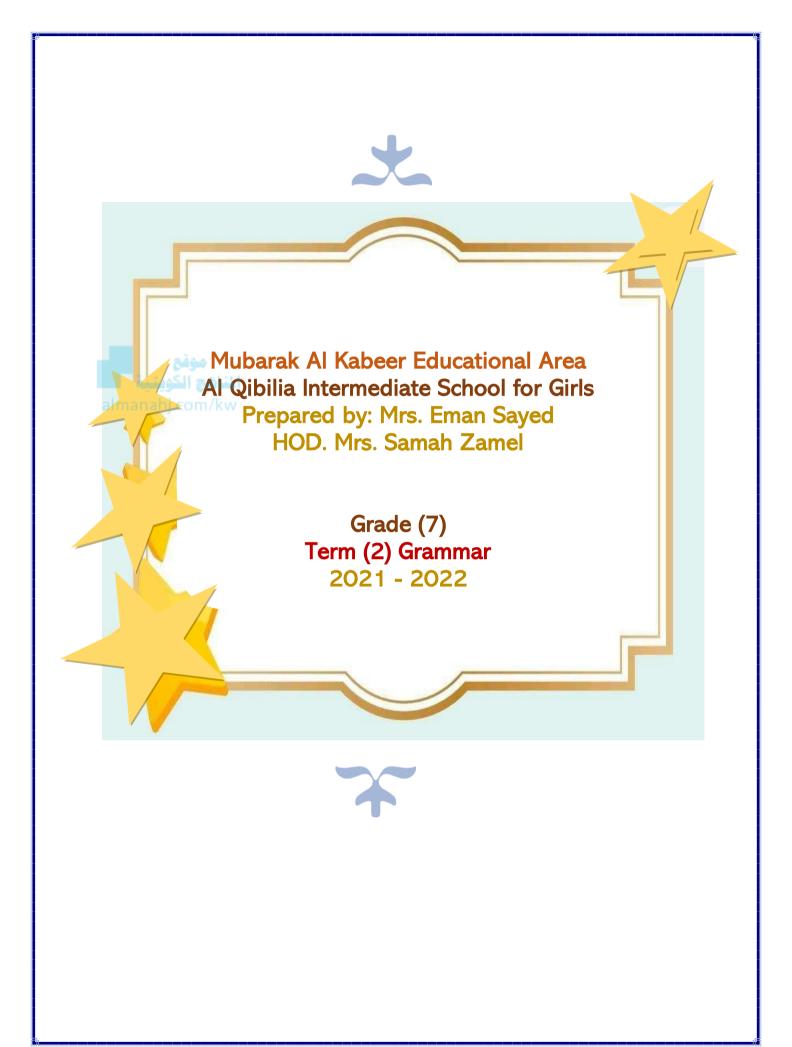


الملف مذكرة شرح قواعد وفق التعديلات الجديدة من التوجيه الفني العام

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الكويتية ← الصف السابع ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السابع (المنظم المنافع المنافع السابع على تلغرام على اللغة اللانجليزية الاسلامية اللسلامية اللسلامية اللاسلامية اللاسلامية اللسلامية اللاسلامية اللاسلامية اللاسلامية اللاسلامية اللاسلامية اللاسلامية اللاسلامية المنافع السابع على اللغة اللانجليزية اللاسلامية الاسلامية اللاسلامية اللاسلامي

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السابع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني		
مذكرة للوحدات من (الوحدة السابعة وحتى الثانبة عشر)		
القواعد المقررة في اللغة الانكليزية الفترة الثانية	2	
كلمات الاملاء كاملة	3	
حل الكتاب الغير ملون	4	
مواضيع	5	



<u>Unit (7)</u>

The Past Simple Tense

1. They	a treasure under	the sea in 2000.	
a) find	b) found	c) will find	d) has found
2. I to	go to school early yes	terday.	
a) had	b) have	c) has	d) having
3. We	our best to help he	er.	
a) does almanahj.co	b) doing	c) did	d) done
4. Salim	diving with his t	eam last weekend.	
a) go	b) going	c) goes	d) went
5. I	my phone while I wa	s walking on the beach.	
a) lost	b) losing	c) lose	d) was lost
6. My friend	me to her	birthday party two days a	go.
a) inviting	b) invited	c) invites	d) invite
7. Maha and Dana	met and	tennis yesterday.	
a) play	b) plays	c) played	d) had played
EX. (2) Do as sho	wn in hrackets:		
• •			(Maka magatiya)
1. She met her friend in the garden. (Make negative)			
2. The old man wa			(Ask a question)
3. Ali (buy) a nice	book last Monday.		(Correct the verb)

EX. (3) Make negative:
1. We visited the museum yesterday
2. I saw my friends at the shopping mall.
3. Sara danced in yesterday's party.
4. Salim carried a heavy box.
5. The family stayed at an expensive hotel.
EX. (4) Ask questions:
1. We visited the museum yesterday
2. I saw my friends at the shopping mall.
3. Sara danced in yesterday's party.
4. Salim carried a heavy box.
5. The family stayed at an expensive hotel.
6. She met her friend in the garden.

The Past Continuous Tense

1. My father entered the room while ITV.				
a) watch	b) was watching	c) were watching	d) watched	
2. The kids	in the garden when	it suddenly started to rain.		
a) playing	b) played	c) were playing	d) was playing	
3. Salma	in the park when I met	her.		
a) was walking	b) were walking	c) walking	d) walked	
4. While Panahi.com/k	in my room, my sister	left home.		
a) studies	b) was studying	c) studied	d) were studying	
5. My baby brother	loudly so I co	ouldn't do my homework.		
a) was crying	b) were crying	c) cried	d) have cried	
6. While the teacher	the lesson, the	e students kept listening to	him.	
a) explaining	b) have explained	c) was explaining	d) were studying	
7you	doing your homework at	six o'clock last night?		
a) Are	b) Were	c) Have	d) Do	
8he v	vas kicking the ball, he fe	ll down.		
a) When	b) After	c) Before	d) While	
EX. (2) Make negative:				
1. We were visiting the museum.				
2. I was meeting my friends at the shopping mall.				
3. Salim was carrying a	heavy box.			

EX. (3) Ask questions:				
1. The family were staying	g in an expensive hotel.			
2. I was meeting my frien	ds at the shopping mall.			
3. The old man was walk				
EX. (4) Do as shown in				
1.We were visiting the			(Make negative)	
2. Maha was travellin	g to London.		(Make negative)	
3. Ali was meeting his	s cousin in the mosqu	Je.	(Ask a question)	
4. While Maher (wash) his car, a tall man stole his wallet. (Correct the verb)				
(used to + inf.)				
EX. (1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, & d:				
1. My brother	ride a bicycle when	he was young.		
a) use	b) was used	c) used to	d) used	
2. The kids usedplay with each other in the garden.				
a) to	b) in	c) for	d) of	
3. Salma used toin the park when she was 10 years old.				
a) walking	b) walked	c) walk	d) walks	
4. Iuse t	o drink coffee when I wa	is young.		
a) don't	b) didn't	c) doesn't	d) haven't	
5. How did your grandfatherto travel in the past?				
a) use	b) using	c) used	d) uses	
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EX. (2) Make negative:	
1. I used to go to bed late	
2. People used to travel by plane long time ago.	
3. Sara used to drink coffee when she was young.	
4. Old people used to work in pearl diving.	
الناهج الكويتية almanahj.com/kw EX. (3) Ask questions:	
1. I used to go to bed at 9 o'clock.	
2. People used to travel by plane long time ago.	
3. Sara used to drink coffee when she was young.	
4. Old people used to work for pearl diving in the past.	
EX. (4) Do as shown in brackets:	
1. Mona used to walk for a long time.	(Make negative)
2. We (use) to drink coffee in the morning.	(Correct the verb)
3. Ali used to watch action films.	(Ask a question)

<u>Unit (8)</u>

(Must / mustn't + inf.)

1. You do ex	ercise to stay fit.			
a) mustn't	b) doesn't have to	c) has to	d) must	
2. It's late. You	make so much noise.			
a) must	b) mustn't	c) doesn't have to	d) don't have to	
3.Peoplep	oark their cars in the parki	ng areas.		
a) will		c) must	d) has to	
4. You touch	that kettle, it's too hot.			
a) must	b) mustn't	c) don't have to	d) doesn't have to	
4.To join this course, stu	udents be 1	6 years old.		
a) will	b) shall	c) must	d) has to	
5. Studentschew gum in the class.				
a) didn't have to	b) doesn't have to	c) mustn't	d) don't have to	
EX. (2) Make negative: 1. I must listen to bad people.				
2. We must go now leaving Mona alone while she is sick.				
	3. You must stay late at night.			
4. People must park their cars here.				

(have to / has to / had to + inf.)

1. You to finish the report now. Tomorrow you will have more time.					
a) didn't have to	b) doesn't have to	c) don't have to	d) mustn't		
2. It's late. The kids	go to bed.				
a) may	b) had to	c) have to	d) has to		
3. My mother	to cook for today. We v	vill order some Indian di	shes.		
	b) doesn't have to	c) didn't have to	d) don't have to		
4. Aligo	now.				
a) has to	b) had to	c) have to	d) could		
5. It was raining yesterday,	we	. to stay at home.			
a) have to	b) had to	c) has to	d) could		
6. We to	wear heavy clothes as it	was really hot yesterda	ny.		
a) didn't have to	b) doesn't have to	c) don't have to	d) mustn't		
EX. (2) Make negative:					
1. We have to go now.					
2. Asmaa has to speak French in London.					
3. I had to spend my last holiday working.					
4. The teachers have to go to school on Friday.					

<u>Unit (9)</u>

(Should / shouldn't + inf.)

EX. (1) Make negative	:
			_

1. Healthy people should sleep late.			
2.You should watch TV for a long time .			
<u>Adverbs</u>			
EX. (1) Complete the following sentences with the correct form of adverbs:			
1. Salma is a good reader. She can read			
2. Dana is a fast swimmer. She swims			
3. We are a happy family. We always live			
4. Ali has a quick way to do things. He does everything			
5. The workaholics do their best and workto achieve their goals.			
6. Good people always behave in situations.			
7. Don't drive your car in the crowded areas.			
8. The baby walks			
9. Careful drivers drive their cars			
EX. (3) Complete the following sentences (Adjectives or adverbs):			
1. The bus driver was injured. (serious)			
2. Ali is clever. (extreme)			
3. This hamburger tastes (awful)			
4. Be with this glass of milk. It's hot. (careful)			
5. Jassim looks What's the matter with him? (sad)			
6. Dana is upset about losing her keys. (terrible)			
7. This pizza smells (good)			
8. Our basketball team played last Friday. (bad)			
9. Don't speak so I can't understand you. (fast)			
10. My mother opened her present. (slow)			

EX. (4) Ask questions	<u>:</u>			
1.The old man walks slo	wly.			
2.The little boys can run				
3.I cook salty dishes per	fectly.			
		<u>it (10)</u>		
	Relativ	<u>re clauses</u>		
EX. (1) Choose the co	₩.	a, b, c, & d: vatch my cat while I go on	vacation.	
a) where	b) who	c) which	d) when	
2.The book	I read, is very interes	ting.		
a) where	b) when	c) which	d) who	
3. I'd like to take you to	a café se	erves excellent coffee.		
a) which	b) who	c) where	d) when	
4.The person	always gives and	shares the others is not s	elfish.	
a) where	b) who	c) which	d) when	
5. I saw the shoes	you bought la	st week on sale for less th	nis week.	
a) who	b) where	c) when	d) which	
6.Those are the winners will receive the prizes.				
a) where	b) when	c) which	d) who	
7.This is the hospital	was bu	uilt in 2005.		
a) where	b) who	c) which	d) when	
8.This is the hospital my uncle works.				
a) where	b) who	c) which	d) when	

EX. (2) Join the followi	ng sentences:		
1.The cyclist won the race.	. He trained hard.		
2. I bought a book yesterda	ay. It is very interesting.		
3.The team leaders scored		at tomorrow's meeting.	
4.We eat Spaghetti. It is on	ne of my family's favorite		
5.It is Friday. We have a ho	lliday on Friday.		
6.This is the house. We live			
7.This is the house. My fat			
	<u>Making Q</u> ı	<u>uestions</u>	
EX. (1) Choose the cor	rect answer from a, b	o, c, & d:	
1 does she	spend her holiday?		
a) Where	b) Who	c) Which	d) Why
2did you g	jo to school?		
a) Which	b) How	c) Where	d) How many
3are you o	crying?		
a) Why	b) Which	c) Whose	d) Where
4 pens ha	ve you got?		
a) When	b) How much	c) How many	d) How

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EX. (2) Ask Questi	ons:		
	e T. shirts yesterday.		
2. There are five roo	ms in this house.		
3. I finished my hom			
4. My brother travels			
5. We went shopping	g yesterday.		
	English at 10:00 yesterday		
7. Salma was playing	g computer games.		
	oing at the weekend.		
9. They have travelle			
	<u>Prepositions</u>	of place / place	
EX. (1) Choose the	e correct answer from a	ı, b, c, & d:	
1. In my class, the b	oard is always	the students.	
a) on	b) in front of	c) above	d) under
2. I sit	.Mona.		
a) under	b) between	c) next to	d) above
3. My friend Sara is sitting (between - above - behind) Maha and Dana.			
a) under	b) between	c) next to	d) above
4. I always get up7:00.			
a) in	b) on	c) of	d) at

Unit (11) The present simple passive

EX. (1) Change the following sentences into passive:

Mirrors reflect the sun rays.
2. The people speak English.
3. He reads history books.
4. We play volleyball.
5. They eat fish for lunch.
6. I take photos.
7. She does the housework.
<u>The past simple passive</u>
EX. (1) Change the following sentences into passive:
EX. (1) Change the following sentences into passive: 1. Grandmothers told interesting stories.
EX. (1) Change the following sentences into passive: 1. Grandmothers told interesting stories. 2. We won the match.
EX. (1) Change the following sentences into passive: 1. Grandmothers told interesting stories. 2. We won the match. 3. The man stole the blue car.

1.	Their house	last year.		
	a) is painting	b) was painted	c) is painted	d) were painted
2.	Cars in Ja	pan.		
	a) are made	b) are making	c) have made	d) was made
3.	Thousands of cars	every year.		
	a) are produced	b) were producing	c) produced	d) producing
4.	Our house	. by solar power.		
	a) are heated m/kw	b) is heating	c) is heated	d) was heated
5.	My parents	to yesterday's party.		
	a) are invite	b) am invited	c) were invited	d) was invited
6.	Some of my books	by my friends la	ast week.	
	a) are borrowed	b) were borrowed	c) is borrowed	d) was borrowed
7.	A lot of money	to buy that house.		
	a) was paid	b) pays	c) paid	d) are paid
8.	Thomas Edison	as one of the grea	test inventors in histor	y.
	a) are known	b) knew	c) was known	d) known
9.	Mona Lisa	. by Leonardo Da Vinci lo	ng time ago.	
	a) painted	b) is painted	c) are painted	d) was painted
10	10. Cheese from milk.			
	a) makes	b) is make	c) is made	d) was made

Question Tags

EX. (1) Add tag questions:

1. Salim is a funny boy,?
2. Your brother isn't coming tonight,?
3. Fatima was speaking English and French,?
4. You were in the club yesterday evening,?
5. Hassan and Ali weren't excited with the new game,?
6. We are shifting to a new house,?
7. Our teacher will be at school tomorrow,?
8. We can find out the answers,?
9. Kuwait is a very modern country,?
10. Salim and Ali won't be late for the meeting,?
<u>Future Plans</u>
(am/is/are + going to + inf.)
EX. (1) Ask questions:
1. We are going to visit the museum tomorrow.
2. I am going to see my friends at the shopping mall.
3. The family is going to stay in an expensive hotel.
4. Dana and Salma are going to travel together because they are friends.

EX. (2) Ch	oose the c	<u>orrect answer from</u>	a, b, c, & d:	
1. They		a meeting next wee	k.	
a) have	e	b) would have	c) are going to have	d) were having
2. I	to	go to school early ton	norrow.	
a) am (going	b) is going	c) are going	d) was going
3. We	C	our best to help her.		
a) is go	oing to do	b) are going to do	c) am going to do	d) was doing
4. Salim is	going to	diving w	ith his team next weekend.	
	nanahj.com/		c) goes	d) went
5. My fathergoing to buy a new mobile phone for me.				
a) am		b) has	c) does	d) was
6. My friends going to have a journey to Failaka Island next holiday.				
a) is		b) am	c) are	d) have
EX. (3) Cc	orrect the v	erbs:		
1. I (be) g	oing to buy a	nice book at the book	fair tomorrow.	
2. Our science teacher is going to (taking) us to the lab tomorrow.				
·		ne next year.		
4. She (vi	sit) her aunt t	tomorrow.		
5. I (do) m	ny homework	after school.		
6. Salim and Nasser (meet) their friends next weekend.				

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<u>Unit (12)</u>

<u>Future</u>

(will / could / may + inf.)

EX.(1) Choose the correct answer:

1. Wetravel to Bahrain with my father on business next week.				
a) may	b) will	c) could	d) must	
2. Wego by car because my father can't drive for long distances.				
a) won't	b) may not	c) didn't have to	d) went	
3. My mother	3. My mother visit her old friend whom she missed so much.			
a) may nahj.com/k	b) must	c) will	d) could	
4. I don't know, my father take us in a tour in the place as he is so busy.				
a) may	b) will	c) could	d) must	
EX. (2) Do as shown between brackets:				
1. We may see Mona in the party tomorrow. (Make negative)				
2. Sara will meet us in th	ne club.		(Make negative)	
3. Life could be differen	t in the future.		(Ask a question)	
4. People may live in bul	bbles in the future.		(Ask a question)	
5. I'm sure she (not come) because she plans to attend tomorrow's meeting. (Correct)				

Best Wishes