



## Unit 7 Journey to the past

### Vocabulary Corner:

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
trade	يتاجر	cultivation	زراعة او رعاية	rule	يحكم
trading	تجارة	restore	يستعيد	cultural	ثقافي
privileged	يتمتع بميزة او نعمة	ancient	قديم او عتيق	instrument	أداة او آلة
rather	بدلاً عن	gladiator	مصارع	include	يتضمن او يشمل
preserve	يحفظ	cheerfully	بمرح	calligraphy	فن زخرفة الخطوط
realise	يدرك	chariot	عربة	curiously	بفضول
endangered	مهدد بالخطر	Take place	يحدث او يقام		

### Main Topics:(Kuwait Before Oil, Ancient Jerash & Medieval Spain)

How was life in Kuwait before oil?



Homes

Homes were made of mud with no electricity and for cooling they slept on the roofs.

There were no schools, they went to Al-Katatib where they learnt reading, writing and math.

Schools



Jobs

In the past, Kuwaiti people worked in pearl diving, fishing and spice trading.

Food

They had no fridges, so they had fresh preserved food.



People in Ancient Jerash enjoyed watching the gladiators fighting and chariot racing

Boys studied astronomy, philosophy and geology. Girls learned reading, writing and how to look after a home.





students	Music	Arts	Astronomy	Math & Science
They came from all Europe to study.	They introduced the flute and the oud.	They introduced calligraphy and glassmaking.	Muslim Astronomers built observatories and studied the stars.	They introduced medicine and brought numbers from India.

## Grammar Review:

### 1. Past Simple Tense

We use this tense to talk about what happened in the past with certain keywords:

\* yesterday, \* last.... ( week, month..), \* ago ( 3 days ago.), \* in the past.



Eman **stayed** at home last weekend.

To change the sentence to the negative form, we put didn't and change the main verb to the infinitive form:

Abdullah **studied** Geography at the university last year.

Abdullah **didn't study** Geography at the university last year.



Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- Basil ( takes - **took** - taking ) some piano lessons last month.



Verbs can be regular ( surf-surfed, live-lived) OR irregular ( see-saw, buy-bought)



Do as shown in brackets:

1. Sami collected the math books yesterday. [Make **Negative**]  
Sami **didn't collect** the math books yesterday.

2. Dana ( buy ) a new blouse yesterday. [Correct the verb]  
Dana **bought** a new blouse yesterday.

### 2. Used to

Naser **used to ride** a bicycle.

Naser **didn't use to ride** a bicycle.



Choose the right alternative to complete the sentence:

- My friend used to ( watch - watching - watching ) cartoons on TV.

The verb always comes in the infinitive form after used to or didn't use to.



Do as shown in brackets:

\*Mona used to paint pictures.

Mona didn't use to paint pictures.

[ Make Negative ]

### 3. Past Continuous



It is used to express actions that were going on for a period of time when another event occurred.

While they were eating dinner, their aunt came home.

They were eating dinner when their aunt came home.



Choose the right alternative:

- While I ( runs - was running - run ) to school, I fell down.
- They were eating popcorn ( when - while - if ) the film started.

Do as shown in brackets:

1. While Fahed ( drive ) to work, a car hit him. [Correct th verb]

While Fahed was driving to work, a car hit him.

We use past continuous after **while** and past simple after **when**.

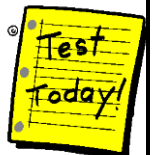
### 4. used for ..

A camera is used for taking photos.



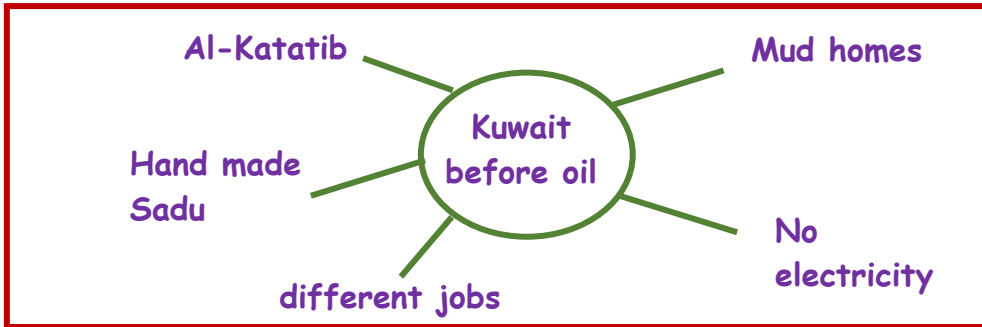
Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- The fridge is used for ( preserve - preserves - preserving ) food.
- This pen is ( used to - used for - used as ) writing on wood.



**Writing Practice:**

In 8 sentences, plan and write a short report about life in Kuwait before oil.



→ The Plan

Life in Kuwait before oil is a lot different from life nowadays. The houses then were made of mud. There was no electricity, so they used to sleep on the roofs for cooling. Kuwaiti people worked in pearl diving, fishing and spice trading. There weren't schools in Kuwait in the past. Young boys and girls went to Al-Katatib to learn reading, writing and simple math. People didn't have fridges so they rather had fresh preserved food and all hand made thing like Sadu. In the past life was simpler and easier. I think people were happier.

→ Topic sentence

→ The Body

→ conclusion



### Unit 8 The Work We Do

**Vocabulary Corner:**

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
hard-working	مجتهد	queue	طابور	Staff	طاقم عمل
rarely	نادراً	perform	يؤدي	Luggage	الامتعة
hidden	مخبأ	behaviour	سلوك	passport	جواز سفر
dig up	يحفر	public	عام	aisle	ممر او جناح
sow	يزرع او يبذر	Park ranger	حارس الحديقة	agent	موظف
value	قيمة	biologist	عالم بيئية	boarding pass	بطاقة صعود الطائرة
earn	يكسب	runway	مدرج الطائرة		

**Main Topic (Jobs & Working at the airport):**

Many people work hard all their lives. They work hard to earn money, to get an award and to have a better life.

Working with nature:



**Animal Trainer**

I'd like to be an animal trainer because I like working with animals, I don't have to work in an office.



**Marine Biologist**

I'd like to be a marine biologist because I like working in the sea and learn more about sea animals and plants.

**WORKING WITH NATURE**

**Zoo Keeper**



I'd like to be a zoo keeper because it's fun. I don't have to work with the public and I don't have to use the computer.



**Park Ranger**

I'd like to be a park ranger because I like the outdoors and I don't have to do the same thing everyday.

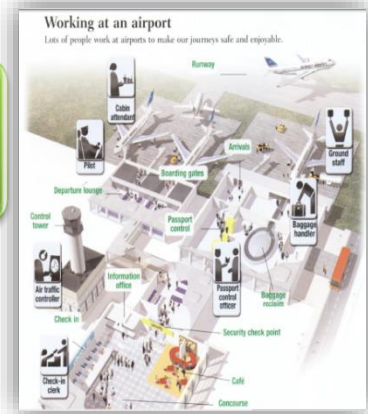
Working with nature:

**Why do people go to the airport?**

People go to the airport to travel by plane.

**If you worked at an airport, what would you like to do?**

I'd like to be a pilot because I love travelling a lot.



**What do you need to bring for travelling abroad?**

I need to bring my passport, a ticket and my luggage.

**Where can a plane land or take off?**

The plane lands and takes off at the runway.

**Mention some jobs in an airport.**

They are the air traffic controller, the pilot and the check in clerk.



Grammar Review:

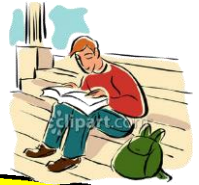
**Modals**

We always use (infinitive) forms after these words: ( must/ mustn't - should/ shouldn't - have to/ don't have to - has to/ doesn't have to - had to / didn't have to )



Fatma must **work** hard to win the prize.

He had to **leave** the class early.



Choose the right alternative:

- Naser must ( stop - stops - stopping ) smoking cigarettes.

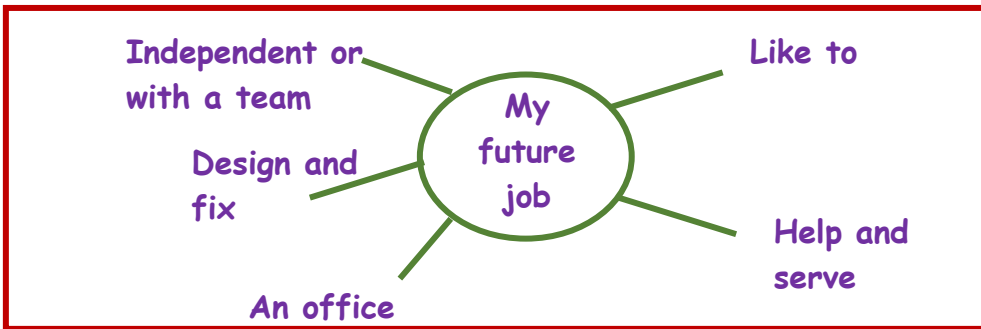


Do as shown in brackets:

1. The nurse has to use a computer. [Make negative]  
The nurse **doesn't have to** use a computer.
2. Majed had to sleep early last night. [Make negative]  
Majed **didn't have to** sleep early last night.

Writing Practice (a report on your favourite sporting activity):

In 8 sentences, plan and write a short report about your favourite sporting activity.



→ The Plan

I'd like to be a computer programmer in the future. I enjoy working with modern techs. I don't have to deal with the public. I can work alone or with a team. I have to work in an office. It's an interesting job because I like to know more about the modern technology and the daily changes in it. I'd like to design computer programmes and fix the problems in their updates.  
What a wonderful job! I will study and work hard to reach my dream.

→ Topic sentence

→ The Body

→ conclusion

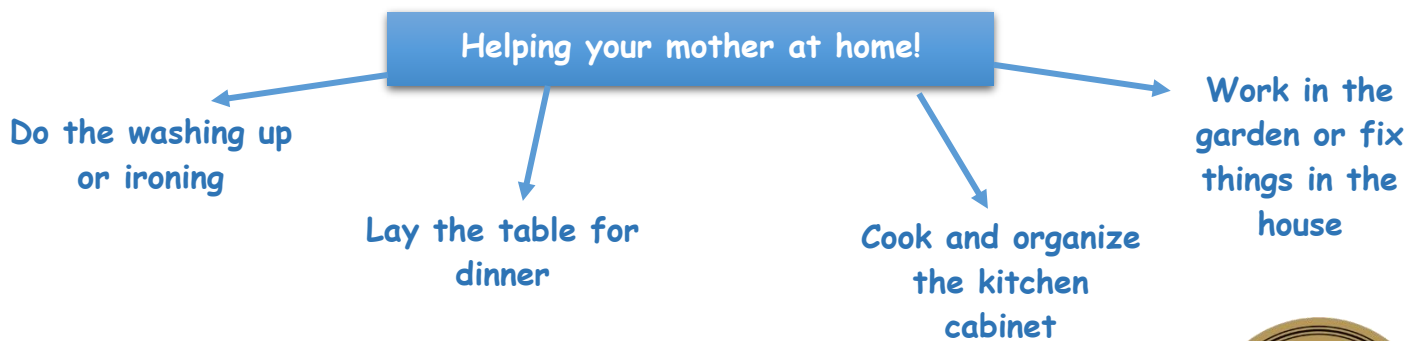
**Unit 9  
Jobs & Personality**

**Vocabulary Corner:**

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
profile	ملف شخصي	regularly	بانتظام	theory	نظرية
composer	مؤلف موسيقى	sweep	يمسح	citizen	مواطن
generous	كريم	laundry	ملابس الغسيل	admire	يعجب ب
imaginative	ذو خيال واسع	Nobel Prize	جائزة نوبل	achievement	انجاز
selfish	أناني	contribute	يساهم	quote	اقتباس
organise	ينظم	faculty	عضو في الكلية		
cabinet	خزانة	voyage	رحلة		

**Main Topic ( Helping at home, Nobel Prize Winners):**

If you want to show gratitude to your mother, you can help at home.



The Nobel Prize is an award and money for great people in different ways.

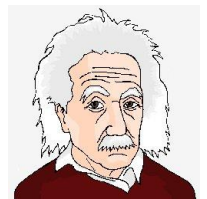


☺ What did they win the Nobel Prize for?



✓ Ahmed Zuwail won the Nobel Prize in Chemistry.

✓ Einstein won the Nobel Prize in Physics.



How do people win the Nobel Prize?

- They work hard and write books or invent things.

Writing Practice (a paragraph about Sara Akbar: An award winner):In 8 sentences, plan and write a short article about after school activities.

→ The Plan

Topic sentence

Sara Akbar is a famous great Kuwaiti woman. Sara Akbar is a Kuwaiti petroleum engineer. She worked in the Kuwait Oil Company. She is the most famous petroleum engineer in Kuwait because she worked with the Kuwaiti team who stopped the oil fires following the gulf war in 1991. She has a 30 years of experience in oil and gas. She became the middle east speaker all around the world. Sara Akbar received the "Global 500" award in USA.

I felt so proud when I read about Sara Akbar and I hope to be like her in the future.

→ The Body

→ conclusion

Vocabulary Corner:

### Unit 10 Travels & Exploration

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
silver	فضة	issue	اصدار	concert	حفلة موسيقية
ambitious	طموح	film	يصور	population	عدد السكان
repair	يصلح	neatly	بترتيب	impatiently	بفارغ الصبر
engine	محرك	create	يصنع	seagull	طائر النورس
submarine	غواصة	brilliant	ذكي او عبقرى	fascinated	مبهور
quality	جودة	mausoleum	ضريح		

Main Topic ( Great Inventors & Travelling on Holidays )

Al-Idrisi

An Arab geographer who drew a silver map of the world.

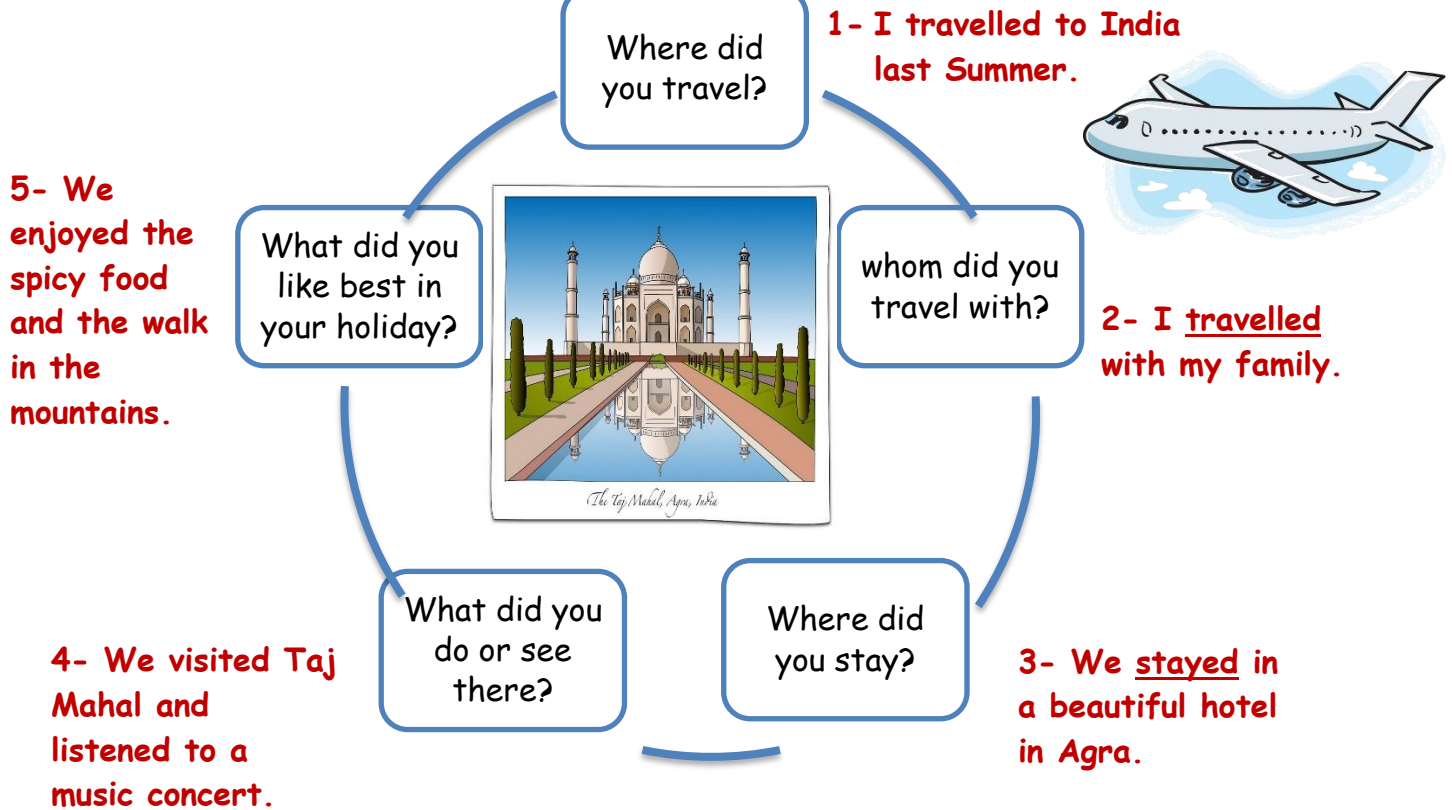
Leonardo Da Vinci

An Italian artist who painted the most famous painting ( the Mona Lisa. )

The Wright Brothers

They invented the first plane in the USA.



People like to travel on Holidays.Grammar Review:

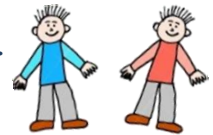
## Relative pronouns

We use them to join two sentences, **who** with humans- **that/which** with non-humans, **where** with places and **when** with time.

He took the box **which** was full of chocolates.



Saad went with Ali **who** lives nextdoor.



The school, **where** my mother works, is opposite the bank.

Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- They found the man ( where - **who** - which ) stole the bank.



Do as shown in brackets:

1. I sold my old car. **It** broke down last week. [ Join the sentences ]  
I sold my old car **which** broke down last week.
2. We helped Mona. **She** had a lot of work to do. [ Join ]  
We helped Mona **who** had a lot of work to do.

# Question Formation

Short answer questions: starts with a helping verb ( Did / Do / Will / Does / Can )  
 Examples: Did you enjoy the film?



Choose the right alternative:

- ( Do - Had - Did ) they return home yesterday? Yes, they did.

Do as shown in brackets:

2. Yes, she played the piano in a concert. [Ask]
- Did she play the piano in a concert?

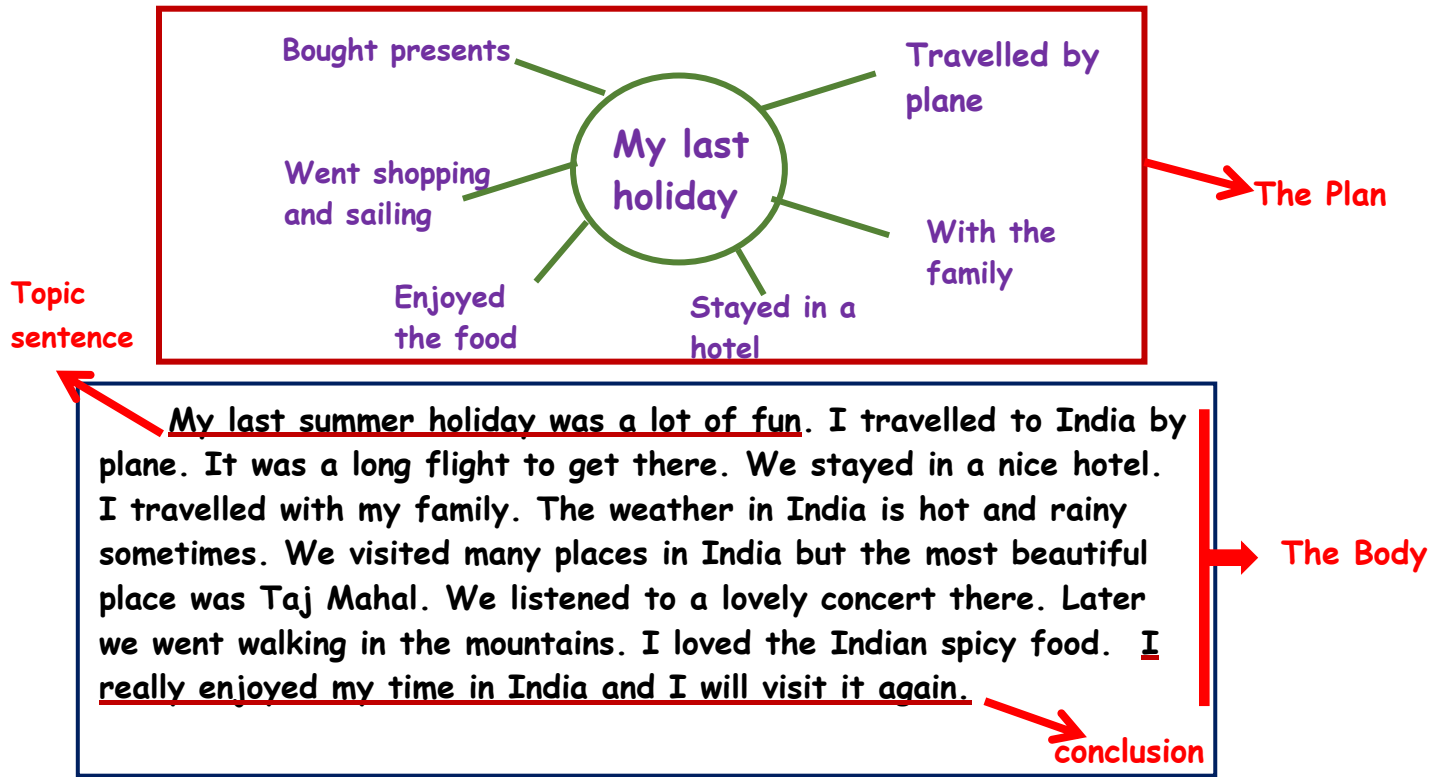


Note: For the short answer you can form only one question!



## Writing Practice (an e-card about your holiday):

In 8 sentences, plan and write an e-card about your last holiday.



## Unit 11 Energy & Recycling

### Vocabulary Corner:

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
valley	وادي	recycle	يعيد التدوير	coal	فحم
steep	شديد الانحدار	impact	أثر	tiny	صغير جداً
cautiously	بحذر	reduce	يقلل او يخفف	deposit	ترسب او رواسب
Mayor	عمدة البلدة	pollution	تلوث	solar	شمسي
pump	مضخة	gadget	جهاز او اداة	Powerfully	بقوة
operate	يشغل	container	حاوية	windmill	طاحونة هوائية
attach	يوصل او يربط	several	متعدد		
flow up	يفيض او ينساب	renewable	متجدد		

### Main Topic (Recycling, reusing and the sources of energy)

Why do people reuse and recycle things?

Because recycling helps reduce the pollution, reduce the need for raw materials so forests are preserved.



### Writing Practice (a short report about the sources of energy):

#### Sources of Energy

##### Renewable sources

- ☺ They are the energy that comes from the sun, the wind and the water.
- ☺ We can collect the solar energy using very big mirrors.
- ☺ The wind energy is free and doesn't damage the air.
- ☺ We get electricity from the renewable sources of energy.



##### Non-renewable sources

- ☺ They are coal, oil and natural gas.
- ☺ They can be found deep under the ground.
- ☺ Oil is made of very old animals and plants and ☺ Coal is made of very old trees.
- ☺ We can make petrol and diesel from oil.



Grammar Review:

## Future Simple:

We use the future simple { ( be) going to / will } with these keywords: [ **tomorrow, next..., this evening, this afternoon , at the weekend** ]



Khalid is going to buy a big boat in the future.

They are going to paint the fence this afternoon.



Choose the right alternative:

- I ( meet - meeting - am going to meet ) my friends at the theatre tonight.

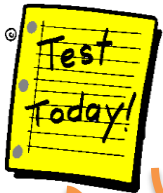


Do as shown in brackets:

- We ( watch ) the fireworks this evening. [Correct]  
We are going to watch the fireworks this evening.

## Question Tag

We use question tags at the end of sentences to check information. It can be positive or negative.



☺ Helping Verbs question tags

- You will help me, won't you?
- It wasn't raining, was it?
- Sara can't come, can she?



Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- She can solve math problems, ( can she - can't she - isn't she )?
- The boys will travel, ( were they, haven't they, won't they? )

Do as shown in brackets:

- We can't see in the dark, \_\_\_\_\_? [Add a question tag]  
We can't see in the dark, can we?

We use the Past Simple Passive to talk about past action not who did it.

He **washed** the **car** last night.

The **car** **was** **washed** last night.



To change a sentence to the past passive:

1- Start with the **OBJECT**.

2- Use ( was / were )

3- Change the verb to the past participle.



Ali **studied** many **subjects** in school.

Many **subjects** **were** **studied** in school.

Islamic Calligraphy



Choose the right alternative:

- Arabic numbers (**were introduced** , introduces, was introduced to Islamic Spain.

Do as shown in brackets:

1. Da Vinci painted the Mona Lisa in 1504

[Change into **Passive**]

- The Mona Lisa was painted in 1504.**



## Unit 12

### Predicting the Future

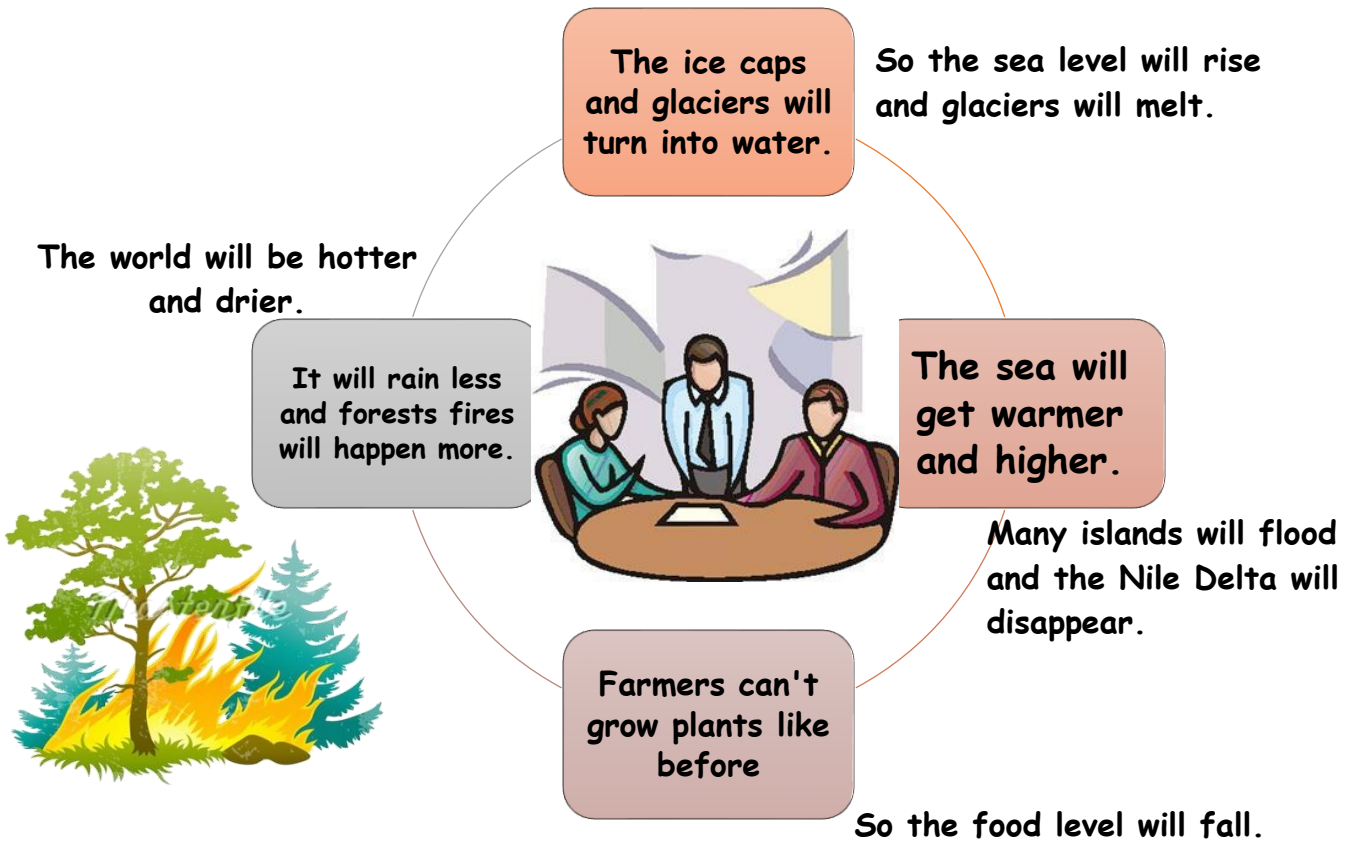
#### Vocabulary Corner:

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
prominent	بارز أو شهير	degree	درجة	enormous	ضخم
publication	اصدار	prediction	تنبؤ	rise	يرتفع أو يزيد
calendar	رئزنامه	forecast	توقعات	homeless	مشرّد
honour	يقدر أو يكرم	environmental	بيئي	download	يحمل
reward	مكافأة أو جائزة	polar	قطبي	recall	يسترجع
idiom	عبارة أو مصطلح	icecap	الغطاء الجليدي	disaster	كارثة
heavily	بشدة	coast	ساحل	hurricane	اعصار



Main Topic (Kuwaiti Astronomer, Climate Change, Future Predictions )

**Scientists predict many changes to happen in the future.**



Grammar Review:

We put the verb in the infinitive form after these words: ( **should, shouldn't, why don't you, will, won't, may, could** )

It will **be** sunny and windy next week.

They shouldn't **smoke** inside the mall.

Why don't you **learn** to cook?

Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- Why don't you \_\_\_\_\_ a haircut, Abdullah?  
a) **get**                      b) gets                      c) getting                      d) got
- Muslims should \_\_\_\_\_ five times a day!  
a) prayed                      b) praying                      c) prays                      d) **pray**

Writing Practice (a report about a famous Kuwaiti Astronomer):In 8 sentences, plan and write a short report about Saleh AL-Ojairi.

Topic sentence

Dr. Saleh Al-Ojairi is a prominent Kuwaiti astronomer. Dr. Saleh Al-Ojairi spent 70 years of his life in learning astronomy. He was the teacher of our Amir Sheikh Subah AL-AHmad. He has a famous bookshop in Hawally Area. Saleh Al-Ojairi had different publications like diaries and calendars. He received many medals and rewards. He is well-known in the Arab World. Al-Ojairi Museum was opened in 2013 in his honour. All Kuwaitis feel so proud of this great man.

conclusion

The Body

End of the Second TermStudy HardBest wishes for all,,Dalal Al-Mutairi