

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع ملفات الكويت التعليمية



[com.kwedufiles.www//:https](https://www.kwedufiles.com)

*للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع الصفوف وجميع المواد اضغط هنا

* للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع مواد الصف الثامن اضغط هنا

<https://kwedufiles.com/8>

* للحصول على جميع أوراق الصف الثامن في مادة لغة انكليزية ولجميع الفصول, اضغط هنا

<https://kwedufiles.com/8english>

* للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع مواد الصف الثامن في مادة لغة انكليزية الخاصة بـ الفصل الثاني اضغط هنا

<https://www.kwedufiles.com/8english2>

* لتحميل كتب جميع المواد في جميع الفصول للـ الصف الثامن اضغط هنا

<https://www.kwedufiles.com/grade8>

* لتحميل جميع ملفات المدرس تطبيق خدمة الطالب اضغط هنا

[bot_kwlinks/me.t//:https](https://t.me/bot_kwlinks)

للحصول على جميع روابط الصفوف على تلغرام وفيسبوك من قنوات وصفحات: اضغط هنا

الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف الثامن على مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي

مجموعة الفيسبوك

صفحة الفيسبوك

مجموعة التلغرام

بوت التلغرام

قناة التلغرام

رياضيات على التلغرام

10

Discoveries and Inventions

Module 4

1 a. Write the correct word for each definition, then work out the hidden word.

- To distribute over a great area
- For the most part, mostly
- The effect, result or outcome of something

spread
mainly

consequence

1

E A D
13 7 8 25 5 17

2

A
15 5 26 9 1 14

3

E Q E E
6 24 9 13 25 19 10 25 9 6 25

8 10 26 9 13

b. Use the four words in the puzzle in sentences of your own.

- the spread of AIDS
- he is mainly concerned with fiction
- many have been laid off from work as a consequence
- a large white house falling into gentle ruin

2 Complete the following dialogue between Sara and her sister Laila using (much/many/a few/a little).

Laila: We need to go shopping.

Sara: I don't think so, we've got everything we need for the cake.

Laila: We only have a little milk and flour, and we don't have much sugar.

Sara: Oh, ok. What else do we need, do we have eggs?

Laila: Yes there are a few, but we need more.

Sara: What about butter and oil?

Laila: There is many in the fridge.

Sara: Ok then, let's go shopping.



3 Choose the correct answer.

- Put sugar in your tea to avoid health problems.
a. much b. a little c. many d. a few
- You only made mistakes on your test.
a. a few b. a lot c. much d. a little
- I don't eat meat because I prefer vegetables.
a. few b. much c. a little d. many
- He has got interesting books in his library.
a. a little b. much c. many d. a lot

- A pronoun is a word that may take the place of one or more nouns.
- Reflexive pronouns include; **myself, yourself, himself, herself, ourselves, themselves, itself.**

4 Complete the following sentences by using reflexive pronouns.

- Nobody helped me to do the exercises.
I did all the exercises by myself.
- Nobody helped the little girl to comb her hair.
She **combed her hair by herself**
- Don't show him how to do the homework
Let him **do his homework by himself**
- I didn't take my iPad to a technician.
I fixed **my ipad by myself**
- You can't ask for help.
You must **do it yourself**

5 In pairs, discuss the things you can do by yourself. Then write about what you and your partner can both do.

- I can make my bed myself.
- My partner can **clean his room herself / himself**
- We can do **our homework ourselves**
- **Hoda can travel herself**
- **Peter can move this bed by himself**
- **Abeer studied by herself**



11

Intelligence and Creativity

Module 4

1 Fill in the spaces with words from the list, then complete the sentences.

dramatic original combine involve restrictions

- Scientists predict a **dramatic** rise in global temperatures in the next 10 years. It's going to be **very hot**.
- Our school has some **restrictions** on school uniforms. We should wear **uniforms to school**.
- When making important decisions, **involve** your parents because they can **help you**.
- It's difficult to **combine** oil and water, but it's easier to **water and colors**.

2 Choose the correct answers to complete the following story.

John woke up last Sunday thinking it was going to be an (enjoyment – enjoy – enjoyable) day just like any other day. He had no idea it was going to be a day he'd never forget. First, he (missed – misses – miss) the bus. Next, he couldn't find his bicycle, so he had to go to school on foot. Suddenly, a stray dog followed him all the way to school. John was (fear – fearful – fearless). Luckily, the dog was not dangerous and only wanted to play. For John, it was a (memory – memorably – memorable) day.



3 Add the correct suffixes (-ed / -ment / -less / -full / -able), then complete the sentences.

- Her work needs (improve) **improvement** just give her **more ideas**.
- Never be (hope) **hopeless** always **be hopeful**.
- Make sure your story is interesting and (suit) **suitable** for your listeners to **get more listeners**.

31



Things to remember: First Conditional

The first conditional is used to talk about things which are possible in the present and the possible future consequences of those things.

If + present simple, will + infinitive

If we miss the meeting, the manager will be angry.

4 Look at the pictures below and complete the sentences.

1. If you save money, you will be able to buy what you need.
Otherwise, you will have to ask for a loan.

2. If you read more often, **you will be cultured**
Or else, **you will be ignorant**

3. If you give to the poor, **he will be happy**
Otherwise, **he will be sad**

4. If **you study hard, you will have good grades**
If not, **you will have bad grades**



5 Rewrite the sentences using 'double comparatives'.

1. If you pay more attention in the class, you will get higher grades.
The more **you pay attention in the class, the more high grades you will get.**

2. If you write more in English, your grammar will be better.
The more **your right in english , the more good you will be in a grammar.**

3. If Tareq goes to the gym more often, **he will be fit** .
The more often **tareq goes to the gym , the more fitter he will be.**

6 Complete the following sentences with suitable answers using 'double comparatives'.

1. The more money I earn, **the more i save**

2. The more you know, **the more grown your mind will be**

3. **The more the car moves ,** the more fuel the car uses.

4. **The more friendly you are ,** the more friends you will have.



12

Explore and Present

Module 4

1 Choose the correct answer.

- Palm trees are in Kuwait and they represent about 89 percent of the fruit trees in the country.
a. remote b. widespread c. advanced d. suitable
- The teacher positively the student's response.
a. reinforced b. appeared c. snapped d. reused
- Our solar system is only a small part of the
a. narration b. content c. motion d. universe
- The artist wasn't satisfied with his drawing.
a. historically b. entirely c. correctly d. ahead

2 Choose the right terms and complete the sentences.

- Everybody / Anybody searched the house for the missing book, but **nobody found it**.....
- I'm very happy that nothing /everything is going well for you and **you will have your business**.....
- Everybody / Nobody at all came to the match, however, **we went**.....
- The police looked for evidence but found nothing / everything, so **they close the case**.....
- Can nobody / anybody help me solve this problem? I need **help**.....
- I'm not going somewhere / anywhere because **i'm tired**.....

- Use **somebody, something** and **somewhere** in positive sentences.
- Use **anybody, anything** and **anywhere** in negative sentences and questions.
- Use **everybody, everything** and **everywhere** to talk about all people, things or places.
- The **negative** forms are **nobody, nothing** and **nowhere**.
- Use a singular verb with these words.



The past of **need to** is **needed to**.

We need to buy a new laptop.

We needed to buy a laptop.

• The past of **Do you need to...?** is **Did you need to...?**

Do you need to search the web?

Did you need to search the web?

• The past of **don't need to** is **didn't need to**.

We don't need to do that exercise.

We didn't need to do that exercise.

3 Complete the sentences with an appropriate form of need to.

1. Noura **needed to exercise** (exercise) to lose weight.

2. A: **Did** you **need to wait** long?

B: No, only five minutes.

3. The teachers **needed to work** (work) very late on the day of the exam.

4. I **didn't need to get up** (not get up) early this morning. It was a holiday.

5. Mr. Talal **didn't need to drive** (not drive) to the beach because there was a bus.

Self - assessment

Things to remember: Relative Pronouns

• Use **which/that, who, where** and **when** to explain which noun you are talking about.

e.g.:

- The man works in the shop. He lives in Egypt.

The man **who** works in that shop lives in Egypt.

- We live in a small town. It has a lot of trees.

We live in a small town **where** there are a lot of trees.

تطبيق خدمة الطالب 50152882

4 Complete the sentences using relative pronouns/clauses:

- I've lost the ring **that** my mother gave me.
- Do you know the man **who** is standing outside?
- They visited the place **that was have good articles** .
- They bought a magazine **which was colorful** .
- Do you remember the time **when we were at school** .

5 Use relative clauses to describe a person, a place, and a thing.

e.g. The time *when* our relatives visited us was the best ever.

- I bought that book which you told me about** .
- The girl who acted in this movie is pretty** .
- The new house which we will buy is very unique** .

6 Unscramble each of the clue words. Then, copy the letters in the numbered cells to other cells with the same number at the bottom to form a phrase.

olwla	a	l	l	o	w													
	12		7															
hmpaessesi	e	m	p	h	a	s	i	s	e									
	14			3														
tyualq	q	u	a	l	i	t	y											
	8		11		16	6												
ueiedcan	a	u	d	i	e	n	c	e										
	2																	
contei	n	o	t	i	c	e												
	10	9		13		5												
rintepatnoes	p	r	e	s	e	n	t	a	t	i	o	n						
	4						15		1									
Y	o	u	a	r	e	y	o	u	r	o	n	l	y	l	i	m	i	t
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		

