

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



الملف مذكرة جديدة للوحدة الأولى

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روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس



روابط مواد الصف السادس على تلغرام

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المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

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لتحميل المذكرة كاملة امسح الكود

SCAN ME



Unit 1

اشرح لي

ISHRAHLI.COM

ISLAM TAGEN

الصف السادس (انجليزي)



2021 / 2022

تنويه: تم تصميم المذكرة للدراسة والتدريب على اسئلت الاختبار

أونلاين مع الاسناز / إسلام طاجن

يمكنك الانضمام لكورس شرح أونلاين للتسجيل تواصل على الرقم 97580441

يمكنك شراء المذكرة كاملة من على موقع اشرح لي و يوجد شرح للمذكرة باشتراك شهري رمزي (مع بداية الدراسة)

www.youtube.com/islamtagen & www.ishrahli.com

V. 3.0

Unit one: الوحدة الأولى

A famous artist: رسام/فنان مشهور

الكلمة	المعنى	الكلمة	المعنى
model (n)	نموذج	own (v)	يملك
cot (n)	سرير اطفال	collect (v)	يجمع
palm leaves (n)	ورق / سعف النخيل	move to (phv)	يتجه / يتحرك إلى
show (v)	يظهر / يوضح / يبين	background (n)	الخلفية للصورة
passed away (phv)	مات / توفي	foreground (n)	الأمامية للصورة
soundly (adv)	على نحو سليم / بعمق	middle (n)	منتصف
furniture (n)	اثاث	made of (phv)	مصنوع من
rough (adj)	مضطرب / هائج		

تنبيه: على جميع الطلاب حفظ الكلمات (نطق وكتابه ومعنى) لأنها ستساعدك على فهم واستيعاب المادة دون تعب.

مع أطيب الأمنيات لكم بدوام النجاح والتوفيق

المناهج الكويتية
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Vocabulary : الكلمات

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d: اختار الاجابة الصحيحة من أ،ب،ج،د

- The manazz was made of
a) palm leaves b) foreground c) cot d) background
- Poor people can't cars, villas or planes.
a) show b) own c) make d) move
- Ayoub Hussein was born in 1932 and in 2011.
a) moved to b) passed away c) made of d) showed
- We need to buy for our new house.
a) model b) middle c) furniture d) foreground
- The teacher's table is always in the of the classroom.
a) foreground b) background c) cot d) palm leave
- Artists their great paintings in the museum for all people.
a) pass b) collect c) own d) show
- The sailors can't go to the sea because the sea is today.
a) soundly b) rough c) middle d) model
- The baby slept after he had cried loudly.
a) collect b) move c) make d) soundly

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list: إملأ الفراغات بالكلمات من القائمة

model / cot / palm leaves / show / collect

- 9- My little sister likes going to the beach to shells.
 10- My teachers will an educational video on a big screen in the school.
 11- Baskets are made of and they are cheap.
 12- Sara bought a new for her new born baby.

Homework

C) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 13- Engineers always make to show their clients.
 a) models b) palm leaves c) furniture d) cots
- 14- This door is of wood and glass.
 a) showed b) collected c) made d) owned
- 15- My father will buy new for the new house next week.
 a) middle b) furniture c) cot d) palm leave
- 16- Careful drivers usually drive safely and in the of the road.
 a) foreground b) background c) middle d) model
- 17- After living ten years in Farwanyia, we to Salmiya.
 a) showed b) moved c) made d) collected

D) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

passed away – rough – background – cot - soundly

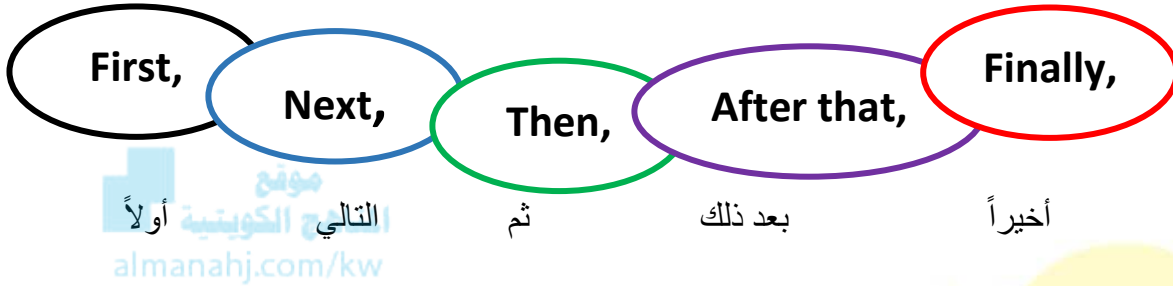
- 18- Babies always sleep at night.
 19- In the of the picture, we can see wide and clean streets.
 20- Today, the sea is very No one can go fishing.
 21- My uncle last week and we all are missing him.

Using Sequencing Words

* نستخدم كلمات التسلسل (للأحداث أو المواقف)

- هي الكلمات التي تساعد على فهم ترتيب الأحداث التي تحدث في القصة.

- نستخدم تلك الكلمات في بداية الجملة ونضع بعدها فاصلة (,).



* What did you do yesterday?

First, I woke up at 6 o'clock. **Next**, I went to school at 7 o'clock. **Then**, I studied English, Arabic and Islamic at school. **After that**, I went home at 2 o'clock. **Finally**, I did my homework and slept early.

C) Fill in the spaces with words from the list: إملأ الفراغات بالكلمات من القائمة

(Next – Finally – First – After that – Then)

* How to make a cup of tea?

1-, we boil some water., serve the water in a cup.

....., put the teabag in the water., add some sugar and milk.

....., add a biscuit and enjoy it.

* Write how you spent your last weekend:-

2-

.....

.....

أعتاد أن / used to

* للتعبير عن العادات التي كانت تحدث في الماضي لكنها لم تعد قائمة في الوقت الحاضر.
نلاحظ ان الفعل بعد (used to) دائما يكون في التصريف الأول للفعل (مصدر).



- He used to play football when he was young.

- اعتاد ان يلعب كرة القدم و هو صغير.

- They used to live in London.

- اعتادوا ان يعيشوا في لندن.

used to نفي/ Negative

* تستخدم صيغة النفي مع used to بهذه الطريقة didn't use to (القيام بشيء في الماضي)

- He didn't use to sing in the past.

- لم يعتاد على الغناء في الماضي.

used to / Ask a question عند تكوين سؤال في جملة بها

* عند تكوين السؤال يجب ان يتبع ترتيب معين كالتالي:

1	2	3	4	5	6	?
أداة الاستفهام ما/ ماذا-What أين - Where متى - When لماذا - Why كيف - How من - Who	فعل مساعد did	الفاعل أول الجملة	use to	الفعل (مصدر)	باقي الجملة ماعد الاجابة	

3- **Sara** used to read **stories** on **Fridays**. (اسأل سؤال – Ask a question)

A) **What** did Sara use to read on Fridays?

B) **When** did Sara use to read stories?

C) **Who** used to read stories on Fridays?

نلاحظ في السؤال الأخير حذفنا الاسم و استخدمنا أداة الاستفهام (who) بمعنى (من) تسأل عن الفاعل.

Do as shown between the brackets: افعل كما هو مبين بين الأقواس:

4- She used to sleep late.

(Make negative) انفي الجملة

.....

5- In the past, people (not use to) drive cars.

(Correct the verb) صحح الفعل

.....

6- Fahd used to travel to USA in summer.

(Ask a question) اسأل سؤال

.....

.....

.....

إس الملكية / Possessive 's



* عندما تريد ان تقول ان شيء ما تعود ملكيته لشخص ما نستخدم ('s) على النحو التالي:

مع الاسم المفرد	مع الاسم الجمع المنتهي بـ s
The boy's book كتاب الولد	girls' class صف البنات
Islam's phone هاتف إسلام	Kids' toys ألعاب الأطفال
My uncle's car سيارة عمي	Babies' milk حليب الأطفال

* و لكن في حالة الاسم الجمع الذي لا ينتهي بـ s يعامل كالتالي:

The children's garden حديقة الأطفال

The women's hats قبعات النساء

James's room غرفة جيمس

Charles's books كتب شارلز

* توجد بعض الأسماء المفرد التي يصدق انها تنتهي بـ s و تعامل كالتالي

Choose the correct answer: اختر الاجابة الصحيحة

7- I live in my (parents' – parents – parents's) house with my brother Samir. He is a good painter. (Faris – Faris' – Faris's) teachers love him because he is a clever boy. Seif is his best friend at school. (Seifs – Seif's – Seifs') favourite hobby is painting, too. They say that art is very important for (people's – peoples – peoples') life.

Homework

8- They used to work in a factory. (Make negative)

.....

9- We saw (Ahmed car) in the parking. (Correct)

.....

10- He didn't use to (watched) TV on Friday. (Correct)

.....

11- She used to drink coffee in the past. (Ask a question)

.....

Reading Comprehension (1)

Read the following text carefully then answer the question below:

Did you know that heating and cooling can change objects? Some changes can be **reversed**, which means the objects can go back to the way it was before it was heated up or cooled down. Other changes cannot be reversed, which means the object cannot go back to how it was before it was heated up or cooled down.

Water can go through reversible changes when it is heated or cooled. When water is heated up, it starts to boil, and then turn into water vapour. If you collect the water vapour and cool it down, it will turn back into water. When water is cooled down a lot, it will turn into ice. If you heat the ice back up, it will turn into water again.

Have you ever watched someone cook an egg? Eggs go through a change that cannot be reversed when they are heated. When the liquid egg white is heated, **it** turns into a solid. If you let the egg cool back down, though, the egg white will not turn back into a liquid.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) What is the best title for this text?

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| a) Floating Objects | b) Strong Materials |
| c) Objects Changes | d) Liquid Eggs |

2) What is the meaning of the underlined word **reversed** in the 1st paragraph?

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| a) cooled down | b) went back |
| c) heated up | d) backed up |

3) The underlined pronoun **it** in the **last** paragraph refers to:

- | | | | |
|--------|-----------|----------|--------|
| a) ice | b) vapour | c) water | d) egg |
|--------|-----------|----------|--------|

4) When we cool vapour, it

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| a) cook eggs | b) collects heat |
| c) changes into water | d) starts to boil |

5) All the following statements are **NOT TRUE** except:

- a) Only water can be heated.
- b) Ice can be changed into water.
- c) Cooling only can change objects.
- d) All changes can be reversed.

6) The writer's purpose of writing this text is to:

- a) describe the liquid eggs.
- b) tell us about cooling materials.
- c) explain how objects change.
- d) talk about vapour changes.

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b) With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:

7- When does water turn into vapour?

.....
.....

8- Which object can't go back if changed?

.....
.....

Spelling / الإملاء

* في هذا السؤال توجد كلمة **غير مرتبة الأحرف** و المطلوب إعادة كتابتها بالشكل الصحيح (أول حرف و آخر حرف صح)

Re-write the underlined words correctly:

- 1- To me, it's an exciting hobby to **celoclt** old coins.
- 2- I can't buy this **frnuitrue** because it is very expensive.
- 3- The baby slept **suonldy** after drinking milk.
- 4- Chairs and tables are furniture which are **mdoaef** wood.

نموذج إجابة للوحدة الأولى / Model answer (Unit 1)

إجابة سؤال الكلمات – Vocabulary



1 palm leaves	7 rough	13 models	19 background
2 own	8 soundly	14 made	20 rough
3 passed away	9 collect	15 furniture	21 passed away
4 furniture	10 show	16 middle	
5 foreground	11 palm leaves	17 moved	
6 show	12 cot	18 soundly	

إجابة سؤال القواعد – Grammar

1- First – Next – Then – After that – Finally

2- First, I woke up late. Next, I ate my breakfast in the kitchen. Then, I played football with my friends. After that, I played video games with my brother. Finally, I went to bed at 11:00.

4- She didn't use to sleep late.

5- didn't use to

6- Who used to travel in Summer? / Where did Fahd use to travel in Summer? / When did Fahd use to travel to USA?

7- parents' – Faris's – Seif's – people's

8- They didn't use to work in a factory.

9- Ahmed's car

10- watch

11- What did she use to drink in the past? / When did she use to drink coffee?

إجابة سؤال القطعة – Reading Comprehension

1- c

2- b

3- d

4- c

5- b

6- c

7- When water is heated up, it starts to boil, and then turn into water vapour.

8- Eggs can't go back if changed.

إجابة سؤال الإملاء – Spelling

1- collect

2- furniture

3- soundly

4- made of

إجابة سؤال التعبير – Writing

Ayoub Hussein

born in Kuwait

used to be a teacher

Kuwait museum

Ayoub Hussein was a famous artist. He was born in Kuwait. He used to be a teacher. He worked in the Kuwait museum. He used to build models of old Kuwaiti buildings. He passed away at the age of 79.