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الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف الثامن على مواقع التواهل الاجتماعي
مجموعة الفيسبوك
صفحة الفيسبوك
مجموعة التلغرام
بوت التلغرام
قناة التلغرام
رياضيات على التلغرام
E State of Kuwait
Written work


PREPARED BY : MR. MUSTAFA AL JENDI<br>School Principal : Mr. Badr All Hajirí<br>Senior Teacher : Mr. Mohammed Bedeir<br>Elt Supervisor : Mr. Mohammed Twaty School ; Ibn Sohail Int. School

| Unit 1 |  | Unit 2 |  | Unit 3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sprinting | الجري بالقصى سرع | lead to - led | يوّدي الى | separate | منفصل - مستقل |
| extremely | جا/1/لي إصي حد | theme | الخلفياتوالسمات | employ | يوظف |
| resistance | المقاومة | provide | يمديزيود بيطي | wage | أجر- معاش |
| flexible | مرن | cavern | كهف كبير | instead of | بلا من |
| regimen | نظام - اسلوب | voluntary | تطوعي | trap | فخ - مصيدة |
| session | جلسة | native | أصلي- ابن البّا | drop out | سقط من اعلي |
| cool down | يها | recently | مونراً - حديثاً | jobless | بون وظيفة |
| promise | يوع | achieve | يحقّ - ينجز | inhale | يستنّق |
| arrow | سه | improve | يحن- يطور | stingy | بخل |
| strict | حاز مـ صارم - دقّق | require | يحتاج | furious | جا غاضب |
| risk | خطورة | master | يتقنىيبرع في | hearty meal | شههي- وبة كبيرة صحية |
| obesity | السمنة | frequently | تكرارأ-كثيرا | justice | العل |
| amount | كية | infections | عوى.-امرض سارية | crowd | العامة - شثد من الناس |
| gain | يصل عي | sight | حاسة البصر | unfair | ط |
| lack | ينقه - ينتقر الي | determination | تصميه -اصرار | dispose of | يتخلص من |
| adequate | كاني - وفي بالغض | overcome | بتغب على-يهزم | float | يطفو |
|  |  | barrier | حاجز.عانق | package | علبة الطعام - الشراب |
|  |  | inspire | يلهم | gravity | الجانبية الارضية |
|  |  | incredibly | بشكل مذهل- لا يصدق | casual | مالبس عايدة - غير |
|  |  | capable | قادر علي بارع في | specialized | ميز - خاص |


| Unit 1 |  |  | Unit 2 |  |  | Unit 3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sprinting | n | الجري بأقصى سرعة | lead led | v | يؤدي الى | separate | adj | منفصل-مستقل |
| extremely | adv | جدا/الي اقصي حـ | theme | n | الخلفيات والسمات | employ | v | يوظف |
| resistance | n | المقاومة | provide | v | يمد-يزود ب-يعطي | wage | n | أجر-معاش |
| flexible | adj | مرن | cavern | n | كهف كبير | instead of | adv | بدلا من |
| regimen | n | نظام - اسلوب | voluntary | adj | تطوعي | trap | n | فخ-- مصيدة |
| session | n | جلسة | native | adj | أصلي- ابن البلا | drop out | phv | سقط من اعلي |
| cool down | phv | يههأ | recently | adv | - مؤخراً حديثاً | jobless | adj | بدون وظيفة |
| promise | v | يوعد | achieve | v | - يحقّ - ينجز | inhale | v | يستنشق |
| arrow | n | سهم | improve | v | يحسن-يطور | stingy | adj | بخيل |
| strict | adj | حازم- صارم - دقيق | require | v | يحتاج إلى - يتطلب | furious | adj | جدا غاضب |
| risk | n | خطورة | master | v | يتقن-يبرع في | hearty | adj | شهي-وجبة كبيرة صحية |
| obesity | n | السمنة | frequently | adv | تكراراً-كثيراً | justice | n | العدل |
| amount | n | كمية | infection | n | عدى -امراض سارية | crowd | n | حشد من -العامة الناس |
| gain | v | يحصل علي | sight | n | حاسة البصر | unfair | adj | ظالم |
| lack | v | ينقصه - يفتقر الي | determination | n | تصميم -اصرار | dispose of | phv | يتخلص من |
| adequate | adj | كافي - وفي بالغرض | overcome | v | بتغب على-يهزم | float | v | يطفو |
|  |  |  | barrier | n | حاجز-عائق | package | n | علبة الطعام-الشراب |
|  |  |  | inspire | v | يلهم | gravity | n | الجاذبية الارضية |
|  |  |  | incredibly | adv | بشكل لا يصدق-مذهل | casual | adj | ملابس عاديـة-غير |
|  |  |  | capable | adj | ل لمؤهل - بارع-قادر على」 | specialized | adj | مميز-خاص |

## Mr. Mustafa

1- Fizzy drinks and fast food high in sugar and fats can cause
a) wage
b) obesity
c) gravity
d) justice
$2-$
training ,such as press ups and weight lifting, is good for building up muscles.
a) Barrier
b) Amount
c) Resistance
d) Package

3- You should have an exercise $\qquad$ that contains all three types of exercise.
a) regimen
b) arrow
c) theme
d) cavern

4- Doing a sport almost daily makes you more $\qquad$ and fit.
a) jobless
b) stingy
c) furious
d) flexible

5- The runners do $\qquad$ down the track towards the finish line.
a) sprinting
b) Sight
c) cavern
d) infection

6- Stretching exercises, like Yoga, are good for you to
a) overcome
b) lack
c) cool down
d) promise

7- The weather in Canada in winter is $\qquad$ cold.
a) recently
b) securely
c) instead of
d) extremely

8- A good exercise $\qquad$ has a warm -up of about 5-10 minutes like walking.
a) crowd
b) session
c) resistance
d) cavern
9. My dad to take me to London on the next holiday.
a) promised
b) overcome
c) float
d) inhale

Millions of people in poor African countries $\qquad$ . clean water and food.
a) employ
b) promise
c) lack
d) overcome

11- The students told the teacher that they didn't have $\qquad$ time to finish the test
a) specialized
b) adequate
c) stingy
d) native

Smoking increases the $\qquad$ of heart diseases and lung cancer.
a) risk
b) theme
c) cavern
d) gravity

13- The Arabs in the past fought their enemies with bow and
a) obesity
b) session
c) arrow
d) wage

14- A lot of countries have $\qquad$ laws against drugs.
a) stingy
b) jobless
c) furious
d) strict

Some people ............... weight when they eat too many sweets, fast food and fizzy drinks.
a) gain
b) inhale
c) float
d) employ

16- Kuwait has got huge $\qquad$ of oil under the ground and the sea.
a) arrows
b) amounts
c) themes
d) sessions
a) Determination
b) Obesity
c) Sprinting
d) Barrier

18is caused by lack of physical activity or eating unhealthy food.
a) Package
b) Crowd
c) Obesity
d) Justice
a) adequate
b) stingy
c) furious
d) native

Fahad will take a long time to ................... after the argument.
a) drop out
b) cool down
c)
dispose of
d) plunge in

## Unit 1

## Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:

## ( flexible - lack - resistance - extremely - cool down- regimen )

1-There are three main types of exercise-aerobic, stretching and $\qquad$
2-The doctor advised me to lose weight, I should follow a strict exercise
3-Vegetarian people $\qquad$ calcium, proteins and vitamin D as well.
4- Employees, specially mothers, said they would prefer more $\qquad$ working hours.
5- She's very angry. Give her some time to

## Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:

( sessions - promised - risk - obesity-- adequate - extremely)

$\qquad$ difficult that no one answered it.7-The sports club provides training 3 times a week.
8 -Driving your car very fast is a big
as you will definitely have an accident. her friend Noura to go shopping together at the weekend. 10-A vegetarian diet doesn't have the $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$.................

## Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:

```
( strict - amount - sprinting- gain - obesity - arrow)
```

11-You need a bow and a/an. to practise target shooting.
12--Vegetarian people follow a .diet that include fruits, vegetables and grains.
13--People more energy from carbohydrates, proteins and vitamins.
14--Too many people suffer from because of eating too much fast food.15- I do
$\qquad$ three times a week to keep fit and healthy.
Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:
( adequate - risk - sprinting -amounts - strict - flexible )
16-Building new schools and hospitals requires a big ..... of money.
17-She's been doing exercises to become stronger and more
18-We'reto that sign, then back to this spot here.
19-I can't take the of climbing very high mountains in the Himalayas
20-My dad is very about staying up late playing games for long hours.
21-Most people feel they didn't have an salary compared to their effort at work.
Mr. Mustafa

1- To improve your English, you should listen to $\qquad$ speakers of English.
a) hearty
b) furious
c) native
d) flexible

2- Most Arabs use Twitter and Facebook $\qquad$ to socialize with others.
a) instead
b) frequently
c) ahead
d) gradually

3- Success hard work, much effort and patience.
a) requires
b) float
c) inhale
d) employ

4- Kuwait has $\qquad$ built many new schools and hospitals .
a) exceptionally
b) recently
c) alongside
d) instead

5- In order to
a new sport, you have to practise it regularly.
a) lack
b) promise
c) master
d) provide

6- We should wash our hands many times daily so as not to catch
a) sprinting
b) justice
c) determination
d) infections

7- There are many different $\qquad$ on mobile phones ; you can ose one for free.
a) themes
b) wager
c) caverns
d) crowds

8- Eating healthy food, doing a sport and sleeping enough time will your health.
a) float
b) inhale
c) improve
d) employ

9- The Ancient Egyptians have
. built the Great Pyramid which is a big mystery.
a) recently
b) incredibly
c) extremely
d) instead

10 A healthy balanced diet $\qquad$ .us with calcium, proteins and carb
a) provide
b) inspire
c) require
d) master

11- He lost his leg when he was ten, but learnt to $\qquad$ his handicap.
a) lack
b) achieve
c) overcome
d) promise

12- Our football team is $\qquad$ of winning the world cup.
a) capable
b) flexible
c) voluntary
d) casual

13- Smoking can $\qquad$ to dangerous illnesses like lung cancer and heart diseases.
a) gain
b) lead
c) provide
d) achieve

14- Blind people are those who lost their $\qquad$ and they can't see anything.
a) wage
b) trap
c) sight
d) gravity

15- The desire to fly like birds $\qquad$ .scientists to invent the airplane .
a) gained
b) lacked
c) floated
d) inspired

16- Helping old people, the homeless and the environment are kinds of $\qquad$ work.
a) voluntary
b) furious
c) capable
d) separate

17- To achieve your dreams, you need good planning, hard work and $\qquad$
a) arrow
b) obesity
c) determination
d) barrier

18- The explorers usually find bears and bats living in big dark $\qquad$
a) caverns
b) theme
c) infection
d) regimen
19. Everyone should do his/her best to $\qquad$ his/her goals and dreams in life.
a) float
b) promise
c) achieve
d) dispose

20- The mountain range forms a natural $\qquad$ between the two countries.
a) sight
b) barrier
c) sprinting
d) gravity

Mr. Mustafa

## Unit 2

## Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:

( incredibly - inspired -theme- overcome - barrier - capable )
1-Daily exercise and a healthy diet are effective to obesity.
abetween you and the world.
3-The skyscrapers in Dubai and New York are
$\qquad$ beautiful.4-My sister isof speaking both English and French well.5-Seeing my best friend lose over 10 kilograms has really
$\qquad$ me to exercise regularly.

## ( lead - native - caverns - recently - voluntary - theme )

6-In order to create your own blog, you should choose your favourite
7-Eating unhealthy food can to serious heart diseases .
8-Arabic is the ..............language for the kuwaiti people .
9-My elder brother has. $\qquad$ moved to London to complete his PhD .
$10-\mathrm{My}$ elder brother usually participates in $\qquad$ work.
( caverns - requires - achieve - frequently - provide - improve )
11-No one can .success without effort and hard work.
12-Try to speak English as often as possible if you want to $\qquad$ your English.
13--Kuwait always $\qquad$ poor countries with money and support. 14-It is very dangerous for people to live in dark .................... in the mountains. 15-Living in Europe or the United States of America $\qquad$ a lot of money.

## ( master - frequently - flexible- infections - sight - determination )

16-Lazy boys .............. neglect their homework .
17-Antibiotics are a cure for viruses and $\qquad$
18-He lost his $\qquad$ in the accident he had last year that's why he can't see.
19-The first element of success is the $\qquad$ to succeed.
20-It's easy to
English if you live in the UK or the USA for years.
( provide - capable - extremely - barriers - infections - overcome - lead) 21-Careless driving will to road accidents and deaths.
22-My parents $\qquad$ .me with love, care and money.
23-You are good, but you're $\qquad$ of doing better
24-To succeed, you have to .....................the challenges and the difficulties you face. 25-Cultural ......................... have made it hard for women to enter many professions. 26-The symptoms of flu $\qquad$ .can be a high fever runny nose and coughing.

## Mr. Mustafa

## Unit 3

1- We have to $\qquad$ this pile of old newspaper and magazines.
a) dispose of
b) cool down
c) drop out
d) plunge in

2- No one likes $\qquad$ people because they don't help the poor.
a) hearty
b) casual
c) stingy
d) separate

3- The
cheered when their football star scored a goal.
a) sprinting
b) regimen
c) barrier
d) crowd

4- In most countries, teachers do not receive high $\qquad$
a) traps
b) wages
c) arrows
d) caverns

5- Astronauts have to warm their meals before they open the $\qquad$
a) sight
b) infection
c) justice
d) package

6- The boy climbed the tree, then he $\qquad$ and broke his leg.
a) cooled down
b) plunged in
c) dropped out
d) disposed of

7- The doctor told me to $\qquad$ and exhale slowly and deeply.
a) inhale
b) inspire
c) require
d) float

8- My dad was $\qquad$ when I told him that I failed my tests.
a) native
b) voluntary
c) separate
d) furious

9- Everything floats on the moon because there is zero
a) gravity
b) regimen
c) session
d) determination

10 The rich man was used to eat a $\qquad$ meal in the evening.
a) voluntary
b) hearty
c) jobless
d) flexible

11- I feel more comfortable in $\qquad$ clothes.
a) furious
b) stingy
c) casual
d) hearty

12- Firemen wear $\qquad$ clothes to protect them from heat, fire and smoke.
a) specialized
b) casual
c) jobless
d) separate

13- Your homework should be written in a $\qquad$ notebook.
a) separate
b) native
c) capable
d) stingy

14- Kuwait has recently $\qquad$ thousands of young people.
a) inhaled
b) overcame
c) employed
d) floated

15- The judges and most people want $\qquad$ to prevail all over the world.
a) risk
b) justice
c) trap
d) package

16wasting your time, you should study hard.
a) Instead of
b) Securely
c) Exceptionally
d) Extremely

17- The police set a $\qquad$ to catch thieves of the bank.
a) gravity
b) trap
c) arrow
d) sight

18- Millions of people are $\qquad$ in each country, they can't earn money for a living.
a) flexible
b) capable
c) adequate
d) jobless

19- The teacher was $\qquad$ to the students, treating some better than others.
a) jobless
b) casual
c) unfair
d) adequate

20- Astronauts $\qquad$ in the spaceship because there is no gravity.
a) employ
b) float
c) lead
d) promise

## Unit 3

## Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:

## ( dropped out - jobless - inhale - stingy - furious)

1-Sara liked to open the oven and $\qquad$ the sweet smell of freshly baked cookies.
2-To my astonishment. my pens $\qquad$ of my bag on my way to school.
3- Despite all his wealth, he is $\qquad$ and doesn't help the poor people.
4-Hamad was with me when I broke his favourite watch. 5-My elder brother graduated from university and remained for a long time.

## ( trap- wages - separate - employ- instead of )

6-I and my brothers sleep in .bed rooms in the same floor.
7-The new company has decided to ..................... 100 young people.
8 -The workers receive their $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. . . . . . . . . .
9-I made up my mind to keep a cat ............... the naughty dog I have.
10-They caught the birds with a
.by using a plastic basket.

## ( dispose of - unfair - hearty - crowd - justice )

| 11-After a .................... dinner, Mr. Fawaz thanked the host for his hospitality. 12-Criminals in each society always try hard to escape 13-The young boy lost sight of his mother in the 14-It's $\qquad$ that you have to pay the most when you earn so little. 15-After recycling, we must find the safest way in which to $\qquad$ the waste. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## ( float - package - gravity - casual - specialized )

16-Inside the space station, astronauts wear ......................cothes with lots of pockets.
17-Boats are mostly made of wood that's why they .on water. 18-. is the natural force by which objects are attracted to the Earth. 19-When astronauts walk outside in space, they wear $\qquad$ spacesuits with finger heaters. 20-Did you look at the ingredients on this $\qquad$ of cookies? They're full of additives.
( Package - inhaling - separate -gravity - employ - unfair )$21-\ldots \ldots \ldots . . . .$. smoke, dust, exhaust and dangerous gases is bad for our health .22-Our modern intermediate school has got two buildings.
23-The $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$.
24-My sister was ...........................................
25 -It is .for some workers to pay taxes and others to skip the payments. 26-Information about nutritional value all ingredients are listed right on the

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## Unit 4

| Unit 4 |  |  | Unit 5 |  |  | Unit 6 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hire | v | يستأجر-يستخدم | equato | N | خط الاستواء | fictional | adj | خيالي |
| raise | v | يجمع تبرعات | unique | Adj | فريد-لا مثيل له | thrilled | adj | فرحان اهتز من الفرحة. |
| communit | N | مجتمع | glow | v | يضي\&-يلمع-ينير | schedule | N | جدول اعمـل-مواعيد |
| demote | v | نزل رتبته-دجته | reflect | v | يعكس | actually | adv | فعلا-حقا- في الحقية |
| harsh | Adj | قاسي_صب-صب | antiqui tv | N | اثارالعصور القديمة | conduct | v | يؤلدي-يدير -يجري مقابلة |
| quit | v | استقال من وظيفة-ترك | bargai | N | صفقة_عملية تجارية | spoil | v | يفسد-يخرب- |
| wound | N | جرح | atmos nhere | N | الجو-الثعور العام | Iuxury | adj | ففم رفاهية ترف |
| compelle <br> $d$ | Adj | مجبر-مضطر-مكره | sightse ainc $\qquad$ | N | زيارة معالم سياحية | spectacular | adj | رائع-مذهل |
| astonishe <br> $d$ | Adj | مندهش-مذهل | destina tinn | N | وجهة الوصول | donate | v | تبرع -وهب-منح |
| plunge in | PhV | يغس | counti | N | العد-حساب | carpet | N | سجادة-بساط |
| beg | v | يتوسل الي-يترجي | height | N | طول شخص ارتفاع | return | adj | ذهاب وعودة |
| exceptionall | Adv | بشكل استثنائي | skills | N | مهارات | oval | adj | شكل بيضاوي |
| humble | Adj | متواضع-بسيط | collecti on | N | مجموعة | countless | adj | لا يع-لا يحصي |
| hardship | N | مصاعب-معاناة | pleasu <br> ro | n | متعة -سعادة | royal | adj | ملكي |
| generation | N | جيل | house | v | يضم -يحتوي | pure | adj | نقي-صافي-خالص |
| securely | Adv | بشكل أمن | impres cive | Adj | مثير للاعجاب | marble | N | رخام |
| througho山 | Prep | اثناء-خلال-طوال | sculpt wre | N | صنم -تمثّل | import | v | يستورد |
| tug on | PhV | يشد فجأة | exhibit | N | معرض | chandelier | N | ثريا |
| heritage | N | تراث -ميراث | illusion | N | صورة خادعهـذاع بصري |  |  |  |

## Mr. Mustafa

| Unit 4 |  | Unit 5 |  | Unit 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hire | يستأجر- يستذم | equator | خط الاستواء | fictional | خيلي |
| raise | يجمع بّرعات | unique | فريد- لا مثيل له | thrilled | فرحان جا- اهتز من الفرحة. |
| community | مجتّع | glow | يضيء- ينير | schedule | جدول اعمل\|-مواعيد |
| demote | نزل رتبته - درجّه | reflect | يعس | actually | فعلا-حقا- في الحقيقة |
| harsh | قاسي ـصط صعب | antiquity | اثارالعصور القيدة | conduct | يؤدي - يدير -يجري مقابلة |
| quit | استّلّ من ونظية. | bargain | صفقة-علية تجارية | spoil | يفسد - يخرب |
| wound | جرح | atmosphere | الجو-الشعور العام | luxury | فغم رفاهية ترف |
| compelled | - مضط-مجبر مكره | sightseeing | زيارة معالم سياحية | spectacular | رانع - مذهل |
| astonished | مندهش-مذهو | destination | وجهة الوصول | donate | تبرع -وهب - منح |
| plunge in | يغس | counting | العد-حسا | carpet | سجادة -بساط |
| beg | يتوسل الي - يترجي | height | طول شخص ارتفاع | return | ذهاب وعودة |
| exceptionally | بشكل استثاني | skills | مهارات | oval | شكل بيضاوي |
| humble | متواضع - بسيط | collection | مجموعة | countless | لا يع- لا يحصي |
| hardship | مصاعب- معاناة | pleasure | متعة -سعادة | royal | ملكي |
| generation | جيل | house | يضم - يحتوي | pure | نقي- صافي- خالص |
| securely | بشكل أمن | impressive | مثير للإعجاب | marble | رخام |
| throughout | اثناء-خلالطوال | sculpture | صنم -تمثال | import | يستورد |
| tug on | يشد فجأة | exhibit | معرض | chandelier | ثريا |
| heritage | تراث - ميراث | illusion | صورة خادعةخداع بصري |  |  |

[^1]
## Unit 4

1- The young girls $\qquad$ their mother to take them to the fun city for a holiday.
a) hired
b) raised
c) begged
d) imported

2- The teacher has been criticized for her $\qquad$ treatment of his students.
a) oval
b) harsh
c) return
d) compelled

3- I want to $\qquad$ my job because they give me very low salary.
a) beg
b) glow
c) quit
d) inspire

4- The plane exploded and $\qquad$ the ocean, killing all the people on board.
a) plunged in
b) tugged on
c) cooled down
d) disposed of

5- A father and son represent two different $\qquad$ in thinking and interests.
a) caverns
b) schedules
c) generations
d) traps

6- The nurse applied a bandage to the $\qquad$ after cleaning it.
a) carpet
b) marble
c) justice
d) wound

7- Kuwait's $\qquad$ .is full of victories and great achievements.
a) package
b) counting
c) heritage
d) sculpture

8- The heavy rain $\qquad$ us to stay indoors instead of going shopping.
a) unfair
b) compelled
c) flexible
d) spectacular

9- The pearl divers were tied $\qquad$ to the ship with a rope around their waists.
a) securely
b) extremely
c) instead
d) recently

10 Some poor people live in $\qquad$ cottages near the mountains or lakes.
a) furious
b) return
c) humble
d) jobless

11- The pearl diver $\qquad$ the rope and was pulled up to the surface.
a) cooled down
b) disposed of
c) plunged in
d) tugged on

12- After their father's sudden death, the family faced many $\qquad$
a) hardships
b) carpets
c) exhibits
d) wages

13- My uncle lived in the United Kingdom $\qquad$ his life.
a) securely
b) throughout
c) recently
d) extremely

14- The $\qquad$ in the US didn't let Carla Barton hold the position of a school principal.
a) equator
b) marble
c) chandelier
d) community

15- I was $\qquad$ when I heard the fire station had burnt down.
a) unique
b) fictional
c) astonished
d) Iuxury

16- The vegetables grown in our farm are $\qquad$ delicious.
a) exceptionally
b) recently
c) securely
d) instead

17- Some people create a charity campaign to $\qquad$ money for the poor and people with cancer.
a) hire
b) raise
c) demote
d) promise

18- My dad ..................... some people to paint our new villa in Al Jahra.
a) hired
b) quit
c) begged
d) glowed

19- The policeman was $\qquad$ because he broke the laws.
a) imported
b) floated
c) demoted
d) inhaled

20- Some people like to $\qquad$ money for charity organizations.
a) glow
b) overcome
c) inspire
d) raise

## Unit 4

## Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:

## ( community - harsh - securely - raise - hire - demote )

1- My mom needs to ........................a new maid to help in the housework.
2- We're trying to ............................. money to help children with cancer
3- The kuwaiti .......................didn't allow girls to go to school in the past.
4- Teachers can choose to ................................ a student to a lower grade.
5- I am extremely sorry to have used $\qquad$ words against you
( exceptionally - begs - demote- hardships - generations - humble )
6- Mohammed his father to buy him play station 4.
7- The weather has been $\qquad$ bad the last few years
8- Mohamed Salah, the football star, remains $\qquad$ despite all his achievements. 9- People who lived in the past faced many in life.
10- We need to preserve Kuwait's resources for future
( plunged - astonished - hire- wound - compelled - quit )
11- Asel made up her mind to the company to take care of her children.
12- The $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$...........................................
13- My grandpa was .............................to have a surgical operation to survive.
14- The teacher was $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$......................
15- Fawaz .......................................... into the water and swam to the other side.
( Securely - throughout - tugged on - raise heritage - hire )
16- Pearl diving was an important part of the kuwaiti
17- Make sure your seat belt is fastened before taking off.
18- The students studied hard for the test the night.
19- We are so busy this year so we need to .................. a babysitter to care for our children. 20- The little boy $\ldots \ldots . . .$. . his father's sleeve and pointed at the puppy in the shop window.

[^2]1- Optical $\qquad$ means that your eyes trick you into seeing something that is not really there.
a) community
b) illusion
c) cavern
d) obesity

2- The collection of Egyptian $\qquad$ is the best in the world.
a) wounds
b) schedules
c) antiquities
d) traps

3- Visitors can enjoy the traditional souq $\qquad$ in Al-Mubarakiya.
a) infection
b) atmosphere
c) sprinting
d) chandelier

4- Money, family , friends and good health are the sources of
a) pleasure
b) counting
c) collection
d) marble

5- My brother's $\qquad$ is 190 cm so he can join the basketball club.
a) gravity
b) theme
c) sightseeing
d) height

6- I think if I talk more often with a native speaker, my English
will improve.
a) skills
b) carpets
c) destinations
d) illusions

7- In most museums of the world, people aren't allowed to touch $\qquad$
a) communities
b) exhibits
c) schedules
d) packages

8- Most museums have different $\qquad$ of jewellery and antiques.
a) destinations
b) infections
c) collections
d) themes

9- The fingerprints for all people all over the world are
a) harsh
b) fictional
c) furious
d) unique

10- The planets produce no light of their own; they just $\qquad$
a) raise
b) reflect
c) spoil
d) beg

11- The sale will run for three days, starting from today.
a) illusion
b) hardship
c) bargain
d) equator

12- The plane to Cairo will reach its $\qquad$ after two hours.
a) heritage
b) destination
c) collection
d) pleasure with fingers isn't as easy as using a calculator.
a) Height
b) Sightseeing
c) Sculpture
d) Counting

14- Khalifa Tower in Dubai is the most $\qquad$ building in the UAE.
a) harsh
b) impressive
c) stingy
d) return

15- The pharaohs' $\qquad$ in Ancient Egypt are more than five thousand years old.
a) sculptures
b) carpets
c) chandeliers
d) wages

16- The campfire was $\qquad$ brightly in the dark night while we were camping.
a) begging
b) donating
c) glowing
d) importing

17- The Louvre museum Egyptian, Greek and Roman antiquities.
a) hires
b) demotes
c) quits
d) houses

18- The ............is an imaginary circle around the Earth, dividing the earth's two hemispheres.
a) atmosphere
b) equator
c) bargain
d) pleasure

19- Tourists go ...................... in France and take pictures in the most famous places.
a) carpet
b) marble
c) sightseeing
d) hardship

Mr. Mustafa

## Unit 5

## Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:

( bargain - atmosphere - sightseeing - beg - counting - destination )
1- My family spent the last summer holiday in Paris and shopping.2 - I bought this car at aprice from Salmiya last week.
3- Your house has a very cozy and pleasant
4- We drove along way through KSA until we got to our ..... in Mecca.
5-Sara is three years but she is good at up to 100 .
( reflect - glowing - equator - unique - antiquities )
6- Some humans are born with supernatural talents.
7- The sun heats the sea more at the than at the poles
8 - The candles were in the dark which created a romantic atmosphere.
9- Your low mark in science simply

$\qquad$
your laziness and total lack of effort.10- The city of Luxor, in Egypt ,contains temples, tombs and
$\qquad$
( height - collection - pleasure - skills - houses )
11- The museum
$\qquad$an impressive collection of jewels and sculptures.
12- His is a great advantage when he plays volleyball
13- You can't get a job if you don't have the necessary14- The famous artist has a wonderfulof modern paintings.
15- Would you get me a cup of coffee?" "With ..... my dear.
( atmosphere - sculpture - exhibits - illusion -impressive )
16- What can you see in the following optical ..... ?
17- Our National Football Team performance was throughout the final match.
18- A new of Liverpool star Mohamed Salah has been built.
19- There are some interesting and fabulous in the Louvre Museum.
20- This restaurant has a pleasant that's why I usually come here.
( equator impressive - reflected - destination - pleasure - unique )
21- The romantic film was sothat I couldn't help crying.
22- Spain is still the most popular holidayall over the world.
23- Vaadhoo Island is located on the

$\qquad$
to the southwest of Sri Lanka.
24- Kids always find joy and in playing games in the fun city or kidzania.
25- The great pyramid in Egypt is it is matchless.
26- The picture of the moon and stars are on the sea water at night.
Mr. Mustafa

## Unit 6

1- Many mothers $\qquad$ their kids by not being strict enough.
a) import
b) improve
c) glow
d) spoil

2- We didn't $\qquad$ see the accident but we watched it on TV.
a) extremely
b) actually
c) instead
d) exceptionally

3- The Avenues is regarded as the most $\qquad$ department store in Kuwait..
a) spectacular
b) capable
c) voluntary
d) unfair

4-The news reporter $\qquad$ the interview in Kuwait Towers.
a) float
b) glow
c) conduct
d) raise

5-My uncle is a rich businessman who lives in a. $\qquad$ villa in London.
a) pure
b) flexible
c) luxury
d) harsh

6-The $\qquad$ .trip from London to Cape Town, South Africa, was 21691 miles.
a) return
b) jobless
c) unfair
d) separate

7-This sculpture is made of $\qquad$ which has a smooth, shiny surface.
a) equator
b) community
c) marble
d) hardship

8-The most expensive $\qquad$ .in the world is Persian and was sold for $\$ 2,487,178$.
a) height
b) carpet
c) atmosphere
d) wound

9-I have a busy $\qquad$ this week. I can't meet with a anyone.
a) schedule
b) counting
c) sculpture
d) generation

10-The blessings of Allah ,for us, are $\qquad$ .and priceless.
a) thrilled
b) compelled
c) jobless
d) countless

11-Mango ,kiwi ,avocado and many other fruits have got an


#### Abstract

shape.


a) flexible
b) oval
c) stingy

12- Many countries around the world $\qquad$ .oil from Kuwait.
a) reflect
b) achieve
c) beg
d) import

13- Real Madrid fans were $\qquad$ to win the champions league cup.
a) pure
b) native
c) thrilled
d) flexible

14-The king and his family always live in the $\qquad$
a) royal
b) stingy
c) furious
d) hearty

15-The mask of the young Egyptian king Tutankhamen weighs 18 kg of $\qquad$ .gold.
a) humble
b) harsh
c) pure
d) astonished

16-Mohammed always $\qquad$ his blood twice a year to sick people.
a) inspire
b) inhale
c) donates
d) achieve

17-I liked my friend's villa especially the crystal $\qquad$ hanging above the table.
a) gravity
b) chandelier
c) pleasure
d) sightseeing

18-Tom and Jerry, mickey mouse, and Bin Ten are $\qquad$ .characters. They are not real.
a) oval
b) fictional
c) voluntary
d) compelled

19-My aunt looks young, but she's $\qquad$ 50 years old.
a) actually
b) extremely
c) securely
d) frequently

Mr. Mustafa

## Unit 6

## Fill in the spaces with the suitable word(s) from the list:

( conduct luxury spectacular donate oval )
1-Kuwait had the biggest and most fireworks shown in history in 2012.2-Fawaz stayed in ahotel in Dubai for a week.
3-The school principal

$\qquad$
the meeting with the school teachers yesterday.
4-Many rich people.millions of Dinars to charity every year.
5-My mother bought a lovelytable which was made in Sweden.
( return - spoil - countless - royal - carpets )
6-.

$\qquad$
people all over the world are the fans of Barcelona and Real Madrid.
7- My dad bought many beautiful
$\qquad$for our new villa.8- Would you like single ticket or a
$\qquad$ ticket?
9- You shouldn't the surprise I have for my mom on her birthday.
10- Thefamily usually donate millions of dinars to charity and the poor.
( marble - actually - thrilled - fictional - schedule )
11- Sindbad, the sailor, stories are not true; they are12- My sister wasto come first at school in the final exams.
13-I had a very tight

$\qquad$
last week, but this week I'm relatively free.14-Ibelieve that sport and healthy diet make your life better
15- Omar Ali Saifuddien Mosque has got wonderful Italian. floor.
( luxury - chandeliers - pure - countless - thrilled - imported)
16-I admire my mom because she is a very king person with a ..... heart.
17-most of the food and clothes in Kuwait are.from different countries.
18-My mom bought new which will be hanged from the ceiling in our new house.
19-The new couple were to hear the wonderful news about the new baby.
20-There are stars light up the sky at night.
21-There are too manyshops in the Avenues and 360 mall.
( donate return spoil conduct pure
22- Don't your appetite by eating sweets before meals
23-The pharaohs' treasures in Ancient Egypt were made of ..... gold.
24-A snow storm cancelled our. flight Sunday25-Many peoplemoney to the Red Crescent to help sick people.
26- The astronaut had to many experiments in the space shuttle.
Mr. Mustafa

## Gramma»

## Grammar

> Grannour


12 years old.





## 1-My father was in Dubai last month.

2- The boys were playing games yesterday .
-

- Fawaz $\qquad$ doing homework.
* My sisters $\qquad$ studying for the tests.
- I $\qquad$ reading books.
* My mother $\qquad$ cooking lunch for us.
- Ali and sa'd $\qquad$ watching TV.
* Computers $\qquad$ very big in the past.
$\psi_{*} * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$

يمنتك / عنده

يمتلكون / عغدهم

| 6-The cat ............................ A long tail. |
| :--- |
| 7-Kuwait ..... ................... oil reserves. |
| 8-Sharks ............................. sharp teeth. |
| 9-Omar ............................ a lot of homework. |
| 10-Cars ............................ four wheels. |

## I can walk but I can't fly.

## I can do homework.

I can't swim in the pool.
I can play the drum but I can't play the guitar.

1. I $\qquad$ speak English.
2. I .................write e mails.
3. I ................make a cake.
4. I .................. fly a plane.
5. I $\qquad$
6. Ducks $\qquad$ swim.
7. Babies $\qquad$ ride bikes.
8. A dog $\qquad$ play tennis.
9. Cats $\qquad$ fly.
10. $\qquad$ you help me?
11. I'm full. I $\qquad$ eat any more.
12. Cheetahs $\qquad$ run very fast.
13. A spider $\qquad$ drive a car.
14. A fish $\qquad$ swim.
15. Animals $\qquad$ read.

| There is |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| يوجد (للمفرد) |  |
| There are |  |

1. $\qquad$ a tree in our garden.
2. $\qquad$ many posters in our class.
3. $\qquad$ cows in the field.
4. $\qquad$ big ships in the harbor today.
5. $\qquad$ fish for dinner.
6. $\qquad$ a boy in my class who can walk on her hands.
7. $\qquad$ good teachers in our school.
8. $\qquad$ a cat sitting on the bench.
9. In our park $\qquad$ some great things to play on.
10. $\qquad$ a computer in the classroom.

Sentence Building

## 1

## subject ( فاعل )

اسم- ضمير
1- Kuwait
2- Nora
3- Fahd
4- My brother

| 4-My brother | plays |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5-I } \\ & \text { 6- He } \end{aligned}$ | went was driving |

speak
7- They

2
verb ( فـل )
كلمة او كلمتين is
has got
is reading plays

3
predicate (باقى الجملة )
(صفة- اسم- زمان- مكان - مفعول- حال) hot. (صفة )
a laptop. (اسم )
a book now. ( مفعول+ زممان ) football in the club.(مفول+ مكان)
to Dubai last week.(مكان+ زمان) the car quickly. ( مفعول+حال)
loudly.(حال)
$* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$
1- Fahd - in - lives - Al Jahra.

2- at - gets up - 6 o'clock - Mona

3- I - science - English - and - study .

4- - brothers - got - 1 - three - have .

5- the - studies - test - She - hard - for

6- Gulf - in - the - lies - Arabian - Kuwait

7- for - is - Kuwait - famous - oil.
$\qquad$
8-
$\qquad$
9- country_- a -beautiful - is - Kuwait

11- - went - last - to - the - $\underline{\text { - Avenus - week. }}$
$\qquad$
12- Mariam - nice - got - a - villa - has.

13- you - do - live Where ?

14- you - What time - sleep - do ?

15-holiday - did - you Where - on - go - ?

| 1 |  | 2 | 3 | 1 |  | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| present |  | past | past participle | present |  | past | past <br> participle |
| مضارع بسلط |  | ماضي بسيط | التالثريف | مضارع بسيط |  | ماضي بسيط | التّالثّف |
| eat | يأكلّ | ate | eaten | sell | يبي2 | sold | sold |
| drink | يشرب | drank | drunk | sing | يغنى | sang | Sung |
| buy | يشترى | bought | bought | sink | يغرق | sank | Sunk |
| sleep | ينام | slept | slept | spend | يقضى | spent | Spent |
| write | يكتب | wrote | written | throw | يرمى | threw | thrown |
| go | يذهب | went | gone | wake | يستيقظ | woke | woken |
| see | يرى | saw | seen | tell | يقول | told | told |
| run | يركض | ran | run | teach | يعلم | taught | taught |
| find | يجد | found | found | think | يفكر | thought | thought |
| fly | يطير | flew | flown | wear | يلبس | wore | worn |
| lose | يفقّ | lost | lost | am / is | يكون | was | been |
| make | يصنع | made | made | are | يكونون | were | been |
| meet | يقابل | met | met | has/have | يمتلكا | had | had |
| win | يفوز | won | won | do | يفعل | did | done |
| ride | يركب | rode | ridden | read | يقرا | read | read |
| give | يعطى | gave | given | cut |  | cut | cut |
| build | يبنى | built | built | shut | يغلق | shut | shut |
| break | يكسر | broke | broken | put | يضع | put | put |
| come | ياتّى | came | come | hit | ضرب | hit | hit |
| drive | اليقولدرة | drove | driven | swim | يسبح | swam | swum |
| draw | يرسم | drew | drawn |  |  |  |  |
| send | يرسل | sent | sent |  |  |  |  |
| get | يحصل | got | got |  |  |  |  |
| grow | يكبر | grew | grown |  |  |  |  |
| fall | يسقط | fell | fallen |  |  |  |  |
| catch | يمسك | caught | caught |  |  |  |  |
| hear | يسمع | heard | heard |  |  |  |  |
| hide | يختّبئ | hid | hidden |  |  |  |  |
| keep | يحافظ | kept | kept |  |  |  |  |
| know | يعرف | knew | known |  |  |  |  |
| leave | يغادر | left | left |  |  |  |  |
| say | يقول | said | said |  |  |  |  |
| ring | يتصل | rang | rung | Mr. Mustafa |  |  |  |
| rise | ترتفع | rose | risen |  |  |  |  |


| Grammar unit 1 Infinitive form | (الفعل المصدر ) بـون اضفات |
| :---: | :---: |
| can /could shall /should |  |
|  |  |
| will /would |  |
| مصدر الفعل |  |
| must /have to |  |
| to / let's |  |
| don't / doesn't/didn't /promise to/try to |  |
| Exercises |  |
| 1. Remas can................. English and French. ( speaking-speaks-speak-spoke) |  |
| 2. Sara has to ........................ her parents. ( obeyed-obeying-obey-obeys) |  |
| 3. I may ........................ pizza tomorrow. (eat-eating-eats-ate) |  |
| 4. Let's ................................... to the zoo. (goes-going-went-go) |  |
| 5. I go to the club to .................... tennis. (plays-play-played-playing) |  |
| 6. You should ........... your teeth twice a day.(brushing-brushed-brushed-brush) |  |
| 7. I could ...................... when I was four. (swim-swam-swimming-swims) |  |
| 8. Shall I .......................the door for you? (opening-opens-opened-open) |  |
| 9. She tried to ............. up the mountain. ( climb-climbing-climbed-climbs) |  |
| 10. My dad promised to ............ us to Bah | hrain. (taking-takes-took-take) |

## Infinitive

| It's + adj. | to .... Inf |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| It's + الصفة) | to ...... Infinitive..... | صصدر الفعل |

It's important to do a sport.
It's nice to swim in the sea.
It's good to eat healthy food.
It's hard to work all day.
It's easy to........................... ( walks- walks -walking-walk ) for 30 minutes.
It's impossible to ................. (lives -living-live-lived) without oxygen.
It's necessary to .................. ( studying- studied-study-studies) hard every day.
My brother tried to.......... ( fixed-fixing-fixes -fix ) the car but he couldn't.
My mom promised to $\qquad$ (buys-buy-buying- bought) me a new I phone. I prefer to $\qquad$ ( wear-wears-wearing-wore) casual clothes.

## Gerund (ing + الفعل )

```
like
enjoy + Verb + ing
prefer
for
good at
interested in
```

1- My brother likes. $\qquad$ in the sea.
a- dive
b- diving
c- dived
d- dives

2- Salma enjoys $\qquad$ at the weekends.
a- paints
b- painted
c- painting
d- is painted

3- Mariem prefers $\qquad$ healthy food.
a- eats b- ate
c- was eating
d- eating
4- Ali is good at driving.
a- watching
b- watch
c- watched
d- watches

5- Saif likes games with his friends. a- played b- plays
c- playing
d- play
6- Walid prefers $\qquad$ at home to eating in restaurants.
c- sleeps
d- sleeps
7- My mother is interested in ...
Turkish serials.
a- watch b- watches
c- watching
d- watched

## Gerund

| $\xrightarrow{\text { الفعل }}$ |  | Gerund ( verb + ing) اسم |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| swim | يسبح | swimming | اللسباحة |
| read | يقرأ | reading | القراءة |
| run | يركض | running | الركض |
| sprint | يجري باقصي سرعة | sprinting | الجري باقصي سرعة |
| throw | يرمي | throwing | الرمي |
| walk | يمشي | walking | (المشي |
| watch | يشّاهد | watching | مشاهدة |

1- Walking is good for your health.
2- Swimming keeps us fit and flexible.
3- I like reading English books.

## 4- My favourite sport is sprinting.

5- $\qquad$ is my favourite hobby.( painted-painting-paints-paint)
6- My Mom is good at $\qquad$ cakes.(makes-made-making-make)
7-I enjoy .the javelin and discus.(throwing-throw-threw-throws)

## The Present Simple Tense (زمن المضارع البسبط)



```
always - usually - sometimes - often - never - every
```



```
    Examples>
```

I always play football in the club.
We usually do homework after school.
You sometimes come late to school.
2. They often go to the cinema.

He never eats in class.
The goes to school by car every day.
It always flies high in the sky..

## $\star *$ Exercises $* *$

Choose the correct answer from $a, b, c$ and $d$ :
1- Mona never $\qquad$ on the school wall.
a) write
b) writes
c) wrote
d) writing

2- Ali always $\qquad$ his grandparents at the weekend.
a) visiting
b) visit
c) visited
d) visits

3- We usually $\qquad$ messages to our friends.
a) send
b) sends
c) sending
d) sent

4- My father sometimes $\qquad$ me with my homework.
a) help
b) helps
c) helped
d) helping

5- The car always very fast.
a) ran
b) runs
c) run
d) running

6- Hamad usually to the beach on holidays.
a) goes
b) go
c) went
d) gone

7- We often $\qquad$ our class.
a) cleans
b) cleaning
c) clean
d) cleaned

8- The sun $\qquad$ in the east.
a) rise
b) rising
c) rose
d) rises

9- My uncle $\qquad$ too much TV every day.
a) watches
b) watch
c) watching
d) watched

10 I always $\qquad$ my school bag in the evening.
a) packs
b) pack
c) packed
d) packing

11 He usually In the swimming pool.
a) swim
b) swims
c) swam
d) swum

Mr. Mustafa

## $\star *$ Exercises $* *$

## Correct The Verbs In Brackets :

1- My father usually ( give) me allowance.

2- Fahd never ( eat ) in class.

3- We always ( watches) TV in the evening.

4- Adel often ( go ) to the desert with his family.

5- The students always ( listens ) to our teachers' advice.

6- My sister ( study ) hard every day.

7- Salem sometimes ( read) books in the library

8-Scientists always ( does) experiments in the science labs.

9- The baby always (drink ) milk.

10-Sharks ( lives ) in seas and oceans.

11- I ( lives ) in Kuwait.

12 - Ayed never ( play ) in the street.

13- Asel often ( buy ) her clothes by herself.

14- Anod usually (wakes up) in the morning at 6 o' clock.

15- Lions and tigers ( eats) other animals.

16- They travels to Dubai every year.

17- He always ( wash) his hands before eating.

18- My mother often (cook) delicious food.

19- Sara often (visit ) her grandparents on Fridays.
Mr. Mustafa

## The Present Continuous Tense( زمن المضارع المستمر)



now - look ! - Listen! - at the moment - at present - today : الكلمات الدالة
اليوم - فى الوقت (الحاضر - فى هذه اللحظة - - اسمع - الان
 الاستخخدام : 1- يعبر عن حدث مستمر الان ، اثنّاء الكلام

## $\rightarrow$ Examples $>$

I am reading a book now.
She is doing her homework at the moment.
They are watching the match at present.
Look! The plane is flying very high.
Listen! the pupils are singing a beautiful song.
 $*$ Exercises * $*$

1- Look! He $\qquad$ very fast to win the race.
a) write
b) writes
c) wrote
d) is writing

2- My mother At the moment.
a) cooking
b) is cooking
c) cooked
d) cooks

3- We $\qquad$ computer games right now.
a) is playing
b) play
c) are playing
d) play

4- Listen! the baby $\qquad$ because he is hungry.
a) are crying
b) is crying
c) cried
d) cries

5- At present, I $\qquad$ a story about animals.
a) read
b) is reading
c) am reading
d) reads

6- Hamad $\qquad$ his school project at the moment.
a) does
b) doing
c) is doing
d) did

7- Look! they the internet to get information.
a) are surfing
b) am surfing
c) surfing
d) surfed

8- Listen ! Ali the guitar very well.
a) playing
b) are playing
c) is playing
d) plays

9- Kuwait new schools at the present time.
a) builds
b) are building
c) watching
d) is building

10 I ................ along the beach with my mum now.
a) am walking
b) walks
c) walked
d) is walking

11 My father at the present time.
a) sleeps
b) sleeping
c) is sleeping
d) are

12 Now, We A holiday in Egypt.
a) have
b) is having
c) have had
d) are having

## $\nrightarrow$ Exercises $\nrightarrow \star$

## Correct The Verbs In Brackets:

1- Hamad ( train) for the running race at the moment.
2- My mother (work) in her office right now.
3- My sister ( talk) on the phone at present.
4-I (do) homework now.
5- Look ! Aged ( study ) English in his room.
6- Listen ! the boys (shout) for help in the street .
7- They (swim) in the pool at the moment.
8- Today, I (visit) my grandparents in Kuwait City.
9- Sara ( read) stories this afternoon.
10- You ( sit ) In my place right now.
11- Do not forget you umbrella, it ( rain ) at the moment.
12-Shhhhh! Be quiet! John (sleep) now.
13- I (travel) to Mekka this week.
14- What you (do) right today?

## Adverbs of Frequency

- Frequency adverbs are often used to indicate routine or repeated activities, so they are often used with the present simple tense.
be ياتتي قبل الفعل الاساسي و بعد فعل

They usually come before the main verb in a sentence: "I sometimes COOK Italian food."

They can also be found after 'be' verbs (Am, is, are) : "She íS always early late for class.
They are never pleased to see me
He isn't usually bad tempered

| Freauencv | Adverb of Frequency | Example Sentence |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $100 \%$ | always | I always go to bed before 11 p.m. |
| $90 \%$ | usually | I usually have cereal for breakfast. |
| $80 \%$ | normally / generally | I normally go to the gym. |
| $70 \%$ | often* / frequently | I often $\underline{\text { surf the internet. }}$ |
| $50 \%$ | sometimes | I sometimes forget my wife's birthday. |
| $30 \%$ | occasionally | I occasionally eat junk food. |
| $10 \%$ | seldom | I seldom read the newspaper. |
| $5 \%$ | hardly ever / rarely | I hardly ever $\underline{\text { tell lies. }}$ |
| $0 \%$ | never | I never cook food . |

Now choose the correct sentence:

Denise eats sometimes out.
C
Denise sometimes eats out.

C Arthur goes rarely to the movies on Tuesdays.
$C$
Arthur rarely goes to the movies on Tuesdays.

Marlize is seldom late for class.
Marlize seldom is late for class.

Mr. Mustafa

Lizaan eats usually spaghetti for breakfast.
Lizaan usually eats spaghetti for breakfast.

Martha never sleeps at night.
Martha sleeps never at night.

Amy spends usually weekends away from home.
Amy usually spends weekends away from home.

Marilyn makes always her bed before leaving for school.
0 Marilyn always makes her bed before leaving for school.

John hardly ever is at home because he has a new girlfriend.
John is hardly ever at home because he has a new girlfriend.
1.I $\qquad$ late on Saturdays.
a. Get up usually
b. Get usually up
c. Usually get up
2. Jared $\qquad$ late for work.
a. Never is
b. Is never
3. $\qquad$ on weekends?
a. Often do you travel
b. Do you often travel
c. Often you do travel

- When a sentence contains more than one verb, place the adverb of frequency before the main verb. : They have often visited Europe.
- When using an adverb of frequency in the negative or in forming a question, place it before the main verb. Do you usually get up so late?

When we use an auxiliary verb (have, will, must, might, could, would, can etc.), the adverb is placed between the auxiliary and the main verb. This is also true for to be.

- Subject + auxiliary + adverb + main verb
- She can sometimes beat me in a race.
- I would hardly ever be unkind to someone.
- They might never see each other again.
- They could occasionally be heard laughing.

We can use the following adverbs at the start of a sentence:Usually, normally, often, frequently, sometimes, occasionally

- Occasionally, I like to eat Thai food.

BUT we cannot use the following at the beginning of a sentence :Always, seldom, rarely, hardly, ever, never.
We use hardly ever and never with positive, not negative verbs:

- She hardly ever comes to my parties.
- They never say 'thank you'.

We use ever in questions and negative statements:

- Have you ever been to New Zealand?
- I haven't ever been to Switzerland. (The same as 'I have never been Switzerland').
- Mr. Mustafa


## Forming questions (تكوين السؤال)

## Ouestion words (ادوات الاستفهام) )

| What |  | ما ماذا |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Where |  | اين |
| When | (mus ( | متى |
| Who | ()ساند | من |
| Why | (تسلر عن السب) | لماذا |
| Which | (تسلد هن لالثشبء) | ايهما |


| How [ixill | كيف () ك |
| :---: | :---: |
| How old | لللعم |
| How many | كم عد |
| How much | كم كمية كم ثمن |
| Howlong | كم المدة الزمنية كمطل |
| How often | كمرة |
| How far | لمسافة |

## (Open Ended Ouestions)

Question word + auxiliary verb + subject + main verb + the rest of the sentence.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (اداة الاستفهام ) | (فعل مساعد ) | (فاعل) | ( فعل (ساسى ) | (باقى الجملة ) |

## (

What
1- Fahd is eating pizza in a restaurant now. What is Fahd eating in a restaurant now?
where
1- Fahd is eating. pizza in a restamrant now. Where is Fahd eating pizza now?
when
1- Fahd is eating pizza in a restaurant now. When is Fahd eating pizza in a restaurant?

Exercises
2- The pupils are doing homework at home now.
2
2
2 $\qquad$
(The Past Continuous)
What where when
3- Mona was reading astory in the library yesterday.
$\qquad$

## (The Present Perfect)

## 4- I have staved in Dubai for two weeks.

2
2
4- Ali has got three brothers.
(The future simple)
5- I will visit myuncle inLondon Tomorrow.
2
2
2

## (المضارع البسبط (The Present Simple)

Does + play
6- Ali plays tennis in the club on Fridays.
2
2
Do + go
7- We go to school by car every day.
2
2

## (المـاضى (البسبط

8-Sara watched the film at home two hours ago.
2
2
9- My father bought a car from Salmiya yesterday.
2
2
10 - My sister sent an e-mail to her friend last week. 2
2

Mr. Mustafa

| 1-I am American. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2-My father is a policeman. |  |
| 3- They are doing homework now. | am |
|  | is |
| 4- My friends were watching TV yesterday at 5 o'clock. | are |
| ............................ | was |
| 5- Hamad was reading a story one hour ago. | were |
| ..... | has |
| 6- The students will go on a camping trip tomorrow. | have |
| ....................... | had |
| 7-I can speak English very well. | $\text { could } \quad+$should |
| .............................................................................................................. |  |
| 8- You must wear the school uniform. | may |
| ........................... | might <br> must |
| 9- Mohammed has got an expensive car. |  |
| ............................................................................................................... | ... ... . .. |
| 10-Remass could walk when she was one year old. |  |
|  |  |
| 1- Hamad plays football in the club. |  |
| 2- The pupils play football in the club. |  |
| The pupils don't play football in the club. ............................................. | doesn't + مصدر الفع |
| 3- Asel likes reading storybooks . | مصدر الفل + |
|  | don't |
| 4- My friends like swimming and volleyball. |  |
| 5-Sharks eat small fish. |  |
| 6- Nora types an e-mail to her friend. |  |
|  |  |
| 7- Teachers help us at school. |  |
| 8- Doctors give us medicine at hospital. |  |
|  |  |  |
| 9- Fahd goes to school at 7:15 every day. |  |
| 10- We go to school at 7:15 every day. |  |
|  |  |
| 1- Ahmed visited Kuwait Towers yesterday. |  |
| Ahmed didn't visit Kuwait Towers yesterday |  |
| 2- Mariem watched a new movie yesterday. |  |
| 3-People used to travel by camel in the past. |  |
| .................................. | didn't + مصدر الفعل |
| 4-Mohammed finished his homework 2 hours ago. |  |
| 5-I went to the USA last week. |  |
|  |  |
| 6- Ali saw a car accident on the 6th ring road. |  |
| Mr.......................................................................................................................... |  |


 just - already - recently - for - since - yet - ever - never : الكمات الالة ابدا - قبل الان - حتى الان - منذ - لمدة - ح ب ت - بالفعل
 : ا- يعبر عن حدث بدا في المـاضي وانتهى الان الاستخخدام

## Examples

Mona has just finished homework.
We have already watched that film.
Kuwait has recently built sky scrapers.
We have lived in Kuwait for $\mathbf{1 2}$ years.
We have lived in Kuwait since 2000.
Have you ever ridden a horse ?
No, I have never ridden a horse.
have you played tennis yet ?
I haven't played tennis yet.



1- Seif $\qquad$ English for three hours.
a) have studied
b) has studied
c) study
d) is studying

2- 1 $\qquad$ him since last year.
a) saw
b) hasn't seen
c) haven't seen
d) seen

3- The pupils yet.
a) didn't come
b) haven't come
c) hasn't come
d) came

4- Have you $\qquad$ Dubai yet?
a) visited
b) is visiting
c) visits
d) was visiting

5She ever been diving ?
a) has
b) have
c) are having
d) has had

6you ever lived in Canada?
a) has
b) have
c) are having
d) has had

7- I have never cigarettes.
a) are smoking
b) smoked
c) smoking
d) have smoked

8- Asel $\qquad$ read this story since 2009.
a) have
b) has
c) is
d) are

9- The doctors have just $\qquad$ the operation.
a) done
b) are doing
c) did
d) is doing

10 My father has already
................ home.
a) has arrived
b) arrive
c) arrived
d) arriving

11 They School since two o'clock.
a) has left
b) leaving
c) is leaving
d) have left

12 Marwa hasn't written e-mails to her friends $\qquad$
a) already
b) just
c) yet
d) for

13 My father has already $\qquad$ home.
a) has arrived
b) arrive
c) arrived
d) arriving

14 They $\qquad$ school since two o'clock.
a) has left
b) leaving
c) is leaving
d) have left

15 Hamad and Waled $\qquad$ in the pool yet.
a) haven't swum
b) hasn't swum
c) didn't swim
d) swimming

16 Ali has $\qquad$ Played tennis in the club.
a) yet
b) just
c) for
d) since

17 We have studied English $\qquad$ 2005.
a) already
b) just
c) for
d) since

18 Sara has been painting $\qquad$ three hours.
a) yet
b) just
c) for
d) since

19 Sara has been painting $\qquad$ three o'clock.
a) yet
b) already
c) for
d) since

20 I haven't seen that movie $\qquad$ along time.
a) yet
b) just
c) for
d) since

21 Mariam has been to London $\qquad$ last November.
a) yet
b) already
c) for
d) since

22
Have you been to the USA?
a) yet
b) ever
c) for
d) since

## \& Exercises \& \&

## Correct The Verbs In Brackets:

1- The visitors already (arrive ) to our house.
2- My brother ( not finish) all his work yet.
3- The camera just (break ) into pieces.
4- We (see) that movie for two hours.
5- My father ( sleep ) for eight hours.
6- Kuwait (build ) hundreds schools since 1912 .
7- I (swim ) in the pool since five o ' clock.
8- I never (drink) Alcohol.
9- Have you ever ( speak ) French?
10- The horse (eat) for a long time.
11- We ( not meet ) Dr. Salem since I was in grade five.
12-Anod ( not eat) pizza since last week.
13- I ( not travel) to Bahrain since October.
$14-\mathrm{He}$ (is) at this school since 2010.
15-I (live) in this house for ten years
16- Have you ever ( win ) a medal?
17- Mariam ( know ) her best friend since they were young.
18- Seif and Mariam ( already finish ) all the housework.
19- Nora ( just buy ) a new bag
20 - The children ( not wash) their hands yet.
21- I ( stay ) in Mekka for two weeks.

## Present perfect + ever

1-Ali has acted in a play. 3-We have visited London.
2-Mona hasn't acted in a play. 4-We haven't visited London.
Ever ( قبل الان ) ..... تاتي في السؤال
Have you ever eaten Italian food?
Yes, I have.
No, I haven't.
Have you ever visited a museum?
Have you ever been to another country?
Have you ever acted in a play?
Have you ever made your own website?
Have you ever lost something important?
Have you ever eaten Italian food?
Have you ever visited any caverns?
Have you ever participated in voluntary work?
Have you ever spoken to a native speaker of English?
Have youever flown in a hot air balloon
Have you ever watched a match in the stadium?
You : Have you ever eaten Italian food?
Your partner:
You : When did you ..... eat it?
Your partner :
You : Did you enjoy it?
Your partner:
$\qquad$

$\qquad$

$\qquad$
............................................................
...........................................................
$\qquad$

[^3]
## Questions

## (لمفتو Open Ended Ouestion

Question word + auxiliary verb + subject + main verb + the rest of the sentence.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (اداة الاستفهام ) | (فعل مساعد ) | (فاعل) | ( فعل اساسى ) | (باقى الجملة) |

where
1-Sara has lived in Kuwait for 13 years.
Where has Sara lived for 13 years?

> ( كم المدة الزمنية (How long )

1-Sara has lived in Kuwait for 13 years.
How long has Sara lived in Kuwait?
How long (كم المدة الزمنية )

1-Sara has lived in Kuwait since 2015. How long has Sara lived in Kuwait?

Yes/No question
1-Sara has lived in Kuwait for 13 years. Has Sara lived in Kuwait for 13 years?

## Exercises

1- Mohammed has studied English since 3 o'clock.

2- I have been in this school for three years..

3-I have played the guitar since I was five.

4-My dad has bought a car from Salmiya.

5-Remas has done homework at home.

## Expressing Purpose( التبيير عن السبب/ الغرض)

## to, in order to, so that. (لكي)

These structures express purpose and answer the question why something is done.
to + ///// We use 'to + infinitive' to say why we do something.
In order to + فعل مصدر
In order not to+ فعل مصدر

Examples: I go to school to
I go to school in order to
She studied hard to
She studied hard in order to
I went to the Avenues to I went to the Avenues in order to buy some clothes. I woke up early In order not to miss the bus.

So that It is normally followed by modal such as can /could/ will /would.
( ) A clause + so that + a clause( )
I study hard so that I can get high marks.
I studied hard so that I could get high marks.
He lives in London so that he can improve his English.
He lived in London so that he could improve his English.

We use so that + won't / wouldn't / don't to say that one action will prevent another thing happening.

- I've brought an umbrella so that I don't / won't get wet.
- I took an umbrella so that I wouldn't / didn't get wet.


# Intensifiers 

too ... الصفة
so ......الصفة..... that + باقي الجملة / فعل / فاعل) جملة كاملة)

3 Grammar in context Intensifiers (too ... to / so ... that)
The Tajiri was very mean. He didn't want to share the smell of his food with others.
The Tajiri was too mean to share the smell of his food with others.
The Tajiri was so mean that he didn't want to share the smell of his food with others.
Join the following sentences using (too...to/ so...that):

- The exercise was very difficult. I couldn't do it.
- The news is very good. It cannot be true.
- This mobile is very expensive. I cannot afford it.


# Can ( بسنطيع ) <br> Can't لا يستطيع) لا يقدر ) 

## I can walk but I can't fly.

I can do homework.
I can't swim in the pool.
I can play the drum but I can't play the guitar.

1. I ................ speak English.
2. I write e mails.
3. I make a cake.
4. I
fly a plane.
5. I
drive a car.
6. Ducks $\qquad$ swim.
7. Babies $\qquad$ ride bikes.
8. A dog $\qquad$ play tennis.
9. Cats $\qquad$ fly.
10. you help me?
11. I'm full. I $\qquad$ eat any more.
12. Cheetahs $\qquad$ run very fast.
13. A spider $\qquad$ drive a car.
14. A fish $\qquad$ swim.
Animals $\qquad$ read.

## Capitalization + Punctuation

الكلمات التي يجب ان تبدا بحرف كبير هي


## Punctuation (علامات الترقيم)

1- My father bought a car last Saturday.
Where do you live?
2- Fahad stayed in Dubai in October.
Do you speak English?
3- I'll He's They're won't can't Ali's let's

4- I bought a bag, a pen , a book and a ruler.

5- My friend said, " I lived in London last year."

اـ نبدأ الجملة او السؤال بحرف كبير

ץ---ننهي الجملة ب ـ والسؤال بعلامة استفهام ؟
r- هناك اختصارات يجب الانتباه اليها مثل
؟ ـ-توضع ، بين سلسلة من الاسمماء

و والكلام المباشر "
ه-توضع علامات التتصيص و

Form : The second form of the verb.
في نيهة الفل المضارع التكوين : هو الثكل الثاني للفعل ويتم اضافة

Use : We use it to talk about completed actions in the past.

الاستخدام :يعبر عن حدث بدأ و انتهى في الماضي

<4 الافعال النغير منتظمة يجب أن نحفظها من جـول تصريف الافعال مثّل :


yesterday - last - ago - in the past - in 2005 : الكلمات الدالة



## Examples:

I played football in the club yesterday.
Ahmed visited Kuwait Towers last week..
The pupils finished homework two hours ago.
My father went to the USA in 2010.
2 People wrote letters to one another in the past.
Mariam bought a car last year.
Mr. Mustafa

## $\star$ Exercises $\& ~ \$$

## Choose the correct answer from $a, b, c$ and $d$.

1- Hamad $\qquad$ his teeth before sleeping yesterday.
a) brushes
b) brushed
c) brush
d) brushing

2- Salwa $\qquad$ tha harp last Monday.
a) played
b) play
c) playing
d) plays

3- She a gold medal in 2011.
a) win
b) won
c) wins
d) winning

4- My father $\qquad$ e- mails to his friends one hour ago.
a) sends
b) sent
c) send
d) sending

5- The car $\qquad$ suddenly in Hawally last night.
a) stop
b) stops
c) has stopped
d) stopped

6- Hamad $\qquad$ to the Canada in the past.
a) goes
b) go
c) went
d) gone

7- My mother $\qquad$ delicious cake yesterday.
a) makes
b) made
c) making
d) make

8- Anod $\qquad$ pizza in a restaurant three days ago.
a) ate
b) eat
c) eating
d) eats

9- My uncle In Egypt in the past.
a) lives
b) living
c) has lived
d) lived

10 I $\qquad$ at 11 o'clock yesterday evening.
a) sleep
b) slept
c) have slept
d) sleeping

11 In 2011, $\qquad$ a big birthday party.
a) have
b) having
c) had
d) has

12 yesterday, Tom $\qquad$ a lovely picture.
a) paint
b) paints
c) have painted
d) painted

13 Kuwait $\qquad$ many schools in the past.
a) built
b) is building
c) builds
d) has built

14 $\qquad$ School at 1:35 yesterday.
a) leave
b) has left
c) is leaving
d) left

15
My mother me a present when I passed the tests.
a) gives
b) gave
c) given
d) giving

16 He $\qquad$ Dr. Salem in the hospital yesterday.
a) saw
b) sees
c) has seen
d) seeing

17 Ali finished homework, watched the match and $\qquad$ to bed.
a) go
b) is going
c) went
d) gone

18 $\qquad$ English when I was six years old.
a) study
b) studies
c) studying
d) studied

19 We visited the Scientific Centre and $\qquad$ Photos.
a) take
b) took
c) taken
d) takes

20 My family went to Bahrain and $\qquad$ one week there.
a) are staying
b) stayed
c) have stayed
d) stay

[^4]
## $\rightarrow$ Exercises $\& ~ \& ~$

## Correct The Verbs In Brackets: <br> 1- Dinosaurs (live) on earth in the past.

2- My mother (help ) me with the difficult questions yesterday.
3- Sara (visit ) her grandparents last Fridays.
4-I ( use ) to wear shorts in the past.
5- Ayed ( answer ) all the questions in the exam last Sunday.

6- I ( learn) how to swim from the instructor in 2009.
7-Adel (go) to Failaka Island in 2012.
8- Hamad (lose) his laptop in the mall three hours ago.

9- The baby (come) home late last night.

10- My father ( give ) me allowance yesterday.
11- My uncle ( drive ) the car fast to Kuwait City yesterday.
12 - Salem ( swim ) in the lake last week.
13- My grandfather (buy) a villa in Fahaheel in 2007.
14- Anod ( wake up) late yesterday.
15- My sister ( has ) a stomach ache last Sturday.
16- My little sister (break ) my camera yesterday.
17- Ali ( find) a golden necklace in the street last month.

18- The pupils (write) reports one hour ago.

## Past simple) Yes/No Questions

```
Did you go to London?
Yes, I did.
No , I didn't.
```

Did you study for the test?
Yes, I did. No ,I didn't.

## Exercise

1. Did you play games yesterday?
2. Did you go shopping?
3. Did you swim in the pool?
4. Did you stay in a hotel?
5. Did you help your mum yesterday?
6. Did you watch TV?
7. Did you win a race?

## Ask a Question

?باقي الجمله +فعل اساسي +فاعل+ فعل مساءد + اداة استغهام

Where did you travel?
Whom did you travel with?
What did you visit?
Where did you stay?
How long did you stay?

I travelled to Dubai.
I travelled with my family.
I visited Khalifa Tower.
I stayed in a hotel.
I stayed for a week.

1- Hamad watched a film yesterday.
2.My father saw a car accident last week in Hawalli.
3.Basmala went to Egypt by plane with dad.
4.Israa finished her homework 2 hours ago.
5. I bought three books last month.
6.This dress costed 50 kd.
7.Adham found his mobile on his desk.
8.My mum made a delicious cake yesterday.
9.Mahmoud wrote a letter to his friend.
10. I stayed in Cairo for 2 months.
11. I visited my friend because he was ill.

## (Past simple + used to ) - Negative

1.I played football with my friends yesterday.
2.Salma went to Aqua park with her family.
3.Sarah surfed the internet to get information.
4.They listened to music last week.
5.Scientists invented many useful inventions.
6.Mariam painted a nice picture.
7.Seif sent e-mails to his pen friend.
8.My uncle worked in an oil company.
9.Fahad met his classmates in the park.
10. My father drove the car very fast.
11. I saw a car accident on the high way.
12.The teacher explained the lesson for us.
13.Adel bought a new big house with a garden.
14.Hassa was in his uncle's farm.
15. We were in London last year.
16.Ali used to eat fast food.
17.My father used to drive fast on the road.
18.I used to sleep early when I was young.
19.Arwa lost her hand bag in the market.
20. We had a good time in Sharm el Sheikh.

## Past simple passive ( المبني للمجهول)

| نستذم المبني للمجهل غنما يكون الفاعل غير مهم (او غير معرف و يكون الشئ اللهـه هو الحدث فقط. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | نحدد اجزاء الجملة : الفاعل و الفعل و المفعول | -1 |
| 1-Fahad watched a movie yesterday. | نحذف الفاعل | -r |
| A movie was watched yesterday. | نباأ بالمفول |  |
| 3-My mum helped Sarah with her h | نطبق القاعدة | - $\varepsilon$ |

4- Graham Bell invented the telephone .

5-We saw an accident last week.

6-Ahmed Zuwail won a Nobel Prize in 1999.

7-A car hit a young boy yesterday.

8-Salem bought a car in 2016.

9-Leonardo Da Vinci painted the Mona Lisa many years ago.

10-The ancient Egyptians built the pyramids 7000 years ago.
11-China planted rice widely the last few years.

12-They made paper from plants.

13-The police used the internet to find the criminal.

14-They opened new branches of Hardees restaurants

15-Alexander Fleming discovered Penicillin many years ago.

16-They started their journey in July .

17- Falah phoned his friends to attend the party.

18-The government opened a new school
Mr. Mustafa

## The past Continuous Tense( زمن الماضى المستمر)



When - While/as : الكأمـات الدالة

- حينما
 الالستّخدام : يعبر عن حدث اسنثمر فترة زمنيةٌ فـى المـاضى


## - Examples

I was watching the match yesterday evening ( for two hours).
We were playing games yesterday at 5 o'clock.
What were you doing yesterday at 5 o ' clock?

While I was reading a story, my father arrived.
While we were eating, the bell rang.

When I saw the shark,I was swimming.
When dad phoned, you were sleeping.


## 次 ${ }^{*}$ Exercises 次

1- While I $\qquad$ I fell down.
a) played
b) playing
c) was playing
d) were playing

2- My mother....... ............... When I came home.
a) cooking
b) was cooking
c) cooked
d) cooks

3- The police stopped them while they fast.
a) driving
b) drove
c) was driving
d) were driving

4- The baby ................. ... when I arrived.
a) were sleeping
b) was sleeping
c) slept
d) sleeps

5- The car
very fast when the accident happened.
a) was running
b) is running
c) ran
d) has run

6- While Hamad was eating Snacks, the bell $\qquad$
a) rings
b) rang
c) is ringing
d) rung

7- Sara homework when mum called her.
a) is doing
b) was doing
c) did
d) were doing

8- Rashid the accident while he was walking in the street.
a) see
b) is seeing
c) saw
d) sees

9- While the pupils
a) playing
b) was playing
c) play
d) were playing

10 I ................. my lessons when uncle visited us.
a) was studying
b) studied
c) studies
d) am studying

11 My father hurt himself While he ...................... meat.
a) cutting
b) was cutting
c) is cutting
d) are cutting

12 When I met Fahd, I on the beach.
a) run
b) was running
c) were running
d) am running

## $\rightarrow$ Exercises $\&$

## Correct The Verbs In Brackets:

1-While Hamal (do ) homework, the light (go) off.
2- My mother (work) in her office when I (arrive).
3- When I (call ) you , I ( watch ) the movie.
4- While the engineers (work ) , it ( rain) heavily.
5- We ( wait) for the ferry when we (see) a big bird.
6- My uncle (drive) fast when we have an accident.
7- As they (dive), sharks (attack) them .
8- While Abdullah (send) e mails, the computer (break) down
9- Sheikh (shop) when she (see) her friends.
10- When we ( meet) Salwa, we (walk) on the beach.
11- As they ( have) lunch, the doorbell rang.
12 - While Aziz (stretch ) , the couch ( call ) him.
13- Henan ( play ) the violin when Sara ( ask ) her a question.
14 - They ( sleep) when a thief (break) into their house.
15- Mohamed ( fall) off while he ( ride ) his bike.

## Grammar Unit 5

## Comparative and superlative adjectives

|  | Adjectives (الصفة) | Comparative ( المقارنة) | Superlative (اللفضيل) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | old | older than | The oldest |
|  | hot | hotter than | The hottest |
|  | big | bigger than | The biggest |
|  | small | smaller than | The smallest |
|  | nice | nicer than | The niceest |
|  | cheap | cheaper than | The cheapest |
|  | few | fewer than | The fewest |
|  | deep | deeper than | The deepest |
|  | high | higher than | The highest |
|  | important | more important than | The most important |
|  | beautiful | more beautiful than | The most beautiful |
|  | expensive | more expensivethan | The most expensive |
|  | good | better | The best |
|  | bad | worse | The worst |
|  | far | farther | The farthest |

1. I am (tall) than my sister.
2. Computers are $\qquad$ (cheap) than mobile phones.
3. Bicycles are $\qquad$ (slow) than cars.
4. Our dog is $\qquad$ (nice) than your dog.
5. Is your brother $\qquad$ (old) than you?
6. Sharks are $\qquad$ (dangerous) than other fish.
7. My house is $\qquad$ (larger)than your house.
8. A swordfish is $\qquad$ (fast) than a jellyfish.
9. I think Spanish is $\qquad$ (easy) than Japanese.
10. I want to have a $\qquad$ (big) car.
11. This car is $\qquad$ (comfortable) than yours.
12. A Mercedes is $\qquad$ (expensive) than a Fiat.
13. I am $\qquad$ (strong) than you.
14. My hair is $\qquad$ (long) than yours.
15. Elaine is $\qquad$ (wise) than her sister.
16. Tony is $\qquad$ (happy) than Max.
17. Health is $\qquad$ (important) than money.
18. London is the $\qquad$ (big) city in England.
19. Cycling is one of the $\qquad$ (dangerous) sports.
20. My brother wanted the $\qquad$ (expensive) trainers in the shop.
21. The sea is the $\qquad$ (large) a lake.
22. Mount Everest is the $\qquad$ (high) mountain in the world.
23. The ant is the $\qquad$ (small) insect. Mr. Mustafa
$\square$ بـون ا |لصفة ! as (مثل )
Fahad is 13 years old. Hamad is 13 years old.
Fahad is US old GS Hamad.

My car is expensive. Your car is expensive..
My car is aS expensive aS your car.

# عندما لا يتساوي شيئـان في نفس الصفة نستخدم( احدهما يتفوق علي الاخر) 

## not as ................... as (

Cars are not as fast as planes.
Camels are not as big as elephants. London is not as hot as Kuwait. Silver is not as expensive as gold.
( planes are faster)
( elephants are bigger)
( Kuwait is hotter)
( gold is lore expensive)

3 Grammar in context (not) as

We use (as .... as) to make comparisons between things which are equal in some way: He was as busy as a bee.
We use (not as .... as) to make comparisons between things which aren't equal: Silver is not as heavy as gold.

## 2.) Complete the following sentences with (not) as...as:

1. English is $\qquad$ Maths. (not/difficult).
2. This exercise is $\qquad$ the other one (easy).
3. Today is $\qquad$ yesterday (not/ windy).
4. The tomato soup was $\qquad$ the mushroom soup (delicious).

## Grammar Unit 6

## Tag Questions السؤال المذيل

## We use question tags ( mini questions) at the end of sentences, to ask for information, to check information or to make a question sound polite.

1. He is your brother ..... ?
2. She was reading ..... ?
3. They weren't studying ..... ?
4. We haven't got enough money ..... ?
5. You aren't Saudi Arabian ..... ?
6. You 've been to London ..... ?
7. I can sit here ..... ?
8. We have eaten lunch, ..... ?
9. We have lunch ..... ?
10.He has got a nice jacket, ..... ?
11.He has a nice jacket ..... ?
12.They have been to Bahrain, ..... ?
13.you are Canadian, ..... ?
14.You don't swim, ..... ?
15.She doesn't speak French, ..... ?
16.He didn't have a car, ..... ?
17.Fahad reads books ..... ?
10. Mona played tennis, ..... ?
19.The pupils study for the test, ..... ?
20.That's our new teacher, ..... ?
21.It takes a long time, ..... ?
22.That couldn't be true, ..... ?
23.Someone left the door open, ..... ?
24.I should come early ..... ?
25.Anne couldn't answer, ..... ?
26.Kuwait is rich, ..... ?
$* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$
27.Hamad's parents are both teachers, ..... ?
28.Most students in Kuwait have snacks at school, ..... ?

## Adjectives Order

Structure in Module One الققواعد المقرجرة فـي الفتّرة الأولمى


1- Opinion
الرأیِ
Example: an interesting book, a boring lecture
2-Size
الـan
Example: a biq apple, a small wallet
3-Age
Example: a new car, a modern building, an ancient ruin
4- Shape الثتكل
Example: a square box, an oval mask, a round ball
5- Color $\quad$ ath
Example: a pink hat, a blue book, a black coat
6- Origin المصنر/ الثبل
Example: some Italian shoes, a Canadian town, an American car
7-Material القام
Example: a wooden box, a woolen sweater, a plastic toy

A) Put the adjectives in the correct order

| 1-A/An | mobile. | (grey - round - small) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2-\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{An}$ | table. | (wooden - beautiful - blue) |
| 3-A/An | girl | ( athletic - tall - thin ) |
| 4. A/An | meat | (red-huge - delicious) |
| 5. A/An | lady | ( old - fat - beautiful - Kuwaiti) |
| $6 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{An}$ | jacket | (woolen - Egyptian - wonderful) |
| 7-A/An | car. | ( small - fantastic - Japanese - oval |

(3) Grammar in context Question Tags (Past simple)
a. Add more adjectives to each of the following categories.

| Opinion | Size | Age | Shape | Colour | Origin | Material |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beautiful | large | old | round | red | Kuwaiti | wooden |
| bad |  |  | square |  |  | metal |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

b. Reorder the adjectives in the following sentences:
e.g. I bought a wonderful, small, wooden coffee table.

There is a pair of nice, white, leather trainers.

1. Have you seen my (leather - new - black) bag?
2. My brother has a (large - brown - scary) dog. I'm afraid of it.
3. My father would like to sell his (German - old - small) car.
(A) Complete the sentences with the right order of the given adjectives:

1- My father bought a white/square/small villa for us.
2- Salma gave me a wooden/beautiful/blue box.
3- I made a green/huge/delicious salad.
4- They bought wooden/ strong/ big chairs.
5- The coach gave golden/precious/huge medals to the winners.

## Mr. Mustafa

## Composition

Composition
Composition Composition Composition v

# compositions 

## Grade 8

first \& second periods

## Grade 8

1-COMPOSITION
Write a report of two paragraphs (10 sentences) about" Keeping Fit "and the importance of practicing a sport.
with the help of the following guide words.
How to keep fit
First idea: (important- walking - football - take stairs - do sport-healthy food-study better)
Types of exercises
Second Idea: (types, exercise- aerobic, heart - resistance - muscles-stretching,cool down)
plan your writing here
Main idea

## First idea

1-
1-
2-
2-
3-
3-
4-
4-
5-
5-

## Write an account of two paragraphs(eight sentences) t about : "Advantages and disadvantages of vegetarian diet'". The following guide words mav help you.

## First Idea : the advantages of vegetarian diet <br> ( important,healthy diet- avoid obesity-heart diseases-antioxidents-fiber digestion-vitamin c-energy ) <br> Second Idea : the disadvantages of a vegetarian diet <br> ( affect badly-low calcium, iron-vitaminD-low protein-balanced diet-variety of foods-support body )


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## Grade8 3-COMPOSITION

## Write an account of two paragraphs(eight sentences) about : " healthy lifestyle' ${ }^{\prime}$. The following guide words may help you. <br> First Idea : healthy diet <br> ( important, balanced diet- vegetables-fruit-green tea-water-avoid fast food-fizzy drinks ) <br> Second Idea : doing a sport regularly <br> ( exercise daily-keep fit-flexible-walking easy-study better-types of exercise- sleep 8 hours )


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## Grade8 4-COMPOSITION

## Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (10 sentences) ( Space) <br> Why astronauts travel into space <br> first Idea : astronaut ,live/shuttle / life- camping/ take you need/ special equipment/ rubbish how to live in space <br> second idea: food tins dried/drink straw/no chairs/things float-zero gravity/ special suit/ parachutes oxygen/would like astronaut /interesting.


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Plan and write a report of two paragraphs of (10 sentences) about ( travelling to another country) with your family.write about everything you saw and did.

## The following words and phrases may help you.

## Preparation for travelling

## first idea : Abu Dhabi/ family / aero plane/passport , money/ hotel / week.

## Activities you did there

## Second idea : weather / skyscrapers/ museums / shopping/ happily.


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## Grade8 6- COMPOSITION

## Write a report of two paragraphs (10) sentences about: " Pearl Diving"

with the help of the following guide words.

## Kuwait economy in the past

First Idea: (famous - oil - past - pearl - small gems- oyster- sign wealth)

## Preparation for pearl diving

Second Idea :( Japan, cheaper - divers , nose clip -dhow,beach- festival, singing)

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## Grade8 7- COMPOSITION

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (10 sentences) about ( Disabled People )with the help of the following guide words:

## Their nature and achievements

First Idea : equal/ successful /famous sport stars/never give up/ work hard/help find career

## How to help them

## Second Idea :face life/newspaper- problems/ success/ schools/jobs/change ideas/positive way.


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Plan and write a report of two paragraphs about life in Kuwait in the past and nowadays
Lifestyle-food-clothes-entertainment-jobs-transportation-types of houses-education-tools and devices...etc

First idea : Kuwait in the past

Second idea: Kuwait nowadays

## Tourist attraction

48

## 1. READING COMPREHENSION ( 20 Marks )

## Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

An ocean is a large body of salt water. It can be divided into three zones, or layers. The deeper the water, the colder it gets because sunlight reaches only the water near the ocean's surface.

The top layer of the ocean is called the sunlit zone. The temperature in this zone starts from 40 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. It is lit by enough sunlight for plants to grow. All plants and most marine animals live in this zone. Whales live here because they need to swim to the surface to breathe air. Some fish here have special shapes to protect them from predators. A predator is an animal that eats another animal for food.

The ocean is colder in the twilight zone. In this area there is not enough light for plants to grow. Fewer sea animals are found here than in the sunlit zone. Jellyfish and octopuses are often found here.

It is very dark and cold in the midnight zone. No plants grow in it. Animals that live in this zone have sharp teeth and big jaws. Others, such as the ratfish, have large eyes to see in the dark. Ratfish swim along the bottom of the ocean and eat smaller sea animals, such as shrimp and sea stars.

## A) Choose the correct answer from $a, b, c$ and $d:(4 \times 2 ½=10)$

23) The best title for the passage could be
a. Life in the Ocean
b. The Sunlight zone
c. The Twilight Zone
d. The Marine Animals
24) The main idea of the ( 1 st) paragraph is
a. Fish that have special shapes
b. Information about an ocean
c. Plants that grow in the midnight zone
d. Animals that live in the midnight zone
25) The underlined word It in the (1st) paragraph refers to
a. salt
b. body
c. ocean
d. water
26) The underlined word grow in the ( $\mathbf{2 n d}^{\text {nd }}$ ) paragraph means
a. get colder
b. get warmer
c. get bigger
d. get smaller
B) Answer the following questions : ( $4 \times 2 ½=10$ )
27) Why do whales live in the sunlit zone?
28) What is the temperature in the sunlit zone?
29) What are the animals that live in the twilight zone?
30) Where do ratfish swim?

## 2- Reading Comprehension (20 Marks) <br> Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Hundreds of years ago, it was possible to use natural material for making our clothes. Both plants and animals supply us with these materials such as wool, cotton, silk, leather and fur. Wool was used for making clothes because it was the most common material for making clothes in Europe.

Cotton has been used for three thousand years to make clothes especially in warm countries. The cloth made from cotton plant is very soft, cool and comfortable. In the past, cotton clothes were so expensive that only rich people could buy them.

In the twentieth century, scientists could make artificial materials for making clothes. Nylon and polyester are well known examples. These are much better than natural ones in many ways. For example, they are cheaper and easier to wash. In addition, they last longer and can be mixed with cotton and wool to produce a cloth that looks natural and easy to take care of.

Nowadays, clothes are made in modern factories. These factories make many styles for all people. Some factories make special clothes, like sports clothes or ones for firemen. Now, all types of clothes are available at the markets.
A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: ( $\mathbf{4 X} \mathbf{2}^{1 / 2}=10$ )

23- The best title for the passage could be

| a- Nylon And Polyesters | b- Making Sports Clothes |
| :--- | :--- |
| c- Materials For Making Clothes | d- Modern Factories For Clothes |

24-The underlined pronoun "it" in the 1 st paragraph refers to

| a- cotton | b- fur |
| :--- | :--- |
| c- leather | d- wool |

25.The underlined word "mixed" in the $\mathbf{3}^{\text {rd }}$ paragraph means .....
a- put together b- lasted longer
c- worked together d- broke down
26. The underlined word "modern" in the $4_{\text {th }}$ paragraph is OPPOSITE to.....
a- special
c- old
b- natural
d- available
B) Answer the following questions: (4X2¹/2=10 Marks)
27.Where did people get natural materials from for making clothes?
28.How long has cotton been used for making clothes?
29.Why couldn't poor people buy cotton clothes in the past?
30.Why are artificial materials better than natural materials for making clothes?

## 3- Reading Comprehension (20 Marks)

## Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Once a wolf was lucky and happy to get hold of a nice dinner. He sat under a big tree and started to eat. He did not want to share his food with anyone else. He was eating so hurriedly that a small piece of bone got stuck in his throat. He tried to swallow. He tried to get the bone out. But nothing worked out. The bone won't move. He got afraid. "If I can't take the bone out, I can't eat. I will starve and die of hunger", he thought sadly and disappointedly.

The wolf thought and thought suddenly he remembered the small white bird that lived nearby. He thought, "The bird has a long neck. She can reach and take out the bone". So, the wolf went to the bird and said, "Please take out the bone from my neck. I will reward you and pay well". The bird took out the bone and asked for her money. The wolf replied "Aren't you happy that you put your head into my mouth and got $\underline{\mathbf{i t}}$ out safely? That is enough for you, Forget the money."

## A) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer: $\left(4 \times 2^{11 / 2}=10\right)$

23-The best title for this passage is
a) A Clever Wolf
b) A White Bird
c) Delicious Dinner
d) Rewarding the Bird

24- The word hurriedly in (line 3 ) means
a) happily
b) nicely
c) slowly
d) quickly

25- The underlined pronoun "it" in the second paragraph refers to
a) The wolf's money
b) The bird's head
c) The bone
d) The wolf's mouth

26- The wolf has chosen the bird to help him because it is
a) small and has a long neck.
b) big and has a short neck.
c) small and has a tinny head.
d) big and has a very tall neck.

B: Answer these questions:

27- How did the bird help the wolf?
28- Why was the wolf afraid?
29- What was the wolf's reward to the bird?

30- Why did the wolf sit under the tree to eat?
Mr. Mustafa

## 4-Reading Comprehension ( $\mathbf{2 0}$ marks )

## Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

It is hard to imagine how certain products were invented. It turns out many of society's most well-known inventions were simply mistakes made by scientists trying to invent. No one could ever imagine that the flavoured potato chips and the morning best preferred breakfast, corn flakes, were accidentally introduced to the world's kitchen.

Potato chips were first meant to be a plate of fried potato. It was invented by George Crum, a chef at the Carey Moon Lake House. How was it created? One day a customer sent back his plate of potatoes many times and kept asking for them to be more fried and thinner. Crum lost his temper, sliced the potatoes extremely thin and fried them until they were hard as a rock. To the chef's surprise, the customer loved them and wanted more!

Corn flakes were invented by the Kellogg brothers, John and Will. They were trying to make pots of boiled grain. How was it created? The brothers accidentally left a pot of grain on the stove for several days. The mixture turned bad but there was something that was dry and thick. Through experimentation they removed the bad part and created corn flakes. Wouldn't it be nice if you could invent something by mistake?

## A)-Choose the best answers from a, b, cand d: ( $4 \times \mathbf{2}^{1 ⁄ 2}=10$ marks $)$

24. The most suitable title for the passage is
a) Potato Chips
b) Chefs and scientists
c) Accidental Discoveries
d) Morning Breakfast
25. The underlined word " extremely " in line 8 means
a) very
b) strangely
c) accidentally
d) alternatively
26. The underlined pronoun they in the third paragraph refers to
a) corn flakes
b) Kellogg brothers
c) pots of grains
d) several days
27. The main idea of the last paragraph could be
a) life of the Kellogg brothers
b) experimenting mixtures
c) cooking grains
d) how corn flakes were made
B)-Answer the following questions : ( $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{2 1}^{1 ⁄ 2}=\mathbf{1 0}$ )

28 . How were some products invented?
29. Why did chef, George Crum, get angry?
30. Who invented corn flakes?
31. What happened to the grains left on the stove after several days?

## 5- READING COMPREHENSION (20 MARKS)

## Read the following passage carefully and then answer the questions below:

Today you can find fast food restaurants in almost every big city. In some places you can stand in a line and get a beef burger in a paper bag, in others you can pick up a tray of fish, chicken, pizza or even Mexican or Chinese food, and in some fast food places you can even drive your car up to a window and place your order. A few minutes later, a worker passes you the food through the window and you can drive away and eat it in your car.
In many big cities all over the world, fast food restaurants are open every day. But why do people prefer fast food restaurants to more comfortable restaurants where you can sit quietly at a table and watch the world go by?!

Two things make fast food restaurants popular. Speed and price. People's time is valuable. They do not want to waste a lot of time eating or preparing food. And prices are inexpensive. Because of large numbers of meals sold everyday costs are kept low. Many people think that fast foods are not healthy because they contain too much salt, carbohydrates and fats.

But one thing is sure, people everywhere prefer eating fast foods because they find it tasty and also economical way to eat.

## A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: ( $4 \times 2{ }^{21} / 2=10 \mathrm{~m}$ )

23- The best title for this passage could be
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { a- Big Restaurants } & \text { b- Fast Food } \\ \text { c- Healthy Food } & \text { d- Kinds of Food }\end{array}$
24- The underlined " where " in the $\mathbf{2}$ nd paragraph refers to
a- fast food restaurants b- big cities
c- comfortable restaurants d- homes
25- The word " contain" in 3 rd paragraph means
a- take
b- put
c- have
d- taste
26-The main idea for the $\mathbf{3}$ rd paragraph is
a- big cities all over the world b- time is valuable for people
c- eating quality in the restaurant
d- fast food restaurants are popular
B) Answer the following questions : ( $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{2}^{1} / 2=\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ m}$ )

27- How do people get food to eat in their cars?
28- What makes fast food meals popular?
29- Why do many people think that fast food is not healthy?
30- Why do people everywhere prefer eating fast foods?

## 6. READING COMPREHENSION ( 20 Marks ) <br> Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Polar bears will be extinct by the end of the 21 st century if the global warming continues. Temperatures are rising in the Arctic. It is the only place where polar bears are found. This change of nature is having a strong effect on the health and numbers of the world's population of polar bears.

During the winter, polar bears live and hunt on the sea ice. They travel for many kilometers to catch their main food, which is the seal. Through the ice, they can feel the movement of a seal. They sit close to a hole in the ice and wait for the seal to come up for air.

In summer, as the ice melt, some bears return to the shore, fasting until the colder weather and sea ice return. Others continue to hunt. They swim in the icy water until they reach floating sea ice where they can wait for a seal. Bears who have been fasting all summer weigh less and are weak. They have lost too much of their fat, which is needed to keep them warm and as a source of energy.

Global warming has increased the temperature in the Arctic so much that the warmer weather comes sooner each year and it lasts longer .It has been predicted that by the end of this century there will be no sea ice left. As the temperature continues to rise the cold winter will be much shorter.

## A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: ( $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{X 2 ½}=10$ )

23) The best title for the passage could be
a. Polar Bears Life
b. The $21_{\text {st }}$ Century summer
c. Temperature of Arctic
d. The Four Seasons
24) The underlined word 'They 'in the ( $\mathbf{2 n d}^{\mathbf{n}}$ ) paragraph refers to
a. temperatures
b. seals
c. numbers
d. polar bears
25) The main idea of the ( $\mathbf{4}_{\mathrm{th}}$ ) paragraph is
a The effects of global warming
b. The floating of sea ice
c. The movement of seals in the ice
d. The number of polar bears
26) The underlined word increased in the (4th ) paragraph means
a. get colder
b. get fatter
c. get higher
d. get taller
B) Answer the following questions : ( $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{2}^{1 ⁄ 2}=10$ )
27)Why are temperatures rising in the Arctic ?
27) Where do polar bears live ?
28) What is the main food of polar bears?
29) Why do some bears weigh less ?

## 7. Reading Comprehension (20 Marks) Read the following passage ,then answer the questions below:

Every year in late August or early September, there is a special festival in a little town called Hatch, in New Mexico, USA. The festival lasts for one weekend, and it celebrates chilli peppers, the most famous food in this area. Farmers grow chillies in late August or early September, the chillies are ready to be picked and eaten. Then everyone gets together and celebrates chilli.

You will know when you get close to Hatch, because you will smell the chillies cooking over fires. People eat chillies with everything! They eat them with meat, with vegetables and even with chocolate! Chilli chocolate is delicious. In town, there are chillies everywhere, in different colours, shapes and sizes. People decorate the buildings with chillies. They hang big bunches outside their houses. Some of them even cover their walls and roofs with chillies! Visitors come to the festival from all over the USA. There are traditional dances and you can watch cooking demonstrations, which show you how to make dishes with chillies. On both days, there are competitions. For example, there is a prize every year for a person who can eat the most chillies, and another prize for tying chillies into the biggest bunch.

## A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, cand $d(4 \times 21 / 2=10)$

23. The suitable title for the passage is :
a. Cooking Chillie
b. Food in Mexico
c. Growing Chillies
d. Chilli Festival
24. The meaning of the underlined word demonstrations in the $\mathbf{3}_{\text {rd }}$ paragraph is:
a. shows
b. plays
c. dances
d. prizes
25. The underlined word them in the 2nd paragraph refers to:
a. buildings
b. chillies
c. houses
d. people
26. You will know when you get close to Hatch because of the
a. colours of chillies
b. shapes of chillies
c. smell of chillies
d. sizes of chillies
B) Answer the following questions. $(4 \times 21 / 2=10)$
27.Why does the Chilli Festival start in late August and early September?
27. Where can you see chillies in the town?
29.With what do people eat chillies in Hatch ?
28. How can one win a prize in the famous Chilli Festival?

## 8. Reading Comprehension (20 Marks) <br> Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Many people are born with a certain desire to know more. Those people usually become readers, researchers, scientists and even tourists. I, myself, was born a discoverer. I love reading and travelling. Both hobbies make me both find myself and enjoy life. Reading and travelling have introduced me to new ideas, to new facts of life and to many beliefs and values. But travelling and discovering new countries, new people and new customs is especially attractive to me. When I visit a new country, I learn something about the habits of its people, their language, their traditions, their folklore and beliefs.

Travelling also can be quite expensive and sometimes a holiday can lose its benefits when something goes wrong. A few weeks ago I went to Cyprus. But instead of enjoying a week in the arms of nature, I spent the whole week between my hotel and Larnaca Airport. Do you know why? It was all because of a porter at Kuwait Airport who sent my bags to Cairo. My holiday was ruined and a lot of money was wasted because of a careless worker. I think that Kuwait Airways must give me another ticket to Cyprus with another week holiday on their expense.
A) Choose the best completion from a), b), c) and d): $\left(\mathbf{4} \times \mathbf{2}^{1 / 2}=\mathbf{1 0}\right)$
23. The underlined pronoun "its" in line 8 refers to
a) reading
b) travelling
c) country
d) holiday
24. The underlined word "porter" in line 11 means someone who
a) carries bags
b) steals thing
c) wastes money
d) spends money
25. The porter was a person.
a) careful
b) careless
c) clever
d) good
26. The main idea of the second paragraph is
a) travelling is expensive
b) modern airports
c) a spoiled holiday
d) beauty of nature
B) Answer the following questions in reference to the passage: $\left(4 \times \mathbf{2}^{11 / 2}=10\right)$
27. How are scientists and researchers alike?
28. Why does the writer like reading and travelling?
29. What should airways do in case of doing mistakes?
30. Where did the writer go for his holiday?

## 9-Reading Comprehension ( 20 marks )

## Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

The harp is one of the oldest musical instruments. It is thought to be 5.000 years old. The earliest harps were found in Sumeria in 2.800 BC and were called the lyre or lyre-harp. The word "harp" means" to pluck" .This name was given to the instrument because it has strings which are plucked with fingers to make music. There are three basic kinds of harps- bowed, angled and framed. Most harps are played with fingertips. Some are played with the finger-nail .A harp has two arms. They are connected by a third piece at the top ,called the crossbar .The strings run from the top to the bottom and join at the crossbar.

The Sumerians held the harp vertically or straight. The Egyptians played it with the crossbar pointing away from their bodies. The Greeks believed that the first harp was made from the shells of a tortoise .In modern times ,the harp is still played in Africa and Siberia.

## A)-Choose the correct answer from $a, b, c$ and $d:\left(4 \times 2^{11 / 2}=10 \mathrm{~ms}\right)$

23- The best title for this passage could be
a)The Egyptians
b) The Harp
c) Music
d) The Sumerians

24- The main idea of the 1 st paragraph is
a) What harps are made of
b) How harps are played
c) Harps in old times
d) Harps in modern times

25- The underlined pronoun they in the 2nd paragraph refers to
a) two arms
b) basic kinds
c) most harps
d) fingertips

26- The underlined word 'connected" in the 2nd paragraph means
a) believed
b) formed
c) joined
d) pointed

## B)-With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: $\left(\mathbf{4} \times \mathbf{2}^{1 / 2}=\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ m s}\right)$

27- Where were the first harps found ?

28- Why was the harp given this name?
29- What are the main kinds of the harp mentioned in the passage?
30- How did the Egyptians use to play the harp?

## VI. Reading Comprehension (20Marks) Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The doctor is a person who looks after the sick people. He gives them medicine to help them recover and improve fast. In order to become a doctor, a person has to study medicine for six years. Doctors' work is not easy. Besides, their life is very busy. They go to work in the early morning. They work without taking a break. They have to work day and night and move from a clinic to another. The long hours, stressful work and years of studying of doctors might be hard. However, being a doctor comes with a lot of advantages like a high salary and a good social position.

Successful doctors are patient and kind. They usually ask their patients smart questions when they visit them. In this way, they are able to know their problems. Thus, doctors can help sick people get well very soon. Successful doctors are also good listeners. They never get angry. They usually smile. When their patients' health gets better, they feel very happy. Moreover, they forget the long hours of hard work without sleeping. Doctors actually get to make a difference in the world. That's why successful doctors are great ones.
A) From a, b, cand d choose the correct answer: $\left(4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2}=10\right)$
23. A good title for the passage is $\qquad$
a. Kinds of Medicine
b. Break Time
c. Day and Night
d. A doctor's job
24. The word (recover) in paragraph (1) means $\qquad$
a. get angry
b. get well
c. get medicine
d. become busy
25.The main idea of paragraph (1) is $\qquad$
a. Smart questions
b. Patients' health
c. Doctors' busy life
d. Modern clinics
26. The underlined pronoun (They) in paragraph (2) refers to
a. Successful doctors
b. Sick people
c. Clinics
d. Hospitals
B) Answer the following questions: $(4 \times 21 / 2=10)$
27.How long does a doctor have to study medicine?
28. Why do doctors usually ask their patients smart questions?
29. What are the disadvantages of being a doctor?
30. Why are successful doctors great ones?


Once, a giant ship engine failed. The ship's owners fried one expert after mother, but none of them could know how to fix the engine. After a long time, they brought in an old man who had been fixing ships since be was a young boy. He was very experienced in mending ships. He carried a large bag of tools with bim, and when he arrived, he immediately went to work. He haspetad the engine very carcfully, top to bothom.

Two of the ship's owners wese there, watching this man carefully, hoping he would know what to do After looking things over the old man reached into his bag mad pulled on a small bammer. He gently hit the engine several times with \& Instanly, the engine started fo work gain. He carcfolly put his hammer in his that. The two owners wore very happy. The engine was fixed!

A woch later, the ownera received 4 bill from the old nuan for fen thousand dollars, "What"" the owners wondered. "He hardly did anything!" So they wowe the old man a note saying. "Plense send us an itemized bill." The man sent a bill that read-
"Hitting with a bammer costs \$2.00-Knowing where to hit coats \$9998.00. Effort is imponant, but knowing where to make an effort makes all the differencel."

## A) From a, b, c and d choose the sultable answer: $(4 \times 2 \%=101$

23. The test title for the text could be:

a) Effort and Knowledge
b) The Gian Ship
c) The Owners
d) Tools
24. The underlined word "inspected" in the $1^{3 /}$ parmgraph means: $\qquad$
a) received
b) fixed
c) worked
d) checked
25. The main idea of the $2^{\text {nd }}$ paragraph is $\qquad$
a) How the old man fixed the enyine
c) The cost of fixing the engine
b) What the owners did to fix the engine
d) The experts ways to fix the cogine
26. The underlined word "if" in the $2^{\text {ni }}$ paragraph refers to $\qquad$
a) his bag
b) a small hummer
c) the ship
d) the engine
B) Answer the following questions with reference to the passage: $(4 \times 21 / 2=10)$

27- Why couldn't the experts mend the engine?

28- What did the old man do when he came?

29- How did the old man fix the engine?

## 10-Reading Comprehension ( 20 marks )

## Read the following letter then answer the questions below:

Martin Harris and his family live in an interesting house. It's an eco-home. Eco homes don't harm the environment. They use renewable energy. They don't use fossil fuels like coal or oil, so they don't use the planet's resources or produce dangerous gases.

The eco home is in a hill in Wales, UK. It looks like a house in a film. Half of the house is underground. Martin and his family started building the house in March and moved in at the end of July. The house was very cheap to build. It has a wooden roof and wooden floors. It has stone and mud walls. There are solar panels on the roof that collect the sun's light to make electricity for the lights, CD players and the computer. The family gets water from a spring and they burn wood to heat the house.

Martin and his wife, Lara, were working in a forest when they decided to build their eco house. They wanted to save energy and they thought their old house in the town is boring. They wanted to live somewhere different and they liked the idea of living near nature. Martin's family loves their home because it helps the planet. They think eco homes are a great idea for everyone.
A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, cand d: ( $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{X 2 1 ⁄ 2}=10$ )
23. A suitable title for the passage cab be
a) Saving Energy
b ) Solar Energy
c) An Eco Home
d) Saving Water
254. The word "solar" in the 2 nd paragraph means
a) something related to the sun
b ) natural
c ) clean energy
d) boring
25. The underlined word " they " in the 3 rd paragraph refers to
a) Martin's family
b ) fuels
c) lights
d) walls

26- The main idea in the $3_{\text {rd }}$ paragraph is $\qquad$
a- Wooden houses
b- Renewable energy
c- How an eco-house looks like d- How Martin and Lara thought of eco home
B) Answer the following questions: ( $\mathbf{4} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{2}^{1 / 2}=\mathbf{1 0}$ )
27. Why are eco-homes environmentally friendly?
28. How do Martin and his wife Lara get energy for their home?
29. How long did building the eco home take?

30- Based on the story, would you like to change your home? Why? Why not?

Mr. Mustafa

## 11-Reading Comprehension ( 20 marks )

## Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Bicycles have a long, interesting history. The first bicycle was developed more than two hundred years ago. Early bicycles, however, did not look like today's bikes.

One of the first bicycles was called the hobby horse. It was made of wood! People rode by pushing their feet along on the ground. Later, a bicycle that had wheels and metal tires was invented. . It was called the boneshaker. It was not comfortable. Inventors kept working to make bicycles more comfortable.

Next, the high wheeler was developed. It had a very big wheel in the front. It was not easy to ride, because the rider sat high up on the bike. He could be badly hurt in a fall.

Then bicycles began to have two wheels that were the same size. Those bikes looked more like bicycles today. More than one hundred years ago, bicycles began to have rubber tires filled with air. That was a solution to the problem of the uncomfortable ride. The new tires made riding smoother. Today, children's bicycles and racing bikes are popular. People ride bikes to get exercise. Cycling is safer than before.
A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d ( $\mathbf{4 x} \mathbf{2}^{1 / 2}=10$ Marks)
23) The best title for the passage could be
a. History of Bicycles
b. Bicycles in the past
c. Safe Cycling
d. Bicycles Now
24) The main idea of the ( $\mathbf{2 n d}_{\mathrm{n}}$ ) paragraph is
a. The high wheeler bikes
b. The hobby horse bicycle
c. Bicycles with rubber tires
d. The big wheels bicycles
25) The underlined word It in the ( $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{r d}$ ) paragraph refers to
a. racing bike
b. wooden bike
c. metal bicycle
d. high wheeler bikes
26) The underlined word popular in the (4th) paragraph means
a. unknown
b. fast
c. famous
d. huge
B) Answer the following questions: ( $4 \times 21 / 2=10$ Marks )
27) What was the problem with the boneshaker bicycle?
28) When was the first bicycle developed?
29) What was the hobby horse bicycle made of ?
30) Why do people ride bikes today?


[^0]:    Mr. Mustafa

[^1]:    Mr. Mustafa

[^2]:    ( quit - humble - compelled - generations - wound - harsh )
    21- Clara Barton grew up in a $\qquad$ environment in the US.
    22- Hamad was bleeding heavily from a gunshot
    23- Sindbad stories entertained
    of people all over the world.
    24- My grandma's serious illness $\qquad$
    $\qquad$ her to stay in bed.
    25- Ghalib his job after an argument with the manager.
    26-Salem was from a $\ldots \ldots . .$. . background, but he became the richest man in the city. Mr. Mustafa

[^3]:    Mr. Mustafa

[^4]:    Mr. Mustafa

