sending our orders in due time will make us.....you in court.
 a) prove b) govern c) prosecute d) contend
5. Thelaw deals with people's arguments and problems.
 a) guilty b) civil c) tolerant d) innocent

B: Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(adoption/ broke into / enforced /judiciary / fake / petty)

1. Last night a thief.....my house and stole the laptop.
2. of other's children is strictly prohibited in Islam.
3. Students usually complain of some.....rules and restrictions their schools often impose on them to set discipline.
4. A passenger was charged with possessing a.....passport at his arrival at Kuwait airport last week.
5. The.....is the government branch dispensing justice all over the country.

Date:.....



Unit 1-Grammar

1. Present perfect simple and continuous :

1. Present Perfect Simple:

Form:

Has / Have + v.3

Key Words:

[never – ever – recently – for – since – yet – already - just]

We use the present perfect simple to talk about:

1- The fact that something happened in the past:

- I've already painted the wall.

2- A past experience or achievement with a definite result in the present:

- I've broken my leg – which means I can't go skiing this year.
- I've passed my driving test, so I can borrow his car next week.

3- How long something has happened

- I've been at this school for four years/ since I was eleven years old.

Examples:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| - I have already done my homework. | (Positive sentence) |
| - I have not done my homework yet. | (Negative sentence) |
| - What have you done? | (Question) |

2-Present Perfect Continuous:**Form:**

Has / Have + been + v.+ ing

Key Words:

[for – since – all - whole]

We use the present perfect continuous to talk about:**1- An activity which continues over a length of time:**

- They have been playing football for three hours.
- She's been writing letters since morning.

2- To stress the length of time an activity has taken:

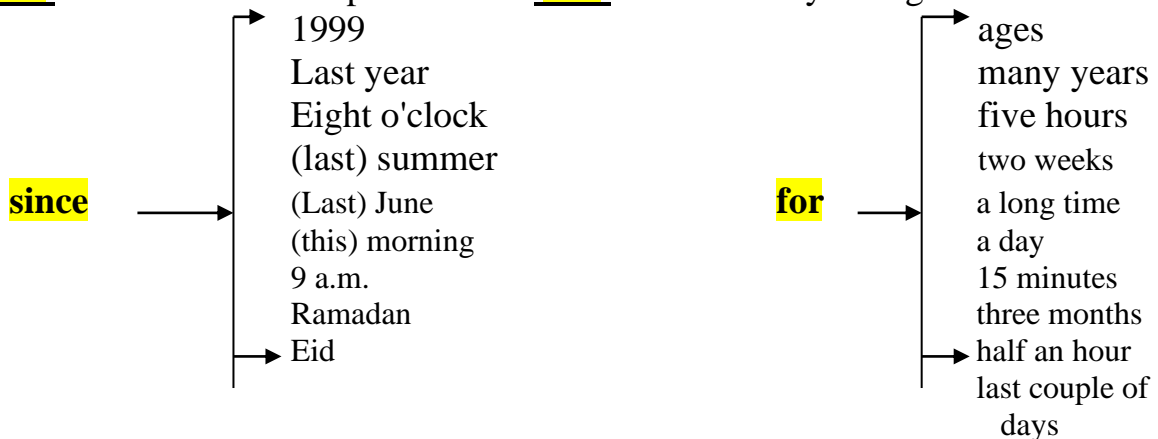
- She's been training to be a doctor for six years.

3- An activity which may not completed:

- Nawal has been writing her economics essay all morning.
(She probably hasn't finished writing it yet.)

4- An activity which is repeated over a period of time:

- The police have been interviewing people all week.
- We've been playing tennis this week.

Since & For**Since** is followed with a specific time. **For** is followed by a length of time.

Examples:

- I have lived here for last couple of years.
- I have been living here since 2014.

Choose the correct answer:

1. I have not had a good meal ages.
a) at b) since c) for d) on
2. We have not been allowed to park here 1998.
a) for b) since c) just d) yet
3. They have played football last couple of hours.
a) for b) since c) yet d) already
4. Nabil has never changed his mind onceI met him.
a) since b) ago c) for d) yet
5. I..... a cake, that is why the kitchen is such a mess.
a) have been making b) have made c) has made d) makes

Do as shown between brackets:

1. I have graduated from the faculty of Arts since last year. (Ask a question)
.....
2. Hassan (read) this novel for nearly three weeks. (Correct the verb)
.....
3. I have already finished the annual report. (Make negative)
.....
4. I have been looking for a job (since) five months. (Correct)
.....
5. The police (question) all the neighbors all week long. (Correct the verb)
.....
6. The police (question) three of his neighbors this morning. (Correct the verb)
.....
7. Samir (work) for the company since he was a teenager. (Correct the verb)
.....

2. Connectors of contrast and comparison:

But, although, However, despite, in spite of, whereas, on the other hand, instead of, in comparison with

Examples:

- My sister is good at English **but** I'm good at Arabic.
- **Although** I got up early, I couldn't catch the bus.
- She is doing her best to satisfy me. **However**, I don't trust her.
- **Whereas** my friends enjoy going to the cinema, I prefer staying at home.
- Travelling by car is very cheap. **On the other hand**, flying is much quicker.
- **Instead of** taking a taxi, we can go on foot.
- May I have milk **instead of** tea?
- **In comparison with** alternative medicine, chemical medicine has side effects.

Choose the correct answer:

1. We went for a walk it was raining heavily.
a- Instead of b-although c-in spite of d- despite
2. those angry words , we are still close friends.
a- Although b-But c-Whereas d- In spite of
3. Our team played very well.....,We didn't win the match.
a- However b- In spite c-Although d- instead of
4. My brother didn't get the job.....he had all the necessary qualifications
b- even though b- instead of c- despite d- in spite of
5.fossil fuels produce a lot of air pollution, solar energy is clean.
c- Whereas b- In comparison c-Instead of d- In spite of
6. My mom went alone waiting for me.
b- whereas b- In spite c-instead of d- In comparison

7.other sports , tennis is very interesting.

d- whereas

b- in comparison with

c- despite

d- instead of

Do as shown between brackets

1- All my sisters are doctors. I am teacher . (Join Using: whereas)

.....

2- Although Samir worked very hard, he didn't pass the exam. (Join Using: despite)

.....

3- I would like to eat out. I try to save my money. (Join Using: on the other hand)

.....

4- Young people are fond of surfing the Internet. They don't read books.

(Join Using: instead of)

.....

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- In Kuwait, summer is too hot,winter is cold.

a) in comparison with

b) although

c) instead of

d) whereas

2-life nowadays, life a century ago was quite hard.,

a) In comparison with

b) But

c) Whereas

d) However

3-Complaining, we should do something about the problem of pollution.

a) But

b) However

c) Instead of

d) Whereas

4-I don't have much time for hobbies, I enjoy drawing and painting.

a) Although

b) Instead of

c) On the other hand

d) However

5. Emily has been.....English all the day.

a) studies

b) studied

c) studying

d) study

6. I havefinished my homework.

a) yet

b) since

c) just

d) for

7.The company has been making losses, the owner intends to change his business.

a) yet

b) since

c) ago

d) for

8- Health organisationsmillions of leaflets all the week on how people can avoid the Swine flue.

a- distribute

b- had distributed

c-has distributed

d- have been distributing

- 9- Taking the stairs.....the lift can help you maintain healthy muscles.
 a. whereas b. but c. on the other hand d. instead of

B. Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- Wedding in the past was cheap whereas wedding today is very expensive.

(Rewrite using In comparison with)

.....

- 2- Although Ali trained hard, he lost the match . (Rewrite using: In spite of)

.....

- 3- I (prepared) lunch for three hours now. (Correct the verb)

.....

4. The old system was complicated. The new system is very simple. (Join with : whereas)

.....

- 5- I want an ice-cream, not chocolate. (Rewrite using instead of)

.....

- 6- Mr. Salem (wait) for you since eight. Shall I ask him to come in? (Correct the verb)

.....

- 7- It (rain) since last night. We may encounter a flood this way. (Correct the verb)

.....

Language functions

Giving Opinion

- a – In my opinion,...
c- As I see it , ...

- b- I think,...
d- I believe ...

Obligation

- a- ... must / mustn't [V1]...
c- ...should / shouldn't ...
e- Ought to

- b- not allowed to ...
d- has / have to [have /has got to ...]

Intention

- a. I intend to .../ I've decided to...
b. I'm going to...
c. I'm planning to...
d. I want to...

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. Some motorists never stick to the speed limits.

.....

- 2- Your friend thinks that life in future will be easier .

.....

- 3-Your brother is driving his car without a license .

.....

- 4- Someone asks you about your future plans after leaving school.

.....

Translate into English:-

- 1- لولا وجود قانون عادل يكفل العدالة والمساواة للجميع كنا سنعيش في مجتمع تعمه الفوضى .

.....
.....
.....

- 2- تضع الحكومات القوانين المختلفة بينما تقوم الشرطة بوضع القوانين في حيز التنفيذ .

.....
.....

Date


Unit 1-Writing

The topic of speeding is quite controversial and tricky one. Some people are for keeping track of speed limits and banning motorists who exceed the speed limits in residential areas from driving. While others are against as it has a lot of disadvantages.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the arguments for and against and stating your point of view.

Your plan

Introduction.....


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Body:

Paragraph1.....

.....

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EDUCATE

Paragraph2.....

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Conclusion.....

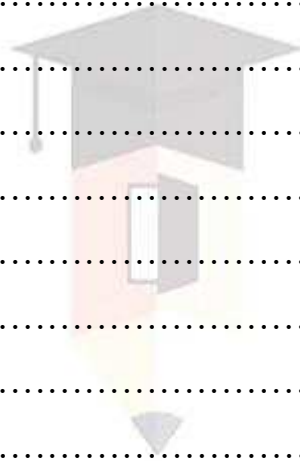
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10

Your topic



EDUGATE

Unit 2 Migration

Date :

Lessons : 1-2

(SB. Pages 18-19)



New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
Afford	v.	To provide something or allow something to happen	
boom	n.	increase in business	
decimate	v.	To destroy a large part of something	
deteriorate	v.	To become worse	
emigrate	v.	To leave your own country in order to live in another country.	
famine	n.	A situation in which a large number of people have little or no food	
foreign	adj.	from or related to a country that is not your own	
hard-pressed	adj.	Having a lot of problems and not enough money or time.	
high-tech	adj.	Using advanced technology.	
necessitate	v.	to make it necessary for you to do something	
seek	v.	To try to achieve or get something.	
Unfortunately	adv.	Used when you are mentioning a fact that you wish were not true.	


Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(afford / deteriorate / boom / seek / hard-pressed \ high-tech)


- 1- When oil was discovered in the Gulf Region, a high in their economy started
- 2- Young people, nowadays, good jobs in the private sector.
- 3- Many colleges now havelibraries and wired dormitories.
4. My grandpa's health began to.....seriously despite the maximum medical care.
- 5- The latest education reforms have put extra pressure on teachers who are already.....

Answer the following questions:-


What comes to your mind when you see the word Migration?




.....



.....




.....



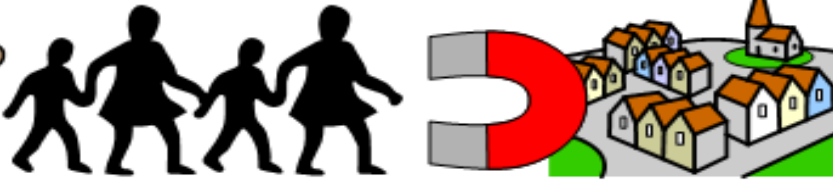
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Push Factors



- few services
- lack of job opportunities
- unhappy life
- poor transport links
- natural disasters
- wars
- shortage of food

Pull Factors



- access to services
- better job opportunities
- more entertainment facilities
- better transport links
- improved living conditions
- hope for a better way of life
- family links

Migration



1- What are the pros of migration?

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.....

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.....

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.....

2- What are the cons of migration?

.....

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.....

3-Why do people migrate?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

4- What opportunities does Kuwait offer to migrants ?

.....

.....

.....

5- If you had a chance to migrate ,would you migrate ? Why? Why not?

.....

.....

.....

Date :

Unit2 Animal Migration**Lesson: 3****(WB: pages: 10-11)****New Vocabulary**

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
instead	adv.	as an alternative or substitute	
periodic	adj.	happening a number of times, usually at regular times	
plenty of	Pronoun	A large quantity that is enough or more than enough	
swallow	n.	A migratory swift-flying songbird with a forked tail and long pointed wings, feeding on insects in flight.	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:**(swallow / plenty of / instead / periodic)**

- 1- I intend to find a job in the private sector.....of working in the public sector.
- 2- The boss makesvisits to all the shops which stock his products.
- 3- Parents should never indulge their children with.....pocket money.

Answer the following questions:**Swallow**

- 1) Some scientists argue that animals which migrate have a better chance for survival. Do you agree with them? Why?

.....

.....

- 2) State some reasons of animal migration.

.....

.....

Date :

Unit: 2 / Lessons: 4:5

(SB. Pages 20-21)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
disgruntled	adj.	annoyed or disappointed as things haven't happened in the way one wanted	
displace	v.	to make a group of people or animals have to leave the place where they normally live	
mass	adj.	involving or intended for a very large number of people	
meticulous	adj.	very careful about small details, and making sure that everything is done correctly.	
migrant	n.	Someone who goes to live in another area or country, especially to find work.	
obliterate	v.	to destroy something completely so that nothing remains.	
perturbed	adj.	worried about something that has happened or will happen	
resort	n.	a place where a lot of people go for holidays.	
rift	n.	a crack or a narrow opening in a large mass of rock.	

From a ,b , c and d choose the correct words:

- My friend is a designer known for his\her.....attention to details
a) disgruntled b) mass c) meticulous d) perturbed
- The building of a new dam will.....thousands of people who live in this area.
a) displace b) obliterate c) afford d) seek
- Some countries recognized that the protection of the rights ofworkers have their human dimension.
a) rift b) resort c) famine d) migrant

Date :

Unit: 2/ Lessons: 7:8

SB (pages: 22 - 23)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
animated	adj.	show a lot of interest and energy	
arduous	adj.	involving a lot of strength and effort	
engage in	Ph.v.	To be involved in something that continues for a long time.	
major	adj.	Very large or important	
minor	adj.	small and not very important or serious	
nervously	adv.	Anxiously	
rent	v.	To regularly pay money to live in a house or room that belong to someone else, or to use something that belong to someone else	
reside	v.	to live in a particular place	
strenuous	adj.	needing a lot of effort or strength	
take a breather	exp.	take a brief pause for rest	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(animated / nervously / arduous / rent \ take a breather)

- 1-Let'safter we finish these homework exercises .
- 2- All students were waiting.....outside the exam room.
- 3- My friend and I had a\andiscussion over current events last week.
4. Last semester was a piece of cake, but taking seven classes is going to be.....
5. Olivia is looking for anyone who would want to..... her extra room.

Answer the following questions.

1)"Some people argue that immigration could change migrants life style."

Do you agree? Why?

.....

.....

ACTIVITY:

Imagine that there is something urgent and you have to migrate What arrangements will you do?

- * In my suitcase I will put
- * Things I will miss about my country
- * How you are feeling
- * Anything you are looking forward to

Unit 2-Vocabulary exercises

A. From a , b , c choose the correct words:

1. A.....is a place where people can enjoy all sorts of recreations.
a) rift b) migrant c) famine d) resort
2. Many young people.....from poor countries, looking for better working conditions.
a) afford b) emigrate c) displace d) reside
3. Salma's doctor advised her not to take any.....exercise for a week.
a) strenuous b) meticulous c) disgruntled d) periodic
4. Learning a foreign language.....hard and permanent study to master it.
a) decimates b) obliterates c) necessitates d) deteriorates
5. The communication industry is enjoying anowadays.
a) swallow b) famine c) boom d) migrant

B: Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(reside / swallow / mass / major / displaced / unfortunately)

- 1-The is a small bird catching insects to eat as it flies.
- 2-Global Warming is a problem facing the world nowadays.
- 3-Wealthy people normally in very luxurious areas .
- 4-I was at the airport in time, however our flight,..... was cancelled due to the bad weather.
- 5- The Tsunami killed thousands of people andmany others.

Date:.....

Unit 2-Grammar

1) Simple Past and Past Perfect

Form :

Had / 'd + past participle

KEY WORDS

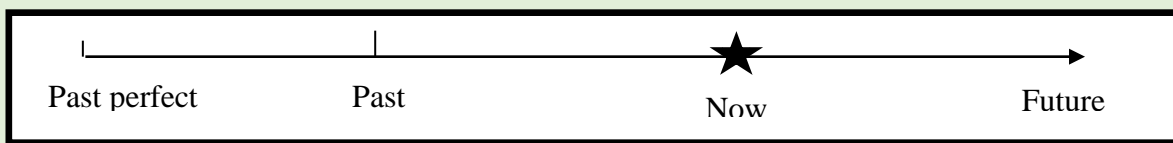
[once – after – because – by date -as soon as – till] (**had+ PP**) + **past simple**

[when – before – by the time] **past simple + past perfect(had+ PP)**

Use :

1-To describe the first of two events in the past.

- I **had spoken** to Mr. Johnson before the meeting began.
- After Mona **had graduated** from the university, she travelled abroad.



One event happened before another event



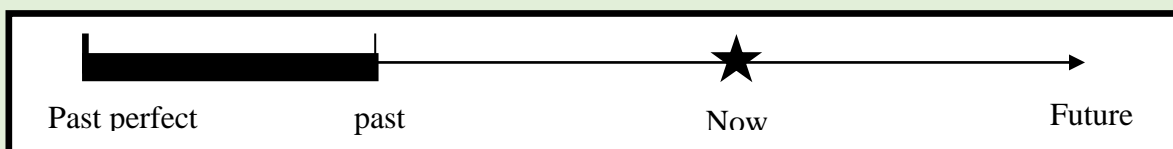
Here, we use the past perfect to show that the first event finished before the second event happened.

OFF2CLASS

2- Talk about a situation, state, feeling or action in the past:

- * Hussein felt nervous because he **had never flown** before.

(Hussein was nervous at some point in the past. The reason he was nervous was that he had not flown before this point in time.)



Complete with the Past Perfect or Past Simple.

1. The game had already begun (already / begin) when we turned (turn) on the television.
2. As soon as Leslie _____ (pay) for her shopping, she _____ (leave).
3. After I _____ (talk) to my teacher, everything _____ (seem) easier.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- I my dinner by the time my father arrived.
a) had b) had had c) have d) has
- 2- After I had eaten my lunch , I
a) had slept b) slept c) have slept d) has slept
- 3- She had answered all the questions the time finished
a) before b) as soon as c) after d) until
- 4- he had finished his work , he left the company.
a) As soon as b) Before c) By the time d) When
- 5- Many people had emigrated from their countries because ofhardships.
a) has b) have c) had d) having
6. You have never lived outside Kuwait,.....?
a) have you b) haven't you c) do you d) did you
7. The kids had had their breakfast,.....?
a) have they b) haven't they c) hadn't they d) did they
8. Nabil couldn't make a sandwich because he,.....to buy bread.
a) had forgotten b) forgot c) has forgotten d) have forgotten
- 9- The ship had received many warningsit hit iceberg.
a) because b) once c) after d) before
10. I had already eaten my food when my friend.....me.
a) visits b) visited c) had visited d) visit

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1- The young couple (already seek) a doctor's advice before they decided to give birth to a new baby. (Correct the verb)

.....

2- Omar had written 5 letters ,.....? (add question tag) .

.....

3- Ali had worked on the project all by himself. (Make a question)

.....

4. He had begun practicing sport before he lost a lot of weight. (Rewrite using after).

.....

5- By the time Mary came home, the kids (arrive) and were sleeping in her rooms.

(Correct the verb)

.....

6-By the end of the fourth day, we (exhaust) most of our rations. (Correct the verb)

.....

7- When we got back, the babysitter (just leave) home. (Correct the verb)

.....

8- The patient became better after she \he (take) the medicine. (Correct the verb)

.....

9- He had begun practicing sports earlier. He lost a lot of weight.

(rewrite using: before)

.....

10- By the time he got the job, two interviewers (meet) him. (Correct the verb)

.....

Language Functions

Blame

- a- I blame you...
 c- How could you ?
 b- It's your fault .
 d- You are to blame .

Release from Blame

- a- That's OK. / all right
 c- Never mind .
 e- Forget it .
 b- It doesn't matter .
 d- Don't worry .

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. Your brother didn't drive so carefully, so he had a terrible accident.

2. One of your friends neither study hard nor respect school rules .

3. Your brother wants to take his mobile phone to school and this is not allowed.

4. Your sister says "Sorry ! I have damaged your car"

Translate into English :

- تحدث الهجرة الجماعية لأسباب عديدة منها الحروب الأهلية والكوارث الطبيعية.

.....

- يري العلماء أن هجرة الحيوانات ما هي إلا جزء من عملية التكيف للبقاء علي قيد الحياة.

.....

Date :

Unit 2 -Writing

Nowadays, more people are migrating to other countries than ever before. Some people claim that migration is the only solution for their financial conditions. While others think that migrants may face a lot of obstacles.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the arguments for and against this issue and stating your point of view.

Your plan

Introduction.....



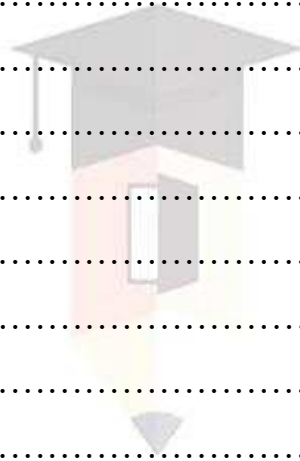
Body:

Paragraph1.....

Paragraph2.....

Conclusion.....

Your topic



EDUGATE

Unit 3 Human values

Date :

Lessons : 1-2

(SB. Pages. 24-25)



New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
abuse	n.	cruel and violent treatment of a person	
anthropologist	n.	a person who studies people, their societies, cultures, etc	
apparent	adj.	clearly visible or understood	
attribute	n.	a feature regarded as a characteristic or inherent part of someone or something	
charitable	adj.	relating to the assistance of those in need	
compassion	n.	sympathetic pity and concern for the sufferings or misfortunes of others	
discrimination	n.	the unjust treatment of different categories of people esp. According to race, age, or gender	
diversity	n.	The state of being diverse / variety / a range of different things.	
empathy	n.	the ability to understand and share the feelings of others.	
ethnographer	n.	a person whose job is to describe the customs of individual peoples and cultures	
impulse	n.	a sudden strong and unreflective urge to act	
incapable	adj.	not able to do something.	
inevitable	adj.	certain to happen / unavoidable	
legislation	n.	laws, considered collectively	

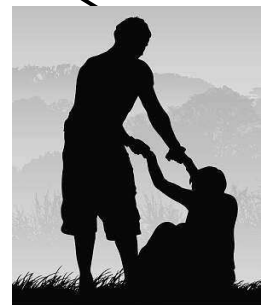
liberty	n.	the state of being free with oppressive restrictions from the society	
minority	n.	the smallest number or part	
overview	n.	general review or summary of a subject	
tolerance	n.	The ability or willingness to accept something.	
universal	adj.	applicable to all cases.	
value	n.	a person's principles or standards of behavior	

From a ,b , c and d choose the correct words:

- The handicapped people should be treated with
a) compassion b) values c) minorities d) attributes
- People often have to fight for their
a) impulse b) anthropologist c) discrimination d) liberty
- We should donate part of our income to.....causes.
a) incapable b) charitable c) universal d) inevitable
- She teaches the children to tolerate people of other cultures and even to appreciate theof our world.
a) overview b) diversity c) abuse d) minority
- The bride's happiness was..... to all guests attending the wedding ceremony.
a) inevitable b) incapable c) apparent d) universal

* What words come to your mind when you think about:

Human values?



.....

.....

.....

.....

Answer the following questions :

1- Why are human values important?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

2-Give examples of the Universal Human Values.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



3- From where do our human values spring?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

4- From your point of view, what are the merits of identifying universal human value?

.....

.....

5- Freedom means that you can do whatever you want to do ? Do you agree ?Why?

.....

.....

6- How does the government of Kuwait protect the basic human rights?

.....

.....

Date : **Unit: 3 The Kuwait Red Crescent Society****Lesson: 3****Workbook (Pages 16 -17)**

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
aftermath	n.	the consequences of an event	
deploy	v.	to put something to use	
ethnicity	n.	Ethnic affiliation or distinctiveness.	
hardship	n.	difficulty or suffering caused by a lack of something esp. money	
voluntary	adj.	Done or given freely with no promise of money or other recompense strongly	
vulnerable	adj.	Susceptible to physical or emotional attack or harm	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(voluntary / hardship / / deploy / aftermath \ vulnerable)

- 1- The whole world has been experiencing a period of financial.....
- 2-Since retiring from the company, my friend has donework for a charity.
- 3- Many more people died in the.....of the explosion.
4. My job doesn't really allow me fully tomy skills and talents.



What is KRCS ➔

KRCS depends on ➔
 ➔

Answer the following questions:

1)What are the aims of KRCS?

.....

.....

2)How should the red crescent volunteer be?

.....

.....

3) From your point of view , how can we encourage people to donate and help the poor?

.....

.....

4) What makes some people to volunteer?

.....

.....

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Date :

Unit: 3 Human rights and values**Lessons: 4:5****(SB: Pages: 26-27)****New Vocabulary**

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
aggressive	adj.	ready or likely to attack or confront; characterized by or resulting from hostile or violent behavior	
compassionately	adv.	Sympathetically	
cry over the spilt milk	Idiom	to regret something after it is too late	
enfranchisement	n.	the of giving a group of people the right to vote	
extravagant	adj.	Exceeding what is reasonable or appropriate / absurd	
frail	adj.	weak and delicate	
over a barrel	Idiom	in a helpless position	

over the hill	Idiom	old and past one's prime	
over the top	Idiom	to an excessive or exaggerated degree	
suffrage (n)	n.	the right to vote in political elections	
to help someone over	Idiom	help out, assist, aid	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(frail / over the top / aggressive/ enfranchisement / over a barrel)

1-Universal.....is the right of all adults to vote or to be members of the parliaments of their countries.

2- The decoration for Sara's birthday party was..... It's really a waste of money.

3- My uncle intends to retire this year as he is so old and

4. My daughter got me....., and I had to do what she said.

Date :

Unit: 3 A humanitarian appeal

Lessons: 7:8

(SB: Pages: 28-29)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
alleviate	v.	to make (suffering, deficiency, or a problem) less severe	
appeal	n.	a serious or urgent request	
avert	v.	to prevent or ward off (an undesirable occurrence)	
campaign	n.	an organized course of action to achieve a particular goal	
commitment	n.	an engagement or obligation that restricts freedom of action	
dire	adj.	extremely serious or urgent	
donate	v.	to give (money or goods) for a good cause , for example to a charity	

extensive	adj.	large in size , amount or degree	
humanitarian	adj.	concerned with or seeking to promote human welfare	
in leaps and bounds	exp	rapidly, swiftly	
underprivileged	adj.	deprived of many of the rights	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(donate / humanitarian / campaign / avert \ dire)

- 1- The organization has launched a.....to raise money for charity.
- 2- My family used toa large sum of money to the Red Crescent society every year. almanahj.com/kw
- 3- Some prisoners have been released for.....reasons.
4. Efforts are being made to.....war and find a diplomatic solution.



Answer the following questions:-

1) Why should people help each other for the sake of ending one's suffering?

.....

2) Donation can be performed in different ways. Explain.

.....

Unit 3-Vocabulary exercises

A. From a , b , c , and d choose the correct words:

1. The United Nations agreed tomore troops to Somalia to ensure the safety of the people.
 a) denote b) deploy c) avert d) alleviate
2. Tourists are more.....to attack when visiting your place.
 a) aggressive b) extravagant c) apparent d) vulnerable
3. Minorities should be protected against abuse and.....worldwide by effective legislation.
 a) commitment b) suffrage c) discrimination d) empathy
4. Her English has improved.....this year.
 a) over the top b) over the hill c) in leaps and bounds d) over a barrel
5. Children from a/an.....family background are statistically more likely to become involved in crimes.
 a) inevitable b) underprivileged c) extensive d) incapable

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

{anthropologist /appeal /alleviate /Aggressive /charitable /compassionately /values}

1. Some specialists maintain that all cultures share a set of common.....
2. Handicapped persons should be treated.....to restore them to normal life.
3. We should.....the poor's dire problems by giving them a hand regularly.
4. My ambition is to be an.....to study people, their societies, customs, etc.
5.people usually behave in a violent and cruel way.
6. The police issued a/anto the public to stay away from the centre of the town.

Date :

Focus on

Answer the following questions.

1) What kind of person does it take to become a successful diplomat?

.....

.....

2) What are the aims of the foreign Diplomat Institute in Kuwait?

.....

.....

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Translate the following sentences:

- علي الرغم من اختلاف الثقافات واللغات إلا أن البشر في شتي أنحاء الأرض يشتركون في مجموعة من القيم كالتمساح والصدق والرحمة

.....

.....

.....

EDUGATE

- تعتبر جمعية الهلال الأحمر الكويتية منظمة غير حكومية تهدف إلي مساعدة المحتاجين داخل الكويت وخارجها

.....

.....

.....

Date:.....

Unit 3-Grammar

English Grammar

Conditionals



CONDITION

+

RESULT

ZERO conditional

If you stand in the rain, you get wet.
If you heat ice, it melts.

PRESENT SIMPLE

+

PRESENT SIMPLE

USES: Facts which are generally true or scientific facts
The condition always has the same result

FIRST conditional

If it rains, we will cancel the trip.
If you study, you will pass the exam.

PRESENT SIMPLE

+

WILL / WON'T + VERB

USES: A possible situation in the future
Predicting a likely result in the future (if the condition happens)

SECOND conditional

If I won the lottery, I would travel a lot.
If they sold their house, they would be rich.

PAST SIMPLE

+

WOULD + VERB

USES: Hypothetical or unlikely situations
Unreal or improbable situation now or in the future

THIRD conditional

If you had studied, you would have passed the exam.
If I hadn't been sick, I would have gone to your party.

PAST PERFECT

+

WOULD HAVE + PAST PARTICIPLE

USES: The person is imagining a different past
Imaginary situation that did not happen

www.grammar.cl
www.woodwardenglish.com
www.vocabulary.cl


Adverbs of Manner

LEIF
J. López

...tell us **how** something happens.
They are usually placed **after the main verb** or **after the object**.

Examples:

He swims **well**, (after the main verb)

He ran... **rapidly, slowly, quickly**..

She spoke... **softly, loudly, aggressively**..

James coughed **loudly** to attract her attention.

He plays the flute **beautifully**. (after the object)

He ate the chocolate cake **greedily**.

Examples: He ate **greedily** the chocolate cake **[incorrect]**

He ate the chocolate cake **greedily**. **[correct]**

BE CAREFUL!

The adverb should **not** be put **between** the verb and the object.



Irregular adverbs

adjective	adverb
good	well
fast	fast
hard	hard
late	late
early	early

A. Choose the correct answer:

- If I had known your address, I you to my birthday party.
a) will invite b) would invite c) invited d) would have invited
- If I have free time, I some exercises daily .
a) will do b) would do c) had done d) would have done
-the players do their best, the team will definitely win the match.
a) If b) Unless c) While d) As
- Heba would have told you the truth if you her.
a) has asked b) had asked c) asked d) asks
- If you.....the doctor prescription, you would have recovered fast.
a) has followed b) had followed c) followed d) follows
- Reem planned her trip to Canada very
a) carefully b) careful c) more careful d) most careful
- Jim painted the kitchen.....I think he should change it.
a) worse b) worst c) badly d) bad
- Everybody enjoys Yara's singing. She sings
a) beautiful b) more beautiful c) beautifully d) most beautiful

B. Do as shown between brackets:

- 1-Peter drove fast .He had an accident. (Complete)
If.....
- 2-If smoke and gas increase in the air,
..... (Complete)
- 3-If Ahmad (not eat) so much food at the party, he wouldn't have become so ill.
..... (Correct the verb)
- 4-Merit knows the road (good).She doesn't need to use the navigation . (Correct)
.....
5. If they had finished their homework, they.....(complete)
.....
- 6.Fahad spends his free time in a more effective way than I do .(Use effectively)
.....
- 7.If the sailors had been experienced, such tragedy (avoid). (Correct)
.....
- 8.If the authority had built new homes as planned, we (have) fewer homeless people in our streets today.
.....
- 9.If I were a scientists, I (discover) cures for all diseases. (Correct)
.....
- 10.He didn't call the mechanic, so he didn't have his car repaired. (Begin with : if)
.....
- 11.They were not clever, so they didn't get high marks. (Use : if)
.....

Language Functions

Persuasion:

- Please !
- Come on .
- Can't I persuade you to ...

Requests: Asking for help

- Can you help me ?
- Could you tell me

Write what you would say in the following situations:

- 1- You want to study abroad, but your father refuses the idea.
.....
- 2- One of your relatives suggests going to Kuwait central Blood Bank to donate blood.
.....
- 3- Your neighbor keeps parking in front of your house entrance.
.....
- 4- Ask your government to provide jobs for the youth.
.....

Translate into English:-

سالم : هل تعتقد ان الحرية تعني ان تفعل ما تشاء.

.....
.....

خالد : لا، الحرية هي توازن بين حقوق الفرد واحتياجات المجتمع.

.....
.....

Date :

Unit 3-Writing

Charity organizations depend mainly on volunteers to carry out many of their activities. Some people think that voluntary work is the best way to help young people get life experience. While others are against as it is unpaid work and it may cause workload and stress.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the arguments for and against this issue and stating your point of view.

Your plan

Introduction.....



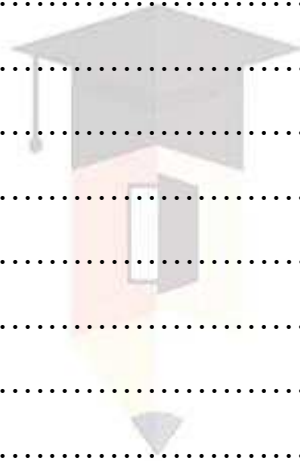
Body:

Paragraph1.....

Paragraph2.....

Conclusion.....

Your topic



EDUGATE

Unit 4 The Earth at risk

Date :

Lessons: 1-2 (SB. Pages 34:35)



New Vocabulary

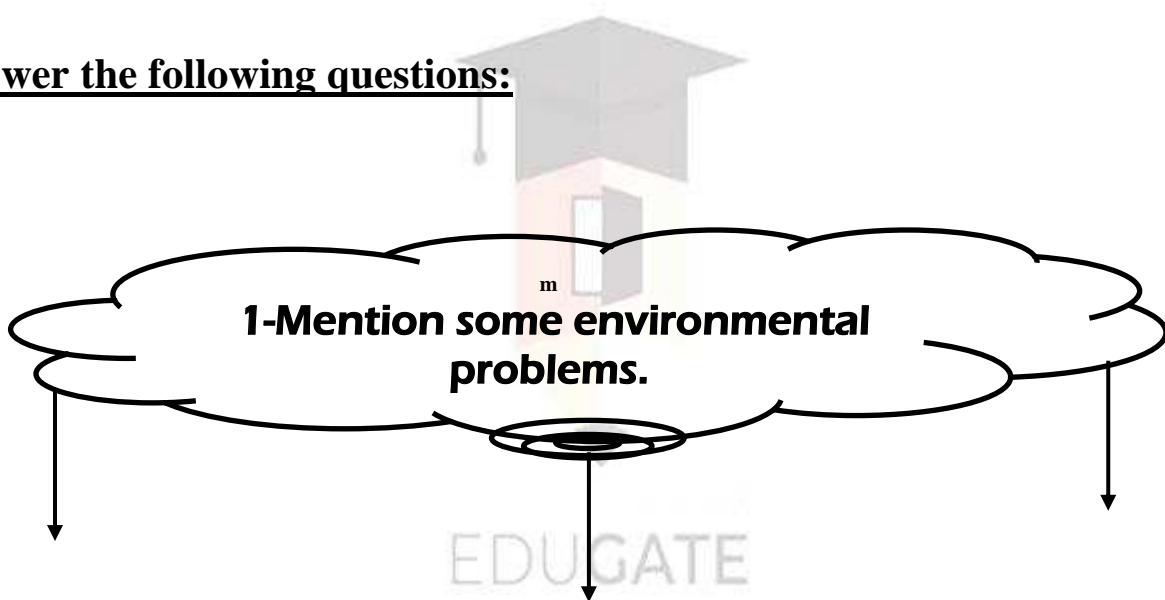
English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
climate	n.	weather conditions in an area over a period of time	
desertification	n.	the process by which fertile land becomes desert	
erode	v.	To destroy slowly	
graze	v.	to put animals in a field to eat grass	
harsh	adj.	Unpleasantly rough	
increasingly	adv.	increasing over time	
kill off	v.	to destroy something utterly or destroy the remaining members of a group	
overcultivate	v.	to plant too much, more than you should	
permanently	adv	Lastingly	
precipitate	v.	To cause an event or situation to happen suddenly or undesirably	
productive	adj.	able to produce large amounts of goods, crops	
proportion	n.	a part, share, or number considered in comparative relation to a whole	
soil	n.	the top layer of the earth in which plants grow	
reacherous	adj.	hazardous because of presenting hidden dangers	
unproductive	adj.	Not producing or able to produce large amounts of goods, crops	
wash away	Ph.v	If water washes something away, it carries it away, usually with great force	
wildfire	n.	large, destructive forest, or brush-fire that spreads quickly	

From a , b , c and d choose the correct words:

- 1- Many people were starving in Africa due to the.....of their land.
a. desertification b. climate c. wildfire d. proportion
- 2- Snow and ice have left many roads.....and motorists are warned to drive slowly.
a. voluntary b. unproductive c. treacherous d. productive
- 3- Unfortunately, pesticides.....beneficial insects as well as harmful ones.
a. graze b. precipitate c. overcultivate d. kill off
- 4-A largeof the world's population migrated to Canada in the early 20th century.
a. soil b. climate c. proportion d. wildfire



Answer the following questions:



.....



.....



.....

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Gender	Percentage
Male	50%
Female	48%
Other	2%

EDUCATE

Date :

Unit 4 The Earth at risk**Lesson. 3****WB: (Pages: 26 : 27)****New Vocabulary**

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
at the expense of	exp	so as to cause harm to or neglect of	
devastating	adj.	very impressive or effective	
logger	n.	a person who fells trees for timber a lumberjack	
vital	adj.	important and necessary for something to succeed or exist	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:**(devastating / vital / at the expense of / logger)**

- 1- The Coronavirus lockdowns had aeffect on the world economy.
- 2- A.....is a person who cuts trees for wood.
- 3- My friend built up a successful business but it was all doneof her \his health.
- 4- Money is so.....in our life. On the other hand, it's just a means to an end.

Answer the following questions:**1) How does the rainforest have an important influence on the Earth's climate?**

.....

.....

2) Why are trees being cut down?

.....

.....

3) According to your point of view, how can we save the rainforests?

.....

.....

Date :

unit 4 / Lessons. 4:5

(SB: Pages: 36 :37)

**New Vocabulary**

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
arid	adj.	Having little or no rain, too dry or barren to support vegetation.	
atmosphere	n.	the mixture of gasses that surrounds the Earth	
equator	n.	an imaginary line drawn around the earth equally distant from both poles	
flooding	n.	an overflowing of a large amount of water beyond its normal confines	
forecasting	n.	a prediction of future events, esp. coming weather or a financial	
frigid	adj.	very cold in temperature	
humid	adj.	marked by a relatively high level of water vapor in the atmosphere	
misbehave	v.	To fail to conduct oneself in a way that is acceptable to others / behave badly	
planting	n.	To place a seed, bulb, or plant in the ground so that it can grow	
prevailing	adj.	widespread in a particular area at a particular time / current	
reclaim	v.	to bring under cultivation	

From a , b , c and d choose the correct words:

1-The heavy rain has led to serious.....in some areas.

- a. planting b. forecasting c. equator d. flooding

2-Sulafa wore her hair in the.....fashion and looked even prettier.

- a. arid b. frigid c. humid d. prevailing

3- Students have a tendency to.....themselves at exam time.

- a. reclaim b. misbehave c. graze d. erode

4-The idea of weather.....developed incredibly quickly.

- a. planting b. forecasting c. atmosphere d. equator

Date:.....

Unit 4 / Lessons :7:8

(SB: Pages: 38 :39)

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
curtail	v.	to reduce in extend or quantity, to impose a restriction on	
hurdle	n.	an obstacle or difficulty	
implement	v.	to put into effect	
intrinsic	adj.	belonging naturally, essential	
paucity	n.	The presence of something only in small or insufficient quantities or amount / scarcity	
preservation	n.	the action of maintaining something in its original or existing state	
prevail over	Ph.v	to prove more powerful than opposing forces / be victorious	
scarcity	n.	insufficiency; shortage	
spearhead	n.	an individual or group chosen to lead an attack or movement	
unwarranted	adj.	not justified or authorized	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(hurdle / implement / intrinsic / spearhead \ unwarranted)

1-The bad infrastructure in any country is a serious in the development of tourism.

2-Speaking English fluently is a/an.....condition to get a good job..

3- If students.....the instructions of their teachers, they will get high marks.

4- Famous people need to be protected against such.....intrusions into their private lives by journalists.

Answer the following questions:

1.Mention some natural resources.



a.....

b.....

C.....

d.....



2-What is the importance of water?

[illegible]

3-Mention some ways of wasting water.

[illegible]

4-State some ways of consuming it less

[illegible]

- **Design a poster to encourage people to save water:-**



Unit 4-Vocabulary exercises

A. Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

{atmosphere/graze/ curtail/humid/increasingly/at the expense of}

1Neither Kuwaitis nor residents stand the weather in the summer as it's so hot

and..... .

2Smoke and gas from vehicles and factories pollute the earth's..... .

3- Farmers normally.....cattle on their farms to get meat and dairy products.

4-We have tothe unwarranted consumption of water.

5.Cutting down trees for selling hardwood is..... the future of global environment.

B. From a , b , c and d choose the correct words:

6-Fertile and productive land.....should be the ultimate goal of all people and governments.

a) desertification b) preservation c) proportion d) forecasting

7-Wastelands have to be.....to increase the land needed for cultivation.

a) grazed b) precipitated c) reclaimed d) killed off

8-.....of fresh water is one of the most serious issues nowadays.

a) spearhead b) soil c) planting d) scarcity

9-.....the land makes it poor, unproductive and not suitable for grazing cattle on it.

a) Misbehaving b) Over cultivating c) Killing off d) Reclaiming

10-The Iraqi invasion to Kuwait in 1990.....a very serious political crisis worldwide.

a) eroded b) misbehaved c) precipitated d) graze

Date:.....

Unit 4-Grammar

subordinate clauses of purpose

We use the following words and phrases to introduce explanations:

In order to / to / so as to + infinitive	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some people move to greener areas . Why? Some people move to greener areas <u>in order to survive</u>.
Because + clause	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I am tired today <u>because I didn't sleep</u> well last night. We need to produce more food. Why ? <u>Because there are more people to feed</u>, we need to produce more food.
So that / in order that + Sentence (can/may/ could/might	<p>Why are trees cut down?</p> <p>Trees are cut down <u>to make</u> more agricultural land.</p>
Because of + Ving/noun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> My friend stopped medication <u>because of the side effects</u>. The prisoner was released early <u>because of good conduct</u>.

subordinate clauses of result:

We use the following words and phrases to link actions with results (causes and effects):

So that + clause: (can (in the present) could (in the past) + inf.) (cause)	<p><u>I took a keyboarding class</u> (cause)</p> <p><u>so that I could write</u> my papers for college more quickly. (effect)</p>
Be the cause of: (n) or (v) + ing.	<p>Activities of human beings are often <u>the real cause of desertification</u>.</p>

With the result that + clause	Farmers tend to over cultivate their land, <u>with the result that the soil becomes unproductive.</u>
To lead to: clause	Wildfires can <u>lead to greater pressure</u> on the earth's most precious resource: Water.
So + sentences	I wanted to take some <u>picture so I took my camera.</u>

Relative Clauses



It is used to give extra information about the nouns in the main clause, without starting another sentence. A **relative clause** starts with a relative pronoun.

who / that	Subject or object pronoun for people	That's the woman who bought my house.
which / that	Subject or object pronoun for ANIMALS or THINGS	The horse which Mary was riding is very friendly and beautiful.
where	Refers to a PLACE	We found the wood where I used to go.
when	Refers to a TIME expression	I will never forget the day when I graduated.
whose	POSSESSION for people, animals and things	The mother whose child is missing is very sad.



A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- Peter climbed the tree.....pick some oranges..
a) in order to b) because c) in order that d) so that
- He worked hard he might get higher marks.
a) in order that b) in spite of c) so as to d) in order to
-there are more people to feed, we need to produce more food
a) To b) Because c) So that d) In order to
- Smoking is reallylung cancer.
a) leads to b) so that c) because d) the cause of
- I moved to the frontI could hear him well
a. in order to b. lead to c. so as to d. so that

6. Pollutionglobal warming.
 a. the cause of b. because c. leads to d. so that
- 7- Maha worked hard.....she is a successful teacher .
 a. in order to b. because c. so d. so that
- 8- The athlete couldn't participate in the race.....his knee injury.
 a. in order to b. because c. because of d. so that
- 9- Samir wants to take me to the cafe.....serves excellent coffee.
 a. who b. where c.that d. whose
- 10- He is a manopinion I respect .
 a. who b).whose c.whom d. where
- 11- I can't rememberI bought that mobile from the shop.
 a. where b. that c.when d. who
- 12- The cyclistwon the race trained hard.
 a. where b. that c. when d. who
- 13- The translations.....appear on the screen during the film are called "subtitles."
 a. where b. which c. when d. who

B. Do as shown between brackets:

1. They camped in the desert so as to enjoy their spring holiday. (Use :so that)

2. Farmers need more land. They can grow more soya beans. (use: in order to)

3. They train daily so that they can win the final match. (Use: so as to)

4. I save a lot of money to buy a new car. (Use: in order that)

5. The governments impose sever punishment so that the number of poachers would decrease. (Use: to)

6. Some people take supplements. They want to get more nutrients. (Use: so that)

Language functions

Describing photographs

*You can see.....

*It seems that..../ It's clear that....

Both photographs/ pictures show.....

Preference

*I prefer...

*I like.....more than.....

*I'd rather.....

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Suggestion

*I suggest you...

*It suggests that.....

* My suggestion is

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1-Your friend doesn't know what to choose for her higher education.

.....

2- Some of your friends are scratching on the trees and carving their names.

.....

3- Your mother asks you what you prefer for your lunch.

.....

4. People in Africa suffer from extreme paucity of water.

.....

Translate into English :-

إن الإنسان هو العدو الأول للأرض.

.....

.....

- اتفق معك في الرأي فلقد تسبب الإنسان بجشعه وجهله في انقراض الحيوانات و ضياع الثروات الطبيعية في الكون

.....

.....

Date :

Unit 4- Writing

Deforestation is cleaning Earth's forests on a massive scale. Regardless of the reasons. Some people find the loss of the forest a serious problem. Others argue that risks are worth taking as long as they contribute to a better life.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the arguments for and against and stating your point of view.

Your plan

Introduction.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Body:

Paragraph1.....

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Paragraph2.....

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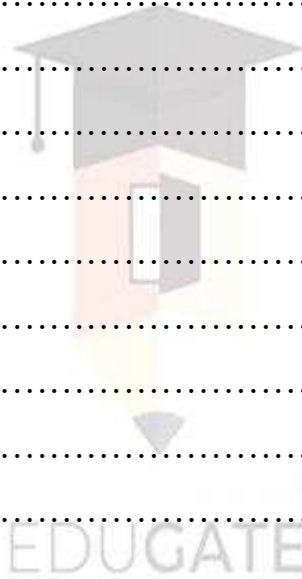
.....

Conclusion.....

.....

.....

Your topic



Date :

Unit 5 Precious resources**Lessons : 1-2****(SB. Pages 40-41)****New Vocabulary**

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
collection points	n.	particular spots, places, or positions in an area where rubbish is gathered	
concur	v.	to be of the same opinion / to agree	
crisis	n.	a time of intense difficulty, trouble or danger	
machinery	n.	machines collectively	
offence	n.	a breach of a law or rule / an illegal	
pass a law	expr.	to approve or put into effect (a proposal or law) by voting on it	
prohibitively	adv.	excessively high	
reprocess	v.	to process again or differently, typically in order to reuse it	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:**prohibitively / crisis / concur / machinery \ reprocess**

- 1-New.....has enhanced the company's productivity and competitiveness.
- 2-Car insurance can beexpensive foy young drivers.
- 3- I.....with my friend in many points.
- 4- The recent economichas led to massive layoffs.
- 5- It is definitely good for our environment to.....our waste instead of burning.

Answer the following questions?

1-Mention some materials that can be recycled.

.....

.....

.....

.....



2-What is the role of Kuwait in recycling?.


.....

.....

.....

.....

3- What are the pros of recycling?


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4- What are the cons of recycling?

[illegible]

5- What happens to the waste products that are not recycled?

EDUCATE

Date :

Unit: 5 Paper new from old**Lesson: 3****(WB. Pages 32:33)****New Vocabulary**

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
commercially	adv.	in commercial terms or from a profit-making point of view	
partnership	n.	a relationship between two people, organizations, or countries	
wood pulp	n.	wood crushed into a soft mass, used for making paper	

Answer the following questions:-

1-Mention things that paper is made from :

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



2-Recycling paper doesn't preserve trees. Explain.

.....

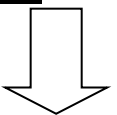
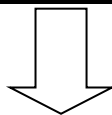
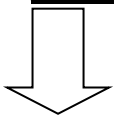
.....

.....

.....

.....

3- What are the ways of getting rid of paper?



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Date :

Unit: 5 / Lessons: 4:5

(SB. Pages 42-43)

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
administration	n.	the process or activity of running a business, organization	
annoyance	n.	the feeling or state of being annoyed / irritation	
bureaucracy	n.	a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representative	
come up against	ph.V	to meet / to face	
criticism	n.	the expression of disapproval of someone or something	
cut down on	ph.V	to reduce	
get rid of	Ph.v	to dispose of, throw away	
go along with	ph.V	to give one's consent or agreement to a person or their views	
incinerator	n.	an apparatus for burning waste material, esp. industrial waste, at high temperatures until it is reduced to ash	
irritation	n.	the state of feeling annoyed, impatient, or angry	
keep up with	Ph.v	to know the latest information about	
packaging	n.	materials used to wrap or protect goods	
paperwork	n.	routine work involving written documents such as forms or records	
put up with	Ph.v	to accept, stand, tolerate something unpleasant	
red tape	idiom	paperwork and administration	
run out of	Ph.v	(of a supply of something) to be used up	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(annoyance / incinerator \ criticism / partnership / commercially \ packaging \ keep up with \ put up with)

- 1- The film was the first.....successful work dealing explicitly with terrorism.
- 2- Attractivecan help a lot to attract customers to buy certain products.
- 3- The noisy traffic is a continual.....to the citizens.
- 4- Mutual respect is necessary for anyto work.
- 5- The new minister received some harshfor not solving the employment.
- 6- A lot of girls try tothe latest fashion.
- 7- Teachers can't the silly remarks of some irresponsible students.

COLOUR IDIOMS**In black and white**

مكتوب بوضوح

To put someone on the black list

يكشف جرم

To appear/happen out of the blue

يصل (يحدث) فجأة وبصورة غير متوقعة

With flying colours

يجتاز اختبار بامتياز

Give someone the green light

يعطي إذن

Get the green light

يحصل على إذن

To catch someone red-handed

يمسك شخص ما متلبساً بجرم

To see red

يغضب

Fill in with the right idiom from the list :

- 1- I won't believe that we got the contract till I see it
- 2- I want to start a new business but the involved is very frustrating.
- 3- We got the to go ahead with the new advertising campaign.
- 4- John when he lost all his money.
- 5- The manager caught the new employee taking money out the box.

Date :

Unit: 5 / Lessons: 7:8

(SB. Pages 44-45)

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
component	n.	a part or element of a larger whole	
compost	v.	to make (vegetable matter or manure) into decayed organic material used as a plant fertilizer	
constant	adj.	occurring continuously over a period of time	
constituent	n.	being a part of a whole	
duration	n.	the time during which something continues	
heartening	adj.	inspiring, elevating	
household waste	n.	material that is not wanted at home	
incineration	n.	the process of destroying something by burning	
material	n.	the matter from which a thing is or can be made	
quantity	n.	amount or number of something	
trend	n.	a general direction in which something is developing or changing	
upsurge	n.	an upward surge in the strength or quantity of something / an increase	

From a , b , c and d choose the correct words:

1- Away of getting rid of waste materials is.....

- a. incineration b. duration c. material d. trend

2- Assignments should be suitable for students in.....and quality

- a. constituent b. upsurge c. duration d. quantity

3- The holiday was of a short.....but we enjoyed thoroughly.

- a. quantity b. duration c. trend d. component

4-There were.....interruption. So we couldn't finish the work on time.

- a. constant b. heartening c. intrinsic d. arid

5- Nowadays, it is easy to.....food waste at home following simple instructions.

- a. reprocess b. compost c. get rid d. concur

Unit 5-Vocabulary exercises

A. Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(cut down on /offences / red tape/pass a law /prohibitively/ got rid of)

1. Criminals commit several serious.....that must be punished so as not to be repeated.
2. Electricity consumption should be.....during the summer to avoid electricity cuts or failure.
3. It is impossible to get a passport quickly. There is so much.....
4. Wastes, for example, plastic, paper, glass etc. must be.....by burying them in landfill sites or recycling them.
5. In some countries, they are aware of the importance of recycling, but the problem is that recycling can beexpensive.

B. From a , b , c and d choose the correct words:

1. Steel and Iron are the basicof motor car, train and bus industries.
a) components b) criticism c) administration d) packaging
2. We were driving along the sea-side, suddenly we petrol.
a) got rid of b) ran out of c) come up against d) put up with
- 3- A way of getting rid of waste material is
a) incineration b) duration c) administration d) irritation
4. If you difficulties, let me know and I'll help you out.
a) cut down on b) get rid of c) come up against d) put up with
5. It is enough to see lots of young people take part in charitable activities.
a) heartening b) constant c) harsh d) intrinsic

Date:.....

Unit 5-Grammar

Talking about wishes

Wish

Past perfect : To express regrets about something which happened / didn't happen in the past.

- 1- I wish you hadn't done that.
- 2- I wish I had saved some money.

Dissatisfaction with the present.

E.g. I wish I had my glasses with me.

Past simple : to talk about

Impossible condition . E.g. I wish I were ten years younger.

I wish I could read more quickly. (I read slowly and would like to read more quickly.)

Would: to make complaints about other people's behavior. E.g. I wish you wouldn't do that.

- I wish my brother would get up earlier.

Examples:

- I wish you were here!
- I wish you had called me.
- I wish I could remember something of that time.
- I wish you'd stop acting like I had a thousand guys on the string.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- I wish I.....another chance to do it again..

- a) have b) has c) had d) have been

2. I wish, INoura was coming, I would have invited Dana.

- a) know b) knew c) have known d) had known

3. Alan wishes that he read more fluently.

- a) could b) would c) will have d) could have

4. They wish that peoplestop polluting everywhere.
a) will b)would c)could d)wouldn't
5. I wish you.....through the kitchen with your dirty boots on.
a) don't come b) wouldn't come c) doesn't come d) came
6. Hussein is as good..... Ahmed at Math.
a) as b)than c)more d)most
7. Our old book wasinteresting than our new one. I didn't like it.
a) least b) most c) the most d) less
8. It has been raining.....for the past few days.
a) as hard as b) hardly c) hard d) harder
9. Huda argued with her parents. She wished sheargued with them.
a) could b)didn't c) would d) hadn't
10. I wish I couldto school next week. I miss my teachers.
a) go b) went c) going d) had gone
11. I would really like to go on a picnic. I wish itraining.
a) will stop b) had stopped c) stopped d) would stop

B. Do as shown between brackets:

- 1-I wish I (not spend) all my money when I was young. (Correct the verb)
.....
- 2- Last week I got zero in the quiz, I wish.....(Complete)
.....
- 3.I forgot my homework and the teacher is angry. (Rewrite the sentence using Wish
.....
- 4.I like quite places .I cannot (put up in) the noise outside my house. (Correct the verb)
.....
- 5- I didn't like my present job.
I wish..... a better one. (Complete)

6- Mary didn't win the marathon last week.

She wished..... (Complete)

7- I regret not going to university when I was younger. (Begin with: I wish)

8- The traffic on the way home was so bad. I wish we (take) a different route.(Correct)

Language functions

Expressing regret

*I wish we had.....

*If only we had

*Things should never

Making conclusions

* In conclusion, it's clear that/ It can be seen

* Ultimately

* Finally

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your classmate asks you how to score high marks in Math exam.

2- Many people use their natural resources carelessly.

3- Your favourite team lost the football match.

4. Your sister offered to arrange your room but you know she is really busy.

Translate into English :-

- تقوم بعض الدول بدفن القمامة مما يتسبب في إطلاق غاز الميثان الضار بالبيئة والمسبب للاحتباس الحراري.

- تشير الإحصائيات إلى زيادة كبيرة في كميات القمامة التي يتم تدويرها.

Unit 5- Writing

Date :

Some people think that the overuse of natural resources has made the need for more recycling factories a necessity rather than luxury. While others are against such a viewpoint due to the costly price of recycling.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the arguments for and against this issue and stating your point of view.

Your plan

Introduction.....

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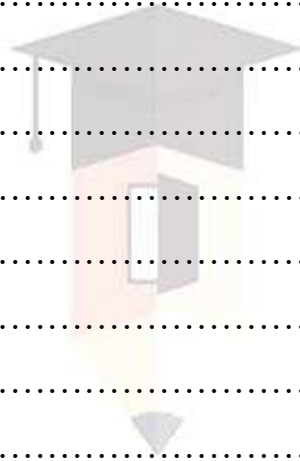
Body:

Paragraph1.....

Paragraph2.....

Conclusion.....

Your topic



EDUGATE

Unit 6 Under threat

Date :

Lessons : 1-2 (SB. Pages 46-47)



New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
acute	adj.	acute senses such as hearing, taste, etc are very good and sensitive	
avoid	v.	to keep away from or stop oneself from doing something	
damp	adj.	slightly wet	
expansive	adj.	covering a wide area in terms of space or scope; extensive or wide-ranging	
extinction	n.	the state or process of a species being or becoming extinct	
fascinating	adj.	extremely interesting	
hibernate	v.	to sleep during the winter	
permanent	adj.	lasting or intended to last or remain unchanged	
pose	v.	to present or constitute	
refuge	n.	shelter or protection from someone or something	
reservation	n.	the action of reserving something	
reticent	adj.	easily frightened / timid	
solitary	adj.	done or existing alone	
stem	n.	the long thin part of a plant, from which leaves, flowers or fruit grow	
threatened	v.	Endangered	
timid	adj.	showing a lack of courage or confidence; easily frightened	

From a , b , c and d choose the correct words:

- 1- My uncle is so wealthy. He lives in a/an.....villa overlooking the sea.
a. acute b. damp c. fascinating d. permanent
- 2- Dangerous prisoners are usually kept in.....confinement to avoid their troubles.
a. solitary b. timid c. reticent d. expansive
- 3- People are becoming more aware of the dangers.....by drugs.
a. threatened b. avoided c. hibernated d. posed
- 4-Modern farming methods have led to.....of many species of wild flowers.
a. refuge b. stem c. extinction d. reservation
- 5- A few animals.....through the winter months to escape cold weather.
a. threaten b. avoid c. hibernate d. pose

Answer the following questions:



1-Why are pandas under threat?

.....
.....
.....
.....

2-Why do we have to protect them?

.....
.....
.....
.....

3-How do you think governments can protect endangered species?

.....
.....
.....

4-What sacrifices would you be willing to make to protect an endangered species?

.....

.....

5- Are you for or against punishing people who hunt rare animals ? Why?

.....

.....

.....

Date :
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Unit: 6

Under Threat

Lesson: 3

(WB. Pages 38-39)



New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
Carnivorous	adj.	an animal that eats flesh	
enemy	n.	a thing that harms or weakens something else	
inject	v.	to put liquid into someone's body by using a special needle	
sting	n.	the sharp needle-shaped part of an insect's or animal's body, with which it sings	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:


(carnivorous / enemy \ inject / sting)

- 1- Some plants are..... They catch and consume insects that land on them.
- 2- Tome has tohimself with insulin everyday as he is a diabetic.
- 3- The scorpion has a\an.....that can be deadly.
- 4- Don't trust a new friend nor an old

Answer the following questions :

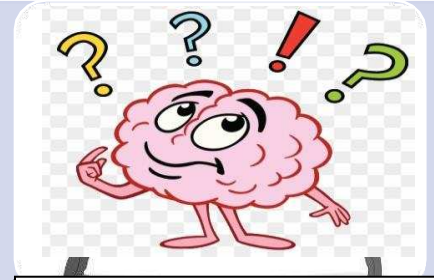


1-What is the importance of plants?


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2-Why are plants in danger?

[illegible]

3-How do plants protect themselves?

[illegible]

4- In your view Plants are promoting thinking and creativity. Discuss"

EDUCATE

Date :

Unit: 6 / Lessons: 4:5

(SB. Pages 48-49)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
aware	adj.	having knowledge or perception of a situation or fact	
bounty	n.	an abundance or plenty	
cultivate	v.	to grow, raise, plant sow	
encroach	v.	to intrude on (a person's territory or a thing considered to be a right)	
grow	v.	to become larger or greater over a period of time	
illegitimate	adj.	not authorized by the law; not in accordance with accepted standards or rules	
nourishment	n.	food, or the valuable substances in food that a person, animal, or plant requires to live	
recompense	n.	compensation or reward given for effort made	
reward	n.	a thing given in recognition of service, effort or achievement	
trespass on	Ph.v	to make unfair claims on or to take advantages of something	
unsanctioned	adj.	illegal, unofficial, unauthorized	
wealth	n.	an abundance of valuable possessions or money	

From a , b , c and d choose the correct words:

1- Some countries are working hard to stop.....immigration by providing new job opportunities.

- a. aware b. unsanctioned c. fascinating d. solitary

2- Good family and health is my.....

- a. wealth b. bounty c. nourishment d. recompense

3- The soil in this area is too poor to be.....due to scarcity of water.

- a. encroached b. cultivated c. posed d. trespassed

4-There must be adequatefor workers who lose their jobs.

- a. bounty b. wealth c. nourishment d. recompense

Date :

Unit: 6 / Lessons: 7:8

(SB. Pages 50-51)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meaning
burgeoning	adj.	growing or expanding rapidly	
consensus	n.	general agreement	
dearth	n.	a scarcity or lack of something	
graduate	v.	to successfully complete an academic degree, course of training, or high school	
housing	n.	houses and apartments considered collectively	
knock-on	adj.	of a process in which everything that happens causes something else to happen	
utilize	v.	to make practical and effective use of	
vociferously	adv.	Enthusiastically / loudly	
wetland	n.	land consisting of marshes or swamps / saturated land	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(consensus \housing / graduate \ utilize / wetland \ dearth)

- 1- The goal of changing.....into productive areas is now within reach
- 2- If youyour time wisely, you will be able to finish all your tasks by lunch .
- 3- My elder daughter will.....from the university next year.
- 4- There is a\anof qualified workers in some countries because of migration.
- 5- Governments must provide.....for the poor and homeless people.

Answer the following question.

Why are some people in favour of and others against land reclamation?

Land reclamation

People are for because:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

People are against because:

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Unit 6-Vocabulary exercises

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

- 1- I think that my job is starting to.....on my family life. I usually have to work in the evening.
a) encroach b) pose c) inject d) utilize
- 2- Could we reach to a/an.....on this matter? Let's take a vote.
a) dearth b) wetland c) consensus d) nourishment
- 3- Cutting down trees for..... reasons disturbs the balance of the environment.
a) burgeoning b) unsanctioned c) carnivorous d) solitary
- 4- Heopposed the state of emergency imposed by the government.
a) unfortunately b) permanently c) vociferously d) prohibitively
- 5- Undoubtedly, the.....population worldwide threatens the economy of the whole world.
a) burgeoning b) fascinating c) illegitimate d) carnivorous

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

{reticent/ acute /threatened/ carnivorous/ enemy/ aware/ bounty}

- 1- Some animals are known for theirhearing and others for their eyesight.
- 2- Most of the students are.....enough about answering questions.
- 3- Rare species like bears and pandas are extremely.....by greedy poachers worldwide.
- 4- Arabs are so hospitable that they offer their guests a/an.....of food and drinks.
- 5- If I had been.....that details were so serious, I would have told the police.

Date :

Focus on



1- What is the importance of Al Arfaj?

-
-
-

2- Why it is in danger?

-
-
-

Date:.....

Unit 6-Grammar

Explaining possibilities

Must + infinitive **or** must have



Things we are almost sure are true.

E.g.

- Hamad **must earn** quite a lot of money to bear the cost of his car.
- They **must have come** from somewhere hot like Africa.

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Can't + infinitive **or** can't have + v3

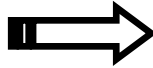


Things we are almost sure are not true.

E.g.

- It **can't be** easy designing for building bridges – they are complicated structures.
- They **can't have finished** their launch already – they only started

Might + infinitive **or** might have + v3



Things we are unsure whether they are true or not.

E.g.

- She **might be** from Africa – she has a dark skin
- He's not usually this late – he **might have got** stuck in a heavy traffic

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and

1-It difficult designs for building bridges. They are complicated structures.

- a) must be b) can't be c) can't have been d) might have been

2-As most of the students failed the exam, it been an easy one.

- a) must b) must have c) can't d) can't have

3-As most of the students failed the exam, it been a difficult one.

- a) must b) must have c) can't d) can't have

4-The student is very lazy, he..... passed the exam with high marks.

- a) can't b) can't have c) must d) must have

5-The line is busy, someone using the telephone now.

- a) must b) can't be c) must be d) might have

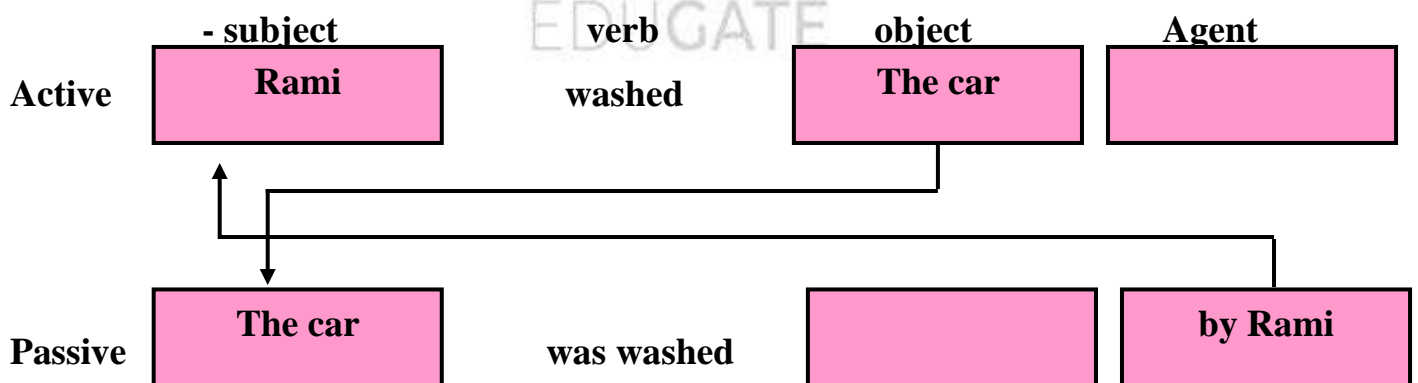
6-The Australian aborigines look just like the Indians, they come from Asia.

- a. can't have b. must have c.can't d. might

7-I am not sure, she French as she has a very strange accent.

- a. can't have b. must be c. might be d. might

Passive voice



The tense	Active voice	Passive voice	Form
Present Simple	He delivers letters	Letters are delivered	Am is + p.p are
Past Simple	He delivered the letters	the letters were delivered	Was + p.p Were

Present perfect	He has delivered the letters	The letters have been delivered	Have been + p.p Has
Future Simple	He will deliver the letters	The letters will be delivered	will be + p.p
Past perfect	He had delivered the letters	The letters had been delivered	had been + p.p
Present Continuous	He is delivering the letters	The letters are being delivered	Am is being + p.p are
Past Continuous	He was delivering the letters	The letters were being delivered	Was being + p.p were
Infinitive	He has to deliver the letters	The letters have to be delivered	have to be + p.p has to
Modals	He may deliver the letters	The letters may be delivered	may be + p.p

Change into passive:-

1- Someone might have stolen the car.

.....

2- They will provide refreshments during intervals.

.....

3- You have to complete the form in black ink.

.....

4- The judge has sent the prisoner to prison for life.

.....

5- They saw a thief enter the building carrying a shotgun.

.....

6- The secretary is writing an email at the moment.

.....

7- The men are cleaning the boats.

.....

8- The police arrested the thief yesterday.

.....

Prepositions of place

Prepositions	Use	Example
At	home / school / university / work / the bus-stop / house number	They live at 23 Oxford street. My father is at work.
In	cities / towns / countries	He lives in Kuwait city.
On	street number / road number / the floor	He lives on Cairo street. We live on the 2 nd floor
By	bus / taxi / car / pane / train / ship / boat / air / sea	He goes by bus. We prefer to travel by plane.


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Prepositions of time

At	In	On
at one o'clock	In the morning / afternoon / evening	On Sunday (days)
at 8 : 15	In July (months)	On march 2 nd (date)
at night / midnight / noon	In summer (seasons)	On holiday / birthday
at the weekend	In 1991 (years)	
	In the 20 th century	

PS

Dependent → On
 Escape → Form
 Provide → With
 Famous → For
 responsible → for

Different → From
 Interested → In
 Full → Of
 Keen → On
 angry → with

Fill in with the right preposition:

{ in – on – at – of - from – with – for – by }

- 1- Life Earth depend vegetation.
- 2- Uncle Hussam went holiday for three weeks.
- 3- She might be work. I will give her a call.
- 4- Officers duty must be alert and vigilant.
- 5- love and empathy, peace can be achieved.
- 6- The pandas are found the forests China.
- 7- Bats are nocturnal animals, they fly night.
- 8- Tuesday, uncle Salem paid us a visit.
- 9- She usually sits her bed and watches TV.
- 10- The next exam will be November.
- 11- The last invasion was 1990.
- 12- November 13, she came to Kuwait for the first time.
- 13- They usually come taxi.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1-Roadsby the fallen trees .
 a) blocked b) block c) was blocked d) were blocked
- 2-Alanto the hospital after he had broken his leg.
 a) was taken b) took c) taking d) is taken
- 3-Many peoplefrom the floods by fire fighters.
 a) rescue b) is rescued c) were rescued d) was rescued
- 4-She hashome by the authority since last month.
 a) being sent b) been sent c) sent d) send
- 5- Human beings are dependent plants.
 a) for b) from c) on d) of
- 6- Pandas climb trees to escape Their enemies.
 a) for b) from c) in d) of
- 7-Eating plants provide us nourishment.
 a) for b) of c) on d) with
- 8-..... most plants which lose their leaves in autumn, an evergreen plant keeps its leaves over the winter..
 a) Although b) Despite c) Unlike d) But

Do as shown between brackets:

1- My brother (might not finish) his school . It is 10 am and he usually finishes at 1pm.

.....(Correct)

2- People cut down trees for wood nowadays.(Change into passive)

.....

3-We usually celebrate the National Day(in)the 25th of February. (correct)

.....

4-In the past ,old Kuwaitis depended (in) pearl diving for their livelihood. (Correct)

.....

5- Our teacher has given us a lot of homework lately. (Make passive)

.....

6- The government is building a new shelter for the poor .(Make passive)

.....

7- The buyer should have accepted the seller's offer. (Make negative)

.....

EDUGATE

Language functions

Giving reasons

- *There are many reasons why I think ..
- *Firstly,...../Secondly,...

Persuading others

- * Can you see what I mean?
- *Look at it this way: if we.....

Expressing possibilities

- We are concerned that....may/might/ could represent.....
- Perhaps/ Possibly/ Probably, this will mean that....

Write what you would say in the following situations:

- 1- Your sister doesn't want to continue her education.
.....
- 2- You want to complete your studies in USA. Give reason to your parents
.....
- 3- You want to watch a late night movie in the cinema but your father doesn't agree.
.....
- 4- Your friend says that animals are not important to the Earth.
.....

Translate into English:

- تتعرض الكثير من الحيوانات لخطر الانقراض نتيجة جهل الإنسان.

.....
.....

- يعتبر نبات العرفج واحد من أهم النباتات بالكويت فله أهمية طبيعية كما انه جزء لا يتجزأ من تراثنا.

.....
.....

Date :

Unit 6- Writing

growing number of people believe that wild animals have the same rights as humans. Therefore, resources should be exploited on protecting them. Meanwhile, others believe that resources would be better used to improve the quality of life for the human population in need.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the arguments for and against this issue and stating your point of view.

Your plan

Introduction.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



Body:

Paragraph1.....

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.....

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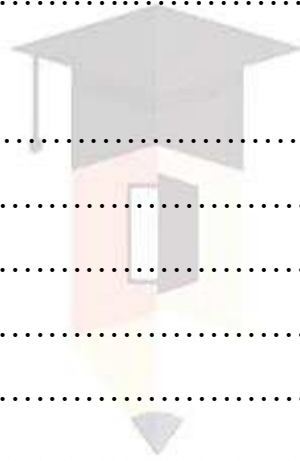
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EDUCATE

Paragraph2.....

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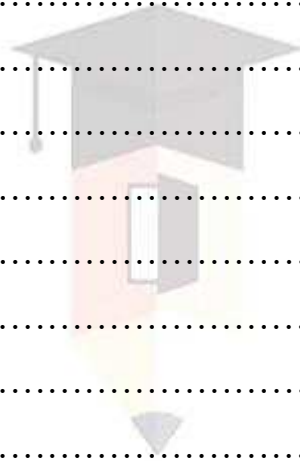
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Conclusion.....

.....

.....

Your topic



EDUGATE

Reading Comprehension (110marks):

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Over the past 20 years, scientists have been producing genetically modified (GM) foods by modifying, or changing, the genes of plants and animals. Genes are the codes in the cells of living things that determine the way **they** look and grow. In humans, genes determine characteristics such as the color of our eyes and how tall we are. By changing the genes of plants, scientists can cause crops to produce more, become resistant to pests and disease, and have more nutritional value. Genetically modified plants can have great benefits by increasing food supplies, protecting the environment, and even improving nutrition.

The world's population is expected to **exceed** over 8 billion by 2025. Unfortunately, food production has decreased over the last ten years. As it is, some 40,000 people die from hunger-related causes every day. The only way to increase food production seems to be through technology, since land and water are getting scarce. If GM food crops could be developed to resist droughts or grow in poor, dry, or salty soils, this would help poorer countries.

GM crops can protect the environment because they are kinder to nature. Many farmers today depend on chemicals such as pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers to make their crops grow. The most common GM crops grown at the moment are those that resist herbicides. The second most common are those crops that kill pests. Some crops have been grown with both these genes. This is better for the environment because it reduces the need to spray fields with pesticides and fertilizers.

Genetically modified crops may make food more nutritious by adding genes to produce more vitamins that the body needs for health and growth. For example, a kind of rice called golden rice has been genetically modified to contain vitamin A. Regular rice does not have vitamin A, and some people who live mostly on rice are missing this important vitamin. This new rice can make a big difference to those people. GM vegetables of the future may be produced with added nutrients to help fight heart disease and cancer.

The United States grows 75 percent of the world's GM Crops. More than 40 percent of the corn, 50 percent of the cotton, and 45 percent of the soyabeans grown in the United States in 1999 were genetically modified. Are GM foods safe for our health and the environment? So far, there is no evidence that GM foods have any risks, but only time and more research will tell.

A- From a, b, c and d choose the suitable answer: (5X 10 = 50 Marks)

1- The best title for the passage could be:

- a. Nutritional Food
- b. The Cost of GM Food
- c. The Need for Food
- d. The Benefits of GM Food

2- The underlined pronoun “they” in paragraph (1) refers to:

- a. plants and animals
- b. genes and codes
- c. modified foods
- d. living things

3- The underlined word ‘exceed’ in paragraph (2) means:

- a. go beyond
- b. be equal
- c. reach
- d. excel

4- Which of the following is Not TRUE about the GM foods?

- a- They resist pests and diseases.
- b- They have more nutritional value.
- c- They cause damage to the environment.
- d- They increase food production to feed more people.

5- The highest percentage of GM crops in the USA is:

- a- rice
- b- corn
- c- cotton
- d- soyabeans

B- Answer the following questions: (4 X 15 = 60 marks)

6- How can GM crops be beneficial to poor countries?

.....

.....

.....

.....

7- Why do farmers use chemicals?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

8- How is golden rice better than regular rice?

.....

.....

.....

9- What shows that the writer finds GM food to be safe for our health and the environment?

.....

.....

.....

Reading Comprehension (110marks):**Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:**

Your genes are responsible for your appearance and your health. Half your genes are from your mother, the other half from your father. You are not identical to your mother or your father, but you probably look a bit like both of them. Or you may resemble one of your grandparents. But even if you are like other members of your family, you are unique. Your genes are different from everyone else's genes. The only people who have exactly the same genes are identical twins. They should look exactly the same.

Some of the features you inherit from your parents are hair, eye color, skin color and facial features like the size and shape of your nose. You probably have the same hair color as one of your parents, but this is not always true. Two dark-haired parents can have a blond or red-headed child. This happens when there was a blond or red-headed ancestor. Fifty percent of men with bald fathers will lose their hair. But the gene for baldness can come from the mother's family too -only boys should look at **their** mother's father. They may **take after** him.

The strongest, or dominant, gene in eye color is brown. If both parents have brown eyes, their children probably have brown eyes too. It's also common for two brown-eyed parents to have a blue-eyed child, but unusual for two blue-eyed parents to have a brown-eyed child. As well as eye color, you can inherit poor eyesight from your parents. So, if you're shortsighted, you're probably not the only person in your family who wears glasses.

There are many different skin colors: from black, dark brown, brown, light brown to white. Most families share the same skin color, but black parents can give birth to a lighter-skinned child if they have pale-skinned ancestors. Usually, a black and a white parent have dark-skinned children because black is a dominant gene. But twin sisters Hayleigh and Lauren are exceptions. One twin is black and the other is white. Hayleigh looks exactly like her black father and Lauren is the image of her white mother. This was only possible because their father had a white relative in his past.

Finally, if you are left-handed or if you have dimples in your cheeks or chin, you can thank your genes.

A- From a, b, and c choose the correct answer: (5X 10 = 50 Marks)

1- What is the best title for the passage?

- a- Human Beings
- b- Features of Twins
- c- A Family Tradition
- d- It's All in the Genes

2- The underlined pronoun "their" in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

- a- boys
- b- men
- c- bald fathers
- d- mother's family

3- The underlined word "take after" in the 2nd paragraph means:

- a- assist
- b- execute
- c- repudiate
- d- resemble

4- From the 1st paragraph we learn that genes:

- a- are identical in everybody.
- b- specify who your parents are.
- c- determine what you look like.
- d- come mainly from your grandparents' side.

5- According to the 2nd paragraph, ONE of the following statements is TRUE:

- a- Seventy percent of men with bald fathers go bald.
- b- Both men and women may look at their mother's father
- c- Men always lose their hair because of their father's genes.
- d- Men sometimes inherit baldness from their mother's side.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: (4 X 15 = 60 marks)

6- Which people have exactly the same genes?

.....

.....

.....

7- What features do you inherit from your parents?

.....

.....

.....

8- How can you explain that two brown-eyed parents having a blue-eyed child?

.....

.....

.....

9- According to the 4th paragraph, explain: why black and white parents give birth to dark-skinned children?

.....

.....

.....

READING COMPREHENSION (110 Marks)

- Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Coronaviruses are named for their appearance: “corona” means “crown.” The virus’s outer layers are covered with spike proteins that surround them like a crown. Corona viruses were discovered in the 1960s. They are a group of viruses that cause diseases in birds and mammals including humans. At the end of 2019, a new type of coronavirus called COVID-19 started spreading in China. In a short period of time, COVID-19 was able to meet the three required factors to be classified as a pandemic. This includes causing death, person-to-person spread and worldwide spread. It is believed that the virus was transmitted from animals to humans. Unfortunately, when this happened, it took scientists a lot of time before **they** could develop a vaccine or medicines to cure it.

COVID-19 is **diagnosed** through a laboratory test. Diagnosis by examination alone is difficult since many COVID-19 signs and symptoms can be caused by other illnesses. However, most people infected with the COVID-19 virus will experience mild to moderate respiratory illness and recover without requiring special treatment. Some of the symptoms are fever, cough, runny nose and headache. Older people, and those with underlying medical problems like diabetes, chronic respiratory disease, and cancer are more likely to develop serious illness because they have a weak immune system.

As of now, researchers know that the coronavirus is spread through droplets and virus particles released into the air when an infected person breathes, talks, laughs, coughs, or sneezes. Larger droplets may fall to the ground in a few seconds, but tiny infectious particles can linger in the air and accumulate in indoor places, especially where many people are gathered and there is poor ventilation. Therefore, mask-wearing, hand hygiene and physical distancing are essential to preventing COVID-19.

Treatment for COVID-19 addresses the signs and symptoms of the infection and supports people with more severe disease. For mild cases of coronavirus disease, your doctor may recommend measures such as fever reducers or over-the-counter medications. More severe cases may require hospital care, where a patient may receive a combination of treatments that could include oxygen and mechanical breathing support.

Vaccines are now authorized to prevent infection with SARS-CoV-2, the coronavirus that causes COVID-19. But until more is understood about how the vaccines affect a person’s ability to transmit the virus, precautions such as mask-wearing, physical distancing and hand hygiene should continue to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d: (5X 10 = 50 Marks)

1- The most suitable title for the passage could be:

- a- All about Coronavirus
- b- Causes of Coronavirus
- c- The symptoms of Corona
- d- Treatment for COVID-19

2-The underlined word 'they' in the 1st paragraph refers to:

- a- humans
- b- animals
- c- scientists
- d- medicines

3-The underlined word 'diagnosed' in paragraph (2) means:

- a- treated
- b- identified
- c- comforted
- d- encouraged

4- Old people are likely to be severely infected by Coronavirus because

- a- They follow the physical distance.
- b- They don't have any health problems.
- c- They wear masks and use hand hygiene.
- d- They do not have strong immune system.

5- According to the passage, all the following statements are **FALSE EXCEPT:**

- a- It is easy to cure COVID 19.
- b- Coronaviruses can infect mammals and birds.
- c- Coronaviruses have smooth outer layer of protein.
- d- Vaccines are used to cure infections caused by coronaviruses.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: (4 X 15 = 60 marks)

6- How do you protect yourself from COVID-19?

.....
.....
.....

7- Why has COVID-19 been classified as worldwide disease?

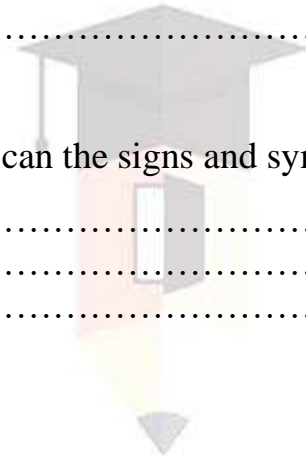
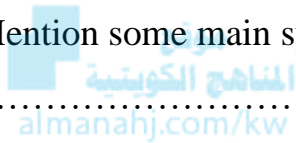
.....
.....
.....
.....

8- Mention some main symptoms of COVID-19.

.....
.....
.....

9- According to the passage, how can the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 be treated?

.....
.....
.....



EDUGATE

Summary Making(60 marks)

Read the following passage, then do as required:

It is hard to know where to start when beginning strength training. There are countless exercises you can do. Some of which work with certain bodies, while others don't. With some familiarity of the basics, you can begin to craft a routine helping you achieve your personal goals.

Strength training should be a part of your workout routine due to its numerous benefits. One purpose of strength training is to build muscles and improve bone density. For another thing, strength training increases the strength of ligaments and joint functioning. It can help raise good cholesterol levels and lower blood sugar levels. Most people like strength training because of its most obvious benefit which is having a slimmer appearance.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarize and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

What are the benefits of strength training?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Rubrics	Content / relevance of ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Format	Total
	30	20	5	5	60

- Copying the whole paragraph receives ZERO.
- Exceeding the required number of sentences (Minus 5 marks for one sentence- Minus 10 marks for twosentences and above)

Summary Making(60 marks)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the question below:

It can be hard for some animals to find food during winter. They get through it in many ways. Birds and butterflies fly to a place with nice weather. Then they come home in the spring. We call this migration. Another way to avoid the cold is to sleep through it. Many animals hide during the winter. They save their energy. They do not eat. They do this until food returns. We call this hibernation. Snakes, frogs, and bears hibernate.

Some animals store food in their homes. They live on what they saved in the summer and fall. This is what squirrels, beavers, and raccoons do.

Other animals adapt themselves to the weather. They do not leave. They do not hide. They must survive. Sometimes nature helps them out. Some animals grow thicker coats in the winter. Other animals change color. The arctic fox is brown in the summer. His coat turns white in the winter.

In four sentences of your own, summarize and paraphrase the above passage in answer to this question:

How do animals and birds survive the cold winter?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Rubrics	Content / relevance of ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Format	Total
	30	20	5	5	60

- Copying the whole paragraph receives ZERO.
- Exceeding the required number of sentences (Minus 5 marks for one sentence- Minus 10 marks for twosentences and above)

Summary Making(60 marks)

Read the following passage and answer the questions below:

Many students find that preparing for an individual class for 60-90 minutes per day, five or six days per week, will leave them well prepared at exam time. For some students, it does not work. That is why practitioners would recommend that students should not cram at the last second. All-nighters simply don't work for most people, and students experience declining returns on their efforts when they attempt to study for four and five hours straight. They would also recommend that students should keep their ears open in class. Their teachers will sometimes tell them about the exam study strategies. They should be in class every day to receive such help. This is particularly true as tests and final exams approach. They insist that students review their class notes on a regular basis.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarize and paraphrase the previous passage in an answer to the following question:

What are the best strategies to get ready for the exams?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Rubrics	Content / relevance of ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Format	Total
	30	20	5	5	60

- Copying the whole paragraph receives ZERO.
- Exceeding the required number of sentences (Minus 5 marks for one sentence- Minus 10 marks for two sentences and above)

