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bot_kwlinks/me.t//https للحصول على جميع روابط الصفوف على تلغرام وفيسبوكُ من قنوات وصفحات: اضغط هنا

```
الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف اثثامن على مواقع التواهل الاجتماعي
    \mathrm{ مجموعة الفيسبوك}
    \mathrm{ مفحة الفيسبوك}
    هجموعة التلغرام
    بوت التلغرام
    قناة التلغرام
    رياضيات على التلغرام
```

Ministry of Education Farwaniya Eduicational Area Ruqayya Bint Mohammed School School Year 2020-2021

## First Perriod Written Work



Student's Name:
Grade: 8 / ......

Words to remember
Unit 1

| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sprinting | جري بأقفى سرعة | arrow | سهم |
| extremely | جدأ - للغاية | strict | صـارم - قاسي |
| resistance | مقاومة | risk | مخاطرة - مجازفة |
| flexible | مرن - لين | obesity | بدانة - سمنة |
| regimen | نظام متبع | amount | كمية |
| session | جلجّنة | gain | بكتسب |
| cool down | يهكئ - | lack | يفتنقر إلى - يحتاج |
| promise | يعد | adequate | مناسب - كاف |

Unit 2

| Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| lead / led | يؤدي إلى |
| theme | موضوع - فكرة |
| provide | يعطي - بزود - يمد |
| cavern | كهف - مغارة |
| voluntary | تنو |
| native | أصل |
| recently | مؤخرآها |
| achieve | يحق |
| improve | يطور - يحسن |
| master | بنتن |


| Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| frequently | كثبراً - بشكل متكرر |
| infection ${ }^{5}$ | عدوى - تلوث |
| sight | حاسة النظر |
| determination | تصميم - عزم |
| overcome | ينظلب على |
| barrier | عائق - حاجز |
| inspire | يلهم - يؤثر في |
| incredibly | بشكل مذهل |
| capable | قادر على |

Unit 3

| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| separate | منفصل | hearty | مثبع (طعام) |
| employ | يوظف | justice | عدالة - إنصاف |
| wage | أجرة - راتب | crowd | حشد - جمع من الناس |
| instead of | برلاً | unfairly | بشكل غير عادل |
| trap | فخّ فحّ | dispose of | بتخلص من |
| drop out | يقع من> | float | يحلق في الهواء |
| jobless | بلا عمل | package | عبوة - طرد |
| inhale | يستنشق (1) | gravity | الجاذبية |
| stingy | بخبل | casual | غبر رسمية (ملابس) |
| furious | غاضب جدا | specialised | هتخصص - خاص |


| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | جري بأقصى سر عة | 6 | $S^{\circ}$ | جلسة |
| 2 |  | جدأً - للغابة | 7 | 8) | يهوئ - تهوئة |
| 3 |  | مقاومة | 8 |  | يعد |
| 4 |  | - | 9 |  | سهم |
| 5 |  | نظام مكّبغ |  |  |  |

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:
arrows - flexible - extremely - resistance - promised - sprinting

1. I am $\qquad$ sorry for troubling you.
2. Follow the green $\qquad$ to the exit.
3. The mechanic $\qquad$ me the car would be ready on Monday.
4. $\qquad$ is running over a short distance in a limited period of time.
5. NIKE shoes have $\qquad$ rubber soles.
************************************************************************
(Page 19)
Vocabulary
Date: / /201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 |  | صارم - قاسيّ | 14 |  | يكتسب |
| 11 |  | مخاطرة - مجازفة | 15 |  | يفتقر إلى - يحتّاج |
| 12 |  | بدانة - سمنة | 16 |  | مناسب - كاف |
| 13 |  | كمية |  |  |  |

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

1. Is the parking area $\qquad$ for fifty cars?
a) strict
b) adequate
c) flexible
d) homeless
2. It's better to cook vegetables in a small $\qquad$ of water.
a) regimen
b) session
c) risk
d) amount
3. Salim's real problem is that he $\qquad$ confidence.
a) gains
b) cool downs
c) lacks
d) promises
4. Fast food usually leads to $\qquad$ and lung diseases.
a) obesity
b) resistance
c) sprinting
d) arrow

## Infinitive（to＋b．v．）（المصصر）

## 1．Subject（ ${ }^{\text {（2）}}$（الجملة ）

2．Preposition（بعد حرف الجر）（for，at，in，．．．）
3．Verbs（بعد أفعال دعينة）（like，enjoy，prefer， love，a void，stop，suggest，．．．）

1．Purpose（بيان الزغ（ب）
2．Adjectives（بع⿰ الصفات）（
3．Verbs（بعد أفعال دعبنّة）（want，hope，decide， try，advise，help，promise，．．．）
＊Swimming is good for your heart．
资 Ali is good at playing tennis．
资 I enjoy watching football matches．
＊Students go to schools to learn．
治 It＇s necessary to study your lessons．
资 I can help you to do your homework． Underline the suitable choice between brackets：

My brother enjoys（1）（walk－walking－to walk）to school．He is very interested in （2）（do－does－doing）physical activity．He．He has decided（3）（join－joining－to join） a health club．He believes that it is very important（4）（to have－have－having）an exercise session at least twice a week．
＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊
（Page 18）

| Present Simple（المضار ع البسيط） |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | v ． | （always） |
| He／She／It | v．$+\mathbf{S}$ | （sometimes） |
| We／You／They | v ． | （every ．．．．．．） |

＊I sometimes go to school on foot．
＊She usually gets up at 6 o＇clock．
次 We visit our uncle every Friday．

Date：／／ 201

## Present Continuous（المضار ع المستمر）

| I | am | －ing | （now） |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{He} /$ She／It | is | －ing | （Look！） |
| $\mathrm{We} / \mathrm{You} / \mathrm{They}$ | are | －ing | （Listen！） |

＊I am watching TV in my room now．
录 He is waiting for you there at the moment．
Wisten！They are singing a nice song．

## Correct the verbs between brackets：

1．Look，Salim（train）hard for the race．
2．Saad often（do）his homework in the evening．
3．She sometimes（take）the bus to work．
4．We（practise）athletics right now．
$\qquad$
2.
3.

4．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊

## （Revision 1）

Grammar
Date：／／ 201

## Underline the suitable choice between brackets：

My friend，Abdul Rahman，is very good at（1）（play－played－playing）chess．He always（2）（goes－go－going）to the chess club to play it at the weekend．At the moment， he（3）（practise－praetised－is practising）it on his computer．He has promised us（4） （win－to win－winning）the chess competition in the club．

First Period Written Work


| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | يؤدي إلى | 5 | c ${ }^{\prime}$ | تطوعي |
| 2 |  | موضوع - فكرة | 6 |  | أصلي |
| 3 |  | بعطي - بزود - يمد | 7 |  | مؤخراً |
| 4 |  | كهف - مغارة |  |  |  |

## Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

theme - recently - voluntary -provides

1. I have started learning French.
2. This book's $\qquad$ . is the conflict between good and evil.
3. This hotel $\qquad$ good services for guests.
************************************************************************
(Page 24)
Vocabulary
Date: / / 201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 |  | يحقق | 11 | 0 | كثيراً - بشكل متكرر |
| 9 |  | يطور - يحسن | 12 | - | عدوى - تلوث |
| 10 |  | بنقن |  |  |  |

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:
improve - infection - frequently-achieve

1. You should take some antibiotics for that wound $\qquad$
2. My father $\qquad$ goes to Starbucks. He likes having drinks there.
3. This is a good course for students who want to $\qquad$
$\qquad$ their English.
************************************************************************

## (Page 25)

| No | Word | Meaning | No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 |  | حاسة النظر | 17 |
| 14 |  | وا | 18 |
| 15 |  | و18تغلب على | 19 |
| 16 |  | عائق - حاجز |  |

Date: / / 201

## Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Her
to be the top student made all teachers like her.
a) sight
b) cavern
c) barrier
d) determination
2. They could d.
a) inspire
b) overcome
c) master
d) require
3. I don't think Saleh is $\qquad$ of cheating at the test. He is very honest.
a) capable
b) voluntary
c) native
d) strict

First Period Written Work
(Page 22)

| Present Perfect (وثت الحوب) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| He/She/It | $\Rightarrow$ has + P.P. (تصريف ثالث) |
| I/We/You/ | $\Rightarrow$ have + P.P. (تصريف ثالث) |


| Past Simple (وثت الحوث محد) |
| :---: |
| I/He/She/I/We/You/They $\Rightarrow$ v. + ed <br> (yesterday, in the past, last $\ldots, \ldots$ ago) |

* Have you ever been to London? $\Rightarrow$ Yes, I have.

䊉 When did you go there? $\quad \Rightarrow$ I went there last year.

## Do as shown between brackets:

1. Has your brother (finish) $\qquad$ his homework?
(Correct the verb)
2. We (watch) the match in the stadium yesterday.
(Correct the verb)
3. Yes, I have eaten sushi.
(Ask a question)
4. Salim stayed in a five-star hotel.
(Ask a question)
********************************************************************
(Page 24)
Grammar
Date: /
/ 201

|  | Expressing purpose (نكر الغرض)) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 . \underline{\text { to }}$ (b.v.) | $\Rightarrow$ People go to the Fun City $\underline{\text { to }}$ have fun. |
| 2. $\underline{\text { so that }}$ (sentence) | $\Rightarrow$ People go to the Fun City $\underline{\text { so that they can have fun. }}$ |
| $3 . \underline{\text { for }}$ (-ing) | $\Rightarrow$ People go to the Fun City for having fun. |

## Underline the suitable choice between brackets:

There are many places at the airport. You can go to the café to (1) (get - getting - got) a drink. You can also go to the information disk (2) (to - for - so that) asking about flights. You can go to the departure lounge (3) (to - for - so that) you can wait for your flight. You can go to the baggage reclaim for (4) (collect - collecting collected) your bags.
**************************************************************************

## (Revision 2)

Grammar
Date: / /201

## Do as shown between brackets:

1. We should eat fruit and vegetables to
(Complete)
2. My father bought a tent so that
(Complete)
3. Some people use the internet for
(Complete)
4. Saad (already visit) .................................... the Avenues.
(Correct the verb)
5. People (live) in caves long time ago. (Correct the verb)

Write a report about 'Juri Al-Azmi', stating (information about her and her achievements). You can use the following guidewords:
/ Kuwait - 16 - blind - reading - sight - first place - Challenge - 16000 Arab - Braille /


| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | منفل | 5 | $\mathrm{cc}^{+}$ | فخ - مصبدة |
| 2 |  | يوظف | 6 |  | يقع من |
| 3 |  | أجرة - راتب | 7 |  | بلا عمل |
| 4 |  | بدلاً من |  |  |  |

## Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

employs - separate - wage - instead of

1. Can I have an orange juice Pepsi?
2. His job is not very good, but he earns a good $\qquad$
3. That company 2000 people all around the world.
******************************************************************************)
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Vocabulary
Date: / / 201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 |  | يسنتش | 12 | $d$ | عدالة - إنصـاف |
| 9 |  | بخيل | 13 |  | حشد - جمع من الناس |
| 10 |  | غاضب جدا | 14 |  | بثكل غبر عادل |
| 11 |  | منُبع (طعام) |  |  |  |

## Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

stingy - crowds - inhale - unfairly

1. Workers in the factory are
paid. Some get more money than others.
2. Jim is too $\qquad$
$\qquad$ to give money to charity.
3. During summer time, $\qquad$ of people go to the beach.
************************************************************************
(Page 31)

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 |  | يا يتخلص من | 18 | O | الجاذبية |
| 16 |  | يحلق في الهواء | 19 |  | غير رسمية (ملابس) |
| 17 |  | (e) - | 20 |  | متخص - خاص |

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Can you deliver a large ....................... of books?
a) package
b) wage
c) justice
d) gravity
2. He watched the balloon an................... up into the sky.
a) dispose of
b) drop out
c) inhale
d) float
3. Don't try to fix the mobile. It needs a ........................ technician.
a) casual
b) specialised
c) furious
d) hearty

First Period Written Work
Module 1
(Page 28)

| Present Perfect (مضارع تام) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{We} / \mathrm{You} /$ They | have + P.P. |
| $\mathrm{He} /$ She/It | has + P.P. |

Unit 3
Grammar

| How long? (سوال عن المدة الزمنية) |
| :--- |
| How long have you ... PP |
| How long has he ... PP |


| for / since |
| :---: |
| for $\Rightarrow$ (مدة زمنية) |
| since $\Rightarrow$ (تاريخ/تويت) |

摂 How long have you lived here?

* How long has she taught English?

Do as shown between brackets:

1. I have learned English for 8 years.
$\Rightarrow$ I have lived here since 2003.
$\Rightarrow$ She has taught English for 10 years.
2. I (work) for that company since 2011.
(Correct the verb)
3. My father has worked in Kuwait since 2008.
(Rewrite using "for")
************************************************************************
(Page 29)
Grammar
Date: / /201
Intensifiers (too ... to/so ... that)
too (adj.) to (base verb) $\Rightarrow$ The shelf wastoo high to reach.
so (adj.) that (sentence) $\Rightarrow$ The shelf was so high that he didn't reach it.

## Do as shown between brackets:

1. Salman is very short. He can't play basketball.
(Join using 'so ... that')
2. That tea is very hot.I can't drink it.
(Join using 'too ... to')
3. The cake tasted very delicious. I ate it all.
(Join using 'so ... that')
4. I was very scared. I couldn't sleep.
(Join using 'too ... to')
***********************************************************************

## (Revision 3)

Date: / /201

## Underline the suitable choice between brackets:

Ahmed is a bank manager. He (1) (has - have - having) worked in Burqan Bank (2) (since - for - ago) twelve years. The bank is (3) (too - so - for) far to go there on foot. He has a Mercedes Car. It is so new (4) (to - very - that) he doesn't want to buy another one.
(General)

## Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Twenty-five years ago, communication between people was very different from communication today. To call friends quickly, we used a telephone to ring them. If time was not important, we wrote a letter and sent it by post. For fast written communication, people sent faxes. Although many people still use these ways of communication, they are becoming less widespread because of the new technology. Today, the most common forms of personal and business communication are mobile phone calls, text messages and e-mails. Many people now use smart phones with computers which can connect to the Internet and send e-mails.

In the future, the only thing that we can be sure of is that technology is not going to stand still. Scientists are going to continue inventing new, more complex ways of communication. Some experts predict that the next big development will be in visual communication. Small mobile computers with fast Internet connections will probably be the first mobile devices that give us highquality visual communication, so that we can see the people we are talking to. Further in the future, who knows what will happen? By the year 2023, scientists predict that we will be able to send text messages by the power of thought. A special helmet connected to our brain will turn what we are thinking of into a digital form enabling us to communicate to other people that we know.
a. Choose the correct answer from a), b), c) and d):

1. The best title for this passage could be:
a) Digital Thinking.
b) Visual Communication.
c) Communication Development.
d) The Importance of Communication.
2. The underlined pronoun "it" in line 3 refers to:
a) letter
b) time
c) telephone
d) communication
3. The underlined word "widespread" in line 6 means:
a) weak
b) common
c) modern
d) different
4. How did people communicate in the near past?
a) They used smart phones.
b) They sent faxes and letters.
c) They used mobile computers.
d) They sent text messages and e-mails.
5. According to the text, all the following statements are NOT TRUE except:
a) Technology is going to stand still in the future.
b) We can't connect mobile computers to the Internet.
c) Communication in the past was the same as nowadays.
d) Smart phones are one of the most popular means of communication.
6. The purpose of the writer in writing the passage is to:
a) compare between past and modern computers.
b) inform us about how people can call each other.
c) explain how communication changes over time.
d) persuade people to use modern means of communication.
b. Answer the following questions in reference to the passage:
7. Why aren't old means of communication used as before?
8. How will communication change in the future?

Words to remember
Unit 4

| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hire | يؤجر - يستخدم | beg a | ينوسل - يلتمس |
| raise | يجمع | exceptionally | بشكل استخنّائي |
| community | هجتمع | humble | متو اضنع |
| demote | ينزل درجة | hardship | صعوبة - معاناة |
| harsh | قاني - فظ | generation | جيل |
| quit |  | securely | بشكل آمن |
| wound | جرح | throughout | طوال |
| compelled | مجبر - هكر - | tug on | يشد - يسحب |
| astonished | منده | heritage | إرث - تراث |
| plunge in | يقفز في |  |  |
| Unit 5 |  |  |  |
| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| equator | خط الاستواء | height | طول القامة - ارتفاع |
| unique | فريد - لا مثيل له | skill | مهارة |
| glow | يتوهج - يلمع | collection | مجموعة |
| reflect | يعكس | pleasure | سرور - سعادة |
| antiquity | آثّارِ - أنتبكات | house | يحوي - يأوي |
| bargain | صفقا | impressive | مثّير للإعجاب |
| atmosphere | أجواء - شُمور عام | sculpture | فن النحت |
| sightseeing | زيارة معالم الدحيةّ | exhibit | معرض |
| destination | وجهة سفر | illusion | خداع - وهم |
| counting | العد |  |  |

## Unit 6

| Word | Meaning | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fictional | خيالي | carpet | سجادة |
| thrilled | يشعر بسعادة غامرة | return | عودة - رجوع |
| schedule | جدول مواعيد | oval | بيضاوي الشكل |
| actually | فإي الو اقع - حقا | countless | لا يحصى - لا يعد |
| conduct | يؤديّ | royal | ملكي |
| spoil | يفسد - ينّلف | pure | نقي - صافي |
| luxury | رفاهية - تر'فا | marble | رخام |
| spectacular | مذهل | import | يسنورد |
| donate | يتبرع - يمنح | chandelier | ثريا |

First Period Written Work

Module 2
(Page 35)

Vocabulary

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | يؤجر - يستخدم | 5 | $\mathrm{c}^{\text {c }}$ | قاسي - فظ |
| 2 |  | يجمع | 6 |  | بتر - |
| 3 |  | مجتمع | 7 |  | جرح |
| 4 |  | بنزل درجة | 8 |  | مجبر - مكره |

## Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

raising - community - compelled - hire

1. We were all
to leave the place because of the smoke.
2. People are $\qquad$ money to build a new hospital.
3. I am going to $\qquad$ a driver to take my sister wherever she wants to go.
************************************************************************
(Page 37)

| No | Word | Meaning | No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 |  | مندهش | 12 |
| 10 |  | يقيفز في | 13 |
| 11 |  | بيكوبل - يلتمس |  |

## Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

exceptionally - humble - beg plunged in

1. Messi is $\qquad$ talented. He is amazing.
2. My brother $\qquad$ the water and started swimming.
3. Sam is very poor and lives in a $\qquad$ area of the town.
************************************************************************
(Page 39)
Vocabulary
Date: / /201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 |  | صعوبة - معاناة | 17 | Se | طوال |
| 15 |  | جيل | 18 | N | يشد - يسحب |
| 16 |  | بشكل آمن | 19 |  | إرث - نراث |

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Bader is suffering from a big financial $\qquad$ in his company nowadays.
a) generation
b) heritage
c) hardship
d) wound
2. After finishing his dive, he started to the rope to be pulled up.
c) demote
a) tug on
b) beg
d) quit
3. You can learn about the cultural
of Kuwait in that museum.
b) heritage
c) hardship
a) generation
d) wound

| The Passive Form (Past) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Singular (مفرد) | was | P.P. |  |
| Plural | were P.P. | (by .....) |  |

资 Fahd opened the window. $\quad \Rightarrow \quad$ The window was opened by Fahd.
资 Amal wrote two letters to Huda. $\Rightarrow \quad$ Two letters were written to Huda by Amal. Change into passive:

1. The housemaid watered the flowers yesterday.
2. My father sold the old mobile last week.
3. Sara sang a nice song.
4. A thief stole my car two days ago.
************************************************************************
(Page 38)

## Past Continuous (الماضي المسترر)

$\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{He} / \mathrm{She} / \mathrm{It} \Rightarrow$ was + ing You/We/They $\Rightarrow$ were + ing

Grammar
Date:
Past Continuous (while / when)
While $\Rightarrow$ (Past Continuous) (ماضي مستمر), $\Rightarrow$ (Past Simple) ) When $\Rightarrow$ (Past Simple) (ماضي بسيط), $\Rightarrow$ (Past Continuous) (ماضي مستمر)

* While I was doing my homework, my friend phoned me.
* When the light went out, we were watching TV.


## Correct the verb between brackets:

1. My brother (fall) down while he was playing.
2. Saad (talk) on his mobile when he had an accident.
3. While they (plant) a tree, it started to rain.
4. She (drop) the vase when she was putting flowers in it.
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 

. .........................

## Underline the suitable choice between brackets:

Our garage doors (1) (were broken - was broken - break) down and my father's car (2) (steal - stole - was stolen) yesterday. We were so busy that we didn't notice that. My big sister (3) (work - worked - was working) on her computer when my father found out about that. My brothers were playing chess when he (4) (calls - called - was calling) for them. First Period Written Work

Grade Eight

## Write a report about (pearl diving). You may use the following guidewords:

/ main source - important - generations - died - heritage - hardships - methods - Boom /


Module 2
(Page 41)

Unit 5
Vocabulary

Grade Eight
Date: / /201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | خط الاستواء | 5 | Gol | آثنار - أنتيكات |
| 2 |  | فريد - لا مثيل له | 6 |  | صفقة - اتفاق |
| 3 |  | يتوهج - يلمع | 7 |  | أجواء - شعور عام |
| 4 |  | بعكس | 8 |  | زيارة معالم المدينة |

## Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

reflected - atmosphere - sightseeing - equator - unique

1. Each person's fingerprints are
2. We bought some souvenirs and then went $\qquad$ around London.
3. Sara saw her face $\qquad$
$\qquad$ on the water.
4. The $\qquad$
$\qquad$ at home is very bad because my grandpa died yesterday.
************************************************************************
(Pages 43,44)
Vocabulary
Date: /
/ 201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 |  | وجهة سفر | 11 | Nomer | طول القامة - ارتفاع |
| 10 |  | العد | 12 |  | مهارة |

## Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

destinations - counting - height skills

1. My little brother can do the $\qquad$ up to 100 now.
2. Dubai is one of the best holiday $\qquad$ for Kuwaitis.
3. Reading and writing are two important $\qquad$ for students.
************************************************************************

## (Pages 45,46)

Vocabulary
Date: / /201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 |  | (1) مجموعة | 17 | col | فن النحت |
| 14 |  | سرور - سعادة | 18 |  | معرض |
| 15 |  | يحوي - يأوي | 19 |  | خداع - وهم |
| 16 |  | هثير لإِعجاب |  |  |  |

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. My uncle has a nice stamp $\qquad$ ...... in that album.
a) pleasure
b) collection
c) illusion
d) exhibit
2. Our school library $\qquad$ a lot of English books.
a) houses
b) glows
c) reflects
d) counts
3. Most children get a tot of $\qquad$ when they play video games.
a) collection
b) bargain
c) equator
d) pleasure


* Ali is taller than his brother.
* Saleh is the tallest boy in class.

Correct the adjectives between brackets:

1. This house is (large) one in the area. 1 .
2. Playing football is (enjoyable) than playing basketball.
3. 
4. 
5. Driving cars is (easy) than driving buses.
6. I think "Spiderman" is (exciting) film ever made.

* Bananas are more delicious than oranges.
*) Apples are the most delicious fruit.
************************************************************************

Grammar
Date: / / 201

Ahmed is 13 years old. Ali is 13 years old. $\Rightarrow$ (Ahmed is as old as Ali.) Salim is 70 kilos. Bader is 65 kilos. $\quad$ (Bader is not as heavy as Salim.)

## Do as shown between brackets:

1. Saad has one million dollars. Bader has one million dollars. (Join using 'as ... as')
2. Kuwait is $17.820 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$. Qatar is $11.437 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$.
(Join using 'not as ... as')
3. Nick is brave. Kevin is brave.
(Join using 'as ... as')
4. Silver is heavy. Gold is very heavy.
(Join using 'not as ... as')
********************************************************************

## (Revision 5)

Grammar
Date: / / 201

## Underline the suitable choice between brackets:

Although Ahmed and Omar are twins, they are different in many ways. Although Ahmed is as (1) (tall - taller - tallest) as Omar, he is (2) (heavy - heavier - heaviest) than him. Omar is the (3) (fast - faster - fastest) student in his class, whilst Ahmed is not (4) (as - like - also) fast as Omar.

## Write a report about (Souq Al-Mubarakiya). These guidewords may help you:

/ amazing - oldest - 200 - traditional - Safat Square - visitors - hours - shopping - eating/

"Souq Al-Mubarakiya"

Module 2
(Page 47)

Unit 6
Vocabulary

Grade Eight
Date: / /201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | خيالي | 5 | cc | يؤدي - بدير |
| 2 |  | يشعر بسعادة غامرة | 6 |  | يفسد - يتلف |
| 3 |  | جدول مو اعبد | 7 |  | رفاهية - ترف |
| 4 |  | في الو اقع - حقا |  |  |  |

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:
actually - thrilled - spoils - huxury - schedule

1. Jimmy's grandmother $\qquad$ him with toys and candy.
2. I've got a very busy today. Let's meet tomorrow.
3. Abdullah looks young but he is $\qquad$ 48.
4. We were so to hear about your new baby.
************************************************************************
(Pages 49,50)
Vocabulary
Date: / /201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 |  | مذهل | 11 | - | عودة - رجوع |
| 9 |  | يتبر ع - يمنح | 12 |  | بيضاوي الثكل |
| 10 |  | سجادة |  |  |  |

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:
donated - oval - carpet - spectacular

1. My father bought a beautiful new for the living room.
2. During Hala February Festivals, $\qquad$ fireworks are displayed.
3. Last year, my father $\qquad$ 1000 KD for cancer research.
************************************************************************

## (Page 51)

Vocabulary
Date: / / 201

| No | Word | Meaning | No | Word | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 |  | لا لا | 16 |  | رخام |
| 14 |  | ملكي | 17 |  | يستورد |
| 15 |  | نقي - صافي | 18 |  | ثريا |

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Is this ring made of gold?
a) countless
b) royal
c) pure
d) fictional
2. Have you seen the statue in the museum?
a) marble
b) carpet
c) return
d) chandelier
3. Many countries $\qquad$ oil from Kuwait.
a) donate
b) conduct
c) spoil
d) import


## Put the adjectives in the correct order:

1. I bought (large, blue, nice, cotton) socks.
2. My uncle has a (black, big, rectangular) mobile.
3. They live in a (old, small, mud) house.
4. My uncle is a (tall, young, good-looking) man.

## (Revision 6)

## Underline the suitable choice between brackets:

Your father bought a villa, (1) (did he - does he - didn't he)? I have heard a lot about it. I think it is a (2) (big, nice, 3-storey - nice, big, 3-storey - 3-storey, nice, big) villa. However, he didn't sell your house, (3) (did he - didn't he - doesn't he)? I know it is a (4) (old, small, wooden - small, wooden, old - small, old, wooden) house.
(General)

## Read the following passage, then do as required below:

Jerry was the kind of person you can never hate. He was always in a good mood and always had something positive to say. He was a unique manager and had several waiters who had followed him around from restaurant to restaurant. They followed Jerry because of his attitude. He was a natural motivator. If an employee was having a bad day, Jerry was there telling the employee how to look on the positive side of the situation.

Seeing this style really made me curious, so one day I asked Jerry, "How can you be a positive person all of the time?" Jerry replied, "Each morning I wake up and say to myself, Jerry, you have two choices today. You can choose to be in a good mood or to be in a bad mood.' I choose to be in a good mood. Each time something bad happens, I can choose to be a victim or to learn from it. I choose to learn from it. Every time someone comes to me complaining, I can choose to accept their complaining or to point out the positive side of life. I choose the positive side of life."

Jerry added. "Life is all about choices. You choose how you react to situations. You choose how people will affect your mood. You choose to be in a good or in a bad mood. Finally: It's your choice how you live life."
a. Choose the suitable completions from a), b), c) and d):

1. The best title for this passage could be:
a) Two choices
b) Complaining
c) Bad Mood
d) Positive Attitude
2. The underlined pronoun "They" in the line 3 refers to:
a) situations
b) waiters
c) restaurants
d) sides
3. The underlined word "react" in line 13 means:
a) have a job
b) be bad
c) do something
d) make a choice
4. The writer's purpose of writing this passage is to:
a) persuade us to be positive
b) ask us to work in restaurants
c) encourage us to be victims
d) tell us how to be curious
5. The waiters followed Jerry from restaurant to restaurant because he:
a) hated them
b) had a positive attitude
c) was a bad manager
d) didn't have a choice in life
6. According to the passage, Jerry is a:
a) hateful person
b) bad person
c) successful person
d) negative person
b. Answer the following questions increference to the passage:
7. How can you describe Jerry's lifestyle?
8. What was Jerry's brief advice to the writer about life?
