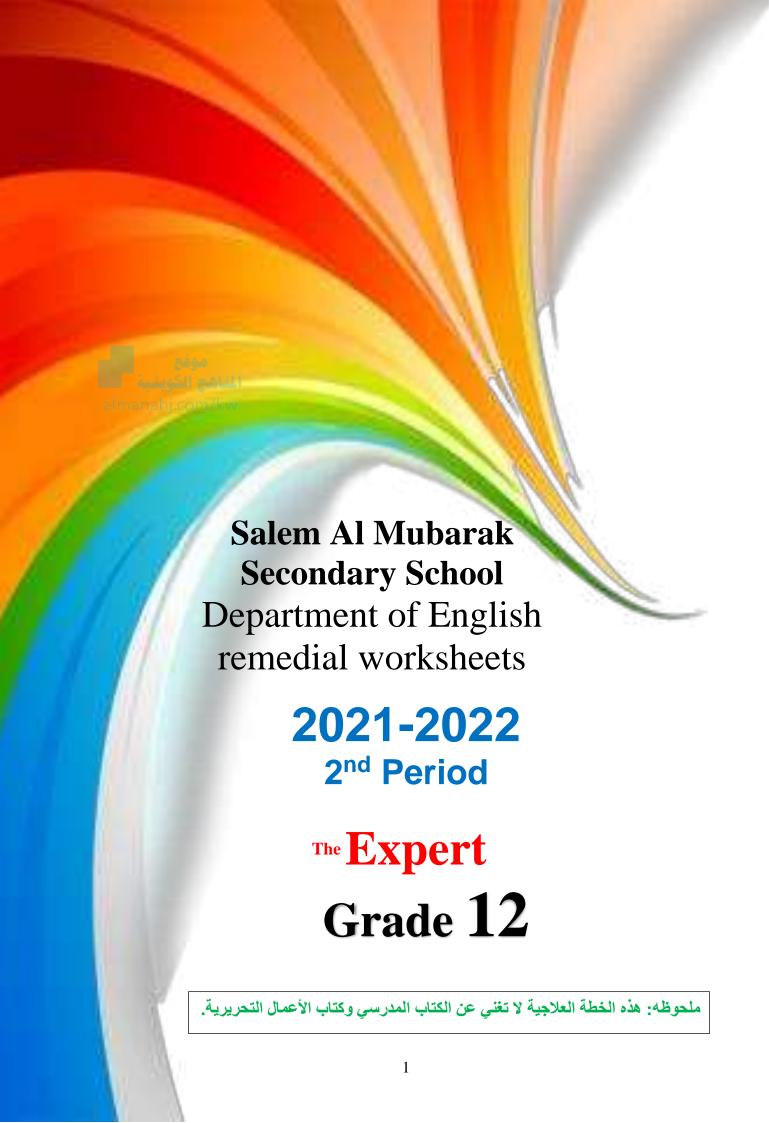


### الملف مذكرة جديدة وشاملة للوحدات

موقع المناهج  $\Rightarrow$  المناهج الكويتية  $\Rightarrow$  الصف الثاني عشر  $\Rightarrow$  لغة انجليزية  $\Rightarrow$  الفصل الثاني

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني			
مذكرة ثانوية النوار بنت ماك 1			
مذكرة فصل ثاني	2		
الوحدات 7_8_9	3		
مواضيع	4		
نموذج اختبار 1	5		





**Unit 7: Long Lives** 



**Unit 8:** Town and Country

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**Unit 9: New Ways and Old** 



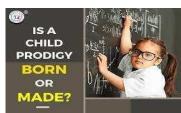
**Unit 10: Pushing the Limits** 



**Unit 11: The Final Frontier** 



**Unit 12: Geniuses** 





### **Long lives**



#	Word	Meaning	Definition	
1	Cardiovascular (adj)		of or relating to the heart and blood vessels	
2	Centenarian (n)		a person who is one hundred or more	
3	Commentary (n)		opinions or explanations about an event	
4	Cycle (v)		to ride a bicycle	
5	Elderly (adj)		(of a person) old or aging	
6	Expectation (n)		a strong belief that something will happen or be the cause in the future	
7 ain	Geriatric (adj)		of or relating to old people, esp. with regard to their health care	
8	Honour (v)		to treat someone with a special respect	
9	Integral (adj)		essential or fundamental	
10	Onerous (adj)		involving an amount of effort and difficulty that is oppressively burdensome	
11	Supple (adj)	-	bending or moving easily and gracefully; flexible	
12	Vigorous (adj)		(of a person) strong, healthy, and full of energy	

### Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(	cvcl	e, commentar	<b>v.</b> (	expectation,	vigorous.	honor, su	lga	e
•		- )	<b>J</b>			- J )		/

- 1. The doctor asked me to have some rest and not to do any ..... exercise.
- 2. We should always..... those who have done great services to their country.
- 3. Last night, the .....on the match was very exciting and detailed.
- 4. In China, people usually..... to work and school. It helps reduce traffic jams.
- 5. There is a/an ..... that our team will win tonight's game easily.

### Set book

. How can you stay both physically and mentally active?				
2. What are the long and short-term benefits of keeping active for a lon ime?				

Date: ....../20 Lesson: 3 SB: 48 - 49

#	Word	Meaning	Definition
1.	Chronic (adj)		something that continues for a long time and cannot easily be solved
2.	Deprived of (phr)		dispossess of, rob of
3.	Drowsy (adj)		tired and almost asleep
4.	Genetic make-up (n)		chemical structure that defines individuality
5.	Restful (adj)	peaceful, and quiet, making feel relaxed	
6.	Shallow (adj)		not deep

6.	Shallow (adj)		not deep
· Fill i	n the spaces with the	right word fror	n the list:
			nake-up / restful / shallow)
1. Chi	dren have to stay in th	e end	of the swimming pool for their
safety	<i>'</i> .		
2. Hui	mans are different beca	ause of their	even within the same
family	<b>.</b>		
3. Ped	ople who are	sleep might h	nave serious accidents.
4. Sor	me diseases are	which means	s patients have to live with them.
5. I ha	ad a relaxing and	weekend	with my family last week.
	eping is an important		
2. Wh	at are some of the fac	ctors that affect	the length of sleep we need?
3. Wh		sastrous results	s the lack of sleep can lead to?
	ate the following into god		
		المشاكل للانسان.	حمد: عدم الحصول على نوم كافٍ يسبب العديد من
		سة أو في العمل.	حمد: نعم فأنت لن تكن قادراً على التركيز في المدر،
Ahme			
Hama	nd:		

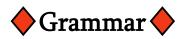
### **Vocabulary**

#	Definition	Meaning	Word
1.	Blizzard (n.)		a severe snowstorm with high winds and low visibility
2.	Conceal (v.)		to keep from sight; to hide
3.	Dispute (n.)		a disagreement, argument, or debate
4.	Do away with (phr.)		to get rid of
5.	Do up (phr.)		to fasten; to tie
6.	Do without (phr.)		to not have something and manage in spite
7.	Excuse (n.)		a reason or explanation put forward to defend or justify a fault or offense
8.	Frequently (adv.)		on many occasions with little time between them
9.	In spite of (prep.)		regardless of
10.	Make up (phr.)		to invent (a story)
11.	Make up for (phr.)		to take the place of something lost or missing
12.	Vicinity (n.)		the area near or surrounding a particular place

### Fill in the spaces with the right word from the list:

### (conceal / do away with / excuse / blizzard / vicinity / frequently)

- 1. She has been to KSA ..... in the last few years to visit her extended family.
- 2. Online services have enabled us to ...... a lot of paperwork.
- 3. I tried to ..... my sadness when I head the bad news.
- 4. Last week, there was a sever ..... in Russia that lasted for six hours.
- 5. Police have looked everywhere in the ...... to find the criminal but in vain.



Direct and Reported Questions and Statements

♦ الكلام المباشر وغير المباشر المقصود به هل الكلام بالنص "مباشر" أم ينقله شخص لأخر (غير مباشر/منقول) وفي هذه الحالة يتم تغيير الزمن للماضي وتغيير الضمائر وكلمات الزمن أو المكان من القريب للبعيد.

My teacher said," Why didn't you do your homework?" (Report) My teacher wanted to know why I hadn't done my homework.

### TENSE CHANGES IN REPORTED SPEECH

**Reported Speech** Direct Speech **Present Simple Past Simple** She always wears a coat He said (that) she always wore a coat **Present Continuous Past Continuous** I'm looking for my keys. She said (that) she was looking for her keys. **Present Perfect** Past Perfect She has written three letters for her friend. He said (that) she had written three letters for her friend. **Past Simple Past Perfect** He said (that) his friend had given him a bar of chocolate. My friend gave me a bar of chocolate. WOULD I will finish my report in two days. He said (that) he would finish his report in two days. COULD CAN She said (that) she could speak English. I can speak English. MAY MIGHT She said (that) she might invite them to the dinner. I may invite them to dinner. HAD TO I must go to the bank and get some money. She said (that) she had to go to the bank and get some money

tomorrow

### PRONOUNS (It depends on the person who the message is referred to)

I have to submit this assignment by 3 pm tomorrow

Direct Speech	Reported Speech	Direct	Reported Speech
I	He, she	Me	Him, her
We	They	Us	Them
You	He, she, they	You	Him, Her, them
Му	His, her	Mine	His, hers
Our	Their	Ours	Theirs
Your	His, her, their	Yours	His, hers, theirs

### TIME AND PLACE EXPRESSIONS

**HAD TO**She said (that) she had to submit this assignment by 3 pm

Direct Speech	Reported Speech
today	that day
now	then / at the moment
yesterday	the day before
days ago	days before
last week	the week before
next year	the following year
tomorrow	the next day the following day
here	there
this	that
these	those
ago	previously / before
tonight	that night

### Reported speech – questions

Questions	Direct speech	asked me	Indirect speech
question word	'When did they arrive?'	question word + subejct + verb	He asked me when they had arrived.
yes/no question	'Did they call?'	if/whether	He asked me if/whether they had called.

Direct speech: "Open the door!"

Reported speech: He ordered me to open the door.

Direct speech: "Don't answer the phone."

Reported speech: She told me not to answer the

phone.

Direct speech: "Don't be back late."

Reported speech: He ordered me not to be back late.

### Do as required between brackets:

### 1- "Where will you spend your summer vacation?"

- a- My cousin asked me where I spent my summer vacation.
- b- My cousin asked me where I would spend my summer vacation.
- c- My cousin asked me where I had spent my summer vacation.

### 2- "Are you doing research on Coronavirus?"

- a- The journalist asked the experts if they had been doing research on Coronavirus.
- b- The journalist asked the experts if they had done research on Coronavirus.
- c- The journalist asked the experts if they were doing research on Coronavirus.

### 3- "Where did you go yesterday?"

- a- My friend wanted to know where I go the day before.
- b- My friend wanted to know where I would go the day before.
- c- My friend wanted to know where I had gone the day before.

### 4- "We will test the new vaccine next month."

- a- They said they would test the new vaccine the following month.
- b- They said they tested the new vaccine the following month.
- c- They said they had tested the new vaccine the following month.

### 5- The doctor said to me, "Don't eat too much fast food.'

- a- The doctor advised me don't eat too much fast food.
- b- The doctor advised me not to eat too much fast food.
- c- The doctor advised me not to don't eat too much fast food.

### 6- "I slept only for two hours last night.", He said.

He said	(Complete)

- a- he was sleeping only for two hours last night.
- b- he had slept only for two hours the previous night.
- c- he has slept only for two hours yesterday.



both + adjective صفة / verb اسم + and

- She's both pretty and clever.
- I spoke to both the director and his secretary.
- He both speaks and writes in Spanish.

### - Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Ahmed finished his project. Ahmed finished his report, too.
  - a- Ahmed finished both his project and his report, too.
  - b- Ahmed both finished his project and his report.
  - c- Ahmed finished both his project and his report.
- 2- Mona is keen on watching documentaries. Sara is keen on watching documentaries, too.
  - a- Both Mona and Sara are keen on watching documentaries, too.
  - b- Both Mona and Sara is keen on watching documentaries.
  - c- Both Mona and Sara are keen on watching documentaries.
- 3- He told me that both Malik ...... his brother joined the College of Medicine.
  - a-joranahi.com/kw b- and c-nor d- whether
- 4- ...... the father and his son took part in the clean-up operation.
  - a- Either b- Neither c- Both d- Whether
- 5- Fahd is a smart student. Rashid is a smart student, too.
  - a- Both Fahd and Rashid are smart students, too.
  - b- Both Fahd and Rashid are smart students.
  - c- Both Fahd and Rashid is a smart student.
- 6- Ali is interested in English literature. Ahmed is interested in English literature, too.
  - a- Both Ali and Ahmed are interested in English literature.
  - b- Both Ali and Ahmed is interested in English literature.
  - c- Ali and Ahmed is both interested in English literature.



### 1. Important Expressions with "Do" تعبيرات هامة مع يؤدي

Do one's best ببذل قصاری جهده	يقوم بعمل Do research يقوم بعمل بحث	ینظف Do cleaning	Do the dishes يغسل الصحون
يفعل الخير Do good	يتسوق Do shopping	یضر/ Do damage یتلف	يؤدي Do a job وظيفة / مهمة
يؤذي Do harm	يجري Do experiments تجارب	Do homework يؤدي الواجب المنزلي	
Do a favor يصنع معروفا	يؤدي Do duty الواجب/وظيفته	يقوم Do housework بأعمال المنزل	
یتاجر Do business	يمارس Do sport الرياضة	يقوم Do the ironing بكي الملابس	

2. Important Expressions with "Make": تعبيرات هامة مع يصنع

Make plans يقوم بعمل خطة	Make a promise يقطع وعداً	Make an effort بینل جهدا	Make an appointment يحدد موعدا
Make an exception پستثني	Make a success يصنع	Make noise یحدث ضوضاء	يرتب Make bed الفراش
Make an excuse يختلق عذرا	Make arrangements يقوم بترتيبات	Make a mistake يرتكب خطأ	Make profit/money يحقق ربحا/ يصنع مالا
Make a suggestion يقترح	Make a telephone call يتصل هاتفيا	Make a decision یتخذ قرارا	Make progress یحرز تقدما
Make peace / war يصنع حربا/ سلاما	Make a deal يعقد صفقة	يصنع Make food طعاما	
Make a success	Make a mess يحدث فوضى	Make a cup of coffee / tea يصنع شايا/ قهوة	

- (	Choose	the	correc	t answer	from a	, b,	c and	d:

1. You should	an appoin	tment to visit your dent	ist beforehand.
a) do	b) make	c) will make	d) doing
2. Could you	me a favor ar	nd pick my uncle from th	ne airport tonight?
a) did		c) make	d) do
3. Some people		earninga lot of	
a) did		c) will make	
4. The manager	ˈwilltha	t decision in light of the	new facts.
		c) made	
•	•	should start the	housework now.
a) doing	b) making	c) make	d) do

### Phrasal verbs with Do and Make

Do up = tie or fasten	He hasn't done up his shoelaces yet.
Do away with = get rid of	He has done away with his old friends.
Do without = not have	If there is no coffee left, you'll just have to do without.
Do with = need	I could <u>do with</u> a holiday.

Make up for = take the place of something	Her enthusiasm makes up for her lack
lost	of experience.
Make up = invent	I don't want you to make up more
	excuses.
Make of = understand	I don't know what to make of my boss.

### - Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

<del></del>	t dillottor it office, to	,	
1- My friend bought	me a new camera t	:oth	ne one he broke.
a) make up for	b) do with	c) make of	d) do without
2- Can youaı	nythingthis in	formation?	,
a) makeup	b) dowith	c) makeof	d) do without
3- My brother had to	all his gai	mes when he tra	velled to study abroad?
a) make up for	b) do away with	c) make of	d) do without

## 

_essons: 7+8	

#	Word	Meaning	Definition
31.	Admiration (n)		Respect and warm approval
32.	Affection (n)		a gentle feeling of fondness or liking
33.	Ailment (n)		an illness, typically a minor one
34.	Bestow (v)		confer or present (an honor, right, or gift)
35.	Deserve (v)		to do something or have or show qualities worthy of (reward or punishment)
36.	Due (adj)		expected at or planned for at a certain time
37.	Fatal (adj)		causing death
38.	Life expectancy (n)		the average period that a person may expect to live
39.	Reverence (n)		deep respect for someone or something
- Choo	se the correct	word from a, b, c a	nd d: sh on road 30 due to speeding.
			c) restful d) fatal
	_	-	that's why we need more.
a) vicir	IITY	b) dispute	c) affection d) ailment
3- 1W0 (	orango	5 Hau a	over yesterday's match result.
a) The f	inal avam is	b) dispute	c) ailment d) excuse n three months' time.
a) integ			c) fatal d) due
a) IIILE(	yıaı ı	Set Boo	<u>.</u>
1- How	can we show o		titude to the elderly?
1 11011	out we show o	ar respect and grad	inducto the chachy.
2. Why	is it hard to find	d geriatric homes in	n Kuwait or the Arab World?
Translate	e the following into		
	المدارية		أحمد: لقد وصل متوسط العمر في الكويت الى معدل على: نعم و أيضا يتم معالجة العديد من الأمراض بس
Ahmed		هوت و التي كات تشيف تي ا	, , , ,

### **WRITING**

Being grateful and helpful to the elderly are among the most common characteristic of humanity all over the world irrespective of cultural and social differences so family values are a part of people's lifestyle.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), about the ways and reasons of showing gratitude and respect to the elderly.

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••
••
••

# **The Topic** almanahj.com/kw

### **READING COMPREHENSION**

### Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

It is easy to make a delicious-looking hamburger at home. But would this hamburger still look delicious after it sat on your kitchen table under very bright lights for six or seven hours? If someone took a picture or made a video of this hamburger after the seventh hour, would anyone want to eat it? More importantly, do you think you could get millions of people to pay money for this hamburger?

These are the questions that fast-food companies worry about when <u>they</u> produce commercials or print ads for their products. Video and photo shoots often last many hours. The lights that the photographers use can be extremely hot. These conditions can cause the food to look quite unappealing to potential consumers. Because of this, the menu items that you see in fast food commercials are probably not actually edible.

Let's use the hamburger as an example. The first step towards building the perfect commercial hamburger is the bun. The food stylist—a person employed by the company to make sure the products look perfect—sorts through hundreds of buns until he or she finds one with no wrinkles. Next, the stylist carefully rearranges the sesame seeds on the bun using glue and tweezers for maximum visual appeal. The bun is then sprayed with a waterproofing solution so that it will not get <a href="soggy">soggy</a> from contact with other ingredients, the lights, or the humidity in the room. Next, the food stylist shapes a meat patty into a perfect circle. Only the outside of the meat gets cooked—the inside is left raw so that the meat remains moist. The food stylist then paints the outside of the meat patty with a mixture of oil, molasses, and brown food coloring. Grill marks are either painted on or seared into the meat using hot metal skewers. Finally, the food stylist searches through dozens of tomatoes and heads of lettuce to find the best-looking produce. One leaf of the crispest lettuce and one center slice of the reddest tomato are selected and then sprayed with glycerin to keep them looking fresh.

So, the next time you see a delectable hamburger in a fast-food commercial, remember: you're actually looking at glue, paint, raw meat, and glycerin! Are you still hungry?

### A) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

- 1. Which of the following would be the best title of the passage?
  - a. The food Stylist

b. Bright Lights

c. Potential Customers

d. Fast food Commercials

- 2. The underlined word 'soggy\_in the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph means:
  - a. wet
- b. ugly
- c. attractive
- d. tasteless

3. What does the underlined word 'they' in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph refer to?
a. questions b. millions of people c. commercials d. fast food companies
4. According to the passage, the food stylist's job is to
a. make food products look perfect
b. make the most delicious products
c. cook tasty hamburgers
d. cook the inside and outside of the bun
5. According to the passage, which of the following is <b>NOT TRUE</b> ?
a. It takes a few hours to shoot photos to produce a commercial.
b. The sesame seeds are carefully rearranged by the stylist on the bun.
c. The meat will remain moist only if the inside of the meat is left raw.
d. Glycerin is used to make lettuce and tomato look fresh.
B) With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:  6- Why are the menu items that you see in fast food commercials not edible?
7-Why does the food stylist only cook the outside of the meat?
8- How does the food stylist make the hamburger look nicely grilled?
9. How are the grill marks made on the fast-food commercial?

### **Summary-making**

Previously, medical science was mostly concerned with noise levels powerful enough to cause hearing damage. But in the 21st century, where everyday noise is a rule rather than an exception, it is thought that the effects leave us in a state of almost constant agitation. Experts have proposed some ways in which we can reduce such effects of noise. Firstly, you should try to start the day with some silence. This means you should get up a little earlier because it could be the most important bit of relaxation you get all day. For a few minutes, sit completely still with a straight back and empty your mind. Apart from hearing, we have senses of touch, smell, taste and sight – so use them! Here's an idea... switch off all of the noise in your house. Turn off the TV and computer, keep your mobile phone away. Take some time to appreciate your environment by breaking up your day with quiet periods, at least once every couple of hours. Try to seek out somewhere quiet to get away from noisy situations and make the most of the chances for peace that you have. Finding your own moments of peace and quiet is becoming an increasingly important part of maintaining all-round health. So take a moment to listen to nothing; your body will thank you for it.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

]	How can we reduce the effects of disturbing noise around us?		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

### Health and healthy mind (How do you ensure a long life)

### الحباة الصحبة

"Health is better than wealth", this is a very old proverb. It means that there is nothing better than good health. This essay will discuss ways to have a healthy body and mind to ensure a long life.

Firstly, we need to have healthy bodies that result from eating healthy food. We should avoid unhealthy or junk food. We should also drink more water to stay hydrated. Moreover, we should do sports and exercise to make our bodies fit and strong. Indeed, we can avoid diseases by following this. In addition, we can have supple and well-built bodies that will lead to healthy minds.

Secondly, there are many ways we can make our minds flexible. It is very important to tax our brains. We should read books or do crosswords to train our minds and help to keep us mentally fit. Moreover, we may play chess, solve math problems or puzzles and of course recite the Holy Quran.

In conclusion, it has now become clear that we can't separate a healthy body from having a healthy mind.

### أهمية النوم The importance of sleep

Experts advise us that sleep is vital for a person's health and wellbeing. They also warn that sleep loss leads to many health problems. This essay will explain why we need sleep and problems caused by the lack of it.

We need to sleep when we get tired or drowsy after doing much work or efforts. However, the amount of sleep varies from one person to another based on several factors. Some of those are age, daily routine, and the genetic make-up. The great importance of having enough sleep is that we can have a good memory, keep fit and avoid mistakes. That is why having enough sleep is vital to our wellbeing.

But what will happen if we had a lack of sleep? We will suffer from a bad memory or the ability to concentrate. This will result in fatal mistakes at work and in our study or exams. Moreover, we will not be physically fit because we will be very tired. This in turn will lead to a low quality of life.

Finally, sleep is a blessing from Allah. If we use it properly, we can enjoy our life both mentally and physically.

Date:/20 Unit 6 Lessons 1 & 2 5B: 62 &	2 & 6	ite:/20	Unit 8	Lessons 1 & 2	SB: 62 & 6
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### Town and country



### Vocabulary

#	Word	Meaning	Definition
1.	almond (n)		The tree that produces flat pale nut with brown skin that tastes sweet
2.	depopulation (n)		The process of the number of people reducing in an area
3.	deserted (adj)		Abandoned, neglected
4.	export (n)		The selling and sending out of goods or services to other countries
5.	graduated (adj)		Divided into different levels
6.	infrastructure (n)		The basic physical and organizational structures needed for the operation of a society or enterprise
7.	overcrowding (n)		The process of feeling an area beyond what is usual or comfortable
8.	public services (n)		A service that is run for the benefit of the general public
9.	reverse (v)		To make something the opposite of it was
10.	rural (adj)		In, relating to, or characteristic of the countryside rather than the town
11.	socioeconomic (adj)		Relating to or concerned with the interaction of social and economic factors
12.	unemployment (n)		The state of being jobless
13.	vacant (adj)		(Of premises) Having no fixtures furniture, or in habitants, empty
14.	vice versa (adv)		With the main items in the preceding statement the other way around

### - From a, b, c and d choose the right answer:

_		THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN		
1-	Rural	can lead to over	crowding in cities as well	as deserted country areas.
	<ul> <li>a. depopulation</li> </ul>	b. almond	c. public services	d. infrastructure
2-	The area was	and uns	safe for camping accordin	g to the guidebook.
	a. graduated	b. restful	c. geriatric	d. deserted
3-	Kuwait plans to in	crease its	rom oil over the	next five years.

- a. blizzard b. exports c. admiration d. affection
- 4- The books in this section of the library are on a...... scale of difficulty. a. drowsy b. chronic c. graduated d. fatal

Set Book  1- People prefer living in the city over the countryside. Give reasons.
2- From your point of view, mention the disadvantages of rural depopulation.
3- Why do you think some people prefer living in villages?
4- What are the disadvantages of living in a city?
موقع المتاهج الكويتية almanahj.com/kw
Translate the following into good English:
حمد: يفضل الناس حياة المدينة علي حياة القرية.
حمد: هذا صحيح. فيوجد بالمدن وظائف افضل وخدمات صحية متطورة.
Ahmed:
Hamad:

Date: ...../20







	Word	Meaning	Definition
1.	contentment (n.)		The state of being happy and satisfied
2.	crown jewel (n.)		The best or most valuable thing that a person or place has
3.	demarcation (n.)		The point at which one area of work, responsibility etc. ends and another begins
4.	skyline (n.)		The shape made by hills or buildings against the sky
5.	vertical village(exp.)		The same number of people occupying a village but in one tall building

### Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list below:

(demarcation - skyline - contentment - crown jewel)

- 1. Conflicts and wars may rise because of.....issues between countries.
- 2. This impressive building is the..... of the new city.
- 3. I cannot describe the feeling of ...... that was with me when I received that award.

### **Set Book**

2- What are the main factors designing new cities?	s that should be taken into consideration before
	dered as a solution for different problems. Explain
Translate the following in	to good English:
Ahmed:	حمد: تعتبر مدينة الحرير حل ابداعي للمشاكل التي تواجه الكويت. مد: نعم و سوف يتم تقسيمها الى قطاعات سكنية ومالية وتجارية وترفيهية.

Date: ...../20

### Unit 8 – Lesson 4+5

### Vocabulary

#	Word	Meaning	Definition
1.	astounded (adj.)		Shocked or greatly surprised
2.	bump into (phv.)		To meet by chance
3.	densely (adv.)		Closely compacted in substance
4.	disturbance (n.)		The interruption of a settled and peaceful condition
5.	embarrassed (adj.)		Feeling or showing shame
6.	far and wide (idiom)		Over a large area
7.	glamour (n.)		An attractive and exiting quality
8.	hub (n.)		Centre of activity
9.	metropolis (n.)		Densely populated city
10.	narrate (v.)		Give a spoken or written account of
11.	odds and ends (idiom)		Bits and pieces
12.	pluck up the courage (exp.)		Try to do something that frightens one
13.	tranquil (adj.)		Calm, free from disturbance
14.	hustle and bustle (idiom)		Activity, liveliness

### From a, b, c and d choose the right answer:

1.	We were al	lafter	hearing	the	sad	news.
----	------------	--------	---------	-----	-----	-------

- a) astounded
- b) geriatric
- c) shallow d) fatal
- 2. Cairo is one of the most ...... populated cities in the world.
  - a) vice versa

- b) seamlessly c) densely d) ungentlemanly
- 3. Neighbors complained about the ..... caused by loud music of the party.
  - a) elderly
- b) audience
- c) deputy
- d) disturbance

SB: 64 & 65

- 4. People come from ...... to attend the annual festival.
- a) odds and ends courage
- b) far and wide c) hustle and bustle d) pluck up the



lacksim Inverted Sentences lacksim الجمل المعكوسة

Usual word order: ترتيب الجملة الطبيعي

(sub. فعل + v فعل + adv. فعل + comp فعل + comp فعل + عال التكملة + comp

**I have** never felt so happy in my life.

(adv. معكوس + sub. على + comp.) ترتيب الجملة المعكوس + aux على + sub. فعل v فاعل Never have I felt so happy in my life.

ويستخدم هذا الأسلوب للفت الانتباه أو التأكيد

<u>From a, b ,c and d</u>	choose the right	answer :		
1- Never	_			
		c- have I been	d- I had been	
2- Little 1	to be a millionair	e.		
a- did she expect	b- she expect	ed c- she had expe	ected d- she has expected	
		when the phone rang.		
a- he entered	b- he had ent	tered c- he has e	ntered d- had he entered	
4- Rarely				
a- I ate	b- do I eat	c- I had	eaten d- I eat	
		than we rushed to the		
a- we had heard		c- had we hea	ard d- we have heard	
Compara	tive and Contr	astive Connectors	ابط المقارنة والتناقض	رو
♦ However. →	، He is فعل + فاعل	old. <u>However</u> , <u>he is</u>	still fit.	
		بعد النقطة	ِمع ذلك وتأتي في منتصف الجملة ً	تعني و
♦ In comparison	n with, قارنة مع	,N./pronoun → بالم		, nf
♦ Instead of من	Vy → N /prop	S .	مدهما اسم / ضمير / فعل مضاف لـ	وياىي ب
Vilistead of U	2 - N./prom		عدهما اسم / ضمير / فعل مضاف لـ	ويأتي ب
	tea <u>instead of</u> <u>co</u>	<u> </u>		
	to attend classes	s <mark>instead of</mark> wastin	q your time playing video	)
games. From a, b ,c and d	choose the right	answer:		
1- The tallest buildi	ngs in London ar	e small	those in New York.	
a- instead of	b- but	c- however	d- in comparison with	
2 I a	am a vegetarian, r	ny whole family eat	s meat.	
a- Whereas	b- Like	c- But	d- However	
		Sally prefers ro		
a- like	b- while	c- instead of	d- unlike	
4- The engineers sa a- instead of	_	safe,no one c- in comparison	wanted to risk crossing it with d- however	•
5- He went shoppin	g alone	waiting fo	r me.	
a- but	-	c- instead of		

Date: ...../20

Unit 8 – Lesson 7+8 Vocabulary



SB: 66 & 67



#	Word	Meaning	Definition
1.	advantageous (adj.)		A condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position
2.	leafy (adj.)		Having or character by much foliage because of a abundance of trees or bushes
3.	make it your own (exp.)		Change something in your position so that you reflect your personality and character
4.	palatial (adj.)		Resemble a palace in being spacious and splendid
5.	picturesque (adj.)		Visually attractive, esp. in a quaint or pretty style
6.	residents' parking (n.)		Parking space reserved specifically for residents of a particular area

0.	parking (n.)	residents of a particular area
Trill i	in the spaces with wo	rds from the list.
<u>- 1/111 )</u>	_	stle and bustle - palatial - advantageous )
1. The	•	s is very in the Alps.
		in a/anposition to apply for the job.
	•	mansion in New York. She's very rich.
		Set Book
in?		ut into consideration if you want to choose a place to live
<u>Trans</u>	late the following into	good English:
		عمر: تشهد العديد من دول العالم هجرة عكسية من المدينة الى الريف.

	حياة المدينة.	المروري و توتر	الازدحام	َ التلوث و	ك للهروب مز	<sub>أ</sub> : نعم و ذلا	ابراهيم
Omar:							

Ibrahim:

### **Writing**

### Write on the following topic:

Some people sacrifice the peace and quiet of living in the countryside in return for the advantages of living in a city. Others however escape the stressful life in cities to enjoy the tranquil life of the countryside.

Plan and write an essay of not less than **14** sentences (**160 words**) presenting both the advantages and disadvantages of living in both places.

# **Outline Introduction: Body**: Paragraph 1 Paragraph2 **Conclusion:**

# **The Topic** almanahj.com/kw

### **Reading Comprehension**

## Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow.

Did you know that some people do not do their reading assignments? It is shocking, but it is true. Some students do not even read short texts that they are assigned in class. There are many reasons for this. They may be distracted or bored. They may be unwilling to focus. They may be unconfident readers. Whatever the reason, it has to stop today. Here is why.

Reading stimulates your mind. It is like a workout for your brain. When people get old, their muscles begin to deteriorate. They get weaker and their strength leaves them. Exercise can prevent this loss. The same thing happens to people's brains when they get older. Brain power and speed <u>decline</u> with age. Reading strengthens your brain and prevents this decline.

You can benefit from reading in the near-term too. Reading provides knowledge. Knowledge is power. Therefore, reading can make you a more powerful person. You can learn to do new things by reading. Do you want to make video games? Do you want to design clothing? Reading can teach you all this and more. But you have to get good at reading, and the only way to get good at something is to practise.

Read everything that you can at school, regardless of whether you find it interesting. Reading expands your vocabulary. Even a "boring" text can teach you new words. Having a larger vocabulary will help you better express yourself. You will be able to speak, write, and think more intelligently. What is boring about that?

Do not just discount a text because it is unfamiliar to you. Each time you read, you are exposed to new ideas and perspectives. Reading can change the way that you understand the world. It can give you a broader perspective on things. It can make you worldlier. You can learn how people live in faraway places. You can learn about cultures different from your own.

Reading is good for your state of mind. It has a calming effect. It can lower your stress level and help you relax. You can escape from your troubles for a moment when you read, and it is a positive escape. So, do yourself a favour: the next time you get a reading assignment, take as much as you can from it. Squeeze it for every drop of knowledge that it contains. Then move on to the next one.

### A) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer.

- 1. Which of the following would be the best title of this text?
  - a. Reading: Good for the Mind in Many Ways
  - b. Reading: The Key to a Successful Academic Future
  - c. Reading: Improve Your Vocabulary While Being Entertained
  - d. Reading: The Best Way to Improve Your Writing Skills

<ol> <li>The underlined word decline in the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph is opposite in meaning to:         <ul> <li>a. improve</li> <li>b. narrate</li> <li>c. utilise</li> <li>d. cycle</li> </ul> </li> <li>What does the underlined word it in the last paragraph refer to?         <ul> <li>a. calming effect</li> <li>b. positive escape</li> <li>c. reading assignment</li> <li>d. stress level</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
<ul> <li>4. Which of the following is NOT a reason given by the writer why students fail to do their reading assignments?</li> <li>a. Students may be bored.</li> <li>b. Students may be distracted.</li> <li>c. Students may be unwilling to focus.</li> <li>d. Students may be tired.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>5. According to the writer, reading and thinking <ul><li>a. are related.</li><li>b. take little time and effort.</li><li>c. increase as the person gets older.</li><li>d. have nothing to do with each other.</li></ul></li></ul>
B) With reference to the passage, answer the following questions.
<ul><li>B) With reference to the passage, answer the following questions.</li><li>6. Why does the writer think that reading is good for your state of mind?</li></ul>
6. Why does the writer think that reading is good for your state of mind?
<ul><li>6. Why does the writer think that reading is good for your state of mind?</li><li>7. According to the writer, what should you do to get better at reading?</li></ul>
<ul><li>6. Why does the writer think that reading is good for your state of mind?</li><li>7. According to the writer, what should you do to get better at reading?</li></ul>

### **Summary Making**

Winter is cold in some places. Animals get through this time in many ways. Birds and butterflies fly away. Many of them do not stick around for the winter. They go to a place with nice weather and come home in spring. Migrating is a clever way to avoid the cold. Another effective way to avoid the cold is to sleep through it. Many animals hide during the winter. Their bodies slow down to save energy. They live off their fat. This is hibernation. Snakes, frogs and bears hibernate. Some animals store food in their homes. They live on what they saved in the summer and fall. This is what squirrels do. Other animals tough it out. To survive, animals grow thicker coats in winter. Other animals, such as the arctic fox, change color. Winter may be pretty. It is nice to see snow on the trees, but it is dangerous too.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

How do some animals survive cold winter?

### Life in the city and in the village

### Introduction

Have you ever thought about changing your hometown from the city to the village or vice versa?

This essay will discuss both the advantages and disadvantages of life in the city and the village.

### Body: Paragraph 1: life in the city.

- better life a lot of entertainment places.
- well-paid jobs
- good public services good infrastructure.
- crowded and life there is stressful.

### Paragraph 1: life in the village.

- enjoy seeing the green lands
- healthy atmosphere healthy fresh food. fewer jobs

  - few services such as schools, hospitals, etc.

### **Conclusion**

To sum up, choosing a place to live depends on what we are looking for.

Have you ever thought about changing your hometown from the city to the village or vice versa? Many people enjoy living in cities while others prefer to live in villages. This essay will discuss both the advantages and disadvantages of life in the city and in the village.

A city has a lot of entertainment places like cinemas, restaurants, and shopping malls. A city has also good public services and good infrastructure. It is easy to get good paid jobs in cities. On the other hand, a city has some disadvantages, as it is crowded. A city is full of pollution from factories and heavy traffic as well which is unhealthy.

Others prefer life in the country for many reasons. They can find many green areas and fresh air in villages. However, the village has its own disadvantages. It is difficult to get a good job in villages. In addition, villages have poor public services and poor infrastructure. You cannot find entertainment places in the village to spend your free time.

To sum up, choosing a place to live depends on what we are looking for in life



### New ways and old



#	Word	Meaning	Definition
1.	competent (adj)		having the necessary skill to do something successfully
2.	cookery (n)		the practice of preparing food
3.	custom-made (adj)		made to a particular customer's order
4.	fix (v)		to repair something broken
5.	mail order ( n )		the selling of goods to customers by mail
6.	mass-produced (adj)		Produced in large quantities by mechanical process
7.	unique (adj)		being the only one of its kind
8.	unusual (adj)		not commonly done
9.	workshop (n)		a room in which goods are repaired

- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable	le words:
---	-----------

Į	workshop	\ fix '	\ cooker\	/\unique	\ mass-produced ]
٦	WOIKSHOP	\ IIA	1 COUNCI )	, tuilique	Tillass produced

- 1- ..... books offer new ways of making meals.
- 2- A lot of goods are ...... using modern machines in our factory.
- 3- Each person's genetic code is ..... even in the case of identical twins.
- 4- If you really need a good sofa, you should ask the new carpentry..... to make one for you. They are the best.
- 5- They couldn't ..... my old computer, so I had to buy a new one.

### **Set Book**

- 1- How have traditional pastimes and leisure activities changed in the modern world?
- People now enjoy different leisure activities, whereas in the past they had only some. Explain.

In the past:	 	 	
Nowadays:	 	 	

- 2- Do you think that leisure time can be a mixed blessing? Why?
- 3- What skills were commonplace in the past but are unusual now?

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#	Word	Meaning	Definition
1.	contemporary (adj)		occurring in the present
2.	craftsman ( n )		someone who is skilled at a certain craft
3.	in parallel (exp)		occurring at the same time
4.	platform ( n )		a raised level surface one can stand on
5.	pottery ( n )		clay that has been shaped to make pots
6.	promote ( v )		support or actively encourage
7.	seamlessly (adv)		Smooth and without seams
8.	socialise (v)		To mix socially with others

<u>- Fill in</u>	the spaces	with the	most	<u>suitable</u>	words	<u>from</u>	the list:
	{ co	ntempor	arv \ c	raftsmer	ı \ nara	ıllel \	platform

- 1- Those beautiful plates were hand painted by our finest ......
- 2- Although it was written hundreds of years ago, it still has a ...... feel to it.
- 3- These two machines are in....., they are arranged in a way that means they both receive the same amount of electricity.
- 4- He stepped up onto the ...... and started his speech.

### **Set Book**

- Bayt Lothan is	an old house that serves new purposes. Explain
Translate the fo	llowing into good English:
	باسل: هل بإمكانك ذكر بعض المهارات التي كانت شائعة في الماضي و لم تعد كذلك الأن؟
	حسين: نعم يعتبر صيد السمك و رعي الماشية من مهارات الماضي التي لم تعد شائعة حاليا.
Basil:	
Hussein:	

Date: ....../20 Unit 9 - Lessons 4 & 5 SB: 70 & 71

Voca	hii	2 PW
v oca	vu.	lai y

	Vocabalaiy					
#	Word	Meaning	Definition			
1.	below par (exp. )		something which is inferior			
2.	call the shots (exp.)		to make the important decision			
3.	immobile (adj. )		Motionless			
4.	neck and neck (exp.)		evenly matched			
5.	put to (phr. v)		to ask someone an important question			
6.	snooker (n)		a game played with cues			
7.	substandard (adj.)		below the usual standard			
8.	toe the line (exp.)		to accept the authority policy unwillingly			
9.	ungentlemanly (adj.)		Dishonourable			
	Manual Band Colored					

### - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

### { below par \ calls the shots \ immobile \ neck and neck \ put }

- 1- The company manager is the one who ......in our firm.
- 2- The two runners were ...... till the end of the race.
- 3- I have a question I want to .....to you.
- 4- The soldiers were ......waiting for the signal to attack.
- 5- The man was not qualified for that job. He was a bit .....

### Grammar

### Causative verbs (present / past / future) السببية

Having things done for you (Causative Verbs) عندما يقوم شخص أخر بخدمة نيابة عنك have + object + V3

- 1- I have had my hair cut.
- 2- Ali is going to have his house rebuilt.
- 3- He is having his car repaired.
- 4- She had her dress made by a very famous dressmaker.
- 5- We will have unit 9 covered next week.

### - From a, b, c and d choose the best answer:

1-We	our school decorated no	ext Thursday.		
a-will have	b-have	c-will		d-would
2-Ahmed	his garden watered yes	sterday.		
a-had	b-has	c-had had	d-ha	ve had
3-In	ny hair cut at the moment.			
a-having	b-am having	c-had	d-h	as
4-They	their room painted wh	en it started to r	ain.	
a-had	b-were having	c-are ha	aving	d-have
5-She	her wedding held in thre	e weeks.		
a-will	b-would	c-is going to h	nave	d-was having

### **Choose the correct answer:**

1- Instead of buying a ne	ew bicycle, why dor	n't you have an old	one?
a- would fix	b- fixed	c- fixing	d- had fixed
2- We need to have some mechanic.	e work on	our car and we're l	ooking for a good
a- done	b- doing	c- had done	d- did
3- I	my phone repa	aired after I droppe	ed it
a- have had	b- will have	c- had	d- would have
4- Jane will have the cur	tains	at the dry clean	er tomorrow.
a- had cleaned	b -cleaning	c- cleaned	d- been cleaned
5- Fatma always has her	car by	dialing a home ser	vice.
a- washed	b- will wash	c- would wash	d- washing
Used to + infinit	وقف عن تلك العادة ive	في الماضي ولكنه الأن تو	إعتاد أن يفعل شيء ف
	ravel everywhere by		(Statement)
2- He didn't us	e to travel everywh	ere by taxi.	(Negative)
3- How <b>did</b> he	use to travel everyv	where?	(Question)
1- When I was a child I	go swimr	ning in the lake.	
a- used to b-	use to c- am	used to	d- get used to
2- When I was in the arm	•		_
a -get up b- an	n used to getting up	c- used to get up	d- getting up
3- In the past, people did	ln't travel b	y plane.	
	ing to c- use	-	et used to
4 you use to ea	at many sweets whe	en you were a child	?
a- Did	b- Do	c- Are	Will
	Study the fol	lowing suffixes	
-able →(to make adjecti			e / portable /fashionable
-ful → (to make adjective	es) care <b>ful</b> /won	der <b>ful /</b> dread <b>ful /</b> a	aw <b>ful</b> / stress <b>ful</b>
-less→ (to make adjective	ves) tire <b>less</b> / care	less / spotless /usel	ess
-ised → (to make adjecti	ves) immobil <b>ised</b>		
-ness→ (to make nouns)	happi <b>ness</b> /lazi <b>nes</b>	s / careful <b>ness</b> /use	ful <b>ness</b>
-ship→ (to make nouns)	friend <b>ship</b> / relatio	n <b>ship</b> /member <b>shi</b>	p / citizenship
-ment → (to make nouns	s) enjoy <b>ment</b> /devel	opment /improven	nent / settlement

### Vocabulary

#	Word	Meaning	Definition
1.	appoint (v)		to choose someone for a job
2.	bill (n)		a written proposal for a new law
3.	biography (n)		an account of someone's life
4.	customarily (adv)		usually, habitually
5.	degree (n)		a course of study at a college
6.	doctorate ( n)		a university degree of the highest level
7.	master's degree (n)		a university degree such as an AM
8.	minister ( n )		A politician who is in charge of a government department
9.	parliament ( n )		the group of people who are elected to make a country's laws
10.	Portfolio ( n )		the work that a particular government official is responsible for
11.	resign ( v )		to officially announce to leave your job
12.	whereas (conj.)		in comparison with the fact that

### - Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list: {appointed \ bill \ biography \ customarily \ whereas \ resigned}

- 1- He must be about sixty, ...... his wife looks about thirty.
- 2- They 've ...... three new doctors this year.
- 3- He ..... from the company in order to take a more challenging job.
- 4- They discussed a .....in the parliament concerning the new tax.
- 5- We should teach the ......of Prophet Muhammad PBUH to our children.
- 6- In some cultures, the bride is dressed ......in a white dress.

### **Set Book**

1- How can a woman serve her country and society?

2- Massouma Al Mubarak is a pride to all the Kuwaitis especially the Kuwaiti women.

Give reasons.

Focus On  1- Games nowadays are different from games in the past. Explain
2- How did people spend their free time in the past?
3- People nowadays spend their free time in different ways. Explain.
<b>Language Functions</b>
- What would say in the following situations?
1- A friend of yours says that life will change completely in the future.
2- You have the choice either to join university or to start business with your father.
<ul><li>3- One of your classmates thinks that global warming has no effect on the environment</li><li>4- A friend of yours asked you to describe your last trip to Japan.</li></ul>
5- Your brother wanted to know how to improve his listening skills.
6- Old Kuwaiti houses are pulled down and replaced with modern buildings.
7- Your mother would like to know more information about your new friends.
8- Your teacher asked you how you made your last research.

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Date: ...../20

#### **Writing**

Leisure time can be a blessing as well as a curse on people's life. In 14 sentences/ (160) words, plan and write an essay to compare between the pastime activities in the past and nowadays and the effects of such changes on people's communication. (Your writing should include an introduction, two body paragraphs and a

conclusion)	, and a second residue to the second residue
<b>Introduction:</b>	
Body: Paragraph1:	
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Paragraph2:	
Conductor	
<u>Conclusion:</u>	

Write your topic here
موقع المناهج الكويتية
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••••••

# Reading Comprehension Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Pollution has been defined as the addition of any substance or form of energy to the environment at a harmful rate. In simpler terms, pollution means the poisoning of the environment by man. Pollution has accompanied mankind ever since groups of people settled down in one place for a long time. It was not a serious problem during primitive times when there was **ample** space available for each individual or group.

As the human population boomed, pollution became a major problem and has remained as such ever since. The rapid advancement of technology has brought along with it many undesirable results, one of which is the pollution of our environment. Humanity today is threatened by the dangers of air, water, land and noise pollution. Man has reached the moon and invented supersonic crafts that can travel faster than the speed of sound. However, these inventions emit pollutants which contribute to the reduction of the ozone layer which absorbs the harmful rays of the sun and prevents them from reaching the Earth; this reduction of the ozone layer has **drastic** effects on all living things. It will lead to a rise in the number of people suffering from skin cancer and other diseases.

Water pollution has become widespread too. Toxic waste has found its way into our lakes, streams, rivers and oceans. This waste is released by factories. The release of oil by tankers during the recent Gulf War has caused massive damage to marine life. Thousands of sea animals have died or were poisoned by the pollutants in **their** natural habitat. As such, it is dangerous for humans to consume seafood caught in polluted waters.

We are often faced with noises from construction sites, jet planes and traffic jam. We may be unaware of it but noise pollution causes a loss of hearing, mental disturbances and poor performance at work. To control environmental pollution, many actions should be taken such as setting strict rules and regulations. This calls for united decision-making among world leaders and a public awareness of the dangers of pollution.

#### From a, b, c and d choose the best answer:

- 1- The best **title** for this passage would be:
  - a- Water and Land Pollution
  - b- Disadvantages of Pollution
  - c-Pollution as an Environmental Problem
  - d- Growth Inventions by Humans

#### 2- The **main idea** of the **paragraph** (3) can be:

- a- The natural habitat of animals is damaged.
- b- Seafood is polluted and shouldn't be consumed.
- c- Marine life was polluted during Gulf War.
- d- Water pollution is a dangerous problem.

#### 3- The underlined word "their" in the paragraph (3) refers to:

- a- sea animals
- b- pollutants
- c- tankers
- d- factories

## 4- The underlined word "drastic" in the paragraph (2) is closest in meaning to:

- a- regular
- b- harsh
- c- faint
- d- petty

#### 5- The antonym of the underlined word "ample" the paragraph (1) is:

- a- great
- b- rich
- c- dark
- d- little

#### 6- The reduction of ozone layer could be caused by:

- a- air pollution
- b- land pollution c- noise pollution d- water pollution

### 7- The statement that best defines the term (pollution) is:

- a- Pollution means adding substances to the environment at a harmful rate.
- b- Pollution means diseases which accompanied mankind since primitive times.
- c- Pollution means taking some parts of the essential environmental elements.
- d- Pollution means replacing the useful substances with useless ones.

## 8- According to the passage, one of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**:

- a-Toxic waste released from factories has found in lakes and rivers.
- b- Humanity is threatened because of the dangers of pollution.
- c- Inventions contribute in making the rate of pollution higher and faster.
- d- Pollution was a serious problem since people were groups settled in one place.

## 9- The **purpose** of the writer from writing this passage is to:

- a- explain the causes of pollution.
- b- Show how marine life was damaged.
- c- highlight the seriousness of pollution.
- d- give information about human advancement in technology.

## **Summary Making**

#### Read the following text then do as required:

The frightening outbreak of Coronavirus has become the most important topic that occupies the entire world. The virus that causes COVID-19 is spreading very easily among people. Thus, the more closely a person interacts with others, the higher the risk of COVID-19 spread. The World Health Organization, WHO, has developed measures for protecting workers from exposure to SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19, which depend on the type of work being performed, exposure risk, and the interaction with the infected people. For all people not only workers, it is good to frequently wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. When soap and running water are unavailable, an alcohol-based hand rub with at least 60% alcohol can be used. It is a must to avoid touching eyes, nose, or mouth with unwashed hands. It is important to avoid close contact with people who are sick and stay home if one feels sick. The individual responsibility in observing quarantine is still the strongest weapon for limiting the spread of the virus.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the previous text in answer to the following question:

previous text in answer to the following question:
What preventive measures should be taken during the COVID-19 pandemic?
•
Translate the following sentences into good English:
Translate the following sentences into good English:
سعود :مارس أجدادنا في الماضي أنشطة مختلفة في أوقات فراغهم مثل زيارة بعضهم البعض ورواية القصص
لمتنوعة.
علي :هذا صحيح، فقد كانت حياتهم بسيطة ومكنهم هذا من الاستمتاع بوقت الفراغ.

### Life in the past and nowadays

#### **Outline**

#### **Introduction:**

In recent years, you often hear people talking about the past with regret, describing their past as happier and more comfortable

## **Body: P1. life in past:**

- people were simple
- Jobs and games involved physical activity
- leisure activities helped people to socialize

## P2. life nowadays:

- Faster communications
- Lack of physical activity
- games waste a lot of time

**Conclusion:** Finally, life nowadays is more enjoyable than life in the past.

Recently, people often talk about the past with regret, describing their past as happier and more comfortable. Others think life nowadays is better. This essay will compare life in the past and nowadays.

On the one hand, life in the past was simple but hard because it lacked comfort and luxury. Most people didn't have electricity or clean water in their homes. People used to travel from one place to another using animals or bicycles. In addition, their games were simple and in groups such as Dwama and Ambar. However, people had more social life and used to visit each other. Their lives were full of physical activities that made their bodies healthier.

On other hand another life nowadays is very different though more comfortable. People have technology in all aspects of their lives. This saves their time, effort and money. Also, transportation and communications and education have become easier, faster and time-saving.

Finally, Finally, life nowadays is more enjoyable, easier and more interesting than life in the past.

Marie III Hollower was			
#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	ascend (v.)		To climb to the summit of a mountain
2.	Attempt (n.)		An effort to surpass a record or conquer a mountain
3.	Dizzying (adj.)		Make someone feel of unsteady or confused
4.	Elite (n.)		A group of people considered the best in a particular society
5.	Exhaustion (n.)		A state of being physical fatigue
6.	Extreme (adj.)		Reaching the highest degree
7.	Frost-bite (n.)		Injury to body tissues caused by exposure to extreme cold
8.	Highlight (v.)		To highlight
9.	Perilous (adj.)		Full of danger or risk
10.	Reconstruction		The process of rebuilding something after it
	(n.)		has been damaged
11.	Scale (v.)		To climb up or over
12.	summit (n.)		The highest point of a mountain or a hill

#### - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

## {ascend \ attempt \ elite \ dizzying \ exhaustion \ extreme}

- 1- Ali suffered from complete ......after long hours of work.
- 2- He made a/an..... to swim across the lake but he failed.
- 3- Some mountains in Asia can reach ...... heights.
- 4- The girls were afraid of snakes and picked their way along with.....caution.
- 5- Climbers typically take two to four weeks to ...... Mount Everest.
- 6- Only the .....were invited to attend this conference.

#### Set book

1-Why do some people ten	d to push themse	elves to the extreme	limits by a sport or a
heroic action?			

.....

2- Mountaineers face a number of difficulties\risks while climbing high summits. Explain

3- What preparations do people have to make before going on expeditions?

Date:/20	Unit 10 Lessons 3	W



## Vocabulary



#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	clamber (v.)		To move /climb slowly using hands and feet because of difficulty
2.	manned (adj.)		Run or operated by human control
3.	set a record (exp.)		To reach a new limit
4.	submerged (adj.)		Under water

4.	submerged (adj.)		Under water
L.,	adaa (ddj.)		Officer water
	المناهج الكويتيية		
- Fill	in the spaces using the	correct word fro	m the list:
			clambered / manned)
			in an icy river for more than
	inutes.	arter sile was	un leg 11ver let mete mun
		anaged to	in butterfly swimming, last year.
			spaceship to the moon after several
attem		ing a	spaceship to the moon after several
	he prisoners	un the stone walls	s trying to escape prison
<b>7</b> – 1.	ne prisoners	Set Book	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Men	tion two	t might end in	disaster because of many reasons
			d-breaking attempts?
Cons	3:		
	Translate the follow	ing into good E	nglish:
			. العزيز : يعتبر ستيف فوسيت محطم للأرقام القياسب
		باضبات محتلفه	الح: نعم صحيح و يمتلك 116 رقم قياسي في 5 رب
Abdı	ul Aziz:		
Sale	h:		

Date: ...../20 Unit 10 Lessons 4&5 SB: 80 - 81

#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	Afflicted (adj.)		Affected in an unpleasant, painful way
2.	Alight (adj.)		On fire, burning
3.	Arson (n.)		The criminal act of setting fire to property
4.	Austere (adj.)		Severe in appearance
5.	Come across (phr.v)		To meet or find by chance
6.	Come away with (phr.v)		To be left with a specified feeling or impression
7.	Come down (phr.v)		To becomes lower
8.	Come over (phr.v)		To visit you at your house
9.	Come round (phr.v)		Recover after being unconscious
10.	Come up (phr.v)		To become available unexpectedly/to be mentioned especially in a conversation
11.	Exhilarated (adj.)		Feel very happy
12.	Fatigued (adj.)		tired
13.	Traverse (v.)		To travel across or through
14.	Unconscious (adj.)		Unable to see, hear or sense what is going on
15.	Visible (adj.)		Able to be noticed easily

- Fill in the spaces using the most suitable word from the list: -(fatigued / alight / arson / come around / unconscious /exhilarated)

- 1 The boxer knocked his rival.....to win the fight.
- 2 The rioters overturned several cars and set them.....
- 3 When I ...... was lying down on the kitchen floor. I must've fainted.
- 4 I was very ......at passing my exams.
- 5 They vented their anger by carrying out ....... attacks. They burnt down a lot of shops and cars.

### Grammar

Past perfect simple and cont. البسيط والمستمر الماضي التام البسيط والمستمر - يستخدم الماضى التام البسيط للتعبير عن حدث سبق حدث أخر في الماضي ويتكون من: had + p. p.(V3)

A By 10 a.m. on the last day the clouds had disappeared and the sun had come out. Keywords: الكلمات الدالة

had + p.p.(V3), → past simple A) after / once / as soon as / because

B) before / when / by the time past simple,  $\rightarrow$  had + p.p.(V3)

After he had finished his work, he watched TV.

**I had washed** my hands **before** I **had** my dinner.

#### الماضي التام المستمر The Past perfect continuous Tense

#### Usage: الاستخدام

1- look back at a situation in progress. وصف موقفا كان مستمرا لفترة في الماضي

<u>A</u> It <u>was</u> a good time to invest. Inflation <u>had been falling</u> for several months.

2- Say what had been happening before something else happened.

حدث كان مستمرا في الحدوث قبل وقوع حدث أخر في الماضي.

It had been snowing for a while before we left.

3- Actions which were repeated. افعال تكرر حدوثها في الماضي

Omar <u>had been having</u> sleepless nights for no apparent reason.

Formation:التكوين

had + been + v+ing

Keywords words: الكلمات الدالة

when / before / because / all (day – holiday .....etc)

#### Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Before we parked our car, we the ticket.						
a) collect	b) ha	ave collected	c) ha	d collected	d) are d	collecting
2- When we	moved to Par	k Street, the Johnso	ns	tł	nere for a	ges.
a) lived	b) ha	ave lived	c) liv	e	d) had	been living
3- We		the contract befo	ore the m	eeting ended.		
a) signed	l b) ha	ave signed	c) sig	ŗn	d) had	signed
4- By the tim	e we got to th	e theatre, the play .				
a) ha	d already star	ted	b) ha	d already beer	n starting	
c) has already been starting		d) ha	d) has already started			
5- Bill and Ja	ne were very	tired because they .		spo	rts for ho	urs.
a) have p	olayed	b) wereplaying		c) play	d) had	been playing
6- When I ar	rived home, n	ny mom		for an hour.		
a) has be	en cooking	b) had been cook	king	c) cooked	d) is co	oking
7- I		for her for hours be	efore she	came.		
a) had be	en waiting	b) has been wait	ing	c) had been	waited	d) hadwaited

## Phrasal verbs with come

يظهر Come out = appear			
<b>Come across</b> = find by chance	يجد بالصدفة ج		
<b>Come round</b> = recover after b	eing unconsci	يسترد وعيه   ious	
<b>Come down</b> = fall / decrease	ينخفض / يقل		
<b>Come up</b> = become available	/ be mentione	ر متوقع/ يأتي ذكره في حوار d	يتوفر بشكل غير
ور / يمر على Come over = visit			
Come away with = succeed in	نطباع winning	يخرج بنتيجة أو ان	
From a, b, c and d choose the	<u>e correct ans</u>	<u>wer:</u>	
1- Oil prices came	due to interi	national economic rec	cess.
a) over	b) up	c) round	d) across
2- It rained the whole morning	g, but finally tl	he sun came	•••
a) out	b) across	c) away	d) round
3- I hope our team will come.	with	the Asian Cup.	
a) out			d) away
4- Why don't you come			
a) across	b) round	c) away	d) over
	Language	e Functions	
Write what you would say in	the following	g situations:	
1-Your teacher asks you about	t how to prepa	are yourself for an exp	pedition.
2- A friend wants to start an ex	-	You think it is danger	
3- Your sister thinks that clim	bing mountair	ns is a very perilous sp	port.
4- Your uncle wants to know v		_	
5- A friend of yours says that	climbing Mou	ant Everest is an easy	task.
•••••			
6- You are hiking and one of y	our friends fa	ılls and injures himsel	lf.
7- One of your relatives asks a	ıbout your last	t mid-year holiday.	

Date: ....../20 <u>Unit 10 Lessons 7&8 SB: 82 – 83</u>

#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	Assist (v.)		To help someone doing a share of some work
2.	binoculars (n.)		An optical instrument used for viewing distant objects
3.	Cope with (phr.v)		To deal effectively with something difficult
4.	Crave (v.)		To feel a powerful desire for something
5.	Engulf (v.)		To sweep over to cover completely
6.	Entail (v.)		To involve something as a necessary part
7.	Feat (n.) m/kw		An achievement that requires great courage and skill
8.	Grueling (adj.)		Extremely tiring
9.	Mountaineer (n.)		A person who takes part of the sport of climbing mountains
10.	Strong-willed (adj.)		Determined /stubborn

Ξ	<u>Choose</u>	the rig	<u>int an</u>	<u>swer ti</u>	<u>rom a, </u>	<u>b, c</u>	<u>and</u>	<u>d:</u>

1 – Northern areas	of the country were	in a snows	torm last night.
a – engulfed	b-craved	c – entailed	d-traversed
2 – The Eiffel Towe	er is a remarkable	of engine	ering.
a – binocular	b – assistance	c-arson	d – feat
3 – Nadal has event	ually won Wimbledon	Championship after	five sets
a – gruelling	b – exhilarated	c – unconscious	d-manned
4 – Repairing the ro	of will	spending a lo	ot of money.
a – engulf	b-assist	c – cope with	d – entail
	_		

#### **Set Book**

1 - People who p	oush themselves into extreme limits have certain
characteristics (	raits). Mention some.

## **Translate the following into good English:**

انس: يرغب الإنسان في اثبات نفسه من خلال الكثير من التحديات
محمد: نعم صحيح و لكن يجب ان يمتلك قوة الإرادة و التحفيز للقيام بذلك.

Anas:	 	 	 
Mohamed:		 	

## Writing

In not less than 14 sentences (160 Words), plan and write an expository essay about "Extreme Sports" discussing why some people try extreme sports and the personal characteristics of these people.

(Your writing should include an introduction, two body paragraphs and a conclusion)

Outline

<u> </u>
Introduction:
موقع 
موقع
Paragraph1: .com/kw
Paragraph2:
~
<u>Conclusion:</u>

Write your topic here
موقع الموقع الحويدية
almanahj.com/kw

#### Reading comprehension

#### Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Although not the longest river in America, the Rio Grande is one of the most important. But, unlike other significant rivers, it is not used for shipping. In fact, oceangoing ships cannot navigate its water. No, what makes the Rio Grande so important is its location. Since , eighteen hundred forty six it has been the official border of Texas and Mexico.

The Rio Grande is either the fourth or fifth longest river system in North America. It all depends on how it is measured. Because the river twists so much, it occasionally changes course. And these course shifts can cause it to be longer or shorter. At its last official measure, the Rio Grande recorded one thousand eight hundred and ninety six miles. The river starts in Colorado and extends downward to the Gulf of Mexico. Downward is the best way of describing it too. Not only does the river extend south, but it also starts in the mountains and gets lower and lower as it extends to the Gulf. Its name is Spanish for the "Big River," but the Rio Grande is actually known as Rio Bravo in Mexico. "Bravo" translates as "**furious**," so the name makes sense. Because of its twists and turns, it certainly does seem to be angrier than most rivers!

The Rio Grande today is mostly used as a source of drinking water. Sadly, much of the water has been drained from the river. Parts of the river are almost dry! This is because people use more water from the river than the river can get back from rain and other sources. Experts are working to correct this, though, with hopes of restoring the river to **its** past strength. Today, the river is important as a source of water for people of Texas and Mexico. More important, it is a symbol of cooperation between two nations. Though borders like the Rio Grande separate nations, they are also shared spaces. The Rio Grande is therefore a symbol of friendship and peace between two peoples. Many charities are organized every year in the two countries to raise people awareness about the river.

#### From a, b, and c choose the correct answer:

- 1- The best title for this passage is:
  - a- The Gulf of Mexico
  - b- The Rio Grande
  - c- The longest River
  - d- Two Nations
- 2- What does the underlined word "**furious**," in the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph mean?
  - a- wide b- angry c- important d- official
- 3- The underlined word "<u>its</u>" in the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph refers to:
- a- water b- rain c- the river d- source

4- How long has Ric	o Grande been an offi	icial border betwee	en Texas and Mexico?
a- since 1648	b- since 1864	c- since 1684	d- since 1846
5- At its last official	measure, the Rio Gr	ande recorded:	
a-18.96 miles	b- 189.6 miles	c- 1896 miles	d- 1.896 miles
	river start and extend		
7- According to the a- The river is used	passage, which of the	e following stateme	ents is <b>NOT TRUE</b> ?
	official border of Texa er is used for drinking		
<ul><li>a- an opportunity</li><li>b- a comparison t</li><li>c- inform the read</li></ul>	r get from such a read to sail in the river. between different rived der about The Rio Grand ories about Rio Grand	ers in North Americande and its import	
9- Why are many ch	narities organized eve	ry year in Mexico	and Texas?
c- to raise people	for needy people. people from the two awareness about the rate importance of sea wareness.	river.	
	Tı	ranslation	
Translate th	ne following into g	ood English:	
في منطقة الخليج .	وء على أهمية حماية البيئة.	السبع قمم هو إلقاء الضر	-من أهم أهداف زيد الرفاعي في صعود
العالم	ي منطاد هواء ساخن حول ا	ِل انسان يسافر منفردا ف	في عام 2002 أصبح ستيف فوست او

## **Summary making**

In four sentences of your own, summarize and paraphrase the **following passage** in answer to the following question:

## How can a person improve his language learning?

An important characteristic of successful language learners is their
willingness to make mistakes. Young children learn their first language by trying
to communicate a message rather than by trying to learn grammar rules.
Children are not worried about correctness, they are concerned with the
message. The message is more important than the grammar. In the same way,
second language learners must try to communicate even when they are not
certain of the correct forms or words. For example, if someone else cannot
understand what the learner is trying to say, then the learner must change the
way he or she is using the language. Therefore, the more learners use the
language, the more skilled they become in the language.

#### **Extreme Sports**

"Fear is what stops you, courage is what keeps you going"

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), showing the reasons for doing such expeditions and challenges and the dangers of extreme sports.

## Introduction

Hook: Have you ever thought of doing an extreme sport?

Thesis: Extreme sports can be exciting, and when done with precautions, you could have a great time challenging yourself.

## **Body: Paragraph One**

The reasons for doing extreme sports

- To seek fame
- To overcome fears
- To feel superior
- To develop skills
- To set world records
- To gain money

### **Paragraph Two**

#### The dangers of extreme sports

- Sickness
- Losing contact
- Extreme exhaustion
- Serious injuries
- Bad weather
- Getting lost

## **Conclusion**

To sum up, practicing extreme sports is a healthy activity, but only if you remain extremely careful.

#### **Extreme Sports**

Have you ever thought of doing an extreme sport? Extreme sports can be exciting, and when done with precautions, you could have a great time challenging yourself.

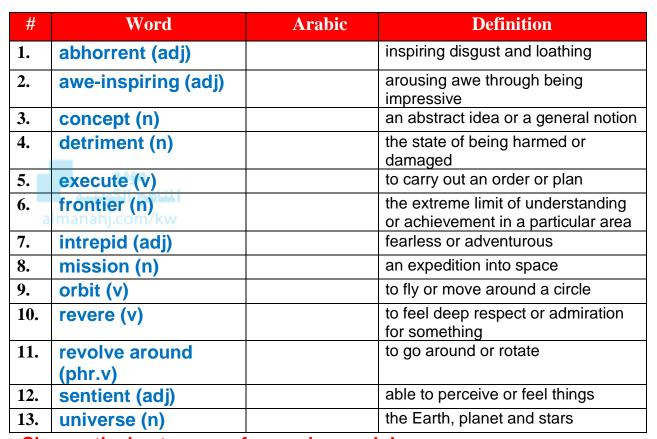
Many people who are looking for a little excitement are drawn to the thrill of doing extreme sports. Many people push themselves to extreme limits for many reasons. First, some young people seek fame and eager to be well-known worldwide. Moreover, some of them, tend to practice these sports to feel superior and to overcome their fears. Furthermore, breaking world records and gaining much money could be reasonable reasons for them.

These activities are hazardous and risky. Extreme athletes put their lives in danger by doing such sports. These athletes may be exposed to serious injuries. For example, mountaineers may face bad weather conditions as extreme cold and frostbite. Some of them get lost or may experience extreme exhaustion and sickness.

To sum up, practicing extreme sports is a healthy activity, but only if you remain extremely careful. Also, those activities must be done within reasonable limits, and you shouldn't get too fond of them.



#### The Final Frontier



#### - Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The latest space	was la	unched to collect	samples from Mars.
<ul><li>a. frontier</li></ul>	b. universe	c. detriment	d. mission
2- TV violence is	t	o our children and	d should be banned.
a. awe-inspirin	g b. abhor	rent c. sentient	d. intrepid
<ol><li>He cannot under</li></ol>	stand the basic.	of	mathematics
<ul><li>a. concepts</li></ul>	b. emissions	s c. trainers	d. detriments
4. He got very invol	ved with sports,	to the o	f his studies at school.
a. universe	b. frontier	c. detriment	d. concept
5. The Shuttle will .	the Earth a	at a height of seve	eral hundred miles.
a. execute	b. orbit	c. obscure	d. revere
		Set Book	
1-Why is the Spac	e Station consid	dered important	though costly?
2- Exploring space	e is still man's	need and interes	st. Explain.

Unit 11 Lessons 3 **WB**: 76 – 77 **Date:** ...../20

#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	approximately (adv)		roughly
2.	dispatch (v)	to send off to a destination or for purpose	
3.	obscure (v)		to prevent something from being seen or heard clearly
4.	perceivable (adj)		could be noticed
5.	scrutinize (v)		to examine someone or something carefully

<ul> <li>Fill in the s</li> </ul>	paces with the	most suitable	words from	the list below:
-----------------------------------	----------------	---------------	------------	-----------------

(scru	ıtinize ·	- perceiva	able	e - approx	imately	y - ol	bscure -	d	lispato	ched	I)
-------	-----------	------------	------	------------	---------	--------	----------	---	---------	------	----

- 1- Some crimes remain ......because their real motives are unknown.
- 2- This car costs ...... \$21000. It depends on model.
- 3. My online shopping order will be.....to my address on April 12th.
- 4. The purpose of these exercises is to record any.....progress in level of students at writing composition.
- 5. His job is to ...... people's faces carefully and try to work out who is lying.

1- Why is it dif	ficult for scientists to study some planets?
2- Are you for	or against space tourism? Why?
I'm <u>against</u> :	
I'm <u>for</u> :	

#### **Translate the following into good English:**

	خالد: نعم وذلك بسبب الغيوم التي تحجب الرؤية و بعدها عن كوكب الأرض .
Ahmed	

أحمد: يجد العلماء صعوبة في دراسة بعض الكواكب.

Date:/20	Unit 11	Lessons

#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	astronomical (adj)		relating to the branch of science that deals with celestial objects
2.	conducive (adj)		making a certain situation or outcome likely or possible
3.	exceptionally (adv)		unusually or remarkably
4.	habitation (n)		the state or process of living in a particular place
5.	natural satellite (n)		a naturally occurring object that orbits a planet
6.	on board (adj)		available or situated on a ship, aircraft or other vehicles
7.	opportunity (n)		a set of circumstances that makes it possible to do something
8.	roughly (adv)		in a manner lacking refinement and precision
9.	solar system (n)		the collection of nine planets and their moons in orbit around the sun, together with smaller bodies in the form of asteroid, meteoroids, and comets
10.	superb (adj)		impressively splendid
11.	wane (v)		to become weaker

## - Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list: (opportunity / habitation / wanes / roughly / conducive)

- 1- This hot weather is not ...... to hard work.
- 2- These kinds of houses are not fit for human......
- 3- Don't miss this ...... it may never come again.
- 4- The moon ......after the full moon phase and it gradually becomes less round.
- 5- The new product is modeled ..... on an earlier design.

#### **Set Book**

1- Why do you think Mars is not conducive to human life?

2- How has Islamic civilization played a major role in astronomical science?

#### <u>Grammar</u>

### The passive with modal verbs المبنى للمجهول مع الأفعال الناقصة

can/could /shall/should /will/would /may/might /must/ought to/had to/has to/have to /be going to

Form: object + modal + be + p.p.

- 1- We will finish our project next week.
- 2- Our project will be finished next week.

## Do as shown between brackets:

1- I want to put a swimming pool in the yard, but it on soft ground. (Passive)
<ul><li>a) has built</li><li>b) is building</li><li>c) has to be built</li></ul>
2- I think my car has a problem with the engine. It easily by my father, so I won't go to the garage. (Passive voice)
a) could repair b) could be repaired c) repairs
3- The report must be organized. It
4- If your kitten is two months old, she her necessary vaccinations.  (Passive voice)  a) may give
b) gives c) may be given
5- The job interview was too easy. Hesome more difficult questions by the manager. (Passive voice)  a) should have been asked b) should ask c) is asked
6- I think my favorite movie is coming out next year. It in the summer!  (Passive voice)
a) could release b) could be released c) releases
إعطاء خيارات Giving Choice
Neithernorولا ذاك كا هذاولا ذاك كا من المناطقة على المناطقة عل
Neither Eman nor Maha plays chess.
2- Hani <b>isn't</b> good at English. Fahad <b>isn't</b> good at English.
Neither Hani nor Fahad is good at English.
Eitherorأو ذَاك
2- Either you or he is to do that task.
علاً من هذاوذاك Both
1- Ali is good at English. Ahmed is good at English.
Both Ali and Ahmed are good at English.
2- My brother <b>has</b> prizes. Your brother <b>has</b> prizes.

<b>Both</b> my broth	er <b>and</b> your brother <b>l</b>	nave prizes.	
- Choose the co	rrect answer fro	ma,b,candd:	
1. Both Tom and	Peter in a	suburb of Londo	n.
a- live	b- lives	c- living	d- are lived
2. Either he or th	ey going to	take care of the	problem.
a- is	b- are	c- be	d- being
3. Neither my au	nts nor my grandr	mother to	come to the celebration.
a- want	b-wants	c- wanting	d- is wanted
4. Both my father	r and my brother <sub>-</sub>	to finish th	e project.
a- intend	b- intends	c- intending	d- is intended
	or the other child		
a- believes	b- believe	c- believing	d- is believing
6. The basketbal a) Neither b) Either c) Both	المناه		tall and supple.
7. When I was or a) both b) neither c) either	າ holiday, I visited		France and Spain.

Date:	•••••	<b>/</b>	<b>12</b>	0	

#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	abnormal (adj)		deviating from what is normal or usual
2.	alert (v)		to warn someone of a danger
3.	data (n)		facts and statistics collected together for reference or analysis
4.	dual (adj)		consisting two parts, elements or aspects
5.	durable (n.)		Able to withstand wear, pressure, or damage; hard-wearing
6.	economical (adj)		giving a good value or service in relation to the amount of money, time, or effort spent
7.	emission (n)		the production or discharge of something
8.	GPS (abbr.)		Global Positioning System
9.	monitor (v)		keep under systematic review
10.	revolutionise (v)		To change something radically
11.	specifically (adv)		particularly
12.	spin-off (v)		items used in space that improve our lives on Earth
13.	take for granted (expr.)		fail to appreciate someone or something that is very familiar or obvious
14.	trainers (n)		a soft shoe, suitable for sports or casual wear

- Fill	in the space	<u>S</u>	with word	<u> </u>	from the	list below:		
	( emissions	/	trainers	/	durable	/ alerted /	data /	monitor

- 1. The ..... was/were collected by various researchers.
- 2. The machines have to be made of ...... materials.
- 3. The increased use of natural gas will help reduce carbon dioxide .....
- 4. The doctor advised me to ...... the cholesterol level periodically.
- 5. An anonymous letter ...... police to the possibility of a terrorist attack.

#### **Set Book**

- 1- What are the advantages of wireless technology?
  - In which fields is the wireless technology used nowadays

.....

- 2- What are the advantages of aircraft technology?
- 3- Give examples of the effect of space technology on human lives on Earth.

.....

## **Writing**

Space exploration is an endless treasure of knowledge. However, it can be a waste of the government's money and time.

In not less than 14 sentences (160 words), plan and write an essay discussing the advantages and disadvantages of space exploration.

(Your writing should include an introduction, two body paragraphs and a conclusion)

<u>Outline</u>
<u>Introduction:</u>
Body:
Paragraph1:
almanahi com/kw.
Paragraph2:
Conclusion:

Write your topic here
موقع المنامج الكويتية almanahj.com/kw
almanahj.com/kw

#### Reading Comprehension (110 Marks)

#### Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions:

Right now, I am looking at a shelf full of books, relics, old-timers and antiques. Yes, that's right. If you have some spare cash and are looking to enhance your reading experience, then I highly invite you to purchase an e-reader. E-readers are replacing the old books, and I welcome them with open arms.

An e-reader is a device that allows you to read e-books. An e-book is a book which is published in digital form, consisting of text, images, or both. It is produced on, published through, and is readable on computers or other electronic devices. The Oxford Dictionary of English defines the e-book as "an electronic version of a printed book". E-readers are superior to printed books in many aspects. One of these aspects is saving space. The average e-reader can store thousands of digital books, providing a real library at your fingertips. Moreover, being the size and weight of a thin cover, the e-reader itself is relatively petite. It is easy to hold and can fit in a pocketbook or briefcase easily. Perhaps the only drawback to the space- saving aspect of an e-reader is that it requires you to find new things to put on your shelves.

In addition, e-readers are superior to books because they are environmentally friendly. The average novel is about 300 pages long. So, if a novel is printed 1000 times, it will use 300,000 pieces of paper. That's a lot of paper! If there are about 80,000 pieces of paper in a tree, this means it takes almost 4 trees to make these 1000 books. Since e-readers use no trees, they represent a significant amount of preservation in terms of the environment and its resources.

Finally, e-readers are also superior to books because they provide helpful reading tips and tools that printed books do not. An e-reader allows its user to customise letter size, font, and line spacing. It also allows highlighting and electronic bookmarking. Furthermore, it grants users the ability to get an overview of a book and then jump to a specific location based on that overview. While these are all nice features, perhaps the most helpful of all is the ability to get dictionary definitions at the touch of a finger. On even the most basic e-reader, users can get instant definitions without having to hunt through a physical dictionary

### A- From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer: (5 X10 =50 Marks)

- 26. The best title for the passage could be:
- a. E-readers: Different Types.
- b. E-readers: Superiority Over Books.
- c. E-readers: Past History.
- d. E-readers: Different Versions.
- 27. The underlined word —**them** in the first paragraph refers to:
- a. old books
- b. relics
- c. antiques
- d. e-readers

28. The underlined word —petite in the third paragraph means:  a. small  b. attractive  c. heavy
d. spacious
<ul><li>29. Which of the following is TRUE about e-readers?</li><li>a. They use large amounts of paper.</li><li>b. They require extra furniture in your house.</li><li>c. They cause harm to the environment.</li><li>d. They cannot be accustomed to users' performances.</li></ul>
30. One of the disadvantages of e- readers is: a. Replacing the old books with new ones b. Enhancing your reading experience c. Still not affordable to everyone. d. Saving a lot of paper
<b>B-</b> Answer the following questions: $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ Marks})$
31. According to the writer, what is the most useful feature of e-readers?
32. What are the space-saving aspects of an e-reader?
33. Why does the writer consider e-readers as environmental friendly?
34. How harmful is it to print books?
5 116 W Harmiter 16 It to print 600M5.

#### Summary Making $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ Marks})$

#### Read the following passage carefully, then answer the question below

It is well known that some cultures prefer sons to daughters. Sons are wanted because they can work to help the family earn income. Also, sons will be able to support their parents when the parents are old. In some countries, sons are important because the family name will continue for another generation. This is because the wife in these cultures take her husband's family name, and sometimes belongs to the husband's family. Not only that, but having a daughter can sometimes cause difficulty for the family. In India, for example, having a daughter can be a burden. Families must save a lot of money to pay a dowry when the girl gets married. According to a survey done in 2000, people in some developed countries would prefer to have daughters. Researchers said that parents in these societies do not have the same economic reasons that exist in other countries, so they do not need to have a son to help make money.

In four sentences of your own, summarize and paraphrase the passage in answer to the following question:

Why do people prefer to have sons in some countries?	
	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	•••••

#### Rubrics for Checking Summary Making

S	Content / relevance of ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Paragraph Format	Total
Rubrics	30	20	5	3	60
S					

Copying the who le paragraph receives ZE RO.
 Exceeding the required number of sentence s (Min us 5 marks for one sentence-Minus 10 for two sentence s and above)

"The Earth is the cradle of humanity, but mankind can't stay in the cradle forever."

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), showing the benefits we get from space exploration and the features of astronauts' life.

### Introduction

Hook: Do you think there is another life outside our planet Earth?

Thesis: Scientists are developing more and more modern machines to know more about the outer space. They do their best to understand the world around us and provide people with knowledge about space.

## **Body:** Paragraph One

Benefits humans get from space exploration

- Help in solving many problems on Earth
- Aircraft industry
- Wireless communication
- Medical field
- Satellite Television
- Weather forecasting

### **Paragraph Two**

#### Features for astronauts' life

- Hard type of life
- Getting rid of the trash
- Packed and dried food
- Drinking using straws

## **Conclusion**

To sum up, I think space exploration has many benefits for humans on Earth. Besides, being an astronaut is not an easy job. It is so risky and it requires special qualifications.

#### **Space Exploration**

Do you think there is another life outside our planet Earth? Scientists are developing more and more modern machines to know more about the outer space. They do their best to understand the world around us and provide people with knowledge about space.

There are a lot of examples of the effect of space technology on human lives on the Earth. The first example is the Aircraft Technology. Space Technology has made aircraft lighter, faster and more economical. The second example is the Wireless technology which was developed to solve the communication problems between the Earth and space. Because of space technology it is now used in medicine to monitor heart activity. There are a lot of benefits we could get from space technology such as Satellite Television, Weather forecasting, GPS systems, Mobile phones, Air-Conditioning Units, etc.. As a matter of fact, investments into space exploration create real economic benefits on earth.

Living in space is not the same as living on Earth. Our bodies change in space. In space, astronauts float. They do not use their legs much. Their lower backs and leg muscles begin to lose strength. So, they must exercise in space every day. Astronauts have to make sure they have plenty of food and the gear to cook and eat it with. There are no refrigerators in space, so space food must be stored and prepared properly to avoid spoilage, especially on longer missions.

To sum up, I think space exploration has many benefits for humans on Earth. Besides, being an astronaut is not an easy job. It is so risky and it requires special qualifications.



Date: ...../20

## Geniuses



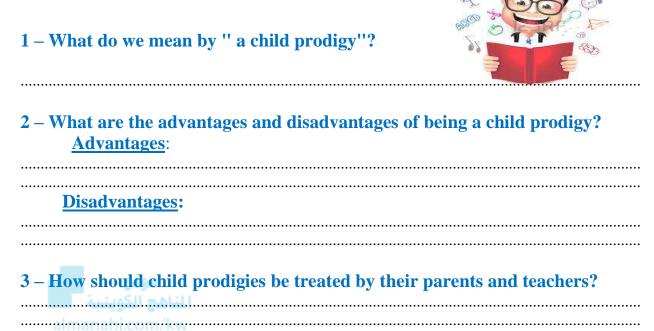
	way shutterpret com - \$66491b						
#	Word	Arabic	Definition				
1.	Abstract (adj)		Existing in thought or as an idea but not having a physical or concrete existence				
2.	Arbitrarily (adv)		Randomly, by chance				
3.	Audience (n)		The assembled spectators or				
	المناهج الكويتية		listeners at a public event, such as a play, movie, concert, etc.				
<b>4.</b> alı	BSc (abbr.)		Bachelor of Science				
5.	Digit (n)		Number 1, 2, 3, etc.				
6.	Genius (n)		Exceptional intelligence, cleverness				
7.	MSc (abbr.)		Master of Science				
8.	Outstanding (adj)		Exceptionally good, noticeable				
9.	PhD (abbr.)		Doctor of Philosophy				
10.	Precocious (adj.)		(of a child) having developed certain abilities at an earlier age than usual				
11.	Prodigy (n)		A person, esp. a young one, endowed with exceptional qualities or abilities				
12.	Randomly (adv.)		Made, done, happening, or chosen without method or conscious decision				
13.	Talent (n)		Natural ability or skill				
14.	Tour (v)		To visit several parts of a country or an area				
15.	Virtuoso (n)		A person highly skilled in music or another artistic pursuit				

## - Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

( prodigy – audience – arbitrarily- outstanding - virtuoso - abstract )

- 1- Good singers have the ability to attract a wide range of ......to attend their parties.
- 2- Due to his ...... performance, he was named man of the match.
- 3- .....ideas are usually hard to explain in another language.
- 4- We didn't make these changes....., but for a good reason.
- 5- I read in the paper about a mathematical ...... who attended university at the age of twelve.

#### **Set Book**



Date: ...../20

<u>Unit 12 - Lessons 3</u> WB: 82 - 83



	ICFA\S		
#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	Acquire (v)		To buy or obtain for oneself
2.	Attire (n)		Clothes
3.	Deputy (n)		Someone who is directly below another person in rank, and who is officially in charge when that person is not there
4.	Electrochemical (adj)		Of or relating to chemical reaction brought about by electricity
5.	Forum (n)		A place, meeting or medium where ideas and views on a particular issue can be exchanged
6.	Medalist (n)		Someone who has won a medal in a competition
7.	Reactor (n)		A coil or other component that provides reactance in a circuit
8.	Sewage (n)		The mixture of waste from the human body and used water that is carried away from houses by pipes under the ground
9.	Sponsor (n)		A person or an organization that provides funds for a project or activity carried by another in particular
10.	Unprecedented (adj)		Never having happened before, or never having happened so much

#### - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

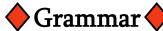
(acquired /attire /deputy /forums /reactor /sewage)
1- Untreated is being pumped into the sea, from where it pollutes our beaches.
2- They plan to discuss the survey results in a public
4- I hardly think jeans are appropriate for a wedding. I should pick something more formal.
5-During this period, hethe reputation of being honest.
<u>Set Book</u>
1- In your point of view. How can the government nurture the talented minds?
2- Children who are considered prodigies face many difficulties. Mention some.

#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	Accusation (n)		A charge or claim that someone has done something illegal or wrong
2.	Agonize (V)		To undergo great mental anguish through worrying about something
3.	Extravagantly (adv)		Spending money or using resources in a wasteful way
4.	High-living (n)		An extravagant social life as enjoyed by the wealthy
5.	Jockey (n)		A person who rides in horse races, esp. as professional
6.	Repudiate (v)		To refuse to accept or be associated with
7. <sub>al</sub>	Season (n)		A fixed time in the year when a particular sport is played

#### - From a, b, c and d choose the right answer:

1- He	the	charge	that	he	had	committed murder.
-------	-----	--------	------	----	-----	-------------------

- a- repudiated b- toured c- sponsored d- acquired
- 2- She had shopped ......for presents for the whole family and friends.
  - a-randomly b-arbitrarily c-extravagantly d-precociously
- 3-The English football .....begins in August and ends in May.
  - a- prodigy b- season c-talent d- accusation
- 4- What do you say to the .....that you are unfriendly and unhelpful?
  - a- accusation b- digit c- audience d-season
- 5- Ali ..... for two days before getting up the nerve to call his friend and ask for forgiveness.
  - a-repudiated b- agonized c-acquired d- sponsored



### Adding information (relative and -ing clauses)

## الجمل الموصولة Relative clauses

She could beat adults in memory games which involved numbers.

## الأفعال المنتهية ب - <u>Verbs ending in -ing</u>

She could beat adults in memory games involving numbers.

## صفات التساوى (... as ...) صفات التساوى

In English, one can describe people or things using phrases with 'as' + adjective + 'as structure, for example: **as** angry **as** hell, **as** blind **as** a bat

## حروف الجر (at, for, of, in, on, with, by, throughout) حروف الجر

on Monday / in the morning / at night

Many nouns, verbs and adjectives are normally used with particular prepositions:

The reason for... / to arrive at... / to be angry with somebody... / on a bus... / soup of the day... / travelled throughout Kuwait... / by car

- From a , b ,	c and d choo	se the right	answer:
			nce of Science Geniuses?
	b. on		
2.Ahmed was sit	tingthe	front row, so he	couldn't see any of his classmates
	b. from		
3.Huda was impi	ressedth	e big number of	geniuses we have in our country!
	b. with		
4. Did you see th	at man who could	l work out the m	ultiplication of two eight-digit
	a matter of seco		
a. in	b. with	c. at	d. from
5. The numbers v	were chosen	a comp	uter.
	b. of		
6. A newspaper l	oegan publishing s	stories,	the CEO of spending money
extravagantly on	high-living.		
a. accused	b. accusing	c. accuses	d. has accused
7. He continued	to write,	to let the ne	wspaper stories agonize him.
a. refusing	b. refused	c. had refused	d. has refused
8. Our school lib	rary is	the publ	lic library, in valuable books.
	b. as fast as		
9. My cousin has	s just been to Swe	den	her daughter lives.
			d. which
10 71	1 1 .	1 1	1
			s working again now.
a. wno	b. where	c. wne	en d. which
11. My town is n	ot crowded. Whil	e the city centre	is so crowded. ( Use as as )
a. My town i	s as crowded than	the city centre.	
b- My town i	s not as crowded	as the city centre	2.
c- My town i	s not as crowded a	as the city centre	is so crowded.
12. Winter in Ku	wait is too cold. V	Winter in Dubai i	s warm. ( Use as as )
a. Winter in 1	Kuwait is too cold	as winter in Dul	bai.

b- Winter in Kuwait is not as cold as winter in Dubai is warm.

c- Winter in Dubai is not as cold as Winter in Kuwait.

Date: ...../20 <u>Unit 12 Lessons 7&8</u> SB: 94 – 95

#	Word	Arabic	Definition
1.	Accolade (n)		An award or privilege granted as a special honour or as an acknowledgement of merit
2.	Aligned (adj)		Put into correct or appropriate position
3.	Bladder (n)		A membranous sac in humans and other animals, in which urine is collected for excretion
4.	Eternity (n)		Infinite or unending time
5.	Genetics (n)		The study of heredity and the variation of inherited characteristics
6.	Gifted (adj)		Having exceptional talent or natural ability
7.	Molecular (adj)		Of, relating to, or consisting of molecules
8. al	Nomination (n)		The action of proposing or formally entering as a candidate for election or for an honour or award
9.	Non-invasive (adj)		Not requiring the introduction of instruments in the body
10.	Recipient (n)		A person or a thing that receives or is awarded something
11.	Researcher (n)		A person who is systematically investigates materials and sources in order to establish facts.

## - Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

{ gifted / eternity / researcher / recipient / accolade / genetics / nomination }

- 1- The ringing went on for what seemed a/an ....., and then someone answered.
- 2- .....children need good care to nurture their talents.
- 3- The floor is open for ..... of candidates for the presidency.
- 4- African countries are the largest ......of foreign aid due to famines.
- 5- At the time he was the youngest person to win the ......
- 6- Finding a cure for cancer is one of the biggest challenges facing any medical.....

-	<b>1</b>	/	10	ā
	loto.	 /	""	4 8
	Jake.	 		47

### **Module 4 Focus On**

Maha Al Ghunaim SB: 96

1 – According to Maha Al Ghunaim '' Parent's support is essential in helping children to achieve success. '' Do you agree or disagree?			
2 – What does it take for someone to fulfill his/her dream?			

# **Writing**

A child prodigy is a child with a very great talent. This can be a mixed blessing, though.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), showing the benefits of being a gifted child compared to the difficulties he/she may face.

 $(Your\ writing\ should\ include\ an\ introduction,\ two\ body\ paragraphs\ and\ a\\ conclusion)$ 

<u>Outline</u>
<b>Introduction:</b>
***********
Body:
Paragraph1:
almanahj.com/kw
Paragraph2:
<u>1 ai agi apii2.</u>
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
~
<u>Conclusion:</u>
***************************************

# Write your topic here ..... ..... ..... ..... ...... ...... ..... ····· ...... ...... ...... ...... ..... ...... ...... ...... ..... ...... ...... ...... .....

Translate the following into go الله على الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	ood English: ممارسة الرياضة وإتباع العادات الصحية في الغذاء تساعدنا في أن نحيا حي
	يعتبر النوم من العوامل المهمة في حياة الإنسان .
Translate the following into goo	od English:
	أحمد: تم تطبيق تكنولوجيا الفضاء على العديد من الاختراعات لفائدة الانسان.
	خالد: نعم و ذلك من خلال الهواتف النقالة و المكيفات و الأحذية الرياضية.
Knaled:	
Translate the following into goo	od English:
	حمد: نعم وأيضا يحتاجوا الى دعم حكومي من خلال بناء مراكز خاصة لرعاية المواهب
Ahmed:	
Hamad:	
Translate the following into goo	od English:
	أحمد: يجب على الآباء تشجيع و دعم أبنائهم لاختيار الوظيفة التي يحبونها.
	حمد: نعم فهذا الدعم يعتبر المفتاح لتحقيق النجاح .
Ahmed:	
Hamad:	

### **Reading Comprehension**

### Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

If, when you are talking, someone suddenly opens his or her mouth and yawns, you are likely to feel offended, even if an effort is made to conceal what is probably an involuntary **gesture**. A yawn suggests either tiredness or boredom so obviously that it is barely acceptable in company, even if the yawner is not being directly addressed.

Why then do human beings yawn? The fact is: this is a behavior we share with a wide range of creatures, some familiar yawners, such as members of the cat families, but others perhaps more surprising, including birds and even fish. In all cases, the sequence of actions is remarkably similar. The mouth opens slowly. It remains open for five or six seconds before quickly closing. The physiological benefit is an increase in the heart rate and blood pressure leading to a raise in physical and mental alertness. Like other animals ,we yawn to ready ourselves for action.

Dr. Ronald of Temple University has observed that with animals in captivity, yawning occurs most frequently as feeding time approaches. He supposes that this prepares them for one of the day's important events. Similarly, baboons in the wild, where **they** live in groups, react to the leader's first yawn of the day by imitating it until the whole group is involved. Then it is time to go seeking food.

One time when you are not likely to yawn is when you are already in bed and about to go to sleep. This is a logical consequence of not needing to stay awake and on the watch for the time being. Otherwise thought, the watchword in the animal kingdom appears to be yawn or you may be gone!

As we saw previously, yawning is a healthy phenomenon when it is related to the body and the brain but it is not a healthy gesture when it comes to the social relationships so most people tend to suppress this phenomenon in order not to hurt the feelings of the speaker. It is out of politeness to put our hand on our mouth to conceal the yawn if possible.

### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b c, and d:

ii) Choose the	collect dilb ii el li olli di	o c, alla al			
1- The best title	for this passage is				
a- tiredness and	boredom	b- yawnin	g a mutual behavior		
c- yawning, a ne	eed for sleep	d- hide a	yawn		
<ul><li>a- you should ya</li><li>b- It is not good</li></ul>	a of paragraph <u>one</u> is awn when you see your f to yawn in front of other	riend rs			
c- We can yawn	any time	d- animals can	't yawn		
3- The underlined word " <b>gesture</b> " in line 3 means					
	ed pronoun <u>they</u> (line 17) b- baboons.	•			

B) With reference to the pa 5- What does a yawn sugge	ssage, answer the following questions: st?
6- When do animals in capt	ivity yawn?
7- What is the physiologica	l benefit of yawning?
Translate the following into	good English:
	<ul> <li>الحدى أفضل الطرق لضمان حياة مديدة هي بأن تبقى نشيطاً جسيداً وعقلياً</li> </ul>
موده المناهج الكويتية ماممه المعاد	* حل الكلمات المتقاطعة هو طريقة مفيدة لتدريب عقولنا.
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

### III- Summary Making $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ Marks})$

### Read the following passage carefully, then answer the question below:

It is well known that some cultures prefer sons to daughters. Sons are wanted because they can work to help the family earn income. Also, sons will be able to support their parents when the parents are old. In some countries, sons are important because the family name will continue for another generation. This is because the wife in these cultures take her husband's family name, and sometimes belongs to the husband's family. Not only that, but having a daughter can sometimes cause difficulty for the family. In India, for example, having a daughter can be a burden. Families must save a lot of money to pay a dowry when the girl gets married. According to a survey done in 2000, people in some developed countries would prefer to have daughters. Researchers said that parents in these societies do not have the same economic reasons that exist in other countries, so they do not need to have a son to help make money.

In four sentences of your own, summarize and paraphrase the passage in answer to the following question:

Why do people prefer to have sons in some countries?				
•••••				· <b>··</b>
Rubrics fo	or Checking Summary Ma	ıking		

s	Content / relevance of ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Paragraph Format	Total
Rubrics	30	20	5	5	60
Ru					

Copying the who le paragraph receives ZE RO.

Exceeding the required number of sentence s (Min us 5 marks for one sentence- Minus 10 for two sentence s and above)

### **Child prodigy**

A child prodigy is a person who has an outstanding talent or skill at a very early age. All people like to see their children smart and intelligent. People educate their children at early age so that they can develop their talents and skills

A few children show these extraordinary talents at a very early age. We can't deny that these prodigies benefit children, their parents, the society and humanity in general.

Being a child prodigy has advantages and disadvantages. When we talk about advantages, we start with the most important one which is being known and famous. A child prodigy will be known around the world. Child prodigy will also be rich. He will get lots of money through his creative ideas and creative thinking. The advantages also include being distinguished. Prodigies also get a lot of rewards.

There are some disadvantages of being prodigy. First, it is always difficult to cope with normal friends, normal classes or schools. So, a child prodigy will always feel isolated. Children of the same age will always be different from him. So. A child prodigy will find it difficult to enjoy his childhood.

Parents, families and governments have a duty towards those child prodigies. They should give them extra care. They should provide all necessary materials to help them develop their talents and skills.

# الأسئلة في (9) صفحات

### دولمّ الكويت وزارة التربيمّ التوجيه الفني العام للغمّ الإنجليزيمّ

امتحان الصف الثاني عشر للقسمين العلمي و الأدبي - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الثانية 2018 / 2019 المجال الدراسي: اللفة الأجنبية الأولى (الإنجليزية) الزمن: ثلاث ساعات مكونات الامتحان الفردات القواعد الوظائف اللفوية السناة الكتاب للقرر - التعير الكتابي - الاستيعاب للقروء - التلخيص - الترجمة،

(Total: 5	5 <u>60 Marks)</u>			
I-Vocabulary (100 Marks)				
A) From a, b, c and d, choose the most suita of the following sentences: (5 X 10=50 Mar)	ble word that best completes each ks)	100		
1. So far, Earth is still the only place in the	known to support life.			
a. contentment	b. dispute			
almc. universem/kw	d. deputy			
2. Some people need to the skills of	good listening to build better relations	ships.		
a. acquire	b. narrate	_		
c. appoint	d. traverse			
3. One of the characteristics of a	employee is being highly motivated			
a. leafy	b. dizzying			
c. vacant	d. competent			
4. Heat waves are happening more around the world due to climate change.				
a. vice versa	b. approximately			
c. frequently	d. seamlessly			
5. Fire investigators are trying to determine whether the wildfire was caused by or not.				
a. ailment	b. arson			
c. pottery	d. eternity			
B) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: (5 X 10=50 Marks)				
(forums / picturesque / ministers / crave / execute / fatal)				
6. Once divers are underwater, they should their diving plan to ensure safety.				
7. Recent medical advances have opened up new possibilities for treating diseases.				
8. Discussion help educators exchange ideas about the latest teaching practices.				
9. Unfortunately, many children and teens the unhealthy food advertised on TV.				
10. There is nothing like standing at the top of a mountain to enjoy the views.				

## الصفحة الثانية الجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الانجليزية) امتحان الصف الثاني عشر – نهاية الفارة الدراسية الثانية 2019/2018

II-Grammar (60 Ma	irks)			
A) From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer that following sentences: (4 X 10= 40 Marks)	best completes each of the 60			
11. My grandfather has his blood pressurer	egularly.			
a. will check	b. checking			
c. checked	d. had checked			
12. Some children show signs of exceptional abilities	a very young age.			
a. for	b. at			
c. on	d. against			
13. The editor of the book highlighted the sentences	were incorrect.			
a. who	b. when			
a c. which com/kw	d. whose			
14. In shops, customers are allowed to pay	cash or with a credit card.			
a. both	by not only			
c. neither	d. either			
B) Do as shown between brackets: (4X5= 20 Marks)				
15. The report must be organized. It				
13. The report must be organized. It On	(Passive voice)			
a) should type	,			
b) should be typed				
c) types d) typed				
a) cypea				
<b>16.</b> By the time we got to the theatre, the play	(Complete)			
<ul><li>a) had already started</li><li>b) had already been starting</li></ul>				
c) has already been starting				
d) has already started				
47 "				
17. "I slept only two hours last night," He said.  He said (Report)				
a) he slept only two hours last night.				
b) he had slept only two hours the previous night.				
c) he has slept only two hours yesterday.				
18. Scarcely the room when the phone ra	ang. (Complete)			
a) he entered				
b) he had entered				
c) he has entered				
d) had he entered				

# الصفحة الثالثة المنافقة المنافقة الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى والانجليزية المتحان الصف الثاني عشر - نهاية الفقرة الدراسية الثانية 2019/2018

III-Language Functions (40 Marks)
Write what you would say in the following situations: (4X10= 40 Marks)
19. Your dentist wants to know why you skipped your last appointment.
***************************************
20. You want your best friends to join your clean-up campaign.
21. Some drivers park their cars in the disabled parking spots.
22. You cannot find what you are looking for Ask the shop assistant to help you.  IV- Set Book (40 Marks)
Answer ONLY FOUR of the following questions: (4X10=40 Marks)
23. Suggest practical ways to show appreciation and respect to the elderly.
•
24. Why do you think governments should rebuild and restore historical buildings?
25. What makes people push themselves to extreme limits?
26. In your opinion, why are some people against space exploration?
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
27. What are the disadvantages of being a child prodigy?
•
•

# الصفحةالرابعة

جال الدراسي: اللغمّ الأجنبيـمّ الأولى (الانجليزيـمّ) امتحان الصف الثاني عشر – نهايـمّ الفترة الدراسيمّ الثانيمّ 
V-Writing (120 Marks)
Write on the following topic: (Expository)
You have probably heard your parents or grandparents speak regretfully of
"the good old days" when life was simple.
Plan and write an essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) comparing and
contrasting life in the past and nowadays in terms of communication, education,
entertainment and lifestyle.  almanahj.com/kw  Outline (20 Marks)
Introduction:
Body:
Paragraph 1:
***************************************
Paragraph 2:
***************************************

# الصفحة الخامسة للجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الانجليزية) امتحان الصف الثاني عشر - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الثانية 2019/2018 The Topic (100 Marks)

Exposition of ideas & coherence	Paragraphing & number of sentences	Spelling	Grammar	Hw., spacing & punctuation	Changing format	Total
60	10	10	10	10	-20	100
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#### الصفحةالسادسة

# المجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الانجليزية) امتحان الصف الثاني عشر - نهاية الفاترة الدراسية الثانية 2019/2018

### VI- Reading Comprehension (110 Marks)

## Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

110

It's a fact that most people don't like to fight or argue. It is just human nature to want to avoid a confrontation. However, throughout our lifetime, there will inevitably be some situations where we are called upon to defend our opinion on a topic against someone else's.

The ability to take a stand, and skillfully present your point of view is a <u>fundamental</u> skill that is needed in business, as well as other aspects of life. You may win some arguments and you may lose some. More often than not, you will come up with a negotiated agreement. But how you present your case and yourself, regardless of the outcome, will leave a lasting impression of who you are as a person and a leader. The first thing to remember is to be prepared for the argument. If you feel strongly about a topic, know it well. Take special measures to get the relevant facts and find out as much about the topic as you possibly can. Preparation is the only aspect of an argument or negotiation over <u>which</u> you have total control. You can never control what actually happens during an argument but being prepared can help you stand on firm ground.

In any serious discussion, it is not enough to simply understand your own point of view. It is equally, if not more important, to understand and never underestimate your opponent. It is important to understand that your opponent feels about his opinion as strongly as you feel about yours. Do not put down your opponent's ideas. Show politely that you understand, but that your opinion is different.

Throughout an argument, it is important to listen. Listening carefully and asking relevant questions show that you are truly involved in the discussion and allow you to receive important information that will eventually lead to an outcome. Be sure to listen with an open mind, even if you believe the other side is wrong.

Always keep your emotions under control. When arguments get emotionally-heated, both sides may lose control and the discussion process breaks down. No matter how strongly you feel about a topic, keep a calm voice. Sometimes it may even help to take a deep breath and count to ten.

Finally, accept the fact that some arguments do not have a clear-cut outcome. Know when enough is enough, and simply agree to disagree.

### العيفحة السابعة المجال الدراسي: اللغمّ الأجنبيم الأولى رالانجليزيين امتحان الصف الثاني عش\_

# A) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer: (5x 10=50 Marks)

- 28. Which of the following would be the best title of the passage?
  - a. How to Stay Calm
  - b. How to Listen Carefully
  - c. How to Argue Effectively
  - d. How to Avoid Arguments
- 29. What does the underlined word 'which' in the 2nd paragraph refer to?
  - a. facts | com/kw
    - b. measures
    - c. impression
    - d. preparation
- 30. The underlined word 'fundamental' in the 2nd paragraph
  - a. strange
  - b. flexible
  - c. necessary
  - d. complicated
- 31. To be prepared for an argument means:
  - a. to attack your opponent's ideas.
  - b. to get facts about your topic and know it well.
  - c. to control what actually happens during an argument.
  - d. to get emotional while defending your opinion.
- 32. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT TRUE?
  - a. In some situations, we will have to defend our own opinions.
  - b. How we present our case leaves a lasting impression on others.
  - c. We can disagree with others without showing disrespect.
  - d. All arguments must have clear-cut outcomes.

### الصفحة الثامنة

# للجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الانجليزية) امتحان الصف الثاني عشر - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الثانية 2019/2018

B) With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: (4 x 15=60 Marks)
33. What shouldn't you do in a serious discussion?
34. What can you do to keep your emotions under control in an argument?
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35. How can you show that you are truly involved in a discussion?
36. What would happen when arguments get emotionally-heated?
(1-3 / (CA) 1 E)
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### الصفحة التاسعة

# للجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الانجليزية) استحان الصف الثاني عشر - نهاية الفاترة الدراسية الثانية 2019/2018

# VII- Summary Making (60 Marks)

# Read the following passage, then do as required:

60

Writing is one of the most important inventions of humanity. It allows us to record our history, ideas and discoveries. As writing developed, so did writing tools. The early cavemen used animal hair brushes to paint pictures on cave walls. The pictures usually told stories about their hunts. After several centuries, the Egyptians invented a simple kind of pen made of reed, which is a tall plant like grass. Later, the Chinese used metal tools to carve their characters into turtle shells and cattle bones. After many decades, people developed different writing tools such as fountain pens and ballpoint pens with tiny ink tanks in them. Only time will tell what writing tools our children and grandchildren will be using in the future.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question: (4X15=60 Marks)

bove in answer to the follo	wing questio	n: (4X15=00 Warks)		
How have th	e writing too	ls developed through	out history:	
		،	 ma <sub>ta</sub>	
		1000		
		····//////////////////////////////////	5 14 (	
		The first of	July 1	
			KON JE /	
			1010	
la de la constanta de la const	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Paragraph Format	Total
Content/ relevance of ideas 30	20	5	5	60
3			<u> </u>	
	V/III Tr	anslation (30 Marks)		
				l l
Translate the following in	to good Engl	<u>ish: (2X15=30 Marks</u>	1	30
		n 1 = = = = 1 a a 5 1 3 a	ع الحراء دعم ويسحب	لى: يجب عد
		بعالهم للحقيق احارمهم. م اختيار الوظيفة المناسبة.	هم قد يساعدونهم علم	عمد: اجل، و
Ali:				
••••••				
Ahmed:				
Anmed:				
		انتهت الأسئلين	00%	FP QR Generated by FP QR Code Re-
	عاح	أنتهت الأسئلة مع تمنياتنا لكم بالنج	Mu	nammad Sayed Eng
	_			is is the same

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# جدول تصريفات الأفعال الشاذة الشائعة

الفعل (مضارع)	المعني	الماضي	التصريف الثالث
become	يصبح	became	become
begin	يبدأ	began	begun
believe	يعتقد	believed	believed
break	يكسر	broke	broken
bring	يحضر	brought	brought
build	يبني	built	built
buy	يشتري	bought	bought
catch	يمسك _ يصطاد	caught	caught
choose	يختار	chose	chosen
come	يختار يأت <i>ي</i> يكلف	came	come
cost	يكلف	cost	cost
النا cut کمینیة	يقطع	cut	cut
ranahi.cc <b>do</b> /kw	يفعل	did	done
draw	يرسم ـ يسحب	drew	drawn
dream	يحلم	dreamt	dreamt
drink	يشرب	drank	drunk
drive	يشرب يقود يأكل يأكل	drove	driven
eat	يأكل	ate	eaten
fall	يقع	fell	fallen
feed	يقع يطعم	fed	fed
feel	يشعر	felt	felt
fight	يحارب	fought	fought
find	یجد یطیر	found	found
fly	يطير	flew	flown
forget	ينسي بخيف	forgot	forgotten
frighten	يخيف	frightened	frightened
get	يحصل ـ ينال	got	gotten
get up	ينهض	got up	gotten up
give	ينهض يع <i>طي</i>	gave	given
go	يذهب	went	gone
grow	يزرع ـ ينمو	grew	grown
hide	بختبىء _ بخفى	hid	hidden
hit	يضرب يمسك	hit	hit
hold	يمسك	held	held
hurt	يؤذي ـ يؤلم	hurt	hurt
keep	يحافظ	kept	kept
know	يحافظ يعرف يضع يضع يتعلم	knew	known
lay	يضع	laid	laid
learn	يتعلم	learnt	learnt
leave	يترك	left	left
let	يسمح ـ يدع	let	let
lie	يتمدد ـ يرقد	lay	lain
	r		

light	يضيء - يشعل	lit	lit
lose	ً يفقد يصنع	lost	lost
make	يصنع	made	made
mean	يعني	meant	meant
meet	يعني يقابل يدفع يضع يقرأ يورا	met	met
pay	يدفع	paid	paid
put	يضع	put	put
read	يقرأ	read	read
ride	یرکب	rode	ridden
run	يجري يقول	ran	run
say	يقول	said	said
see	يري	saw	seen
sell	يبيغ	sold	sold
send	يرسل	sent	sent
set	تغرب ـ يضبط	set	set
manahi <b>shake</b> w	يصافح	shook	shaken
shoot	يطلق النار	shot	shot
show	يعرض ـ يظهر	showed	shown
sing	يغني	sang	sung
sit	يعرض ـ يظهر يغني يجلس ينام يشم	sat	sat
sleep	ينام	slept	slept
smell	يشم	smelt	smelt
sow	یبذر - یزرع یتکلم	sowed	sown
speak		spoke	spoken
spend	يقضي ـ يصرف	spent	spent
stand	ًيقف يلصق	stood	stood
stick	يلصق	stuck	stuck
swim	يسبح	swam	swum
take	يأخذ يعلم يخبر يظن يرمي يوقظ يوقظ يرتدي	took	taken
teach	يعلم	taught	taught
tell	يخبر	told	told
think	يظن	thought	thought
throw	يرمي	threw	thrown
wake	يوقظ	woke	woken
wear	يرتدي	wore	worn
win	يفوز	won	won
write	یکتب	wrote	written
·	·		