

## Intelligence and Creativity

intended	adj	مقصود / متعمد	expert	n	خبير
original	adj	أصلي / مبتكر	attitude	n	موقف / وضع
dramatic	adj	درامي / مفاجئ	previously	adv	وجد
combine	v	يضم / يخلط	assume	v	يفترض
involve	v	ينهمك / يستغرق	unusual	adj	نادر / استثنائي
approach	n	طريقة	generally	adv	عموما
restriction	n	قيد / حد	detail	n	تفصيل
appearance	n	مظهر	vote	v	ينتخب / يصوت

### Set-book

ملحوظة:  
أسئلة الكتاب غير واردة في الاختبار  
وانما تحفظ لتنمية القدرة على التعبير

1- What is creativity?

**Creativity is using your imagination to create something original.**

2- What are the ways of being creative?

**They are: 1- Evolution of ideas.**

**2- Putting ideas together.**

**3- Changing how we do things.**

**4- Finding a new use for things**

**5- Changing approach.**

3- What's meant by "Evolution of ideas"?

**It means the gradual improvements of existing ideas.**

4- Why do you put ideas together?

**Two or more ideas can be combined to create a new idea. Computer and network make the Internet.**

5- What do you know about Agatha Christie?

**She is an English crime novelist, short story writer and playwright. She didn't write at desk.**

6- What is Charles Dickens?

**He is the author of many novels including 'David Copperfield' and 'A tale of two cities'**

7- Who is Nikola Tesla?

**He is one of history's greatest inventors.**

8- What does the lack of sleep affect?

**It harms the physical and psychological health.**

## Grammar

### Suffix

### اللاحقة

\* suffix هو مقطع يضاف الى اخر الكلمة بغية تغيير معناها او تشكيل لفظ جديد:

suffix	meaning		example
-ment	Action or process	عمل / عملية	excite <b>ment</b>
-able	Can be done	يمكن عمله	wash <b>able</b>
-ed	Past tense	ماضي بسيط	play <b>ed</b>
-less	without	بدون	care <b>less</b>
-ful	Full of	مليء	spoon <b>ful</b>

### Double Comparative

### المقارنة المزدوجة

The + comparative adjective,	the + comparative adjective
The <b>more</b> books I read,	the <b>more</b> I learn.
The <b>older</b> we grow,	The <b>wiser</b> we become.

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\* تستخدم الحالة الأولى من قاعدة (if) للتعبير عن احداث ممكنة الحدوث في الحاضر والمستقبل:

If	مضارع بسيط	→	will + الفعل
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If you **work** hard, you will **get** high marks.

He **will invite** me if he **has** a birthday party

### Exercises

### Vocabulary

#### A- Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- The English ..... in our school issued a reading competition last week.  
a) fortune      b) department      c) trust      d) humidity
- The two countries..... against their common enemy.  
a) combined      b) approached      c) assumed      d) donated
- The children were excited by the.....scene on TV.  
a) proud      b) influential      c) cruel      d) dramatic
- She was ..... employed as a tour guide.  
a) necessarily      b) gradually      c) previously      d) unfairly

**B- Fill in the spaces with words from the list:**

**(appearance – assume – attitudes – involve – vote)**

- 5. It's often very difficult to change peoples .....
- 6. The engineers have changed the .....of the whole building.
- 7. I ..... that the they know each other because they were at the same school.
- 8. The test will ..... answering questions and photos.

**Grammar**

**A- Choose the correct answer:**

(Excited – Excitement - Exciting) is a feeling of being excited or an exciting event. The more interesting books you read, the (happy – happiest – happier) you are. The more you read, the more you learn. If your friends are clever, you (imitate – would imitate – will imitate) them.

**B- Do as shown between brackets:**

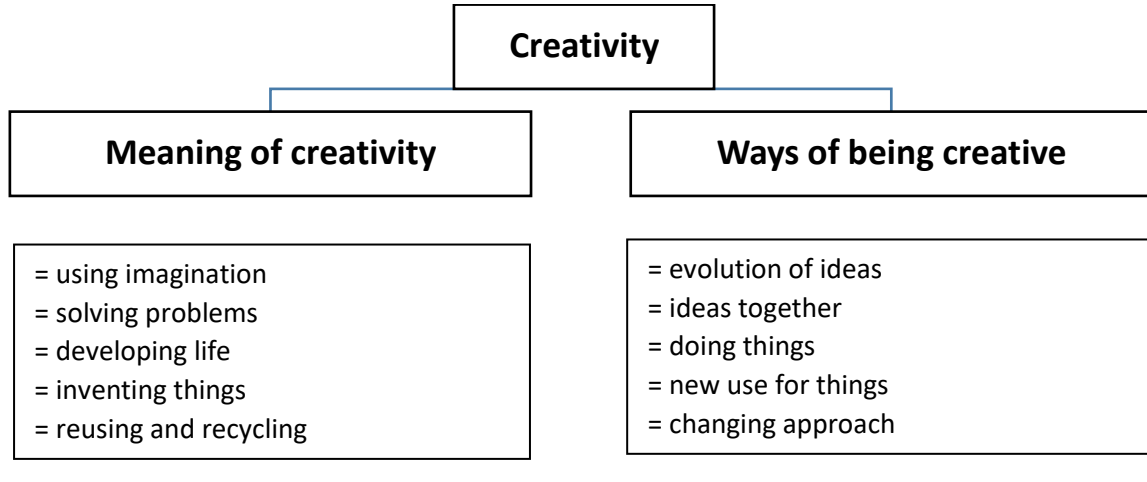
- 1- The more he eats, the (more fat) he gets . (Correct)  
.....
- 2- The sooner you submit your assignment, the (good). (Correct)  
.....
- 3- Huda is the most (beauty+full) girl I have ever seen. (Combine)  
.....
- 4- If I travel to many countries, ..... (Complete)  
.....

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## Writing

"Creativity is using your imagination to create something original" **Plan** and **write** a composition of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) about **Creativity** explaining **what creativity is** and **the ways of being creative**.

\*Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.



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## Reading Comprehension

### Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The dictionary is the most important tool for all language learners. It gives them the different meanings and spellings of words. Most dictionaries help to pronounce words correctly by providing pronunciation and phonetic symbols. Moreover, they show the learners how to use the words correctly by giving them examples in meaningful sentences.

When you find a new word in a comprehension passage, it is not a good way to think directly of using the dictionary all the time to know its meaning. It is better for you to try first to understand the main idea of the passage and guess its meaning. Second, don't forget to look at the opposite of the word and try to **remember** it. If these two ways are not helpful, get the dictionary then and look it up. You will find different meaning for one word. You infer the suitable meaning through the text.

Some books have a mini-dictionary at **their** backs. The electronic dictionaries are the **latest**. They have more advantages than the printed ones because they are easy to download and carry, you can take them with you everywhere and listen clearly to the correct way of pronouncing words. Fortunately, smart phones can be supplied with different dictionary applications.

### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- What is the best title for this passage?
  - a) Phonetic Symbols
  - b) Language Learners
  - c) The importance of dictionaries
  - d) New words
- 2- The underlined pronoun " **their** " in the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph refers to:
  - a) exams
  - b) books
  - c) symbols
  - d) meanings
- 3- What is the opposite of the underlined word "**remember**" in the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph?
  - a) find
  - b) guess
  - c) forget
  - d) try
- 4- What is the purpose of the writer in this passage?
  - a- to suggest ways to get dictionaries
  - b- to inform us that smart phones have dictionaries.
  - c- to tell us about the most important tool for language learners
  - d- to show how we guess the meaning of words
- 5- The electronic dictionaries:
  - a- used at home only
  - b- were very old
  - c- aren't better than the printed ones
  - d- have pronunciation
- 6- According to the passage, all the following statements are **NOT TRUE** except:
  - a- Most dictionaries don't have pronunciation or phonetic symbols.
  - b- You should directly use a dictionary when you don't know the meaning of a word.
  - c- It's impossible to download a dictionary on smart phones
  - d- Some dictionaries give examples and use the words in meaningful sentences

### B) Answer the following questions:

7- What are the advantages of the electronic dictionaries?  
.....

8- Why is using the dictionary all the time directly is not a correct way?  
.....