

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



ناشد الحاج

الملف مذكرة المراجعة النهائية

[موقع المناهج](#) ← [ملفات الكويت التعليمية](#) ← [الصف الثاني عشر العلمي](#) ← [لغة انجليزية](#) ← [الفصل الثاني](#)

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر العلمي



روابط مواد الصف الثاني عشر العلمي على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر العلمي والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

شرح فصل الحث الكهرومغناطيسي	1
أفكار وحمل مساعدة لكتابة التعبير	2
مواضيع تعبير مبسطة مع المخطط	3
مذكرة قواعد مع تمارين غير محلول	4
حلول مذكرة قواعد مع تمارين	5

الصف الثاني عشر

اللغة الإنجليزية

مذكرة المراجعة النهائية

موقع
المنهج الكويتية
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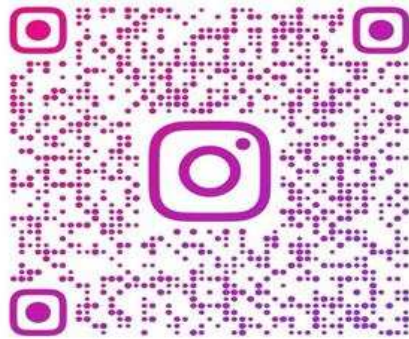
الفصل الدراسي الثاني

اسم الطالب:

ملاحظة: تم إعداد هذه المذكرة بالاستعانة بنماذج اختبارات سابقة من موقع توجيه اللغة الانجليزية وترتيبها بطريقة مفيدة للطلاب في التدريب على جميع أنماط الأسئلة. مع دعواتنا لجميع الطلاب بالتوفيق والنجاح.

المذكرة خدمة تطوعية لمن يحتاجها وليست للبيع

إعداد:
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جزئيات الاختبار

1-Vocabulary	كلمات (10 درجات)	
2-Grammar	قواعد (6 درجات)	
3-Language Functions	وظائف لغوية (مواقف) (4 درجات)	
4-Set-Book	أسئلة الكتاب (4 درجات)	
5-Writing	تعبير (12 درجات)	
6-Reading comprehension	استيعاب (11 درجات)	
7-Summary making	تلخيص (6 درجات)	
8-Translation	ترجمة (3 درجات)	
	درجة الاختبار 56	الدرجة الكلية 80
	درجة الأعمال 24	

المنهج الحديث
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مواضيع المنهج

Unit: 7	- Long Lives - Staying active and healthy -Sleep -Respecting the elderly -Geriatric homes	- الحياة الطويلة - المحافظة على الصحة والنشاط - النوم - احترام كبار السن - دور العجزة
Unit: 8	- Town and country (City and Village)	- المدينة والريف
Unit: 9	-New ways and old -Life in the past and nowadays -Free time (Leisure time-Pastime)	-طرق قديمة وحديثة -الحياة قديما وحديثا - وقت الفراغ
Focus On	-Games of the past	-الألعاب في الماضي
Unit: 10	-Pushing the limits -Extreme sports (activities)	- الحدود القصوى - الرياضة (الأنشطة الخطرة)
Unit: 11	- The final frontier -Space exploration	- الحد الأخير - استكشاف الفضاء
Unit: 12	-Geniuses -Child prodigy	-العبقرية - الطفل العبقري
Focus On	-Maha Al-Ghunaim	-مها الغنيم

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كلمات مهمة يجب حفظها

1-	-advantages-pros-merits- positive effects-good aspects	-إيجابيات- آثار إيجابية -جوانب جيدة
2-	benefits-importance-important	-فوائد- أهمية
3-	-disadvantages-cons-negative effects-bad aspects	-سلبيات- آثار سلبية-جوانب سيئة
4-	-reasons-causes-factors	-أسباب- عوامل
5-	-results-effects-consequences	-نتائج- آثار-تبعات
6-	-aims-goals-purposes-objectives	-أهداف
7-	-types-kinds	-أنواع
8-	ways-methods	-طرق
9-	-preparations-measures	-استعدادات -اجراءات
10-	-activities	-أنشطة
11-	-challenges-dangers-difficulties-problems	-تحديات-مخاطر-صعوبات-مشاكل
12-	suggestions-solutions	-اقتراحات -حلول
13-	-characteristics-features-qualities	-صفات-مميزات
14-	-comparison-compare	-مقارنة
15-	-similarities and differences	-أوجه التشابه والاختلافات

VOCABULARY

UNIT 7

Lesson:1-2

1-	cardiovascular	adj	قلبي- متعلق بالقلب والأوعية الدموية	7-	geriatric	adj	خاص بكبار السن
2-	centenarian	n	مُعَمَّر (شخص عمره 100 عام أو أكثر)	8-	honour	v	يحترم - يبجل
3-	commentary	n	تعليق	9-	integral	adj	أساسي
4-	cycle	v	يركب دراجة	10-	onerous	adj	شاق - مُجهَد
5-	elderly	adj	كبير بالسن	11-	supple	adj	مرن - لين
6-	expectation	n	توقع	12-	vigorous	adj	نشيط - قوي

Lesson:3

13-	chronic	adj	مزمن	16-	genetic make-up	n	تكوين وراثي
14-	deprived of	ph.v	محروم من	17-	restful	adj	مريح
15-	drowsy	adj	نعسان	18-	shallow	adj	سطحي - غير عميق

Lesson:4-5

19-	blizzard	n	عاصفة ثلجية	25-	excuse	n	عذر-مبرر
20-	conceal	v	يخفي-يحبب	26-	frequently	adv	بشكل متكرر
21-	dispute	n	جدال - نزاع	27-	in spite of	pre	على الرغم من
22-	do away with	ph.v	يتخلص من	28-	make up	ph.v	يلفق - يختلق
23-	do up	ph.v	يربط - يثبت	29-	make up for	ph.v	يعوض
24-	do without	ph.v	يستغني عن	30-	vicinity	n	جوار

Lesson:7-8

31-	admiration	n	اعجاب	36-	due	adj	مستحق - واجب الأداء
32-	affection	n	محبة - مودة-حنان	37-	fatal	adj	مميت - قاتل
33-	ailment	n	مرض خفيف	38-	life expectancy	n	العمر المتوقع - معدل الأعمار
34-	bestow	v	يمنح - يهب	39-	reverence	n	تبجيل - احترام
35-	deserve	v	يستحق				

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UNIT 8

Lesson:1-2

1-	almond	n	لوز	8-	public services	n	خدمات العامة
2-	depopulation	n	نقص في عدد السكان	9-	reverse	v	يعكس
3-	deserted	adj	مهجور	10-	rural	adj	ريفي-قروي
4-	export	n	تصدير	11-	socioeconomic	adj	اجتماعي اقتصادي
5-	graduated	adj	متدرج	12-	unemployment	n	بطالة
6-	infrastructure	n	البنية التحتية	13-	vacant	adj	شاغر - خالي
7-	overcrowding	n	ازدحام سكاني-كثافة سكانية	14-	vice versa	adv	والعكس بالعكس

Lesson:4-5

15-	astounded	adj	مندهبش	22-	hub	n	مركز النشاط - محور
16-	bump into	v	يقابل صدفة	23-	hustle and bustle	idiom	حيوية - نشاط زائد
17-	densely	adv	بشكل كثيف	24-	metropolis	n	عاصمة / مدينة كبرى
18-	disturbance	n	ازعاج	25-	narrate	v	يروى (قصة)
19-	embarrassed	adj	مخرج - مرتبك	26-	odds and ends	idiom	بقايا / نثریات
20-	far and wide	idiom	في كل مكان	27-	pluck up the courage	exp	يستجمع شجاعته
21-	glamour	n	جمال - روعة	28-	tranquil	adj	هادئ

Lesson:7-8

29-	advantageous	adj	مفيد - نافع	32-	palatial	adj	مثل القصر - واسع - فخم
30-	leafy	adj	كثيف الأوراق والأشجار	33-	picturesque	adj	رائع - جميل - فاتن
31-	make it your own	exp	يضع بصمته على الشيء	34-	residents' parking	n	مواقف سيارات للسكان

UNIT 9

Lesson:1-2

1-	competent	adj	كفو - مؤهل	6-	mass-produced	adj	منتج بكميات كبيرة
2-	cookery	n	فن الطبخ	7-	unique	adj	فريد من نوعه - لامثيل له
3-	custom-made	adj	مصنوع حسب الطلب	8-	unusual	adj	غير معتاد
4-	fix	v	يصلح	9-	workshop	n	ورشة عمل
5-	mail order	n	طالبة شراء بالبريد				

Lesson:4-5

10-	below par	exp	دون المستوى أو المعدل	15-	snooker	n	لعبة السنوكر
11-	call the shots	exp	يتخذ القرار النهائي	16-	substandard	adj	دون المستوى
12-	immobile	adj	غير متحرك - ثابت	17-	toe the line	exp	يمتثل للأوامر - يطيع الأوامر
13-	neck and neck	exp	متعادلان - متساويان	18-	ungentlemanly	adj	غير لائق - مخزي - مشين
14-	put to	Ph.v	يطرح سؤال - يثير موضوع				

Lesson:7-8

19-	appoint	v	يعين / يوظف	25-	master's degree	n	شهادة ماجستير
20-	bill	n	مشروع قانون - مسودة قانون	26-	minister	n	وزير
21-	biography	n	سيرة ذاتية	27-	parliament	n	برلمان
22-	customarily	adv	بشكل معتاد	28-	portfolio	n	حقيبة وزارية - منصب وزاري
23-	degree	n	شهادة علمية	29-	resign	v	يستقيل
24-	doctorate	n	دكتوراة	30-	whereas	con	بينما

UNIT 10

Lesson:1-2

1-	ascend	v	يتسلق- يصعد	7-	frost-bite	n	لسعة برد
2-	attempt	n	محاولة	8-	highlight	v	يسلط الضوء على
3-	dizzying	adj	مسبب للدوخة	9-	perilous	adj	محفوف بالمخاطر
4-	elite	n	النخبة – الصفوة	10-	reconstruction	n	إعادة الإعمار
5-	exhaustion	n	تعب شديد – إرهاق	11-	scale	v	يتسلق
6-	extreme	adj	شديد إلى أقصى حد	12-	summit	n	قمة الجبل

Lesson:4-5

13-	afflicted	adj	مصاب – متأثر	21-	come around	phv	يستعيد وعيه
14-	alight	adj	ملتهب-مشتعل	22-	come up	phv	- يأتي ذكره- يظهر
15-	arson	n	الحرق العمد	23-	exhilarated	adj	مبتهج-مسرور
16-	austere	adj	قاس - صارم	24-	fatigued	adj	منهك القوى- مرهق
17-	come across	phv	يصادف -يلتقي صدفة	25-	traverse	v	يجتاز -يعبر
18-	come away with	phv	يخرج بنتيجة أو انطباع ما	26-	unconscious	adj	فاقد الوعي
19-	come down	phv	ينزل-ينخفض (السعر)	27-	visible	adj	مرئي - واضح
20-	come over	phv	يزور				

Lesson:7-8

28-	assist	v	يساعد – يعين	33-	entail	v	يستلزم - يتطلب
29-	binoculars	n	منظار ثنائي	34-	feat	n	عمل بطولي-انجاز
30-	cope with	v	يواكب-يتماشى مع	35-	gruelling	adj	متعب – مرهق
31-	crave	v	يرغب ب	36-	mountaineer	n	متسلق الجبال
32-	engulf	v	يغمر	37-	strong-willed	adj	قوي الإرادة

UNIT 11

Lesson:1-2

1-	abhorrent	adj	بغيض - كرهه	8-	mission	n	بعثة- مهمة
2-	awe-inspiring	adj	ملهـم - رائع	9-	orbit	v	يدور
3-	concept	n	مفهوم - فكرة	10-	revere	v	يوقر - يحترم
4-	detriment	n	ضرر-أذى	11-	revolve around	ph.v	يدور حول
5-	execute	v	ينفذ- ينجز	12-	sentient	adj	مدرك-واعي
6-	frontier	n	الحد الأخير (أحدث ما وصل إليه العلم)	13-	universe	n	الكون
7-	intrepid	adj	مقدام -جريء				

Lesson:4-5

14-	astronomical	adj	فلكي	20-	opportunity	n	فرصة
15-	conducive	adj	مساعد على - مؤدي إلى	21-	roughly	adv	بخشونة / تقريبا
16-	exceptionally	adv	بشكل استثنائي	22-	solar system	n	النظام الشمسي
17-	habitation	n	موطن - مكان العيش	23-	superb	adj	بديع - ممتاز - فائق
18-	natural satellite	n	قمر طبيعي	24-	wane	v	يتضاءل- يقل -ينقص
19-	on board	adj	على متن				

Lesson:7-8

25-	abnormal	adj	شاذ - غير عادي	32-	GPS	abbr	نظام الملاحة العالمي
26-	alert	v	ينبه - يحذر	33-	monitor	v	يراقب - يرصد
27-	data	n	معلومات - بيانات	34-	revolutionise	v	يغير جذريا
28-	dual	adj	ثنائي	35-	specifically	adv	خصيصا- تحديدا
29-	durable	adj	قوي التحمل - متين	36-	spin-off	n	معدات الفضاء
30-	economical	adj	اقتصادي	37-	take for granted	exp	يسلم ب/ يعتبره بديهيا
31-	emission	n	انبعاث (غازات- دخان)	38-	trainers	n	حذاء رياضي

UNIT 12

Lesson:1-2

1-	abstract	adj	مجرد- غير حسي	9-	PhD	abb	دكتوراه في الفلسفة
2-	arbitrarily	adv	بشكل عشوائي	10-	precocious	adj	مبكر النضوج
3-	audience	n	جمهور- حضور	11-	prodigy	n	معجزة - عبقرى
4-	BSc	abb	بكالوريوس علوم	12-	randomly	adv	بشكل عشوائي
5-	digit	n	رقم	13-	talent	n	موهبة
6-	genius	n	عبقرى - نابغة	14-	tour	v	
7-	MSc	abb	ماجستير في العلوم	15-	virtuoso	n	
8-	outstanding	adj	- بارز-رائع متميز				



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Lesson:4-5

16-	accusation	n	تهمة	20-	jockey	n	خيال-فارس
17-	agonize	v	يعاني - يتألم	21-	repudiate	v	ينكر-يتبرأ من
18-	extravagantly	adv	بشكل مسرف -بشكل مبالغ فيه	22-	season	n	موسم-فصل
19-	high-living	n	حياة الترف- رفاهية				

Lesson:7-8

23-	accolade	n	وسام - ميدالية	29-	molecular	adj	جزيئي
24-	aligned	adj	منسق - متناسق	30-	nomination	n	تسمية - ترشيح
25-	bladder	n	مثانة	31-	non-invasive	adj	لا يتطلب عمل جراحي
26-	eternity	n	خلود - أبدية	32-	recipient	n	متلقي - متسلم
27-	genetics	n	علم الوراثة	33-	researcher	n	باحث
28-	gifted	adj	موهوب - ذو موهبة				

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SET - BOOK

أسئلة الكتاب

1-	How can we stay physically and mentally active? -Doing exercise -Reading books.	1- كيف نحافظ على نشاطنا الجسدي والذهني؟ القيام بتمارين- - قراءة الكتب
2-	Why is it rare to find geriatric homes in Kuwait and Arab countries? -Old people live with their families -Islam teaches us to respect the elderly	2- لماذا من النادر أن تجد دور للعجزة في الكويت والدول العربية؟ - كبار السن يعيشون مع عائلاتهم - الإسلام يعلمنا احترام كبار السن
3-	What is the importance of having enough sleep? -To be healthy -To perform well	3- ما أهمية النوم جيدا؟ -البقاء بصحة جيدة - الأداء بشكل جيد
4-	Why has life expectancy increased in Kuwait recently? - Better health care - Better food	4- لماذا ازداد معدل الأعمار في الكويت مؤخرا؟ -رعاية صحية أفضل - غذاء أفضل
5-	How can we show respect and gratitude to the elderly? -Opening doors for them -Listening to them	5- كيف يمكن أن نظهر الاحترام والتقدير لكبار السن؟ - نفتح لهم الأبواب - نستمع لهم
6-	What are the advantages of living in the city? (Why do some people prefer to live in big cities?) -Public services -More jobs	6- ما هي ايجابيات الحياة في المدينة؟ - خدمات عامة -وظائف أكثر
7-	What are the disadvantages of living in the city? -Overcrowding -Noise	7- ما هي سلبيات الحياة في المدينة؟ -الكثافة السكانية -الازعاج

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8-	<p>What are the advantages of living in the village (countryside)? (Why do some people prefer to live in the village (countryside)?</p> <p>8- ما هي ايجابيات الحياة في القرية؟ -هواء نقي - هادئة</p> <p>-Fresh air - Quiet</p>
9-	<p>What are the disadvantages of living in the village (countryside)?</p> <p>9- ما هي سلبيات الحياة في القرية؟ - قلة الوظائف - قلة الخدمات</p> <p>- Lack of jobs -Lack of services</p>
10-	<p>How did people use to spend their leisure (free) time in the past?</p> <p>10- كيف كان الناس يقضون وقت فراغهم في الماضي؟ - رواية القصص - زيارة بعضهم البعض</p> <p>-Telling stories -Visiting each other</p>
11-	<p>How do people spend their leisure (free) time nowadays?</p> <p>11- كيف يقضي الناس وقت فراغهم هذه الأيام؟ - المحادثة على الانترنت - ألعاب كمبيوتر</p> <p>- Chatting on the net - Playing computer games</p>
12-	<p>Why do some people push themselves to extreme limits?</p> <p>12- لماذا يدفع بعض الناس بأنفسهم الى الحدود القصوى؟ - من أجل الشهرة - من أجل المال</p> <p>- To be famous - To get money</p>
13-	<p>What safety measures should an extreme-sport enthusiast usually take?</p> <p>13- ماهي اجراءات السلامة التي يجب أن يتخذها المشاركون في الرياضات الخطرة؟ - التجهيز الجيد - حقيبة اسعافات أولية</p> <p>-Good equipment - A medical kit</p>
14-	<p>What preparations should mountaineers do before climbing a mountain?</p> <p>14- ما الاستعدادات التي يجب أن يقوم بها متسلق الجبال قبل تسلق جبل؟ - أخذ الماء - أخذ تلفون نقال</p> <p>- Taking water - Taking a mobile phone</p>
15-	<p>The risks (difficulties / problems / challenges) that climbers might face:</p> <p>15- ماهي الصعوبات-التحديات—المشاكل والتحديات التي يواجهها متسلق الجبال؟ - البرد الشديد - الإصابات - مشاكل صحية</p> <p>- Extreme cold - Injury - Health problems</p>

16-	The qualities (characteristics) that mountaineers need to survive: - Determination - Patience	16- ماهي صفات متسلقي الجبال؟ -العزيمة - الصبر
17-	What is the importance (benefits -advantages) of space technology? -It improves aviation - It improves communication	17- ماهي ايجابيات-أهمية أو فوائد تكنولوجيا الفضاء؟ -تطوير الملاحة الجوية -تطوير الاتصال
18-	What are the disadvantages of space travel? - It is too costly - It is dangerous	18- ماهي سلبيات السفر للفضاء؟ -مكلف جدا -خطر جدا
19-	What are the advantages of being a child prodigy? - Gaining respect and fame - Getting money and prizes	19- ماهي ايجابيات الطفل المعجزة؟ -الاحترام والشهرة -الحصول على المال والجوائز
20-	What are the disadvantages of being a child prodigy? - Having few friends - They don't live like normal children	20- ماهي سلبيات الطفل المعجزة؟ -قلة الأصدقاء -لا يعيشون كالأطفال العاديين
21-	What are the characteristics (qualities) of a child prodigy? - Hard work - Problem solving	21- ماهي صفات الطفل العبقري؟ -العمل بجد -القدرة على حل المشاكل
22-	How should parents and teachers treat the talented children? -They should develop their talents and skills -They should encourage them	22- كيف يجب أن يعامل الوالدين والمعلمون الأطفال الموهوبين؟ - يجب ان يطوروا مواهبهم ومهاراتهم - يجب أن يشجعونهم
23-	How can we encourage and appreciate young talents? - Giving them prizes and awards -Supporting them	23- كيف يمكننا تشجيع المواهب الشابة؟ -اعطائهم مكافآت - دعمهم

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Expository)

Being grateful to the elderly is among the most common characteristics of humanity all over the world.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), about the ways and reasons of showing gratitude and respect to the elderly.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about respecting the elderly? It is very important to respect the elderly. In this essay, I will write about respecting the elderly.

Body:

Paragraph 1:

The ways of showing respect to the elderly:

- We should listen to their advice
- We can spend time with them

Paragraph 2:

The reasons of showing respect to the elderly:

- They have learned many things in their life.
- They worked hard to help their families and others.

Conclusion:

Finally, we can say that respecting the elderly can be in simple ways. We should care of them.

Respecting the elderly

احترام كبار السن

What is your idea about respecting the elderly? It is very important to respect the elderly. In this essay, I will write about respecting the elderly.

There are many ways of showing respect to the elderly. First, we should listen to their advice. Second, we can spend time with them. Third, we should talk to them. In addition, we should open doors for them. Moreover, we must care of them. We can also help them with daily tasks like shopping. Showing patience and understanding is another important way to respect them.

There are many reasons of showing respect to the elderly. They have learned many things in their life. They worked hard to help their families. Respect makes them feel. Saying thank you shows we care about them. Treating them kindly sets a good example for younger people. In addition, respecting them strengthens family bonds. It also teaches us important values.

Finally, we can say that respecting the elderly can be in simple ways. We should care of them.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Expository)

“Having enough sleep is the best cure in the doctor’s book.”

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) showing the importance of having enough sleep and the effects of the lack of sleep.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about sleep? Sleep is very important for us. In this essay, I will write about sleep.



Body:

Paragraph 1:

The importance of sleep:

- Sleep is good for our health
- It helps us retain information in our memory

Paragraph 2:

The signs of the lack of sleep:

If we don't sleep well, we feel drowsy

We feel moody and irritated

Conclusion:

Finally, we can say that it is very important to have enough sleep. I advise you to sleep well.

Sleep

النوم

What is your idea about sleep? Sleep is very important for us. In this essay, I will write about sleep.

Sleep is very important for many reasons. First, sleep is good for our health. Second, it helps us retain information in our memory. Third, it makes us concentrate while driving. In addition, it helps us do better in tests. Moreover, when we sleep well, we feel better. It also helps our body stay strong. Getting enough sleep can improve our mood. It also helps us stay focused during the day.

There are many signs of the lack of sleep. If we don't sleep well, we feel drowsy. We may feel moody and irritated. We feel tired throughout the day. We can't concentrate properly. We can't perform well in our daily tasks. In addition, we may get sick more easily. We may also have headaches.

Finally, we can say that it is very important to have enough sleep. I advise you to sleep well.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Expository)

“Staying active and healthy should be one of our priorities.”

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) showing the importance of staying active and healthy and how we can have a healthy lifestyle.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about staying active and healthy? It is very important to stay active and healthy. In this essay, I will write about staying active and healthy.

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

The importance of staying active and healthy:

- When we stay active and healthy, we feel well
- We enjoy life

Paragraph 2:

how we can have a healthy lifestyle:

- We can do exercise
- We should eat healthy food

Conclusion:

Finally, we can say that staying active is very important for us. I advise you to have a healthy lifestyle.

Staying active and healthy

المحافظة على الصحة

What is your idea about staying active and healthy? It is very important to stay active and healthy. In this essay, I will write about staying active and healthy.

It is very important to stay active and healthy for many reasons. First, when we are active and healthy, we feel good. Second, we enjoy life more. Third, staying active makes us happy. In addition, it helps us work better. Moreover, it helps us avoid diseases. It also gives us more energy to do our daily activities.

There are many ways to have a healthy lifestyle. We can exercise regularly and eat healthy food. We should sleep early and wake up early. We should also avoid bad habits such as smoking. In addition, reading books and stories is good for our minds. Drinking enough water is also very important for our health.

Finally, we can say that staying active is very important for us. I advise you to have a healthy lifestyle.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think that living in the city has many advantages, whereas others see that the city is a bad place for living.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) discussing both views and show your own opinion.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about living in the city? Some people are for living in the city, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** living in the city:

- There are more public services
- People can get more jobs

Paragraph 2:

People who are **Against** living in the city:

- Cities are overcrowded
- There is traffic jam

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for living in the city because of its good sides.

Living in the city

الحياة في المدينة

What is your idea about living in the city? Some people are for living in the city, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people are for living in the city. First, they say that there are more public services. Second, they think that people can get more jobs. Third, they believe that we can go to better schools. In addition, they claim that there are modern hospitals. Moreover, they argue that there are more entertainment places.

On the other hand, others are against living in the city. They say that cities are overcrowded. They think that there is traffic jam. They believe that cities are polluted. They claim that life in the city is noisy. They argue that life in the city is costly.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for living in the city because of its good sides.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people believe that living in the city is a great idea whereas others see that the village is a perfect place for living.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) discussing both views and show your own opinion.

Outline

Introduction:

Do you prefer living in the city or living in the village? Some people are for living in the city, whereas others are for living in the village. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** living in the city:

- There are more public services
- People can get more jobs

Paragraph 2:

People who are **For** living in the village:

- The cost of living in the village is low
- People can breathe fresh air

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for living in the city because of its good sides.

Life in the City and Life in the Village

الحياة في المدينة والحياة في الريف

Do you prefer living in the city or living in the village? Some people are for living in the city, whereas others are for living in the village. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people are for living in the city. First, they say that there are more public services. Second, they think that people can get more jobs. Third, they believe that we can go to better schools. In addition, they claim that there are modern hospitals. Moreover, they argue that there are more entertainment places.

On the other hand, others are for living in the village. They say that the cost of living in the village is low. They think that people can breathe fresh air. They believe that people can grow and eat their fresh food. They claim that villages have a simple and easy life. They argue that people feel quiet.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for living in the city because of its good sides.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Expository)

Leisure time activities have changed throughout time.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) showing how people used to spend their free time in the past and what activities people can enjoy nowadays.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about leisure time activities? Leisure time activities in the past were different from those nowadays. In this essay, I will write about leisure time activities now and before.

Body:

Paragraph 1:

Leisure time activities in the past:

- People used to visit each other
- People used to play simple games

Paragraph 2:

Leisure time activities nowadays:

- They chat on the net and mobile phones
- They play sports and go to the gym

Conclusion:

To sum up, we can say that leisure time activities have changed a lot. We should spend our leisure time in a good way.

Leisure Time Activities Now and Before

أنشطة وقت الفراغ قديما وحديثا

What is your idea about leisure time activities? Leisure time activities in the past were different from those nowadays. In this essay, I will write about leisure time activities now and before.

In the past, people used to spend their leisure time doing many activities. People used to visit each other. People used to play simple games. They used to tell and listen to stories. People enjoyed fixing their home appliances. They used to play sports like horse racing. They also spent more time with their families. They also enjoyed outdoor activities in nature.

Nowadays, people spend their leisure time doing many activities. They chat on the net and mobile phones. They play sports and go to the gym. They go to the cinema and watch movies. They can go fishing and swimming. They can go camping. Some people also spend time on social media. Modern technology has changed the way people relax.

To sum up, we can say that leisure time activities have changed a lot. We should spend our leisure time in a good way.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people advocate the idea of taking part in extreme sports and activities whereas others see that taking part in such sports is a serious adventure.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) showing both points of view and express your own opinion.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about extreme sports? Some people are for extreme sport, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** extreme sport:

- It is a chance to get money and prizes
- It makes us famous

Paragraph 2:

People who are **Against** extreme sport:

- It is too risky and dangerous
- It may lead to death

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for extreme sport because of its good sides.

Extreme Sports and Activities

الرياضة والأنشطة الخطرة

What is your idea about extreme sports? Some people are for extreme sport, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people are for extreme sport. First, they say that it is a chance to get money and prizes. Second, they think that it makes us famous. Third, they believe that it is a kind of fun and adventure. In addition, they claim that it makes us more confident. Moreover, they argue that it makes us fit and strong.

On the other hand, others are against extreme sport. They say that it is too risky and dangerous. They think that it may lead to death. They believe that it causes serious injuries. They claim that it may be too costly. They argue that it can cause stress and anxiety.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for extreme sport because of its good sides.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people believe that exploring space has many advantages, whereas others see that it has many negative sides.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) showing both points of view and express your own opinion.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about space exploration? Some people are for space exploration, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** space exploration:

- It makes progress on Earth
- It helps us to make scientific discoveries

Paragraph 2:

People who are **Against** space exploration:

- It is too risky and dangerous
- Exploring space may pollute it

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for space exploration because of its good sides.

Space Exploration

استكشاف الفضاء

What is your idea about space exploration? Some people are for space exploration, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people are for space exploration. First, they say that it makes progress on Earth. Second, they think that it helps us to make scientific discoveries. Third, they believe that it helps us to improve health care. In addition, they claim that it is a way to protect our environment. Moreover, they argue that it creates more technical jobs.

On the other hand, others are against space exploration. They say that it is too risky and dangerous. They think that exploring space may pollute it. They believe that it may cause problems between countries. They claim that it may be too costly. They argue that it doesn't solve the problems on Earth.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for space exploration because of its good sides.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think that being a child prodigy is a blessing and has many advantages. Others believe that, without proper nurture and support, growing up as a child prodigy can be stressful and frustrating.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) presenting both views and stating your own position on the issue.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about a child prodigy? Some people are for a child prodigy, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** a child prodigy:

- They can get fame
- They get money and prizes

Paragraph 2:

People who are **Against** a child prodigy:

- They don't live like normal children
- They don't have friends and socially isolated

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for a child prodigy because of its good sides.

A Child Prodigy

الطفل المعجزة

What is your idea about a child prodigy? Some people are for a child prodigy, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people are for a child prodigy. First, they say that child prodigies can get fame. Second, they think that they get money and prizes. Third, they believe that they have positive feelings about themselves. In addition, they claim that they are unique and distinctive. Moreover, they argue that they are respected and appreciated.

On the other hand, others are against a child prodigy. They say that child prodigies don't live like normal children. They think that they don't have friends and socially isolated. They believe that they feel bored at schools. They claim that they are always required to be perfect. They argue that they may be under constant stress and pressure.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for a child prodigy because of its good sides.

REMEDIAL EXERCISES

VOCABULARY

A-From a, b, c and d choose the most correct answer:

- 1- Fire alarms are designed to alert everyone in case of emergency.
a- arbitrarily b- randomly c- specifically d- extravagantly
- 2- A /An walk every morning is an excellent way to start your day.
a- palatial b- afflicted c- embarrassed d- vigorous
- 3- Many ambitious plans are made to turn Kuwait into a commercial
a- bub almanahj.com/kw b- cookery c- arson d- ailment
- 4- The nursery will more staff to look after the children during breaks.
a- narrate b- orbit c- conceal d- appoint
- 5- Even as a child, my brother's personality was noticed by all around him.
a- strong-willed b- custom-made c- non-invasive d- mass-produced
- 6- My eldest daughter has an amazing in drawing fantastic pictures.
a- ailment b- almond c- talent d- cookery
- 7- After running a marathon, the runner was completely, and could hardly walk.
a- rural b- leafy c- palatial d- fatigued
- 8- For more information about Ibn Khaldoun, I recommend you read his
a- export b- biography c- arson d- attempt
- 9- My grandfather has just bought a wonderful villa in a /an area by the sea.
a- tranquil b- embarrassed c- unconscious d- competent

10- I wish I could Europe and buy a lot of presents for my friends at home.

- a- conceal b- tour c- engulf d- resign

11- There is a popular gym in the of my house where I work out regularly.

- a- talent b- vicinity c- almond d- degree

12- The explorers discovered several islands on their long sailing trip.

- a- deserted b- fatal c- cardiovascular d- astronomical

13- My uncle was as a manager due to his outstanding skills and experience.

- a- waned b- agonised c- appointed d- engulfed

14- The price of the iPhone 14 sharply after the introduction of iPhone 15.

- a- put to b- came down c- made up d- coped with

15- The high-tech suit is designed for astronauts to wear during spacewalks.

- a- randomly b- vice versa c- specifically d- arbitrarily

16- The greeted the famous writer warmly once he appeared on the stage.

- a- blizzard b- reverence c- audience d- almond

17- Men came from to the biggest mosque in the town for the Friday prayer.

- a- hustle and bustle b- neck and neck c- odds and ends d- far and wide

18- The village was left after the nearby volcano forced everybody to leave.

- a- vacant b- supple c- abstract d- gifted

19- All family members decided to the mother to prepare for tomorrow's party.

- a- narrate b- assist c- reverse d- repudiate

20- Our prophet (PBUH) advised us to show and express..... for our brothers in Islam.

a-bladder b- dispute c-affection d- arson

21-The suspect provided false information tothe truth about the crime.

a-conceal b- resign c- appoint d-deserve

22-Before the end of the match, all players were in a state of extreme.....

a-cookery b- biography c- exhaustion d- arson

23-There aren't many customers in this restaurant because the service is

a- embarrassed b- vacant c- vigorous d- substandard

24-The winners will beselected by computer. The choice is a matter of luck!

a-extravagantly b- randomly c- vice versa d- roughly

25-The actors amazed their with their outstanding performance on the stage.

a-audience b-workshop c- infrastructure d- mission

26-Young people should have an attitude of..... towards the elderly

a-disturbance b- portfolio c- reverence d-season

27-Fahd Al Dihani felt because he won the gold medal in the Olympic Games.

a-graduated b- exhilarated c- austere d- substandard

28-My grandmother used to..... splendid stories to me before going to bed.

a-narrate b- appoint c- reverse d- orbit

29-The conference gave the world leaders a/an..... to discuss some serious issues.

a-emission b- biography c- almond d- opportunity

30-The students got..... results because they studied well for the exam.

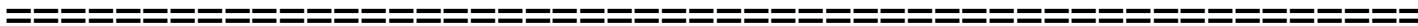
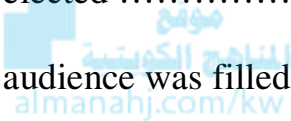
a-outstanding b-palatial c- dual d- supple

أ. ناشد الحاج

B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(gifted /minister/vice versa / admiration /customarily/ immobile)

- 1-The toy robot suddenly became quiet and when its battery ran out.
- 2-It is common in our culture to greet visitors at the door with a smile.
- 3-This new mobile application changes PDFs and text files into images and
- 4-Our electedgave a powerful speech about helping others in the community.
- 5-The audience was filled withfor the young actor's performance on stage.



B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(perilous / densely / assist / extravagantly / narrate / supple)

- 1- My neighbour asked me to him carry his heavy suitcase.
- 2- Cairo is one of the most populated cities in the Arab world.
- 3- The witness could what really happened between the two drivers.
- 4- Gloves are usually made of fabric so that fingers may move easily.
- 5- The jungle is a /an place to move in because it is full of wild animals.

B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(frequently / extravagantly/ fatigued / accolade / universe /integral)

- 1-Effective time management is a /anpart of achieving goals and success.
- 2-Messi won "The Best FIFA Men's Player" in 2019,2022 and in 2023.
- 3-Many scientists strongly believe that there must be life somewhere in the
- 4-The construction workers were after working in the hot sun all day long.
- 5-Some people live spending millions on luxury cars and palatial villas.



B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

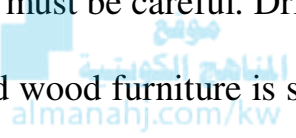
(deserve / perilous / season / astounded / cookery / fix)

- 1-In his first with the team, the player scored sixteen wonderful goals.
- 2-My sister makes delicious meals; she watches lots of TV programmes.
- 3-Luckily, my father couldthe car when it broke down on our way to Al-Wafra
- 4-Not long ago, the Hajj used to be a long andjourney for many Muslims.
- 5-When we first arrived at the resort, we wereby its beauty and cleanliness.

B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(durable/ densely/ narrate / perilous / frequently / honour)

- 1-We need an eyewitness to exactly how the fight started.
- 2-It is part of our culture to the elderly and treat them with respect.
- 3- London's main airport is surrounded by populated residential areas.
- 4-You **must** be careful. Driving in such a foggy weather could be really
- 5-Solid wood furniture is stronger and morethan fiberglass household items.



B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(reconstruction / alert / frequently / tour / vice versa / workshop)

- 1-The of the destroyed houses will start next month.
- 2-The Prophet Mohammed (PBUH) advised us to visit the sick.
- 3-The shop assistant told me to take my laptop to the to get it fixed.
- 4-We intend tothe southern part of Europe during our next summer holiday.
- 5-My brother put a car sensor tohim of any possible danger while driving.

GRAMMAR EXERCISES

1- Reported Speech (Indirect Speech)

الكلام المنقول (الكلام غير المباشر)

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- “Where **will you** spend **your** summer vacation?” (Reported Speech)

- a- He wanted to know where I will spend my summer vacation.
- b- He wanted to know where I would spend my summer vacation.
- c- He wanted to know where I would spend your summer vacation.

2- “What **have you** eaten for lunch?” (Reported Speech)

- a- He wanted to know what I have eaten for lunch.
- b- He wanted to know what I ate for lunch.
- c- He wanted to know what I had eaten for lunch.

3 – “How many languages **can you** speak?” (Reported Speech)

- a- She wanted to know how many languages I spoke.
- b- She wanted to know how many languages I can speak.
- c- She wanted to know how many languages I could speak.

4 – “When **are you** leaving?” (Reported Speech)

- a- He wanted to know when I am leaving.
- b- He wanted to know when I was leaving.
- c- He wanted to know when I will leave.

5 – “Where **do you spend** the weekend?” (Reported Speech)

- a- She wanted to know where I spent the weekend.
- b- She wanted to know where I spend the weekend.
- c- She wanted to know where I had spent the weekend.

6- “When **does** Khalid **go** shopping?” (Reported Speech)

- a-He wondered when Khalid had gone shopping.
- b- He wondered when Khalid goes shopping.
- c- He wondered when Khalid went shopping.

- 7 – “Where **did you meet** Ali?” (Reported Speech)
a- He asked me where I have met Ali.
b- He asked me where I had met Ali.
c- He asked me where I would meet Ali.
- 8 – “Will you leave tomorrow?” (Reported Speech)
a- Ahmed asked me if I would leave the next day.
b- Ahmed asked me if he would leave tomorrow.
c- Ahmed asked me if I will leave the next day.
- 9 – “**Have you** finished **your** homework?” (Reported Speech)
a- He asked me if I finished my homework.
b- He asked me if I have finished my homework.
c- He asked me if I had finished my homework.
- 10 – “**Can you** help **me** carry **this** box?” (Reported Speech)
a- He asked me if I can help him carry that box.
b- He asked me if I could help him carry that box.
c- He asked me if I could help him carry this box.
- 11 – “**Do you speak** English?” (Reported Speech)
a- She wanted to know if I speak English.
b- She wanted to know if I had spoken English.
c- She wanted to know if I spoke English.
- 12 – “**Did you go** shopping **yesterday**?” (Reported Speech)
a- He asked me if I had gone shopping the day before.
b- He asked me if I have gone shopping the day before.
c- He asked me if I had gone shopping the yesterday.
- 13 – “**Did** the school bell ring?” (Reported Speech)
a- We wondered if the school bell ring.
b- We wondered if the school bell had rung.
c- We wondered if the school bell had ring.
-

2- Correlative Conjunctions and Giving Choices

كلمات مترابطة وإعطاء خيارات

A- From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer :

1- She is **both** a singeran actress.

a- or b- and c- nor d- so

2- She is smart **and** kind.

a-either b- neither c- after d- both

3- You can **either** go to the park stay home.

a- or b- and c- nor d- after

4- You can call me later **or** send an email if you have any questions

a-either b- neither c- after d- both

5- He likes **neither** coffee tea.

a- or b- and c- nor d- after

6- I want manahi.com/k pizza **nor** pasta for dinner.

a-either b- neither c- after d- both

B-From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1-My father is a teacher. My mother is a teacher, too.

(Join using Both ... and)

a- Both my father and my mother is teachers.

b-Both my father and my mother are teachers.

c- Both my father and my mother are teachers, too.

2- She likes ice cream. She likes cake.

(Join using Both ... and)

a- She likes both ice cream or cake.

b- She both like ice cream and likes cake.

c- She likes both ice cream and cake.

3- I will go to the park. I will go to the beach.

(Join using Either ... or)

a- I will go either to the park or to the beach.

b- I will go either to the park nor to the beach.

c- I will go to the park or to the beach, either.

4- He doesn't want pizza. He doesn't want pasta.

(Join using Neither ... nor)

a- He wants neither pizza or pasta.

b- He wants neither pizza nor pasta.

c- Neither he want pizza nor he wants pasta.

B-From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1-The sun was so bright that we had to wear sunglasses.

(Begin with: So)

a- So the sun was bright that we had to wear sunglasses.

b- So bright the sun was that we had to wear sunglasses.

c- So bright was the sun that we had to wear sunglasses.

2-I have never seen such a sight.

(Inverted sentences))

a-Never had I see such a sight.

b-Never I have seen such a sight.

c-Never have I seen such a sight.

3-As soon as he had written the letter, he tore it into pieces.

(Begin with: No sooner)

a-No sooner had he written the letter than he tore it into pieces.

b-No sooner he had written the letter than he tore it into pieces.

c-No sooner had he written the letter when he tore it into pieces.

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4- We seldom get such an opportunity.

(Inversion)

a- Seldom we get such an opportunity.

b- Seldom do we get such an opportunity.

c- Seldom did we get such an opportunity.

5-He rarely behaves foolishly with his friends.

(Begin with rarely)

a-Rarely he behaves foolishly with his friends.

b-Rarely does he behaves foolishly with his friends.

c-Rarely does he behave foolishly with his friends.

6-I scarcely visited such an amazing place.

(Inversion)

a- Scarcely did I visit such an amazing place.

b- Scarcely did I visited such an amazing place.

c- Scarcely had I visit such an amazing place.

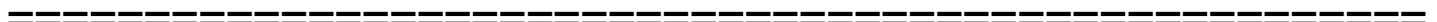
7-She scarcely understood the problem.

(Inversion)

a-Scarcely does she understand the problem.

b-Scarcely did she understand the problem.

c-Scarcely did she understood the problem.



5- Relative clauses and pronouns

جمل الوصل وضمائر الوصل

A-From a, b, c and d choose the right word:

1- That is the carcaused the accident.

a- when b- which c- who d- whom

2- The yearI graduated was unforgettable.

a- when b- where c- who d- whom

3- Edison is the scientistinvented electricity.

a- whose b-which c- where d- who

4- A widow is a womanhusband is dead.

a- where b- which c- whose d- who

5- This is the hotelwe usually stay when we have a holiday.

a- which b- whose c- when d-where

6- This is the hotelwe usually stay in when we have a holiday.

a- whose b- which c- when d-where

B-From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1-I bought a new house. It located in a peaceful area.

(Join the sentence)

a- The house, when I bought, is located in a peaceful area.

b-The house, which I bought, is located in a peaceful area.

c- The house, who I bought, is located in a peaceful area.

2-The man is standing there. He is my uncle.

(Join the sentence)

a-The man who is standing there is my uncle.

b-The man whose is standing there is my uncle.

c-The man when is standing there is my uncle.

6- Causative verbs

الأفعال المسببة

A-From a, b, c and d choose the right word:

1- I **had** the software on mt computer.

- a- installing b- were installed c- installed d- install

2- We **have** the house every week.

- a- are cleaning b- cleaning c- clean d- cleaned

3- She **has** her hair..... at the beauty salon.

- a- cut b- had cut c- cutting d- is cut

4- She **will have** the report by tomorrow.

- a- will finish b- finished c- finishing d- had finished

5- I my car washed **yesterday**.

- a- have b- would have c- had d- having

B-From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1- They **will** service my car next week.

(Causative verbs)

- a- I will having my car serviced next week.
b- I will had my car serviced next week.
c- I will have my car serviced next week.

2- The lawyer **signed** the documents for us.

(Causative verbs)

- a- We had the documents signed.
b- We have the documents signed.
c- We are having the documents signed.



7-Used to

اعتاد أن

A-From a, b, c and d choose the right answer:

1- When I was a child I **go** swimming in the lake.

a- used to b- use to c- am used to d-using to

2- I **used to**cartoons when I was ten years old.

a- watches b-watch c-watched d-watching

3- I **didn't** wear jeans when I was young.

a- using to b-uses to c-used to d-use to

4- **Did** you play football when you were young?

a- using to b-uses to c-use to d-used to

B-From a, b and c choose the correct answer as required:

1- When we were kids, we (**use to**) play outside all day.

(Correct the verb)

a- When we were kids, we using to play outside all day.

b- When we were kids, we used to play outside all day.

c- When we were kids, we are used to play outside all day.

2- My grandfather **used to** narrate stories in the past.

(Make negative)

a- My grandfather didn't use to narrate stories in the past.

b- My grandfather didn't used to narrate stories in the past.

c- My grandfather don't use to narrate stories in the past.

3- She **used to** play the piano when she was young.

(Form a question)

a- What did she used to play when she was young?

b- What did she use to play when she was young?

c- What has she used to play when she was young?



8- Past Perfect Simple & Past Perfect Continuous

الماضي التام البسيط والماضي التام المستمر

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- We for miles **when** we finally found a place to rest.

- a- walk b- had been walking c- are walking d- walking

2- They the project for a long time **before** they came to a decision.

- a- had been discussing b- discuss c- discussing d- will discuss

3- I all afternoon **when** my friends arrived.

- a- will be cooking b- has cooked c- I had been cooking d- cook

4- She her homework **before** dinner.

- a- had finished b- finish c- have finished d- finishing

5- She the report **before** the deadline

- a- is writhing b- had written c- writes d- writing

B – From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- She (**wait**) at the bus stop for 30 minutes **when** it started raining. (Correct the verb)

- a- She will be waiting at the bus stop for 30 minutes when it started raining.
b- She have been waiting at the bus stop for 30 minutes when it started raining.
c- She had been waiting at the bus stop for 30 minutes when it started raining.

2- The team (**train**) hard for the competition **before** it was canceled. (Correct the verb)

- a- The team had been training hard for the competition before it was cancelled.
b- The team is training hard for the competition before it was cancelled.
c- The team would train for the competition before it was cancelled.

3- **By the time** we arrived at the cinema, the film (**start**). (Correct the verb)

- a- By the time we arrived at the cinema, the film have started
b- By the time we arrived at the cinema, the film had started.
c- By the time we arrived at the cinema, the film has started.

10- Passive voice

المبني للمجهول

From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1-She **cleans** the house every day.

(Change into passive)

a- The house has been cleaned every day.

b- The house is cleaned every day.

c- The house was cleaned every day.

2-They **write** three reports weekly.

(Change into passive)

a- Three reports are written weekly.

b- Three reports were written weekly.

c- Three reports are writing weekly.

3-They **painted** the walls a week **ago**.

(Change into passive)

a- The walls have painted a week ago.

b- The walls are painted a week ago.

c- The walls were painted a week ago.

4-They **built** that house in **1990**.

(Change into passive)

a- That house is built in 1990.

b- That house was built in 1990.

c- That house was being built in 1990.

5-The manager **is reviewing** the documents.

(Change into passive)

a- The documents are being reviewed by the manager.

b- The documents are reviewed by the manager.

c- The documents were being reviewed by the manager.

6-The guests **are eating** the food at the moment.

(Change into passive)

a- The food are being eaten at the moment.

b- The food was being eaten at the moment.

c- The food is being eaten at the moment.

7-She **was cleaning** the carpets when we entered the house.

(Change into passive)

a- The carpets have been cleaned when we entered the house.

b- The carpets were cleaned when we entered the house.

c- The carpets were being cleaned when we entered the house.

8-They **have fulfilled** the aims of the project. (Change into passive)
a-The aims of the project has been fulfilled.
b-The aims of the project have been fulfilled.
c-The aims of the project were fulfilled.

9-The government **has built** many schools in recent years. (Change into passive)
a-Many schools have been built by the government in recent years.
b-Many schools were built by the government in recent years.
c-Many schools are built by the government in recent years.

10-I **will** present my ideas at the conference tonight. (Change into passive)
a-My ideas are presented by me at the conference tonight.
b-My ideas will be presented by me at the conference tonight.
c-My ideas were presented by me at the conference tonight.

11-They **must** clean all the rooms. (Passive)
a-All the rooms must be cleaned.
b-All the rooms must be cleaning.
c-All the rooms were cleaned.

12-The government **should** reward astronauts. (Passive)
a-Astronauts should be rewarding.
b-Astronauts should be rewarded.
c-Astronauts should been rewarded.

11- Verbs ending in -ing

1- We spend a wonderful night..... our favourite movie.
a- watches b- watching c- watched d- are watching
2- Messi got the first prize,three goals in the final match.
a- scored b- scores c- had scored d- scoring

12- Comparison of scale: as....as

1-It's not **as** good.....it used to be.
a-as b- but c- and d- as
2-The movie was exciting **as** I expected.
a-so b- as c- and d- but

13- Unless

A-From a, b, c and d choose the right word:

1- I won't be able to attend the meetingI finish my report first.

a-although b- if c- unless d-when

2- I won't go for a walkit stops raining.

a-unless b- because c- while d-when

3-you show your ID, you can't enter the building.

a-Either b- Unless c- Neither d-If



From a, b, c and d choose the right answer as required:

1- If he doesn't study hard, he won't pass the test.

(Join using: unless)

a- He won't pass the test, unless he doesn't study hard.

b- Unless he studies hard, he won't pass the test.

c- Unless he studies hard, he will pass the test.

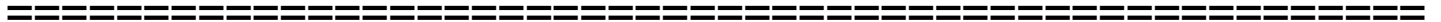
2- We won't leave the house if it doesn't stop raining.

(Join using: unless)

a- We won't leave the house unless it doesn't stop raining.

b- Unless we will leave the house, it doesn't stop raining.

c- We won't leave the house unless it stops raining.



PREVIOUS GRAMMAR EXAMS

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- I for my keys since morning before I found them in my bag.

a- search b- will search c- am searching d- had been searching

2- My sister decided to start her own business staying at home.

a- however b- instead of c- whereas d- but

3- Customers were satisfied the quick delivery of their orders.

a- with b- in c- throughout d- of

4- Few people nowadays have their photos by a photographer, they use phone cameras.

a- taken b- took c- take d- taking

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B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- "When did you first meet your academic advisor?" (Change into reported speech)

- a- The professor asked me when I had first met my academic advisor.
- b- The professor asked me when I would first meet my academic advisor.
- c- The professor asked me when I have first met my academic advisor.

2- My classmate only now understood the main points of the lesson. (Begin with: Only now)

- a- Only now does my classmate understand the main points of the lesson.
- b- Only now did my classmate understand the main points of the lesson.
- c- Only now has my classmate understood the main points of the lesson.

3- We should send the invitation to all guests before the event. (Change into passive)

- a- The invitation should be sending to all guests before the event.
- b- The invitation should be sent to all guests before the event.
- c- The invitation should have been sent to all guests before the event.

4- The staff can attend the meeting in person. The staff can join the meeting online.

(Use: either ... or)

- a- The staff can attend the meeting in person or join online either.
- b- The staff can attend the meeting in person either or join online.
- c- The staff can either attend the meeting in person or join online.

أ. ناشد الحاج

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- The winners of the competition were chosena computer.

- a- about b-by c- for d- of

2- The runner came first in every race, the previous record.

- a- breaks b- broke c- break d- breaking

3- Few years **ago**, I..... to wear a tie, but now I do.

- a- didn't use b- don't use c- won't use d- haven't used

4-I **had** the files last Thursday.

- a- are arranged b- arranging c- arranged d- arrange

B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1-If you don't have a ticket, you won't travel by plane.

(Use: Unless)

a- Unless you don't have a ticket, you wouldn't travel by plane.

b- You don't have a ticket, unless you won't travel by plane.

c- Unless you have a ticket, you won't travel by plane.

2- This surgeon **can** perform the operation.

(Change into passive)

a- The operation can be performed by this surgeon.

b- The operation is performed by this surgeon.

c- The operation can have been performed by this surgeon.

3-The little boy **was scared**. He couldn't move.

(Join using: so.....that)

a- The little boy is so scared that he couldn't move.

b- The little boy was so scared that he couldn't move.

c- The little boy so was scared that he couldn't move.

4- **They had never** seen such a sight.

(Begin with: Never)

a- Never did they see such a sight.

b- Never have they seen such a sight.

c- Never had they seen such a sight.

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- I **had** all my luggage..... at the airport before boarding the plane.

- a- checks b- checked c- will check d- has checked

2- My cousin is an only child. He has.....brothers **nor** sisters.

- a- none b- either c- neither d- both

3- We always enjoy having barbecues in our backyard..... **night**.

- a- in b- at c- of d- on

4-Think of solutions to your problems..... Just **complaining** about them.

- a- however b- instead of c- in comparison with d- but

B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- "**Did** you feel cold **this** morning?"

(Change into reported speech)

- a- My mother asked if I feel cold this morning.
b- My mother asked if I had felt cold that morning.
c- My mother asked did I feel cold that morning.

2- You **should** sign these documents as soon as possible.

(Make passive)

- a- The documents should be signed as soon as possible.
b- The documents should have signed as soon as possible.
c- The documents should have been signing as soon as possible.

3- I (**practise**) the piano **for** two hours **when** my friend called me.

(Correct the verb)

- a- I will be practising the piano for two hours when my friend called me.
b- I am practising the piano for two hours when my friend called me.
c- I had been practising the piano for two hours when my friend called me.

4- **I have never** met someone as kind and generous as my neighbour.

(Begin with: Never)

- a- Never have I met someone as kind and generous as my neighbour.
b- Never I have met someone as kind and generous as my neighbour.
c- Never did I meet someone as kind and generous as my neighbour.

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- My sister felt as cold.....ice; the weather was freezing.

- a- so b- such c- as d- both

2- Before my father went to bed, he the night prayers.

- a-performs b- had performed c- will perform d- is performing

3- Neither Ali..... Fahd attended the meeting; they were abroad.

- a-or b- nor c- as d- none

4-..... 1961, the first Kuwaiti dinar was issued to replace the Indian rupee.

- a-In b-On c- With d- At

B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- "Are you hungry?"

(Report the question)

- a- My mother asked if I was hungry.
b- My mother asked if am I hungry.
c- My mother asked if I am hungry.

2- I could not sleep because the situation was so strange.

(Begin with: So strange)

- a- So strange the situation was that I couldn't sleep.
b- So strange was the situation that I couldn't sleep.
c- So strange is the situation that I couldn't sleep.

3- People (visit) Turkey can enjoy traditional Turkish food.

(Correct the verb)

- a- People visit Turkey can enjoy traditional Turkish food.
b- People visited Turkey can enjoy traditional Turkish food.
c- People visiting Turkey can enjoy traditional Turkish food.

4- The government should reward scientists.

(Change into passive)

- a- Scientists should be rewarded by the government.
b- Scientists are rewarded by the government.
c- Scientists are rewarded by the government.

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1-**doing** nothing, why don't you busy yourself with something useful?

- a- Whereas b- In comparison with c- However d- Instead of

2- Some people believe that overwork sometimes is **the cause**death.

- a- of b- with c- at d- in

3- I need to **have** my iPad..... . It is really slow

- a- fixes b- fixed c- to fix d- fixing

4-You can pay in cash **or** use your credit card.

- a- both b- neither c- either d- nor

B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- You **should** show your identity card at the entrance.

(Make passive)

- a- Your identity card should be showing at the entrance.
b- Your identity card should be shown at the entrance.
c- Your identity card should show at the entrance.

2- I couldn't sleep **because** I (**drink**) three cups of coffee.

(Correct the verb)

- a- I couldn't sleep because I had drunk three cups of coffee.
b- I couldn't sleep because I will be drinking three cups of coffee.
c- I couldn't sleep because I am drinking three cups of coffee.

3- As soon as **I had** heard of my cousin's success, I called to congratulate him.

(Begin with: No sooner)

- a- No sooner I had heard of my cousin's success when I called to congratulate him.
b- No sooner I had heard of my cousin's success, I called to congratulate him.
c- No sooner had I heard of my cousin's success than I called to congratulate him.

4- " How long **have you** been waiting?"

(Change into reported speech)

- a- The manager asked me how long I have been waiting.
b- The manager asked me how long I was waiting.
c- The manager asked me how long I had been waiting.

A-From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

- 1- Ahmed **and** his classmates have taken part in the competition.
a- Both b- Either c- Neither d- Scarcely
- 2- **The stadium**, we played last week, was built in 1995.
a- when b- who c- where d- which
- 3- The audience, who was present..... **the meeting**, enjoyed all the presentations.
a- at b- with c- about d- by
- 4- On the weekend, my brother prefers to go by bus **driving**.
a- whereas b- in comparison c- however d- instead of

B-From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

- 1- "Where **do you** usually **spend** your summer vacation?" (Change into reported speech)
a- My friend asked where I had usually spent my summer vacation.
b- My friend asked where I have usually spent my summer vacation.
c- My friend asked where I usually spent my summer vacation.
- 2-As soon as **I had** saved my files, my computer shut down. (Begin with: No sooner)
a- No sooner did I save my files than my computer shut down.
b- No sooner had I saved my files than my computer shut down.
c- No sooner have I saved my files than my computer shut down.
- 3-The students **should** keep the classroom clean. (Change into passive)
a- The classroom should be kept clean.
b- The classroom should have been kept clean.
c- The classroom should keep clean.
- 4- If you don't pay attention, you will not understand the lesson. (Use: Unless)
a- Unless you pay attention, you will not understand the lesson.
b- Unless you paid attention, you would not understand the lesson.
c- Unless you don't pay attention, you will not understand the lesson.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write down what would you say in the following situations:

1- A friend of yours (**believes-thinks- argues -says-said-told-tells-claims**)

that celebrations make us happy.

.....

2- Your father **suggested** spending the next holiday in London.

.....

3- Someone (**helped you- gave you**) to get to your destination.

.....

4- You need your friend's (**help**) to do your homework.

.....

5- Your father **smokes** and uses his mobile phone while **driving**.

.....

6- Someone asks you about (your **opinion- what you think**) of his new car.

.....

7- Your mother asks you **the reason- why you** want to study abroad.

.....

8- Your teacher asks you **the reason- why you didn't (haven't)** do your homework.

.....

9- Your mother asks you whether you want to eat chicken **or** meat.

.....

10- Your teacher asks you about your **plans** after graduation.

.....

11- You want **persuade** your father to go out with your friends, but he **refuses**.

.....

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- One your teammates is absent from basketball practice today.

.....

2- Your brother is presenting a project tomorrow, but he did not review it.

.....

3- A family member believes that visiting the beach would be relaxing for you.

.....

4- Your friend is unsure whether to accept or refuse the job he has just been offered.

.....

5- You want to convince your friend that using public transport saves time.

.....

6- Your brother will sit for the TOEFL test next week.

.....

7- Your close friend faces problems when he communicates in English.

.....

8- Your classmate asks you why you prefer joining Kuwait University.

.....

9-Your sister suggests trying out a new pasta recipe for dinner.

.....

10- A classmate helped you prepare for an important school event.

.....

11- A friend of yours asks about the activities he / she can do during the summer.

.....

12- Your friends want to know why it's important to eat vegetables every day.

.....

13- A salesman shows you a car you don't like.

.....

14- Your brother looks tired after a long day at work.

.....

15- Your classmate helped you with your school project.

.....

16- Your teacher asked you why you chose to do Islamic studies.

.....

17- A friend of yours says that human activities have nothing to do with global warming.

.....

18- Your classmate thinks that studying abroad will help you find a better job.



.....

19- Your teacher is asking you why you didn't travel last summer.

.....

20- You want to start an extreme sport, but your parents don't think you should.

.....

21- One of your friends is complaining about the amount of pollution in his area.

.....

22- You are amazed with your friend's painting talent.

.....

23- Some people believe that the world today is a different place.

.....

24- You want to join an adventure club, but your father is against the idea.

.....

1- How can we show respect to the elderly?

.....
.....

2- How do most young people spend their leisure time nowadays?

.....
.....

3- What safety measures should people take when they practise extreme sports?

.....
.....

4- Why are some people in favour of space exploration?

.....
.....

5- What are the disadvantages of being a child prodigy?

.....
.....

6- Why do some people push themselves to extreme limits?

.....
.....

7- What is a child prodigy?

.....
.....

8- Why should we treat the elderly with reverence?

.....
.....

9- How did children spend their free time in the past?

.....
.....

10- How can you prepare for an expedition?

.....
.....

11- What are the advantages of being a child prodigy?

.....
.....

12- Why are geriatric homes rare in the Arab world?



.....
.....

13-What information should be included in a biography?

.....
.....

14-What difficulties (dangers) do mountain climbers usually face?

.....
.....

15-How can you keep yourself physically fit?

.....
.....

16-Why do many people move from the city to the countryside?

.....
.....

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people advocate the idea of taking part in extreme sports and activities whereas others see that taking part in such sports is a serious adventure.

Plan and write an essay of **14** sentences (**160** words) showing **both points of view and express your own opinion.**

Outline

Introduction:

.....

.....

.....

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

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Paragraph 2:

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Conclusion:

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Write your topic here

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READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

Doctors say that there are several kinds of headaches. Each kind begins in a different place and needs different treatment. Some of these headaches start with a change in vision or sight. The person sees wavy lines, black dots, or white spots in front of the eyes. This is a warning that a headache is coming. The headache occurs on only one side of the head. The vision is blurred, and the person may vomit from the pain. These headaches are called the migraine headaches. They are more frequent in women than men. Sleep is the best cure for **them**.

Cluster headaches, which also start in the arteries, are called cluster headaches because they come in clusters or groups. A cluster headache lasts only for two hours and then goes away. At the beginning of the cluster headache, the eyes become red and watery. There is a steady pain in the head. Men have more cluster headaches than women do.

The muscle headache, which starts in the muscles in the neck or forehead, is caused by tension. When the person becomes nervous about something, or has problems at work, school or home, the neck and head muscles become tense and the headache starts. A muscle headache usually starts in the morning and gets worse as the hours pass. There is a steady pain, pressure and a bursting feeling. Usually, Aspirin doesn't help in muscle headaches.

How do doctors treat headaches? If a person has frequent headaches, the doctor first has to decide what kind they are. Medicine can help, but there are other ways to treat them. The doctor asks the patient to analyse his or her daily living patterns. A change in diet or an increase in exercise might stop the headaches. If the patient realises that difficulties at home, work or school are causing the tension, it might be possible to make changes and decrease these problems.

Psychological problems and even medicine for another physical problem can cause headache. The doctor has to discuss and **analyse** all these patterns of the patient's life. A headache can also be a signal of a more serious problem, so, patients should realize that there is no magic cure for headaches. However, doctors can control most of them.

A- From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:

1-Which of the following would be the best title of the passage?

- a-Headaches: Types and Treatments
- b-Research About Headaches
- c-Experimented Cures and Treatments
- d-Dangerous and Fatal Headaches

2-The underlined word "analyse" in the 5th paragraph is closest in meaning to:

- a-fight
- b-shake
- c-complete
- d-diagnose

3-The underlined word "them" in the 1st paragraph refers to:

- a-women [المنهج الكويتية](http://almanahj.com/kw)
- b-men almanahj.com/kw
- c-migraine headaches
- d-white spots

4-One of the following statements could be understood from the 1st paragraph:

- a-All headaches are of the same type and treatment.
- b-All headaches start in the same place but need different treatment.
- c-Headaches have various types and different treatments according to their types.
- d-Headaches, that are called migraine headaches, could only be cured by sleep.

5-What is the purpose of the author in writing this passage?

- a-To inform us about various types of headaches and their treatment.
- b-To show us how migraine headaches are treated in women.
- c-To warn us against the effects of tensions at work, school or home.
- d-To advise us about the best ways to analyse our daily routines.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:

6-Why should patients realise that there is no magic cure for headaches?

.....
.....

7-What are the symptoms of Cluster headaches?

.....
.....

8-What should a person do if he/she has frequent headaches?

.....
.....

9-How do doctors diagnose the various types of headaches?

.....
.....



SUMMARY MAKING

Read the following passage, then do as required:

It is understandable that many people believe imprisoning animals for any reason is simply wrong. Critics of zoos would argue first that animals often suffer physically and mentally by being kept in zoo. Even the best artificial environments can't come close to matching the space, diversity, and freedom that animals have in their natural habitats. Second, this deprivation causes many zoo animals to become stressed or mentally ill. Later, capturing animals in the wild also causes much suffering by splitting up families. Finally, some zoos make animals behave unnaturally: for example, marine parks often force dolphins and whales to perform tricks. These mammals may die decades earlier than their wild relatives.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

Why do some people believe that animals should be free not kept in zoos?

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READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Most people have heard of Shakespeare and probably know something of the plays he wrote. However, not everybody knows much about this remarkable man, except perhaps that he was born in the market town of Stratford-upon-Avon and that he married a woman called Anne Hathaway. We know nothing of his school life. We do not know, for example, how long it lasted, but we presume that he attended the local grammar school, where the principal subject was Latin. Nothing certain is known of what he did between the time he left school and his **departure** for London. Many legends were said about the reasons that made him leave Stratford, but nobody was sure of them.

Whatever caused him to leave the town of his birth, the world can be grateful that he did so. What is certain is that he set his foot on the road to fame when he arrived in London. It is said that at first, he was without money or friends there, but that he earned a little by taking care of the horses of the gentlemen who attended the plays at the theatres. In time, as he became a familiar figure to the actors in the theatre, **they** stopped and spoke to him. They found his conversation so brilliant that finally he was invited to join the company.

Earlier than 1592 there was no mention of Shakespeare either as an actor, or as a playwright. Even the name of the theatre he worked in was not known. However, by this date he had become one of the three leading members of a company of actors. This company travelled about the country, giving performances in different towns, and also performed plays at Court. His plays attracted large audiences. He also shared in the profits of the works. Thus, his connections with the theatre made him a wealthy man.

Shakespeare died in 1616. Some years earlier he chose a gravestone, under which he was to be buried. He had a statement engraved on this stone which threatened to bring misfortune to anyone who might steal his grave. It seems strange that he should have had this fear. He must have known how greatly he was respected, even in his lifetime, for the genius that he showed in his plays and poems.

A- From a, b, c and d, choose the right answer:

1- The best title for the text is:

- a- A Genius Poet and Playwright.
- b- A Famous Playwright.
- c- A Talented Poet.
- d- A Mystery in a Writer's Life.

2- The underlined word “**departure**” in the 1st paragraph is opposite in meaning to:

- a- arriving
- b- leaving
- c- visiting
- d- moving

3- The underlined pronoun “**they**” in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

- a- the actors
- b- the theatres
- c- the gentlemen
- d- the horses

4- The 3rd paragraph sheds light on:

- a- the reasons why Shakespeare went to London.
- b- how Shakespeare was fought in London.
- c- how Shakespeare could make friends in London.
- d- how Shakespeare became a famous dramatist in London

5- According to the passage, one of the following facts is **NOT TRUE** about Shakespeare:

- a- Shakespeare died in 1616.
- b- Shakespeare was a great poet and playwright.
- c- Shakespeare left school as he was bad at Latin.
- d- Shakespeare was born in Stratford-upon-Avon.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:

6- What did Shakespeare learn in the local grammar school in Stratford?

.....
.....

7- Why did the actors in the theatre ask Shakespeare to join them?

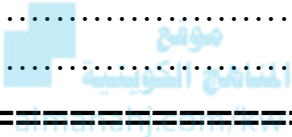
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8- Where did Shakespeare start to become wealthy and famous?

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.....

9- What was the activity that made Shakespeare a rich man?

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SUMMARY MAKING

Read the following passage, then do as required:

Experts agree that long-term exposure to high levels of noise pollution affects our health in many ways. Some researchers have documented that regular exposure to noise above 110 decibels can result in permanent hearing loss. Other several studies have also demonstrated a link between noise and digestive problems and immune system disorders. Moreover, in a paper published in a medical journal, it was determined that loud noises lead to elevated blood pressure, fatigue and loss of sleep. Ultimately, some university researchers noticed that stress caused by noise can lead to serious heart problems.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

What are the effects of noise pollution on human health?

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.....
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.....

أ. ناشد الحاج

TRANSLATION

Translate the following into good English:

سالم: يساعد النوم الدماغ على الاحتفاظ بالمعلومات الجديدة
خالد: نعم، فإن الأشخاص الذين ناموا بعد تعلم مادة ما، كان أداءهم أفضل في الاختبارات

Salim:.....

Khalid:.....

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موقع
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أحمد: حققت معها الغنيم نجاحا عظيما كسيدة أعمال
علي: نعم هذا بسبب العمل الجاد ومساندة والديها

Ahmad:.....

Ali:.....

=====

حمد: أصبح زيد الرفاعي أول رجل عربي يصعد أعلى الجبال
فهد: هذا صحيح, فقد تمكن من تسلق قمة افرست

Hamad:.....

Fahed:.....

علي: إن متوسط العمر المتوقع قد ارتفع كثيرا
خالد: بالتأكيد، فقد أصبحنا قادرين على علاج أمراض كانت تعد مميتة

Ali:.....

.....

Khalid:.....

.....



أحمد: في عام 2006، قام بعض الطلاب الكويتيون بالاتصال بمحطة الفضاء الدولية
علي: هذا صحيح، وكان هذا الاتصال من المركز العلمي في الكويت

Ahmad:.....

.....

Ali:.....

.....

سالم: عادةً ما يواجه متسلقو الجبال لكثير من المخاطر
خالد: نعم، فالبرد القارس والرياح الشديدة بعض من هذه المخاطر

Salim:.....

.....

Khalid:.....

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