

## الملف مذكرة شاملة للقواعد والتمارين

هوقع المناهج ص المناهج الكويتية ص الهف السادس ص لغة انحليزية ص الفصـل الأول


المزيد من الملفات بحسب الهف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول
مذكرة رائعة للكورس الأول في مادة اللغة الانكليزية
مذكرة رائعة ومفيدة في مادة اللغة الانكليزية حل كتاب الطالب لعام 2018_كامل حل كتاب التـريبيات كامل لعام $2018 ـ$

معاني كلمات الهف السادس لعام 2018


## Unit 1 - A Famous Artist

Lesson (1)
"Ayoub Hussein"
S.B. (P. 17)

| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| model (n.) |  | palm leaves (n.) |  |
| show (v.) |  | passed away (v.) |  |
| soundly (adv.) |  | $\boldsymbol{\operatorname { c o t }}$ (n.) |  |
| made of (v.) |  |  |  |

## Vocabulary

## A) - Choose the correct answers from $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}$ and d:

1. In Kuwait Museum, you can see clay. $\qquad$ of old Kuwaiti buildings.
a) models
b) palm leaves
c) cots
d) decades
2. Our research $\qquad$ us that women were more interested in their health than men.
a) passed away
b) made
c) showed
d) used to
3. In the past, babies used to sleep in a manazz made of
a) models
b) palm leaves
c) cots
d) decades
4. Sara is terribly sad because her father $\qquad$ last week.
a) passed away
b) made
c) showed
d) used to
5. Be quiet! Your sister is sleeping soundly in her $\qquad$
a) model
b) palm leaf
c) $\cot$
d) decade
B) - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(cot - passed away - made of - palm leaves - show - soundly)
6. I slept very $\qquad$ thank you - the bed was really comfortable.
7. These photos $\qquad$ the effects of chemicals on trees.
8. Mr. Smith $\qquad$ peacefully in his sleep at the age of 98 .
9. Traditional Japanese houses were $\qquad$ wood.
10. My mum has bought a nice $\qquad$ for my baby sister.

## Grammar

## Used to

اعئاد على

used to + اعتاد على شيء في الماضي (إبّات) - (اصل الفعل)

I used to play tennis, but now I play volleyball.
لم يعتاد على (نفي) - didn't use to

Aya didn't use to drink milk in the past, but now she does.

```
Did
``` \(\qquad\)
``` use to
``` \(\qquad\)
``` ? السؤال عز عادة يـ الماضي
```

Did you use to visit your grandparents when you were a child?

- Ahmad used to drink coffee when he was 15.
- Fatima used to eat a lot of sweets, but now she doesn't.
- I didn't use to live in a big house.
- Where did you use to work in the past?

Choose the correct answer from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d:

1. Nour. $\qquad$ live in Canada. Now, he lives in Kuwait.
a) uses to
b) used to
c) using to
d) use to
2. I didn't $\qquad$ to eat fish 2 years ago.
a) uses to
b) used to
c) using to
d) use to
3. We used to $\qquad$ .TV in the evening.
a) watching
b) watched
c) watches
d) watch
4. They used to $\qquad$ English stories at bedtime.
a) read
b) reading
c) reads
d) will read
5. My mother $\qquad$ ..cook by herself, but now I help her.
a) use to
b) used to
c) is used to
d) uses to

## Negative

used to + base verb

e.g.: Hassan used to ride bicycles when he was 15 .

Hassan didn't use to ride bicycles when he was 15.
All's well that ends well!

## Question

used to + base verb

did + subject + use to + base verb?
e.g.: Mona used to live by the sea. Where did Mona use to live?

Do as shown in the brackets:

1. Fahd used to go to school by bus.
a.
b.
(Make negative)
(Ask a question)
2. Khalid used to be a fisherman.
a.
b. $\qquad$
3. Reem used to travel to Damascus in summer.
a.
b. $\qquad$
4. Omar used to go camping on Fridays.
a.
b. $\qquad$
5. Messi used to play in England.
a. $\qquad$
b. $\qquad$

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| furniture (n.) |  |
| rough (adj.) |  |
| own (v.) |  |


| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :---: |
| collect (v) |  |
| move to (v.) |  |
|  |  |

## Vocabulary

## A) Choose the correct answer from $\mathbf{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathbf{c}$ and d:

1. I helped my parents choose the new $\qquad$ for our new house.
a) palm leaves
b) model
c) furniture
d) house
2. Many ships went down because the sea was $\qquad$
a) rough
b) tasty
c) calm
d) large
3. Sam $\qquad$ a popular tourist restaurant on the town's waterfront
a) collects
b) owns
c) moves
d) shows
4. We walked along the beach $\qquad$ small crabs in a bucket.
a) owning
b) collecting
c) moving
d) showing
5. I'm thinking of $\qquad$ .to a new house; my house is very small.
a) owning
b) collecting
c) moving
d) showing
B) - Fill in the sentences with words from the list:
(moved to - furniture - own - rough - collect - soundly)
6. Rich people usually. $\qquad$ cars, villas and a lot of money.
7. Chairs, tables and beds are all kinds of $\qquad$
8. Some people shells, stones, coins and stamps as a hobby.
9. I can't go swimming or diving today because the sea is $\qquad$
10. Our new neighbours $\qquad$ their new house a week ago.
[^0]| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| foreground (n.) |  | middle (n) |  |
| background (n.) |  |  |  |

## Vocabulary

A) Choose the correct answer from $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}$ and d :

1. You can see the sun in the $\qquad$ of the picture.
a) foreground
b) background
c) furniture
d) model
2. The sand of the beach appears in the $\qquad$ of a picture.
a) model
b) furniture
c) foreground
d) palm leaves
3. The teacher's table is always in the $\qquad$ of the classroom.
a) middle
b) background
c) foreground
d) $\cot$
4. Don't walk in the $\qquad$ of the street. Cars are coming fast!
a) middle
b) background
c) foreground
d) model
B) Fill in the gaps with the most suitable words from the list
(backgrounds - middle - furniture - foreground)
5. The artist did not paint the $\qquad$ to his pictures - they were done by his pupils.
6. What do those marks in the $\qquad$ of the road mean?
7. The woman in the $\qquad$ of the painting is the artist's mother.
[^1]
## Grammar

## Possessive (s)

```
| \لملكية نستخدم (s') حيث توضع قبل الاسم املموك و تبي أن الاسم الذي بعدها ملك الشخخص الذي قبلها كما يلى:
```

| - Wafaa's book | كتاب وفاء |  | تضاف ال ('s') بين الاسمين لتدل على الملكية |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Mohammed's pen | قلم عحمد |  |  |
| $=\text { Men's shoes }$ | أحذية رجال |  |  |
| - Boys' clothes | ملابس أولاد |  |  |

Choose the correct answers from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d:

1. $\qquad$ teachers love her so much because she's a clever girl.
a) Dana's
b) Dana
c) Danas'
d) Danas's
2. I live in my $\qquad$ .house with my brother, Faris.
a) parent's
b) parents
c) parents's
d) parents'
3. The $\qquad$ room is very clean. He is very happy with it.
a) boy
b) boys
c) boy's
d) boys'
4. The $\qquad$ clothes were clean. Their mothers washed them.
a) girl
b) girls
c) girls'
d) girl's
5. My .........................name is Fahad; he's from Syria.
a) friend's
b) friend
c) friends
d) friends'
6. I think art is very important for. $\qquad$
a) people
b) peoples'
c) people's
d) peoples
7. Our $\qquad$ .toys are everywhere!
a) childrens
b) children's
c) children
d) childrens'
8. We are having a party at $\qquad$ house.
a) John's
b) John
c) Johns'
d) Johns
*****************************************************************************

## Reading Comprehension

## Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

If you like snow and ice, maybe you should stay at the Ice Hotel in Quebec, Canada. But, you can only check in to the Ice Hotel during the winter. Why? Because this hotel is made entirely of ice.

This amazing hotel is built every December. It has 32 rooms, and 80 people can stay there each night. The hotel has a movie theater and an art gallery. Of course, all of these parts of the hotel are made of ice. In fact, all the furniture, art, lights, and even plates and drinking glasses are made of ice.

Because this hotel is so unusual, it has become very famous. People from all over the world come to the Ice Hotel to look at the fantastic ice arts, enjoy drinks and delicious foods from designer ice dishes. They also enjoy a lovely time.

Because of all the ice, the temperature inside the hotel is always between -2 and $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. In the freezing cold hotel rooms, sleeping is not a problem. Every guest gets a special cold weather sleeping bag and some fur blankets. These keep them warm until morning.

## A) - Choose the best completion from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. What is the best title for this passage?
a. Skiing
b. Canada
c. Ice Arts
d. The Ice Hotel
2. What is the meaning of the underlined word '"entirely"' in paragraph $\mathbf{1}$ ?
a. quickly
b. slowly
c. easily
d. completely
3. The underlined pronoun 'these"' in paragraph 4 refers to:
a. winter coats
b. hotel rooms
c. only fur blankets
d. fur blankets and sleeping bags
4. Which part of the hotel you probably find ice arts?
a. art gallery
b. restaurant
c. sleeping bag
d. movie theatre
5. The writer's purpose of writing this text is to:
a. Explain how one can sleep well.
b. Show how people enjoy the time in winter.
c. Discuss problems of cold weather.
d. Describe how ice glasses are made.
6. All the following statements are NOT TRUE except:
a. The ice-hotel is built once every year
b. Eighty people can stay there each week.
c. Not all parts of the hotel are made of ice.
d. People can't sleep in the Ice Hotel during winter

## B) Answer the following questions:

7. Why is sleeping not a problem at the Ice Hotel?
8. What do you think happens to the hotel in the spring?

## Writing

Plan and write one paragraph (of not less than $\underline{6}$ sentences) about " Kuwait in the Past ". The following guide words might help you:
(simple - small houses - fishermen - wash clothes - babies sleep - museum)


## Writing

Plan and write one paragraph (of not less than $\underline{6}$ sentences) about "Your Favourite Hobby". The following guide words might help you: (hobby - free time - need - teacher - old Kuwait - interesting)


# Unit 2 - An Advertisement for Kuwait 

Unit: 2
Lesson (1)
S.B. (P.23)

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| advertisement (n.) |  |
| aquarium (n.) |  |
| happily (adv.) |  |


| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| businessman (n.) |  |
| sphere (n.) |  |
| feed (v.) |  |

## Vocabulary

A) - Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. To sell your car, you can post a/an. $\qquad$ in Al-Waseet Newspaper or on any site.
a) advertisement
b) aquarium
c) palm leaves
d) businessman
2. After nine years in London, we moved to Scotland where we lived ever after.
a) slowly
b) soundly
c) suddenly
d) happily
3. For many years, he was a successful $\qquad$ running his own small business.
a) advertisement
b) aquarium
c) palm leaves
d) businessman
4. Most babies can $\qquad$ themselves by the time they're a year old.
a) feed
b) own
c) collect
d) show
5. I enjoyed watching divers feeding the sharks inside the $\qquad$
a) advertisement
b) aquarium
c) palm leaves
d) businessman
B) - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(advertisement - sphere - feed - businessman - aquarium)
6. Last week, we had an entertaining tour in the. $\qquad$
7. Omar was a successful $\qquad$ before becoming a writer.
8. I usually $\qquad$ the neighbor's cat while she's away.
9. I put a/an. $\qquad$ in the paper to sell my bike but I haven't had any takers.
[^2]
## Grammar

Unit: 2
Lesson (2)
S.B. (P.24)

## if First Conditional <br> if

 الحالة الاشتزاطية الأولى| If | مصنارع بسيط | will + verb |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |


| If | you study hard, | you will get high marks. |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| If | Salma invites me, | I will enjoy the party. |


| You will get high marks | if | you study hard. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| I will enjoy the party | if | Salma invites me. |

Choose the correct answer from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d :

1. If Majid comes early, I him.
a. meet
b. meets
c. will meet
d. would meet
2. You $\qquad$ in if you are late to class.
a. will come
b. won't come
c. come
d. came
3. If my father says something, I his words.
a. would follow
b. follow
c. will follow
d. followed
4. If you read books, you more knowledge.
a. got
b. gets
c. would get
d. will get
5. If I get full mark in the exam, Dad $\qquad$ me a present.
a. bought
b. buys
c . is buying
d. will buy
6. If Sara $\qquad$ Kuwait in February, she will have fun.
a. visit
b. visits
c . is visiting
d. visited

Do as shown in brackets:

1. If he plays well, he. $\qquad$ (win) the match.
2. If you study hard, you. $\qquad$ (get) high marks.
3. If my sister gets bad marks, my parents.
(be) angry.
4. If I go out tonight, I (go) to the theatre.
5. If the weather $\qquad$ (be) nice tomorrow, we will go to the zoo.
6. If they go to bed late, they $\qquad$ (be) tired in the morning.
7. If my friend visits me,
8. If my mother feels ill,
*****************************************************************************
Unit: 2 Lesson (3)
S.B. (P.27)

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| scuba diving (n.) |  |
| tasty (adj.) |  |
| exciting (adj.) |  |


| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| old-fashioned (adj.) |  |
| show (n.) |  |
|  |  |

## Vocabulary

A) - Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. Dana won an Olympic gold medal for $\qquad$
$\qquad$
a) model b) scuba diving
c) sphere
2. 
3. I will always remember those ............................ cakes made by my Grandma.
a. rough
b) old-fashioned
c) tasty
d) rich
4. Jumanji is a / an. $\qquad$ movie. We should go out tonight and watch it.
a) exciting
b) exhausted
c) rich
d) tasty
5. My grandfather likes to keep all his $\qquad$ belongings in the basement.
a. rough
b) old-fashioned
c) tasty
d) rich
6. We can either eat now or after the $\qquad$ - it's up to you.
a) $\cot$
b) sphere
c) businessman
d) show
B) - Fill in the spaces with words from the list: (show - tasty - old-fashioned - exciting - scuba diving)
7. My mum still likes wearing $\qquad$ .clothes.
8. I've got some very $\qquad$ news for you. I passed the test easily.
9. Fast food is $\qquad$ and easy to make, but it is full of fat.
10. The circus has been described as the greatest $\qquad$ on earth.

## All's well that ends well!

Unit: 2
Lesson (3)
Grammar

> Sequencing words
> كلaات الثنايع
> " يتعرف الطالب على الكلمات الدالة على ترتيب اللاحداث هِ الماضي:

|  | First, yyi | First, I washed and prayed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Then, $\dot{\epsilon}$ | Then, I had my breakfast. |
|  | Next, بیt 27 | Next, I went to school. |
|  | After that, بعد ذلل | After that, we studied useful things. |
|  | Finally, أخرا | Finally, we went back home happily. |

Complete the following paragraph with sequence words:

## "How to make a good cup of tea"

boil some water. $\qquad$ put one teaspoon of tea in a teapot. $\qquad$ , pour the boiling water into the pot and wait for five minutes. , stir the tea and pour it into the cup. Enjoy your cup of tea. you will feel refreshed.

## Connectors <br> كلمات الربط

- SO للك (بحلها نتيهم)

بـبـبـ
-
Ali was ill. He went to the doctor.
Ali was ill so he went to the doctor.


Ali went to the doctor. He was ill.
Ali went to the doctor because he was ill.

```
"and (%)
```

Sara got up early. She helped her mother.
Sara got up early and she helped her mother.


Salma likes fish. Mona doesn't like fish.
Salma likes fish, but Mona doesn't like fish.

## Examples

1. I like playing the oud and the guitar.
2. She came home while we were studying English.
3. The boys didn't go out because it was raining.
4. It was raining, so the boys didn't go out.
5. Would you like having cheese or egg for breakfast?
6. If you study, you will pass your exams.

## Choose the correct answer from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d :

1. Would you buy me the blue case $\qquad$ the white one?
a) and
b) so
c) or
d) because
2. The men came in $\qquad$ their wives were cooking at homes.
a) if
b) because
c) and
d) while
3. My sister passed her exams I gave her a present.
a) because
b) $\mathbf{S o}$
c) if
d) or
4. They won't help you you don't ask them to.
a) while
b) if
c) and
d) So
5. They have a nice villa with a garage .a beautiful garden.
a) because
b) or
c) and
d) if
6. I got high marks $\qquad$ I studied well all the year long.
a) because
b) so
c) if
d) while
7. Dad arrived home $\qquad$ Mum was preparing dinner.
a) if
b) because
c) and
d) while

## Do as shown in brackets:

1. Nasser can't run fast. He is very fat.
(Use: because)
2. She was very ill. She went to the doctor.
(Use: so)
3. Usama is good at tennis. He lost yesterday's game.
(Use: but)
4. I found some shells. I was walking on the beach.
(Join: while)
5. You will miss the bus. You get up late.
(Join: if)
6. My teacher was angry. I didn't do my homework.
(Join: because)
7. The exam is difficult. They can answer it.
8. They studied hard. They got high marks.
*****************************************************************************

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| miss (v.) |  |
| price (n.) |  |
| edition (n.) |  |


| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| deal (n.) |  |
| browser (n.) |  |
|  |  |

## Vocabulary

## A) - Choose the correct answers from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d:

1. I the start of the class because my bus was late.
a) fed
b) collected
c) owned
d) missed
2. Ticket $\qquad$ start from 100 KD. I will book one.
a) browsers
b) cots
c) prices
d) editions
3. Don't miss the latest $\qquad$ of iPhone 13. It's really amazing!
a) sphere
b) edition
c) browser
d) businessman
4. I'll do a $\qquad$ with you - you wash the car and I'll let you use it tonight.
a) deal
b) $\cot$
c) browser
d) model
5. The latest version of the $\qquad$ allows you to listen to the radio while you surf the net.
a) deal
b) $\cot$
c) browser
d) model
B) - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(miss - edition - happily - price - deal - browser)
6. The $\qquad$ of crude oil has risen over the last few months.
7. The errors were corrected in the book's second $\qquad$
8. If you the deadline, you'll have to pay a fine.
9. Clicking on this link will open a new $\qquad$ window.
10. Under the terms of the $\qquad$ , the band has to make two albums a year.


## Reading Comprehension

## Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

Scientists have been inventing things for years. Those inventions have made life easy and simple. Life is better and comfortable than before. In the past, people lived a hard life.

There weren't any air conditioners to keep their homes cool in summer or to keep them warm in winter. There were no washing machines or fridges. Before inventing the plane, most people traveled by cars, boats, and trains.

Today, airplanes help people travel to long distances faster and easier. Before inventing the telephone, people kept in touch by writing letters or talking to each other face to face. Today, they can send messages using mobiles. They can chat with other people all over the world through the net. Computers have made it easy for people to get information, do research, play games or take photos. Inventions have made our life easy, simple and more comfortable. The Internet has made the world as a small village. It is useful and harmful at the same time.

## A) - Choose the correct word from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. What is the best title for the passage?
a) Great Inventions
b) Famous People
c) Computers
d) Science
2. The opposite of the underlined word "hard" in the $1^{\text {st }}$ paragraph is
a) easy
b) comfortable
c) difficult
d) simple
3. The underlined pronoun "they"' in the $3^{\text {rd }}$ paragraph refers to
a) mobiles
b) people
c) researches
d) messages
4. The computer is used:
a) at schools
b) at hospitals
c) everywhere
d) in the markets
5. The purpose of the writer in this passage is:
a) scientists waste their time
b) inventions make our life difficult
c) life is very complicated
d) inventions make our life easy
6. According to the passage, all the following statements are NOT TRUE except.
a) the Internet is always useful
b) the Internet is bad for people
c) the Internet is harmful
d) the Internet is useful when using it well
B)- Answer the following questions:
7. How did people keep in touch in the past?
8. Why is the Internet useful?

## Writing

Plan and write one paragraph (of not less than $\underline{6}$ sentences) about "Famous Places in Kuwait":

## The following guide words might help you:

(lovely country - famous places - aquarium - old buildings - Dickson House - have fun)


## Unit 3 - A Local Television Programme

Lesson (1)
SB: P: 29

| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| actor (n.) |  | remember (v.) |  |
| episode (n.) |  | receptionist (n.) |  |
| broken (adj.) |  | hit (v.) |  |
| frightened (adj.) |  | leave (v.) |  |
| safety (n.) |  | hastily (adv.) | , |
| x-ray (v.) |  |  | $\checkmark$ |

## Vocabulary

## A) - Choose the correct answers from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathbf{c}$ and d :

1. Bab Al Hara is my favourite TV series - I never miss a/an
a) actor
b) episode
c) sphere
d) $\cot$
2. After watching the scary movie, I felt $\qquad$ and I couldn't sleep at night.
a) broken
b) frightened
c) sleepy
d) dizzy
3. Adnan had an x-ray to see if any of his bones were
a) rough
b) tasty
c) old-fashioned
d) broken
4. For your own $\qquad$ please do not smoke inside the plane.
a) episode
b) actor
c) safety
d) deal
5. The problem was only discovered when the doctor. $\qquad$ her lungs.
a) x-rayed
b) fed
c) remembered
d) hit
B) - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(leaving - receptionist - actor - hastily - hit - remember)
6. I've met him so many times and I still can't $\qquad$ his name.
7. When you get here, the $\qquad$ will direct you to my office.
8. They were going about 60 km an hour when their car $\qquad$ the tree.
9. Before $\qquad$ the train, make sure you have all your belongings with you.
10. Car drivers shouldn't drive $\qquad$ .on busy roads, especially near schools.

Unit :3
Lesson (2)
S.B. (P.30)

Grammar

## Past Simple Tense

- يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاتي:

|  | المعنى | المضارع | الماضي |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | تصريف اول | تصريف تانج |
| أفعال منتظمة | يصلي | pray | prayed |
|  | تطبخ | cook | cooked |
|  | يرقص | dance | danced |
| Jeal غير منتطمة | يأكل | eat | ate |
|  | يشرب | drink | drank |
|  | يرى | see | saw |

= الاثبات:

- She danced nicely yesterday.
- We met Sara last week.
= النفي:
" لنفي جملة بلالماضي البسيط نضع didn’t قبل الeعل م نضع النعل في المصلر:
- She didn't dance nicely yesterday.
- We didn't meet Sara last week.
= السؤال:
- I walked yesterday.
- When did you walk?
- Yes, Arab Muslims ruled Spain.
- Did Arab Muslims rule Spain?
" يعبر الماضي البسيط عن حدث ت هي وقت عحدد في الماضي و يأي مع:

| yesterday | أمس | Last...... | فـاضي |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| In the past | ago | الماضي |  |

Correct the verbs in brackets:

1. I $\qquad$ (eat) dinner at 7 o'clock yesterday.
2. My neighbour $\qquad$ (buy) a new car last week.
3. My family and I $\qquad$ (watch) a nice movie last night.
4. What time $\qquad$ (do) you get up this morning?
5. When I was young, I $\qquad$ (not drink) coffee.
6. The Wright brothers $\qquad$ (fly) the first airplane in 1903.
7. Ayoub Hussein. $\qquad$ (build) models of old houses in the past.


## Question Formation

Question word

Who's that man? » That's Peter.
Where do you live? » In London.
Why are you here? » Because I need you.
When do you study? » At night.
What do you eat for breakfast? » Cereals.
What time do you finish work? » At 6.
How are you ? » I'm fine.
How often do you go to the gym? » Every day.
How old is your sister? » She's 27.

Fill in the spaces with the suitable question words:

1. .............................called you? - Omar called me.
a) Why
b) Where
c) When
d) Who
2. did you come back home? - I came back home last night.
a) Why
b) Where
c) When
d) Who
3. do you have in your pocket? - I have a key and a pen.
a) Whose
b) What
c) Why
d) How
4...........................were you absent yesterday? - I was absent yesterday because I was ill.
a) Whose
b) What
c) Why
d) How
4. .do you live? - I live in Abdullah Al-Mubarak Area.
a) Why
b) Where
c) When
d) Who
5. 

do you go to school every day? - I go to school by car.
a) Whose
b) What
c) Why
d) How

## Asking about the past:

(a question word + did+ subject + infinitive $\mathrm{V}^{0}+$ ?)

* Rami won the race last month.

* Lina bought a new camera yesterday. $\sim$ What did Lina buy yesterday?

Do as shown in the brackets:

1. My mother went shopping last weekend.
(Ask a question)
2. She forgot her books at home.
(Ask a question)
3. The man broke his leg yesterday.
(Ask a question)
4. The cat hid under the table.
(Ask a question)
5. Saleh saw a lion in the zoo.
(Ask a question)
6. Yes, I watched the football match.
(Ask a question)

| Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| daughter (n.) |  |


| Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| worried (adj.) |  |

## Vocabulary

A) - Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. I felt $\qquad$ before the exam because I didn't study well.
a) worried
b) broken
c) rough
d) tasty
2. My sister has two cute kids, a son and a $\qquad$
a) businessman
b) daughter
c) sphere
d) browser
**********************************************************************************

## Grammar

Linking words: "so / because":

## So and Because


is used to show consequences or results. This means that the second part of the sentence is a result of the first part.

Examples:
My knees started hurting so I stopped running.

I was lost so I bought a map.

Becen me it is used to show reasons It can answer the question "why". It is followed by the reason or cause.

Examples:
I stopped running because my knees started hurting.

I bought a map because I was lost.

- I was tired, so I stayed at home.
- I stayed at home because I was tired.
- The girl was hungry, so she ate a sandwich.
- The girl ate a sandwich because she was hungry.

Do as shown in brackets:

1. We are studying English. We have an exam next week.
(Join: because)
2. They were in a hurry. They needed to arrive early.
(Join: because)
3. It is raining outside. I won't go out today.
(Join: so)
4. My friend was absent today. I will pay him a visit tonight.
(Join: so)

Unit: 3
Lesson (4)
S.B. (P.32)

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| programme (n.) |  |
| cartoon (n.) |  | | prefer (v.) | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

## Vocabulary

A) - Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. In today's $\qquad$ , we'll be giving you advice on how to keep fit.
a) furniture
b) programme
c) middle
d) sphere
2. Ali started drawing $\qquad$ when he was still at school.
a) cartoons
b) $\operatorname{cots}$
c) models
d) deals
3. Most of my friends take the bus to school, but I $\qquad$ to walk.
a) collect
b) miss
c) feed
d) prefer
B) - Fill in the spaces with words from the list: (programmes - hit - cartoons - prefers)
4. The kids spend their Saturdays watching $\qquad$
5. More and more people are watching cookery on TV.
6. Dana $\qquad$ to wear clothes made of natural cotton.

## Grammar

## Gerund (-ing)

* يضاف للفعل(ing) بعد الكلمات الآتية:



## I like watching television.

## I prefer listening to music.

I enjoy reading stories.

Correct the verbs between the brackets:

1. Ali enjoys (play) $\qquad$ tennis.
2. I like (have) $\qquad$ grilled chicken.
3. Dana prefers (paint) $\qquad$ pictures.
4. We prefer (run) $\qquad$ on the beach.
5. Sara likes (cook) $\qquad$ different kinds of food.

## Reading Comprehension

## Read the following passage, and then answer the questions below:

A tree is a tall plant with a trunk and branches made of wood. Trees can live for many years. The four main parts of a tree are the roots, the trunk, the branches and the leaves. Trees are a part of every living being's life. They are the provider of oxygen to the world. They give out oxygen. We need oxygen to breathe and to live. Trees are important because they purify the air. They clean the air from the dust to keep the atmosphere clear and fresh.

Trees are used to make paper, medicine and furniture. People in the village make their food by burning woods. Trees are also the homes for many animals. Also, birds make their nests and live there. Trees are a safe place for birds and animals in hot and humid weather. The shadow of trees helps people and animals feel cool in hot sunny days. Trees are so valuable; we should plant more and encourage people to grow more trees on this planet.

## A) - Choose the correct answer from $\mathbf{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d :

1. The suitable title for the passage is
a. Humid Weather
b. Birds and Animals
c. Making Medicine
d. Valuable Trees
2. The underlined pronoun "their"' in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ paragraph refers to
a. birds
b. homes
c. trees
d. animals
3. The underlined word '"provider"' in the $1^{\text {st }}$ paragraph means $\qquad$
a. user
b. giver
c. keeper
d. taker
4. The shadow of trees helps people and animals
a. make medicine
b. breathe
c. feel cool
d. build homes
5. According to the passage, all the following sentences are TRUE except
a) Trees are used to make furniture.
b) A tree has four main parts.
c) Trees live for many years.
d) Villagers burn leaves to cook food.
6. The purpose of the writer in writing this passage is to
a) show the importance of trees.
b) tell us about oxygen.
c) encourage people to cut down trees.
d) inform us about making paper.

## B) - Answer the following questions:

7. How do trees purify the air?
8. Why do you think we should plant more trees?

## Writing

Plan and write one paragraph (of not less than $\underline{6}$ sentences) about " A Car Accident ". The following guide words might help you: (very fast - hit - 112 - ambulance - x-rayed - police)


## Unit 4 - World of Water

Lesson 1:
Potable Water
Page: 37 / 38

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| desalination plant (n.) |  |
| dirty (adj.) |  |
| expensive (adj.) |  |
| factory (n.) |  |
| waste (v.) |  |


| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| carefully (adv.) |  |
| rich (adj.) |  |
| take out (v.) |  |
| hold (v.) |  |
|  |  |

## Vocabulary

A) - Choose the correct answers from $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}$ and d :

1. Each year, $\qquad$ water causes millions of cases of illness in poor countries.
a) rich
b) expensive
c) dirty
d) tasty
2. Giving every patient an annual anti-flu injection would be
a) rich
b) expensive
c) dirty
d) tasty
3. There is a large car $\qquad$ where many of the local people work.
a) scuba diving
b) price
c) episode
d) factory
4. Leaving the heating on all the time $\qquad$ .electricity.
a) wastes
b) holds
c) takes out
d) collects
5. Knives and sharp tools must be used $\qquad$
a) finally
b) suddenly
c) soundly
d) carefully
6. Doctors say that pineapple juice is $\qquad$ in vitamins A and B.
a) tasty
b) old-fashioned
c) broken
d) rich
B) - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(takes out - rich - carefully - wasted - desalination plants - hold - factory)
7. Can you $\qquad$ the bag while I open the door?
8. Car drivers should drive $\qquad$ on busy roads, especially near schools.
9. Kuwait built. $\qquad$ to get drinking water from sea water.
10. A desalination plant $\qquad$ salt from the sea water.
11. Doctors advise us to eat red meat; it is a / an $\qquad$ .source of iron.
12. The company. $\qquad$ .millions of dollars on a computer system that never worked.

## Relative pronouns:

## Who or which?

| who (People) | which (Things) |
| :---: | :---: |
| تحل عحل الفاعل العاقل | عحل عحل غير العاقل (الحيوانات و الأثياء) |
|  |  |
| - This is the man. He helped me. <br> - This the man who helped me. | - I bought that book. It's very interesting. <br> - I bought that book which is very interesting. |

who
$\Longrightarrow$ for people
which $\rightleftharpoons$ for things and animals
e.g.: The man who is speaking is my brother.
e.g.: This is the house which has 50 rooms.
e.g.: A giraffe is an animal which has a long neck.
e.g.: People who live in poor countries don't have clean water.

Choose the correct answer from $a, b, c$ and $d:$

1. My friends $\qquad$ were born in Spain came to Kuwait.
a) which
b) where
c) who
d) when
2. This is the boy won the race.
a) which
b) where
c) who
d) when
3. I enjoyed reading the book $\qquad$ .I bought last week.
a) which
b) where
c) who
d) when
4. My teacher is the man $\qquad$ is walking over there.
a) which
b) where
c) who
d) when
5. That is the car $\qquad$ the thieves tried to steal.
a) which
b) where
c) who
d) when

Do as shown in brackets:

1. I liked this computer. It was a gift from my Dad on my birthday.
(Join with "which")
2. I played new games. They are very interesting.
(Join with "which")
3. That is the policeman. He helped us a lot yesterday.
(Join with "who")
4. Adel and Ahmed are our teachers. They teach us English.
(Join with "who")

Lesson: 3
The Iceberg
Page: 39

| Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| iceberg (n.) |  | | melt (v.) | Mord |
| :--- | :--- |

## Vocabulary

## A) - Choose the correct answers from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d:

1. The ice cream will $\qquad$ if we don't put it in the freezer soon.
a) collect
b) miss
c) hold
d) melt
2. The ship struck a hidden $\qquad$ and sank to the bottom of the ocean.
a) ice berg
b) factory
c) edition
d) cartoon
B) - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(icebergs - melt - expensive)
3. When the temperature goes up, the snow will $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ are only found at both the North and South Poles.
[^3]Lesson: 4

## Imperatives




Don't لإعطاء أمر يهب أن يكون الفعل في التصريف الأول و عند النهي نسبق الفعل بـ

- Give me that book!
- Clean your room!
- Don't touch that!
- Don't open the widow!

Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. If you want to get to the bakery, $\qquad$ straight on and turn left.
a) going
b) went
c) gone
d) go
2. $\qquad$ the dog for a walk, please.
a) Take
b) Taking
c) Took
d) Taken
3. $\qquad$ me alone; I'm working on the science project.
a) Leaving
b) Left
c) Leave
d) Leaves

Do as shown in brackets:

1. Talk in the class.
2. Don't $\qquad$ (smokes)! It's bad for health.
3. Always $\qquad$ your hands before eating.

## Reading Comprehension

## Read the following passage carefully, and then answer the questions below:

Ice-cream is a sweet snack, or dessert made from dairy products. Ice-creams have been a favourite snack among people of all age groups. Did you know that ice-cream has been around for thousands of years? Of course, in its early history it was nothing like our ice-cream today. In fact, ice-cream was simply a mixture of snow, nectar, fruit pulp and honey. It can be eaten with or without syrup or biscuits. As time went on, ice-cream became more like it is today,

Before the development of the modern refrigerator, ice-cream was a luxury reserved for special occasions. With the modern technology such as electricity and new inventions such as the freezer, ice-cream became much easier to make. In 1904, an ice-cream salesman at the world's fair used a rolled-up waffle to hold ice-cream when he ran out of cups. Thus, the icecream cone was invented. Soon, new ice-cream products like the sundae and ice-cream soda were invented.

## A) - Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and $d:$

1. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
a) The Fresh Fruit Pulp
b) The History of Ice-cream
c) The Dairy Products
d) The Ice-cream Fair
2. What is the meaning of the underlined word "ran out of"' in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ paragraph?
a) travelled
b) chased
c) changed
d) finished
3. The underlined pronoun "It" in the $1^{\text {st }}$ paragraph refers to $\qquad$
a) ice-cream
b) snack
c) age
d) history
4. Ice-cream became easy to make because of the:
a) ice-cream salesman.
b) World's Fair.
c) invention of soda ice-cream.
d) invention of electricity.
5. According to the passage, which of the following statement is NOT TRUE?
a) Ice-cream was a luxury reserved for all occasions.
b) Ice-cream can be eaten with or without syrup or biscuits.
c) Ice-cream was a mixture of snow, nectar, fruit pulp and honey.
d) Ice-cream have been a favourite snack among different age groups.
6. What is the writer's purpose of writing this passage?
a) To state different types of ice-creams.
b) To inform us about the invention of freezers.
c) To tell us how ice-cream was invented.
d) To explain how sundae and ice-cream soda were made.
B) - Answer the following questions:
7. Why did an ice-cream salesman use a rolled-up waffle to hold ice-cream?
8. What were ice-cream made of?

## Writing

Plan and write one paragraph (of not less than $\underline{6}$ sentences) about "The Importance of Water".

The following guide words might help you:
(important - can't live - get - towers - cleaning - save)


## Unit 5: Sea World Secrets

Unit: 5
Lesson: 1
P: 43

| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| coral reef (n.) |  | whale (n.) |  |
| lay eggs (v.) |  | spike (n.) |  |
| pattern (n.) |  | slowly (adv.) |  |
| turtle (n.) |  |  |  |

## Vocabulary

## A) Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and d:

1. Thousands of turtles drag themselves onto the beach and .................. their eggs in the sand.
a) collect
b) melt
c) lay
d) hold
2. Look! The frost has made a beautiful $\qquad$ on the window.
a) factory
b) turtle
c) whale
d) pattern
3. Some types of dinosaur had sharp $\qquad$
a) spikes
b) models
c) icebergs
d) whales
4. Doctors say that Grandpa's condition is improving
a) soundly
b) slowly
c) carefully
d) happily
5. 

have beautiful shells on their backs.
a) Whales
b) Turtles
c) Coral reefs
d) Icebergs
B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(patterns - lay eggs - spikes - coral reefs - slowly)

1. Try not to touch this flower; it has sharp $\qquad$
2. Butterfly fish live and hide in the $\qquad$
3. You have to drive $\qquad$ on these narrow roads.
4. The children made $\qquad$ .by sticking coloured shapes onto paper.

Unit: 5

## Past Continuous Tense

" يتكون الماضي المستمر من:

" هذا الزُمن يشُر إلى حدث كان مستمر بالماضي عندما قطعه حدث آخر.


| When | my father came, | we were reading. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## We were reading $\quad$ when $\quad$ my father came

e.g.: When I saw a whale shark, I was swimming. OR:
e.g.: I was swimming when I saw a whale shark.

Choose the correct answers from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d :

1. They were eating dinner when it. to rain.
a) started
b) starts
c) was starting
d) were starting
2. I was walking when I $\qquad$ the car accident.
a) see
b) was seeing
c) saw
d) seen
3. When Ali found some money, he. $\qquad$ down the street.
a) walk
b) were walking
c) was walking
d) walks
4. We $\qquad$ dinner when the phone rang.
a) had
b) are having
c) have
d) were having

Do as shown in brackets:

1. My sister $\qquad$ (study) when she fell asleep.
(Correct)
2. The boys $\qquad$ (watch) TV when their uncle came to visit them.
3. Nour ..........................................(sleep) when I called her.
4. My mother $\qquad$ (cook) when my father phoned her.
5. The girls $\qquad$ (study) when the film started.
6. Rami was feeding the horses yesterday evening.
7. Rami was feeding the horses yesterday evening.
(Ask a question)
8. My kids were practising English yesterday at this time.
(Make negative)
9. My kids were practising English yesterday at this time.
(Ask a question)

Unit: 5
Lesson: 3
P: 45

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :---: |
| shipwreck (n.) |  |
| squid (n.) |  |


| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| sink (v.) |  |
|  |  |

## Vocabulary

## A) Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. If you throw a stone into the sea, it will
a) melt
b) collect
c) waste
d) $\sin k$
2. Divers discovered a 450 -year-old near here.
a) spike
b) browser
c) shipwreck
d) sphere
3. A $\qquad$ is a sea animal that has ten arms.
a) whale
b) squid
c) butterfly fish
d) puffer fish
4. The Titanic was a passenger ship which. in 1912.
a) melted
b) wasted
c) hit
d) sank

| Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| poisonous (adj.) |  |

## Choose the correct answers from $\mathbf{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d:

1. All snakes are dangerous; they can be $\qquad$
a) poisonous
b) dirty
c) exhausted
d) expensive
2. Thousands of fish were killed because of. $\qquad$ chemicals from factories.
a) rough
b) exciting
c) poisonous
d) rich
3. Some mushrooms can be extremely $\qquad$ .Try to be careful!
a) rough
b) rich
c) tasty
d) poisonous
*****************************************************************************


- We go shopping every Friday.
- Salem always gets up early.
- The sun rises in the east.
- Children learn better through playing.


## Negative \& Question

1. Ali works in a bank.
2. Ali doesn't work in a bank.
3. Does Ali work in a bank?
4. They drink milk every morning.
5. They don't drink milk every morning.
6. Do they drink milk every morning?
(Affirmative)
(Negative)
(Question)

Key words: $\quad$ (always - usually - often - sometimes - never - every)
e.g.: Nada usually does yoga at noon.
e.g.: Faris always speaks English.
e.g.: We never mop the floors at night.
e.g.: I brush my teeth before bedtime every day.

Do as shown in brackets:

1. The weather usually. $\qquad$ (get) cold in winter.
2. Nader. $\qquad$ (be) clever at maths.
3. She always. $\qquad$ (help) her mother with the housework.

(Correct)

4. A whale shark $\qquad$ (eat) small fish and plants.
5. Dana has tea in the afternoon.
6. We find fish in the Dead Sea.
(Make negative)
7. Sara lives in a big villa.
(Ask a question)
8. Students have lunch at 12 p.m.
(Ask a question)
9. Sam visits his grandparents every Friday.
(Make negative)
10. Sam visits his grandparents every Friday.
(Ask a question)

## Reading Comprehension

## Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

Scientists have been inventing things for years. Those inventions have made life easy and simple. Life is better and comfortable than before. In the past, people lived a hard life.

There weren't any air conditioners to keep their homes cool in summer or to keep them warm in winter. There were no washing machines or fridges. Before inventing the plane, most people traveled by cars, boats, and trains.

Today, airplanes help people travel to long distances faster and easier. Before inventing the telephone, people kept in touch by writing letters or talking to each other face to face. Today, they can send messages using mobiles. They can chat with other people all over the world through the net. Computers have made it easy for people to get information, do researches, play games or take photos. Inventions have made our life easy, simple and more comfortable. The Internet has made the world as a small village. It is useful and harmful at the same time.

## A) - Choose the correct answers from $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}$ and d :

1. What is the best title for the passage?
a) Great Inventions
b) Famous People
c) Computers
d) Science
2. The opposite of the word "hard" in the $1^{\text {st }}$ paragraph is:
a) easy
b) simple
c) difficult
d) comfortable
3. The underlined pronoun "they" in the $3^{\text {rd }}$ paragraph refers to: $\qquad$
a) mobiles
b) people
c) research
d) messages
4. The computer is used:
a) at schools
b) at hospitals
c) everywhere
d) in markets
5. The Internet is:
a) always useful
b) always bad for people
c) always harmful
d) always useful when using it well
6. In this passage, the purpose of the writer is:
a) scientists waste their time
b) inventions make our life difficult
c) life is very complicated
d) inventions make our life easy
B) - Answer the following questions:
7. How did people keep in touch in the past?
8. Why is the Internet useful?

## Writing

Plan and write one paragraph (of not less than $\underline{6}$ sentences) about "The Whale Shark". The following guide words might help you: (largest - 18 meters - warm water - small fish - divers - not dangerous)

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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Unit 6: A Brave Boy

Unit: 6
Lesson (1)
S.B. (P.49)

| Word | Meaning |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| decide (v.) |  | Word | Meaning |
| newspaper (n.) |  |  |  |
| reach (v.) |  |  |  |
| trouble (n.) |  |  |  |
| scream (v.) (n.) |  |  |  |
| drown (v.) |  |  |  |
| shore (n.) |  |  |  |

## Vocabulary

## A) Choose the correct answers from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. The $\qquad$ reported on Friday that the missing boy was found.
a) trouble
b) newspaper
c) squid
d) spike
2. I like all your paintings. It's hard to $\qquad$ which one to buy.
a) practise
b) decide
c) melt
d) miss
3. They finally $\qquad$ the coast after five weeks sailing.
a) melted
b) reached
c) showed
d) decided
4. A spider landed on Sara's pillow and she $\qquad$
a) screamed
b) decided
c) reached
d) melted
5. You must follow the school rules, or you will put yourself in.
a) trouble
b) newspaper
c) squid
d) spike
6. The boat was about a mile from the $\qquad$ when the engine suddenly stopped.
a) newspaper
b) spike
c) shore
d) iceberg
7. I read in the newspaper that many people $\qquad$ when the boat overturned.
a) drowned
b) tried
c) collected
d) fed
8. After waiting for two months, my father $\qquad$ bought me a new smart phone.
a) carefully
b) finally
c) soundly
d) slowly
B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(newspapers - decided - shore - scream - suddenly - troubles - reach)
9. The supermarket has installed recycling bins for old $\qquad$ bottles and cans.
10. Dana and Aseel $\qquad$ to move abroad and make a fresh start.
11. It took them three hours to $\qquad$ the opposite shore.
All's well that ends well!
12. He put his past behind him and built up a successful new career.
13. As soon as they were safely back to the $\qquad$ he raced for the nearest phone.
14. I $\qquad$ realized that there was someone following me.
*****************************************************************************

Unit: 6
Lesson (2)
S.B. (P.50)

Past Continuous (while)

- ت يتكون الماضي المستمر من:

" هذا الزمن يششر إلى حلث كان مستهر بالكاضي عندها قطعه حدل آخر.

| While | ماضي بستيط |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| While | I was walking, | I saw Ali. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| I saw Ali. | while | I was walking, |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

- I saw the boys while they were swimming.
- While Ahmed was studying, Dad came in.

Choose the correct answer from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d:

1. While we $\qquad$ .lunch, someone knocked at the door.
a) have
b) are having
c) were having
d) had
2. While Omar. $\qquad$ his bike, he fell off.
a) was riding
b) ride
c) rode
d) is riding
3. The teacher came in $\qquad$ the girls were doing their homework.
a) while
b) when
c) so
d) because
4. My father $\qquad$ me while I was walking along the beach.
a) phones
b) was phoning
c) phoned
d) phone
All's well that ends well!
5. While Dana back from school, she met her old friend.
a) was coming
b) is coming
c) came
d) will come

## Correct the verbs in brackets:

1. While the boys (play) $\qquad$ football, it started to rain.
2. Hassan $\qquad$ (have) an accident while he was crossing the road.
3. Omar broke his arm while he $\qquad$ (play) golf.
4. While my brothers $\qquad$ (swim), a boy drowned.
5. While the students were reading, the lights $\qquad$ (go) out.
6. He found a shipwreck while he $\qquad$ (dive) into the sea.
*****************************************************************************

Unit: 6
Lesson (3)
S.B. (P.51)

| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| award (n.) |  |
| try (v.) |  |
| practice (n.) |  |
| problem (n.) |  |


| Word | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| someone (n.) |  |
| medal (n.) |  |
| certificate (n.) |  |
|  |  |

## Vocabulary

## A) Choose the correct answers from $\mathbf{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d:

1. The movie has won a number of
b) awards
c) daughters
d) newspapers
a) problems
c) in speaking it.
2. Your written English is very good, but you need $\qquad$
a) turtle
b) spike
c) shore
d) practice
3. Fahad should do surgery to cure the $\qquad$ with his knee.
a) shore
b) medal
c) problem
d) award
4. I couldn't find the station, so I asked $\qquad$ to show me the way.
a) someone
b) award
c) medal
d) trouble
5. I everything to lose weight with no success.
a) held
b) tried
c) sank
d) drowned
6. You can get a medical $\qquad$ that shows which vaccinations you've had.
a) shore
b) iceberg
c) certificate
d) medal

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(certificate - problems - someone - practice - drowning - try - medal)

1. I need $\qquad$ dependable to look after the children while I'm at work.
2. If you fail, don't give up. You should $\qquad$ until you succeed.
3. In order to get a passport, you'll need your birth $\qquad$
4. This chapter gives students $\qquad$ in using adjectives
5. Fahad Al-Dehani got a gold $\qquad$ at the 2016 Summer Olympics.
6. Many people with hearing $\qquad$ try to hide their condition.
[^4]Unit: 6
Lesson (4)
S.B. (P.52)


## Vocabulary

## Choose the correct answers from $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ and d:

1. My father drove all night. By morning, he was totally $\qquad$
a) exhausted
b) rough
c) old-fashioned
d) rich
2. Looking after a baby on my own left me feeling totally
a) tasty
b) poisonous
c) expensive
d) exhausted


## Past Simple Tense <br> a يعر الماضي البسيط عن حدث تُ في وقت عحدد في الماضي و يتكون من التصريف الثاني:

- I visited my uncle yesterday.
- We met Sara last week.
- يأي الماضي البسبط مع:

| yesterday | Lأهس ......... | Last..... |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| ago | In the past | الماضمي |

- لنفي زمن الباضي اليسسيط نصـع (didn't) قبل الفعل:
- I visited my uncle yesterday.
- I didn't visit my uncle yesterday.
- I met Sara last week.
- I didn't meet Sara last week.

V0 ${ }^{0}$ didn't قبل الفعل شرط أن نعيد الفعل لأصله جملة بالزمن الماضي البسبط: نضع

- I visited Ahmed last night.
(Make negative)
- I didn't visit Ahmed last night.
- We saw a nice film two days ago. (Make negative)
- We didn't see a nice film two days ago.
*夫 لتكوين سؤ ال في الماضي البسيط على جملة تبدأ بـ Yes أو No نضع did بداية الجملة شرط أن نعيد الفعل لأصله.
* Yes, Dana helped her mother. (Ask a question)
* Did Dana help her mother?
* No, they didn't go to the cinema. (Ask a question)
* Did they go to the cinema?


## Choose the correct answer from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :

1. Last Friday, we $\qquad$ to the zoo and we had a great time.
a) was going
b) will go
c) went
d) goes
2. My grandmother $\qquad$ me a nice story last night.
a) tells
b) told
c) is telling
d) has told
3. I $\qquad$ with a headache yesterday.
a) woke up
b) wake up
c) wakes up
d) woken up

Do as shown in brackets:

1. Ayoub Hussein.............................. (build) models of old houses in the past.
2. Last week, I $\qquad$ (paint) my bedroom red.
(Correct)
3. We visited the museum yesterday.
(Make negative)
4. My mother saw my friends at the shopping mall.
(Make negative)
5. A bird came into the room because the window was open.
(Ask a question)
6. The cat tried to reach the top of the tree.
(Ask a question) ?
7. They played football in the club last week.
(Ask a question)
8. Bader bought a nice book last Monday.
9. The old man walked very slowly.
(Ask a question)
10. Ayoub Hussein was born in Kuwait............................................................ 1932.
(Ask a question)
11. Dana travelled to Spain yesterday.
(Ask a question)
12. Omar didn't come to school because he was ill.
(Ask a question)
13. The boys played volleyball by the sea.
(Ask a question)
*****************************************************************************

## Reading Comprehension

## Read the following passage and then do the tasks below:

Octopuses are very intelligent sea animals. They are fast swimmers. They can learn new things just like people. They've even learned to get away from dangerous things. If an octopus sees a dangerous animal like a shark, it can easily escape. Octopuses don't have sharp teeth to protect themselves. They use other ways to do that. They like to hide themselves in the sand in the bottom of the ocean. Octopuses can change their colour, to be like the sand, so other animals can't see them. Some of them like to hide between rocks and coral reefs. Similar to squids, octopus can hide by spraying ink. The ink makes a cloud that hides the octopus. It's like magic.

Octopuses have flexible bodies, they are usually small in size. An octopus has eight arms, two eyes, three hearts and a large head. They like to eat worms, fish, shrimps and crabs. What a strange sea animal!
A) - Choose the correct answers from $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}$ and d :

1. The best title for this passage could be:
a) An Amazing Sea Animal
b) Hiding from Dangers
c) Different Sea Animals
d) Beautiful Coral Reefs
2. The meaning of the underlined word 'escape"' in the $1^{\text {st }}$ paragraph is:
a) smile to
b) play with
c) run away
d) go with
3. The underlined pronoun "They" in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ paragraph refers to $\qquad$
a) hearts
b) eyes
c) arms
d) octopuses
4. Octopuses are like people because
a) They are fast swimmers.
b) They can learn new things.
c) They hide in the sand.
d) They have three hearts.
5. An octopus can do magic tricks
a) when it sprays ink and runs away.
b) when it eats worms and fish.
c) because it is small in size.
d) because it has a flexible body.
6. The writer's purpose of this passage is to: $\qquad$
a) advise us to buy an octopus.
b) compare between octopuses and squids.
c) give us information about octopuses.
d) warn us from dangerous sea animals.
B) - Answer the following questions:
7. What do octopuses like to eat?
8. Why is the octopus an amazing animal?

## Writing

Plan and write one paragraph (of not less than $\underline{6}$ sentences) about "A Brave Boy".

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { The following guide words might help you: } \\
\text { (beach - drowning - screaming - saved - ambulance - award) }
\end{gathered}
$$


$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$
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[^1]:    $* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$

[^2]:    **************************************************************************

[^3]:    

[^4]:    **************************************************************************

