

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



الملف مذكرة شاملة محلولة

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المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

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UNIT ONE

Words to remember

Lesson (1&2)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	adoption (N)	التبني	12	jury (N)	هيئة المحلفين
2	civil (Adj)	مدني	13	legal (Adj)	قانوني
3	code of law (N)	مجموعة قوانين	14	penalty (N)	عقوبة - جزاء
4	consultation (N)	تشاور - استشارة	15	persuasion (N)	معتقد - معتقدات
5	define (V)	يعرّف - يحدد	16	principle (N)	مبدأ - قاعدة
6	enforce (V)	يطبّق	17	property (N)	ملكية - ممتلكات
7	govern (V)	يحكم	18	prove (V)	يثبت - يبرهن
8	guilty (Adj)	مذنب	19	tolerant (Adj)	متسامح
9	impose (V)	يفرض	20	violence (N)	العنف
10	innocent (Adj)	بريء	21	welfare (N)	سعادة - مصلحة
11	judiciary (N)	السلطة القضائية			

Lesson (4&5)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	bench (N)	مقعد خشبي طويل	6	note (V)	يلاحظ - يدوّن
2	brief (N)	تقرير ملخص - موجز	7	prosecute (V)	يقاضي
3	case (N)	قضية - قضية	8	row (N)/(V)	صف - يجدف
4	defence (N)	الدفاع	9	spring (N)/(V)	نابض - فصل الربيع
5	handcuffs (N)	قيود - كلبجات			يقفز - يثب

Lesson (7&8)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	claim (V)	يدعي - يزعم	8	petty (Adj)	بسيط - تافه
2	clog up (Phr.V)	يعرقل - يسد	9	regardless (Adv)	بصرف النظر عن
3	contend (V)	يؤكد	10	residential area (N)	منطقة سكنية
4	grievance (N)	شكوى - تظلم	11	speed limit (N)	حدود السرعة
5	in favour of (Exp)	مؤيد لـ - لصالح	12	sue (V)	يقاضي
6	intend (V)	ينوي	13	supporter (N)	داعم - مؤيد
7	litigation (N)	مقاضاة	14	ultimately (Adv)	أخيراً - في النهاية

UNIT TWO

Words to remember

Lesson(1&2)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	afford (V)	يعطي - يمنح	7	foreign (Adj)	أجنبي
2	boom (N)	ازدهار	8	hard-pressed (Adj)	يعاني ضغوط شديدة
3	decimate (V)	يدمر - يتلف	9	high-tech (Adj)	متطور جداً
4	deteriorate (V)	يتدهور	10	necessitate (V)	يتطلب - يستلزم
5	emigrate (V)	يهاجر	11	seek (V)	يبحث - يسعى وراء
6	famine (N)	مجاعة - جوع	12	unfortunately (Adv)	لسوء الحظ

المنهج الكويتية
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Lesson (4&5)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	disgruntled (Adj)	غاضب - مستاء	6	obliterate (V)	يزيل - يطمس
2	displace (V)	يطرد - يُهجر	7	perturbed (Adj)	قلق بشأن
3	mass (Adj)	جماعي	8	resort (N)	منتجع
4	meticulous (Adj)	دقيق - مهتم بالتفاصيل	9	rift (N)	شق - تصدع
5	migrant (N)	مهاجر			

Lesson (7&8)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	animated (Adj)	مفعم بالحياة	6	nervously (Adv)	بعصبية
2	arduous (Adj)	شاق - متعب	7	rent (V)	يؤجر - يستأجر
3	engage in(Phr.V)	يشارك في	8	reside (V)	يقيم - يسكن
4	major (Adj)	رئيسي - هام	9	strenuous (Adj)	مرهق - شاق
5	minor (Adj)	بسيط - طفيف	10	take a breather	يأخذ قسط من الراحة

UNIT THREE

Words to remember

Lesson (1&2)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	abuse (N)	سوء معاملة	11	impulse (N)	حافز - دافع
2	anthropologist (N)	عالم أنثروبولوجيا عالم إنسانيات	12	incapable (Adj)	غير قادر على
3	apparent (Adj)	واضح	13	inevitable (Adj)	محتوم - لا مفر منه
4	attribute (N)	ميزة - خاصية	14	legislation (N)	تشريعات
5	charitable (Adj)	خيرى	15	liberty (N)	الحرية
6	compassion (N)	عطف - حنان	16	minority (N)	أقلية
7	discrimination (N)	تمييز - تفرقة	17	overview (N)	نظرة شاملة - لمحة
8	diversity (N)	تنوع - اختلاف	18	tolerance (N)	التسامح
9	empathy (N)	تعاطف	19	universal (Adj)	عالمي
10	ethnographer (N)	عالم الأجناس البشرية	20	value (N)	قيمة إنسانية

Lesson (3)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	aftermath (N)	نتائج - عواقب	4	hardship (N)	ضائقة - شدة
2	deploy (V)	يستخدم - يوظف في	5	voluntary (Adj)	تطوعي
3	ethnicity (N)	الأصل العرقي	6	vulnerable (Adj)	ضعيف - معرض لـ

Lesson (4&5)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	aggressive (Adj)	عدائي - عدواني	7	over a barrel	في موقف حرج
2	compassionately (Adv)	بعطف - بحنان	8	over the hill	متقدم في السن
3	cry over spilt milk	يندم - يتحسر	9	over the top	أكثر من اللازم
4	enfranchisement (N)	منح حق التصويت	10	suffrage (N)	حق التصويت في الانتخابات
5	extravagant (Adj)	مبذر - مسرف	11	tide someone over	يساعد - يقدم العون
6	frail (Adj)	هش - ضعيف			

Lesson(7&8)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	alleviate (V)	يخفف - يقلل	7	donate (V)	يتبرع
2	appeal (N)	مناشدة	8	extensive (Adj)	مكثف - مستفيض
3	avert (V)	يتجنب - يتحاشى	9	humanitarian (Adj)	إنساني - عطوف
4	campaign (N)	حملة	10	in leaps and bounds	بسرعة
5	commitment (N)	التزام	11	underprivileged (Adj)	بائس - محروم
6	dire (Adj)	شديد - ماس - مُلح			



UNIT FOUR

Words to remember

Lesson (1&2)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	climate (N)	الطقس - المناخ	10	precipitate (V)	يسبب - يسرع
2	desertification (N)	التصحّر	11	productive (Adj)	خصب - منتج
3	erode (V)	يدمر ببطء - يحت	12	proportion (N)	نسبة - جزء
4	graze (V)	يرعى (العشب)	13	soil (N)	تربة
5	harsh (Adj)	قاسي	14	treacherous (Adj)	محفوف بالمخاطر
6	increasingly (Adv)	بازدياد	15	unproductive (Adj)	غير خصب
7	kill off (Phr.V)	يدمر - يبيد	16	wash away (V)	يجرف - يزيل
8	overcultivate (V)	يجهد التربة بالزراعة	17	wildfire (N)	حرائق الغابات
9	permanently (Adv)	بشكل دائم			

Lesson (4&5)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	arid (Adj)	قاحل - جاف	7	humid (Adj)	رطب
2	atmosphere (N)	الغلاف الجوي	8	misbehave (V)	يسيء التصرف
3	equator (N)	خط الاستواء	9	plant (V)	يزرع
4	flooding (N)	فيضان	10	prevailing (Adj)	الساكن - المسيطر
5	forecasting (N)	التنبؤ (الطقس)	11	reclaim (V)	يستصلح (الأرض)
6	frigid (Adj)	شديد البرودة			

Lesson (7&8)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	curtail (V)	يقلل - يحد من	6	preservation (N)	المحافظة على - حفظ
2	hurdle (N)	عائق - صعوبة	7	prevail over (P.V)	يسود - يتغلب على
3	implement (V)	ينفذ - يطبق	8	scarcity (N)	قلة - ندرة
4	intrinsic (Adj)	أساسي - جوهري	9	spearhead (N)	رأس حربة
5	paucity (N)	قلة - ندرة	10	unwarranted (Adj)	لا مبرر له

UNIT FIVE

Words to remember

Lesson (1&2)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	collection points (N)	نقاط تجميع القمامة	5	offence (N)	مخالفة - جنحة
2	concur (V)	يوافق - يتفق	6	pass a law	يمرر القانون
3	crisis (N)	أزمة	7	prohibitively (Adv)	بشكل باهظ الثمن
4	machinery (N)	الآلات	8	reprocess (V)	يعيد معالجة

Lesson (4&5)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	administration (N)	إدارة	9	incinerator (N)	محركة
2	annoyance (N)	إزعاج	10	irritation (N)	غضب - انزعاج
3	bureaucracy (N)	البيروقراطية	11	keep up with	يبقى على اطلاع
4	come up against	يقابل - يواجه	12	packaging (N)	تغليف
5	criticism (N)	نقد	13	paperwork (N)	الروتين الورقي
6	cut down on	يقلل من	14	put up with	يتحمل
7	get rid of	يتخلص من	15	red tape	الروتين
8	go along with	ينفق مع	16	run out of	ينفذ - ينتهي

Lesson (7&8)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	component (N)	مكون - عنصر - جزء	7	household waste	القمامة المنزلية
2	compost (V)	يحول إلى سماد	8	incineration (N)	إحراق القمامة
3	constant (Adj)	مستمر - متواصل	9	material (N)	مادّة
4	constituent (N)	مكوّن - جزء	10	quantity (N)	كميّة
5	duration (N)	مدّة - فترة زمنية	11	trend (N)	توجه - ميل
6	heartening (Adj)	مشجع - يثلج الصدر	12	upsurge (N)	زيادة مفاجئة

UNIT SIX



Words to remember

Lesson (1&2)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	acute (Adj)	حاد - قوي	9	pose (V)	يفرض - يشكّل
2	avoid (V)	يتجنب	10	refuge (N)	ملجأ
3	damp (Adj)	رطب	11	reservation (N)	محمية
4	expansive (Adj)	ممتد - فسيح	12	reticent (Adj)	خجول - متردد
5	extinction (N)	انقراض	13	solitary (Adj)	منعزل
6	fascinating (Adj)	مذهل - رائع	14	stem (N)	ساق النبات
7	hibernate (V)	يسبت (ينام في فصل الشتاء)	15	threatened (Adj)	مهدد
8	permanent (Adj)	دائم	16	timid (Adj)	جبان - خجول

Lesson (4&5)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	aware (Adj)	واعٍ - مدرك	7	nourishment (N)	تغذية - غذاء
2	bounty (N)	وفرة - كثير من	8	recompense (N)	تعويض
3	cultivate (V)	يزرع - ينمو	9	reward (N)	جائزة - مكافأة
4	encroach (V)	يتعدى على - ينتهك	10	trespass on (P.V)	يتعدى على
5	grow (V)	ينمو ويكبر	11	unsanctioned (Adj)	غير مصرح به
6	illegitimate (Adj)	غير قانوني	12	wealth (N)	ثروة

Lesson (7&8)

	Word	Meaning		Word	Meaning
1	burgeoning (Adj)	متزايد - مزدهر	6	knock-on (Adj)	متتالي - مترتب على
2	consensus (N)	اتفاق - إجماع	7	utilize (V)	يستفيد من - ينتفع
3	dearth (N)	قلّة - ندرة	8	vociferously (Adv)	بصخب - بصوت مرتفع
4	graduate (V)	يتخرج	9	wetland (N)	مستنقع
5	housing (N)	إسكان - إيواء			

Unit One

1- How can you define the term "Law?"

كيف تعرّف القانون؟

It is a set of rules that govern society.

هو مجموعة من القواعد التي تحكم المجتمع

2- What are the different types of law?

ماهي أنواع القانون المختلفة؟

Family law, criminal law, civil law and property law.

قانون العائلة، قانون الجرائم، القانون المدني وقانون الملكية

3- Why do you think laws are made?

Why is law important?

لماذا توضع القوانين برأيك؟

لماذا القانون مهم؟

To protect the rights of people

لحماية حقوق الناس

To ensure a safe and just society

لضمان مجتمع آمن وعادل

4- How do Islamic values influence the system of laws in Kuwait?

كيف تؤثر القيم الإسلامية بنظام القوانين في الكويت؟

Laws are drawn from the teachings of the Holy Qur'an

القوانين مستمدة من تعاليم القرآن الكريم

5- Who makes the laws and who enforces them in your country?

من يضع القوانين ومن يطبقها في بلدك؟

The government makes laws, and the judges and policemen enforce them.

الحكومة تضع القوانين والقضاة والشرطة يطبقونها

6- What do you think would happen if there were no laws?

ماذا سيحدث باعتقادك إذا لم تكن القوانين موجودة؟

Crimes would spread.

ستنتشر الجرائم

People would live in a mess.

سيعيش الناس في فوضى

7- What is meant by a " culture of blame"?

ما المقصود بثقافة اللوم؟

People search for someone to blame for their own mistakes.

يبحث الناس عن شخص ليلوموه على أخطائهم الشخصية

8- How can people solve their disputes away from courts?

كيف يستطيع الناس حل مشاكلهم بعيداً عن المحاكم؟

They can do that through friendly negotiation.

يستطيعون فعل ذلك من خلال التفاوض الودي

9- Why are some people against solving minor issues in court?

لماذا بعض الناس ضد حل القضايا البسيطة في المحكمة؟

Because they clog up the courts.

لأنها تعرقل عمل المحاكم

They prevent prosecutions against real criminals.

تمنع مقاضاة المجرمين الحقيقيين

Unit Two

1- Why do people usually migrate?

لماذا يهاجر الناس عادةً؟

People migrate to seek a better life.

يهاجر الناس للبحث عن حياة أفضل

People migrate because of famine and civil wars.

يهاجر الناس بسبب المجاعة والحروب الأهلية

2- What are the advantages of migration ?

ما هي إيجابيات الهجرة؟

Migrants meet new people.

يتعرف المهاجرون على أشخاص جديدين

Migrants improve their living conditions.

تحسين الظروف المعيشية للمهاجرين

3- What are the disadvantages of migration?

ما هي سلبيات الهجرة؟

Some migrants feel homesick.

بعض المهاجرين يشعرون بالغربة

Migrants face the culture shock.

يواجه المهاجرون الصدمة الثقافية

4- What problems might a migrant face in the foreign country?

ما هي المشاكل التي قد يواجهها المهاجر في البلد الأجنبي؟

A migrant might face culture shock.

ربما يواجه المهاجر الصدمة الثقافية

Some migrants find it difficult to learn a new language.

بعض المهاجرين يجد صعوبة بتعلم اللغة الجديدة

Unit Three

1- What is meant by "human values"? Give examples.

ما المقصود بالقيم الإنسانية؟ أعط أمثلة عنها.

They are basic traits and values that are shared by all cultures.

هي عبارة عن قيم وخصال أساسية مشتركة بين كل الحضارات

Examples of human values are tolerance, empathy and freedom.

أمثلة عن القيم الإنسانية هي التسامح والتعاطف والحرية

2- How do governments protect basic human rights?

كيف تحمي الحكومات حقوق الإنسان الأساسية؟

Governments should issue laws and maintain them.

يجب على الحكومات أن تصدر قوانين وتحافظ عليها

3- In what ways does Islam teach us important human values?

كيف يعلمنا الإسلام القيم الإنسانية؟

Through the teachings of the Holy Qur'an

من خلال تعاليم القرآن الكريم

4- Which human values are especially important in Islam?

ما هي القيم الإنسانية المهمة بشكل خاص في الإسلام؟

Being kind to people and animals

الرفق بالإنسان والحيوان

Respecting the elderly / forgiveness

التسامح / احترام كبار السن

5- What is meant by compassion?

ما المقصود بالعطف؟

It means caring for the hungry, the poor and the elderly in society.

يعني الاهتمام بالجائعين والفقراء وكبار السن في المجتمع

6- What is tolerance in your opinion?

ما هو التسامح برأيك؟

It means the acceptance of people different from ourselves.

التسامح هو قبول الناس الذين يختلفون عنا (في الرأي والمعتقد مثلاً)

7- How do you understand freedom?

كيف تفهم الحرية؟

It is a balance between individual freedoms and the needs of society as a whole.

هي عبارة عن توازن بين الحريات الفردية ومتطلبات المجتمع ككل

8- What are the aims of the Kuwait Red Crescent Society?

ما هي أهداف جمعية الهلال الأحمر الكويتي؟

Protecting and helping people in need

حماية الناس المحتاجين ومساعدتهم

Providing the poor with healthcare and water supplies

تأمين الرعاية الصحية ومصادر المياه للفقراء

9- What is the importance of voluntary work in our community?

ما أهمية العمل التطوعي في مجتمعنا؟

It makes people feel more socially connected.

يشعر الناس أنهم أكثر ترابط في المجتمع

10- What activities can volunteers do to help?

ما هي النشاطات التي يقوم بها المتطوعون للمساعدة؟

They can distribute food and aid to needy families.

يقومون بتوزيع الطعام والمساعدات على العوائل المحتاجة

They can take part in rescue operations.

يشاركون في عمليات الإنقاذ

Focus on

1- The Foreign Diplomatic Institute has three main aims, discuss:

المعهد الدبلوماسي له ثلاثة أهداف، ما هي؟

Training diplomatic staff

(تدريب أفراد الهيئة الدبلوماسية)

Conducting research on foreign policy

(إقامة أبحاث حول السياسة الخارجية)

Organizing seminars, conferences and workshops

تنظيم الندوات والمؤتمرات وورش العمل

2- What kind of person does it take to become a successful diplomat?

ما هي متطلبات شخصية الدبلوماسي الناجح؟

Confidence, friendliness and willingness to work hard.

الثقة والالطف والرغبة بالعمل الجاد

Unit Four

1- What is desertification and where does it usually occur ?

ما هو التصحر وأين يحدث عادةً؟

It is the process in which productive land changes into desert.

هو العملية التي تتحول فيها الأرض الخصبة إلى صحراء

It usually occurs in dry areas where there is no rain.

يحدث التصحر عادةً في المناطق الجافة حيث لا يوجد أمطار

2- What are the main causes of desertification ?

ما هي الأسباب الرئيسية للتصحر؟

Harsh climate and lack of rain / Cutting down trees and overgrazing

المناخ القاسي وقلة الأمطار

قطع الأشجار والرعي الجائر

3- What are the bad effects of desertification ?

ما هي الآثار السلبية للتصحّر؟

A lot of animals and plants die. / Food insecurity

انعدام الأمن الغذائي / تموت كثير من الحيوانات والنباتات

4- How can we combat desertification?

كيف نستطيع مكافحة التصحر؟

We should plant more trees

يجب أن نزرع المزيد من الأشجار

Overgrazing and deforestation should be banned.

يجب منع قطع الأشجار والرعي الجائر

5- What is meant by deforestation?

ما المقصود بإزالة الأحراج؟

It means cutting down trees.

يعني قطع الأشجار

6- How does Man affect the environment negatively?

كيف يؤثر الإنسان سلباً على البيئة؟

Man pollutes the environment. / Man cuts down trees.

يقوم الإنسان بتلويث البيئة

يقوم الإنسان بقطع الأشجار

7- Why is water important ?

لماذا الماء مهم؟

People, animals and plants can't live without water.

الناس والحيوانات والنباتات لا يمكنها العيش بدون ماء

8- Give examples of wasteful usage of water.

أعط أمثلة عن الاستخدام المبذر للماء

Washing cars with a hose / Keeping water taps on while brushing teeth

ترك صنبور المياه مفتوح أثناء تفريش الأسنان / غسل السيارات بخراطوم المياه

9- What can be done to reduce water consumption?

ما الذي يمكن فعله لترشيد استهلاك الماء؟

Using modern systems of irrigation

استخدام أنظمة الري الحديثة

Using water wisely at home and public places

استخدام الماء بحكمة في البيت والأماكن العامة

10- Scarcity of fresh water is a serious problem, how can it be solved?

ندرة (قلة) المياه العذبة هي مشكلة خطيرة، كيف يمكن حلها؟

Building desalination plants / storing water behind dams

بناء محطات التحلية / تخزين الماء خلف السدود

Unit Five

1- What is recycling? Give examples of materials that can be recycled.

ما هي إعادة التدوير؟ أعط أمثلة عن مواد يمكن تدويرها

It is reprocessing materials so that they can be used again.

إعادة التدوير هي إعادة معالجة (تصنيع) المواد لكي تستخدم مرة ثانية

Examples of materials that can be recycled are plastic, glass, paper and metal.

أمثلة عن مواد يمكن تدويرها هي البلاستيك والزجاج والورق و الحديد

2- Why is recycling important?

What are the advantages of recycling?

لماذا إعادة التدوير مهمة؟

ما إيجابيات إعادة التدوير؟

It can reduce pollution. / It saves money and energy.

يوفر المال والطاقة / يقلل التلوث

3- How can we get rid of rubbish (household waste)?

What happens to the waste products that are not recycled?

كيف يمكن التخلص من النفايات؟

ماذا يحدث للنفايات التي لا يتم إعادة تدويرها؟

They are either burned, buried or composted.

إما أن تُحرق أو تُدفن (تحت الأرض) أو يتم تحويلها إلى سماد

4- Why shouldn't we burn the household waste?

لماذا لا ينبغي أن نحرق النفايات المنزلية؟

Because it can cause pollution.

لأن ذلك يسبب التلوث

5- What are the disadvantages of recycling?

ما هي سلبيات إعادة التدوير؟

Recycling sites are unhygienic.

مواقع إعادة التدوير غير صحية

Products from recycling are not durable.

المواد التي تنتج من عملية إعادة التدوير لا تكون قوية (ليست بذات الجودة)

Unit Six

1- What threats do animals face in the wild?

ما هي الأخطار (التهديدات) التي تواجهها الحيوانات في البرية؟

Poaching and destruction of habitat / Pollution and climate change

الصيد ودمار الموطن / التلوث والتغير المناخي

2- How can save and protect endangered species?

كيف يمكننا إنقاذ وحماية الأنواع المهددة بالانقراض؟

We should found natural reserves.

يجب إنشاء المحميات الطبيعية

Poaching must be banned.

يجب منع الصيد الجائر

Focus on

1- Why was the Arfaj chosen as the Kuwaiti national flower?

لماذا اختيرت زهرة العرفج كزهرة وطنية للكويت؟

It was chosen for its historical significance to Kuwaitis.

لقد تم اختيارها بسبب أهميتها التاريخية للكويتيين

2- In the past Kuwaitis used the Arfaj for different purposes, discuss:

في الماضي استخدم الكويتيون زهرة العرفج لأغراض مختلفة ما هي؟

It was used as a natural medicine.

كانت تستخدم كدواء طبيعي

It was used as a food source for sheep.

كانت تستخدم كمصدر طعام للأغنام

Unit One

Laws are the rules that guide human actions. They play a very important role in making the lives of people living together organized.

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) about **why laws are important** and **how our lives would be without laws**.

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: Have you ever imagined life without laws?

Background: Law is a system of rules that control society.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about why laws are important and how our lives would be without laws.

Body:

Paragraph one

Why laws are important

- guideline to human actions
- protect the rights of people
- reduce crimes and violence
- ensure a tolerant and safe society

دليل لتصرفات البشر

يحمي حقوق الناس

يقلل الجرائم و العنف

يضمن مجتمع آمن و متسامح

Paragraph two

How our lives would be without laws

- people live in a mess
- crimes would spread
- people feel unsafe
- society breaks down

يعيش الناس في فوضى

تنتشر الجرائم

يشعر الناس بعدم الأمان

يتفكك المجتمع

Conclusion: To sum up, law is very important for any society to develop.

Without law, life would be unbearable.

(أهمية القانون وماذا يحدث بغياب القانون)

Have you ever imagined life without laws? Law is a system of rules that control society. In this essay, I will talk about why laws are important and how our lives would be without laws.

Law is very important in any community for different reasons. First, it acts as a guideline to human actions. Second, laws are made to protect the rights of people in the community. Third, strict laws can reduce crimes and violence. Finally, law can ensure a tolerant and safe society.

There are a lot of things that might happen in the absence of law. For example, if there were no laws, people would live in a mess. Also, crimes and violence would spread. In addition, people would feel unsafe. Finally, society would break down due to the chaos.

To sum up, law is very important for any society to develop. Without law, life would be unbearable.

ST

Unit Two

For a lot of people around the world, migration has become the solution to many of their problems.

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) discussing **the reasons why people migrate and the benefits of migration for people and countries.**

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: Have you ever thought of leaving your homeland?

Background: For many people, migration could be the best solution to many problems.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the reasons why people migrate and the benefits of migration for people and countries.

Body:

Paragraph one

The reasons why people migrate

- seeking better life
- seeking better education
- escaping wars
- seeking asylum

البحث عن حياة أفضل
البحث عن تعليم أفضل
الهرب من الحروب
البحث عن اللجوء السياسي

Paragraph two

The benefits of migration for people and countries

- improving living conditions
- new people and new culture
- cultural diversity
- labour-market flexibility

تحسين الظروف المعيشية
أناس جدد و حضارة جديدة
التنوع الثقافي
مرونة سوق العمل

Conclusion: To sum up, there are a lot of causes that force people to migrate. However, migration has many benefits for migrants and host countries.

(أسباب الهجرة وفوائدها للناس والدول)

Have you ever thought of leaving your homeland? For many people, migration could be the best solution to many problems. In this essay, I will talk about the reasons why people migrate and the benefits of migration for people and countries.

People migrate for many reasons. First, some people migrate seeking a better life and better jobs. Second, a lot of students migrate to complete their studies and get better education. Third, civil wars and natural disasters could force some people to leave their homelands. Finally, others migrate seeking asylum.

There are a lot of benefits of migration for people and countries. For example, migration can help migrants to improve their living conditions. It is also a good opportunity for migrants to meet new people and learn about new cultures. In addition, host countries are enriched by cultural diversity. Finally, migrants contribute significantly to labor-market flexibility.

To sum up, there are a lot of causes that force people to migrate. However, migration has many benefits for migrants and host countries.

Unit Two

For a lot of people around the world, migration has become the solution to many of their problems.

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) discussing **the reasons why people migrate, and the problems migrants encounter in host countries.**

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: Have you ever thought of leaving your homeland?

Background: For many people, migration could be the best solution to many problems.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the reasons why people migrate and the problems migrants encounter in host countries.

Body:

Paragraph one

The reasons why people migrate

- seeking better life
- seeking better education
- escaping wars
- seeking asylum

البحث عن حياة أفضل
البحث عن تعليم أفضل
الهرب من الحروب
البحث عن اللجوء السياسي

Paragraph two

The problems migrants encounter in host countries

- culture shock
- language barriers
- adapting to a new culture
- absence of family support

الصدمة الثقافية
حواجز اللغة
التأقلم مع الثقافة الجديدة
غياب دعم العائلة

Conclusion: To sum up, there are a lot of causes that force people to migrate. Moreover, migrants might have a lot of problems in foreign countries.

(أسباب الهجرة والمشاكل التي يواجهها المهاجرون في الدول المضيفة)

Have you ever thought of leaving your homeland? For many people, migration could be the best solution to many problems. In this essay, I will talk about the reasons why people migrate and the problems migrants encounter in host countries.

People migrate for many reasons. First, some people migrate seeking better life and better jobs. Second, a lot of students migrate to complete their study and get better education. Third, civil wars and natural disasters could force some people to leave their homelands. Finally, others migrate seeking asylum.

Migrants might face a lot of problems in host countries. For example, they might face the culture shock. Another problem for them might be language barriers. In addition, a lot of migrants find it difficult to adapt to the new culture. Finally, the absence of family support is a big problem to many migrants.

To sum up, there are a lot of causes that force people to migrate. Moreover, migrants might have a lot of problems in foreign countries.

Unit Three

Oxford dictionary defines human values as: “Beliefs about what is right and wrong and what is important in life”.

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) about **the human values that Islam encourages us to have and how these values can help to have a peaceful society.**

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: Did you know that human values are regarded as the basis for human beings to lead a better life.

Background: Human values are the principles that one should follow to live a happy and positive life.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the human values that Islam encourages us to have and how these values can help to have a peaceful society.

Body:

Paragraph one **The human values that Islam encourages us to have**

- kindness (الطف (الرفق)
- forgiveness (المسامحة)
- honesty (الأمانة / الصدق)
- respecting parents and elders (احترام الأهل و كبار السن)

Paragraph two **How these values can help to have a peaceful society**

- teachings of Islam (تعاليم الإسلام)
- peace is a major thing (السلام شيء أساسي)
- making peace is important (تحقيق السلام مهم)

Conclusion: To sum up, human values are the basic traits that are shared by all cultures. They are essential for people to live in peace and harmony.

(القيم الإنسانية وأهميتها)

Did you know that human values are regarded as the basis for human beings to lead a better life. Human values are the principles that one should follow to live a happy and positive life. In this essay, I will talk about the human values that Islam encourages us to have and how these values can help to have a peaceful society.

In Islam, a lot of human values are commanded or encouraged in verses in the Quran and **hadith**. For example, Islam enjoins Muslims to be kind to both people and animals. Also, Islam teaches human beings to be forgiving. In addition, Islam orders us as Muslims to be honest to others and ourselves. Finally, Islam urges us to respect all people, especially our parents and the elderly in our community.

Human values in Islam can help to have a peaceful society. First, the teachings of Islam invite people to live a peaceful life based on justice. Second, peace is one of the major things in Islam and everything is done in the name of Allah to reach peace. Finally, in Islam, making peace between people is better than charity, fasting, and prayer.

To sum up, human values are the basic traits that are shared by all cultures. They are essential for people to live in peace and harmony.

Unit Three

Volunteering is when someone spends unpaid time doing something to benefit others.

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) about **the ways we can volunteer to help people in our community and the benefits a volunteer can get from volunteering.**

Introduction:

Hook: Have you ever done any volunteer work?

Background: Volunteering is when someone spends unpaid time doing something to benefit others.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the ways we can volunteer to help people in our community and the benefits a volunteer can get from volunteering.

Body:

Paragraph one

The ways we can volunteer to help people

- raise money جمع المال
- donate blood التبرع بالدم
- clean-up campaigns حملات التنظيف
- rescue operations عمليات الإنقاذ

Paragraph two

The benefits of volunteering

- sense of achievement شعور الإنجاز
- gain experience اكتساب خبرة
- self- confidence الثقة بالنفس
- develop relationships تطوير العلاقات

Conclusion: To sum up, volunteering plays a vital role in our community. Moreover, it has a lot of advantages for volunteers.

(العمل التطوعي: طرق التطوع والفوائد)

Have you ever done any volunteer work? Volunteering is when someone spends unpaid time doing something to benefit others. In this essay, I will talk about the ways we can volunteer to help people in our community and the benefits a volunteer can get from volunteering.

There are many ways we can volunteer to serve our community. For example, we can raise money to help the poor and the needy in our community. Also, we can organize campaigns to donate blood for the sick. In addition, we can have clean-up campaigns to clean the beaches and forests. Finally, we can volunteer to help in emergency cases such as rescue operations after natural disasters such as floods and tornadoes.

Volunteers can get a lot of benefits when doing a voluntary work. First, they feel happy and proud as it gives them a sense of achievement. Second, they gain a lot of experience in that field and boost their career options. Third, they gain more self-confidence as they learn new skills. Finally, they meet new people and develop social relationships.

To sum up, volunteering plays a vital role in our community. Moreover, it has a lot of advantages for volunteers.

Unit Four

“ Desertification can be defined as the degradation of land in areas that experience arid, semi-arid and dry sub-humid climates.”

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of 14 sentences (160 words) showing the different causes of desertification and the bad effects it could have on people, animals and plants.

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: What do you think could happen if all lands changed into deserts?

Background: Desertification is the process in which lands change into deserts.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the different causes of desertification and the bad effects it could have on people, animals and plants.

Body:

Paragraph one

The different causes of desertification

- harsh climate and lack of rain
- overgrazing
- cutting down trees (deforestation)
- using pesticides

المناخ القاسي و قلة الأمطار
الرعي الجائر
قطع الأشجار
استخدام المبيدات

Paragraph two

The bad effects of desertification

- unproductive soil
- food insecurity
- extinction of species
- loss of vegetation cover

تربة غير خصبة
انعدام الأمن الغذائي
انقراض الأنواع (نباتات و حيوانات)
فقدان الغطاء النباتي

Conclusion: To sum up, desertification is one of the most serious problems facing mankind nowadays. Therefore, we must do our best to solve this problem.

(التصحر: الأسباب والنتائج)

What do you think could happen if all lands changed into deserts? Desertification is the process in which lands change into deserts. In this essay, I will talk about the different causes of desertification and the bad effects it could have on people, animals and plants.

On the one hand, there are a lot of causes that can lead to desertification. For example, harsh climate and lack of rain in some dry areas can cause desertification. Also, some human activities such as overgrazing can lead to desertification. In addition, deforestation (cutting down trees) can contribute to desertification. Finally, desertification could be a likely outcome of excessive use of pesticides.

On the other hand, desertification has a lot of bad effects. First, the soil becomes unproductive due to changes in its physical structure. Second, desertification can lead to food insecurity due to crop failure. Third, desertification can result in bad living conditions for a lot of species that may be extinct. Finally, desertification can lead to the loss of vegetation cover.

To sum up, desertification is one of the most serious problems facing mankind nowadays. Therefore, we must do our best to solve this problem.

Unit Four

“ Desertification can be defined as the degradation of land in areas that experience arid, semi-arid and dry sub-humid climates.”

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of 14 sentences (160 words) showing the different causes of desertification and how we can combat desertification and save the environment.

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: What do you could happen if all lands changed into deserts?

Background: Desertification is the process in which lands change into deserts.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the different causes of desertification and how we can combat desertification and save the environment.

Body:

Paragraph one

The different causes of desertification

- harsh climate and lack of rain
- overgrazing
- cutting down trees (deforestation)
- using pesticides

المناخ القاسي و قلة الأمطار
الرعي الجائر
قطع الأشجار
استخدام المبيدات

Paragraph two

How to combat desertification

- planting more trees
- strict legislations
- educating farmers
- protecting the natural habitats

زراعة الأشجار
قوانين صارمة (شديدة)
تثقيف المزارعين
حماية المواطن الطبيعية

Conclusion: To sum up, desertification is one of the most serious problems facing mankind nowadays. Therefore, we must do our best to solve this problem.

(التصحر: الأسباب وكيف نكافحه)

What do you think could happen if all lands changed into deserts? Desertification is the process in which lands change into deserts. In this essay, I will talk about the different causes of desertification and how we can combat desertification and save the environment.

On the one hand, there are a lot of causes that can lead to desertification. For example, harsh climate and lack of rain in some dry areas can cause desertification. Also, some human activities such as overgrazing can lead to desertification. In addition, deforestation can contribute to land degradation and desertification. Finally, desertification could be a likely outcome of overcultivation and excessive use of pesticides.

On the other hand, we can do a lot of things to combat desertification. First, we should plant more trees to prevent desertification. Second, the government should make strict legislations that prevent overgrazing and cutting down trees. Third, we can educate farmers and teach them the best way to use the land. Finally, we should protect the natural habitats of many animals and plants.

To sum up, desertification is one of the most serious problems facing mankind nowadays. Therefore, we must do our best to solve this problem.

Unit Four

All living things on Earth need water. Everything from people, plants, animals and things too small need water to survive.

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of 14 sentences (160 words) about the different uses of water and ways to reduce water usage.

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: Did you know that water covers 71% of the Earth's surface?

Background: Everything from people, plants, animals and things too small need water to survive.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the different uses of water and ways to reduce water usage.

Body:

Paragraph one

The different uses of water

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| - drinking and cooking | الشرب و الطبخ |
| - agriculture | الزراعة |
| - sanitation and hygiene | النظافة و الصحة العامة |
| - industry | الصناعة |

Paragraph two

Ways to reduce water usage

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| - fixing leaks | إصلاح التسريبات |
| - taking short showers | أخذ حمام قصير |
| - reusing household water | إعادة استخدام المياه المنزلية |
| - educating others | تثقيف الآخرين |

Conclusion: To sum up, water is one of the most precious natural resources. Therefore, we should do our best to save it.

(الاستخدامات المختلفة للماء وكيفية ترشيد استخدامه)

Did you know that water covers 71% of the Earth's surface? Everything from people, plants, animals and things too small need water to survive. In this essay, I will talk about the different uses of water and ways to reduce water usage.

Water can be used for different purposes. For example, people use water for drinking and preparing food. Also, water is essential for growing crops and supporting livestock through irrigation. In addition, water is vital for bathing, washing clothes, cleaning, and maintaining hygiene. Finally, water is used in manufacturing, cooling machinery and generating electricity.

There are many ways to save water and reduce its usage. First, we should fix leaky pipes because small leaks can waste a lot of water over time. Second, taking short showers can save a lot of water. Third, we can reuse household water for watering plants and cleaning. Lastly, it is very important to educate others and raise awareness in society about the importance of saving water.

To sum up, water is one of the most precious natural resources. Therefore, we should do our best to save it.

Unit Five

"The average person generates over 4 pounds of trash every day and about 1.5 tons of solid waste per year."

Plan and write an **Expository** essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) about "Recycling" discussing **what the benefits of recycling are and the disadvantages of recycling.**

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: Did you know that recycling can make one person's trash another person's treasure?

Background: Recycling is the process of converting waste materials into new materials and objects to be used again

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the benefits of recycling and the disadvantages of it.

Body:

Paragraph one

- conserving natural resources
- reducing pollution
- saving energy
- providing jobs for youth

The benefits of recycling

الحفاظ على المصادر الطبيعية
تقليل التلوث
توفير الطاقة
توفير وظائف للشباب

Paragraph two

- recycling sites are unhygienic
- products may not be durable
- sometimes expensive
- not widespread

The disadvantages of recycling

مواقع إعادة التدوير غير صحية
المنتجات غير قوية
أحياناً مكلف
ليس واسع الانتشار

Conclusion: To sum up, getting rid of rubbish is one of the most serious problems facing mankind today. However, we can all make the world a better place by embracing recycling.

(إعادة التدوير: الفوائد والسلبيات)

Did you know that recycling can make one person's trash another person's treasure? Recycling is the process of converting waste materials into new materials and objects to be used again. In this essay, I will talk about the benefits of recycling and the disadvantages of it.

On the one hand, recycling has a lot of pros. For example, recycling can help conserve natural resources that are finite. Also, it can reduce all forms of pollution and protect the ecosystem and wildlife. In addition, it can save energy because making products from recycled materials requires less energy than making them from new raw materials. Finally, it can open up job opportunities for a lot of people seeking jobs.

On the other hand, recycling has a lot of cons. First, recycling sites are commonly unhygienic and unsafe for people working there. Second, most recycled materials are not durable and they don't last long. Third, building a recycling unit center requires a lot of money. Finally, recycling is not widespread and a lot of people have not embraced it.

To sum up, getting rid of rubbish and waste is one of the most serious problems facing mankind today. However, we can all make the world a better place by embracing recycling.

Unit Six

"Healthy ecosystems depend on plant and animal species as their foundations. When a species becomes endangered, it is a sign that the ecosystem is slowly falling apart."

Plan & write an **Expository** essay of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) explaining **the main dangers that face animals and birds worldwide and how to save endangered species.**

Outline

Introduction:

Hook: Did you know that there are more than 1,000 endangered species worldwide?

Background: Animals provide balance and stability to nature.

Thesis: In this essay, I will talk about the main dangers that face animals and birds worldwide and how to save endangered species.

Body:

Paragraph one

The main dangers that face animals worldwide

- habitat destruction
- poaching (hunting)
- climate change
- pollution

دمار الموطن
الصيد الجائر
التغير المناخي
التلوث

Paragraph two

How to save endangered species

- banning poaching
- founding reserves
- minimizing the use of pesticides

منع الصيد الجائر
إنشاء المحميات
تقليل استخدام المبيدات

Conclusion: To sum up, animals are very important for ecological balance. Therefore, we should do our best to save them.

(الحيوانات: الأخطار التي تواجهها وكيف نحميها)

Did you know that there are more than 1,000 endangered species worldwide? Animals provide balance and stability to nature. In this essay, I will talk about the main dangers that face animals and birds worldwide and how to save endangered species.

Animals and birds worldwide are facing a lot of dangers in their natural habitat. For example, desertification and wildfire can lead to animal habitat destruction. In addition, poachers hunt some animals such as tigers and elephants for their valuable fur and tusks. Moreover, it is sometimes difficult for animals to adapt to climate change and a lot of them die. Finally, pollution in seas and oceans is a big threat to the survival of many species of marine wildlife.

In fact, a lot of actions should be taken to save endangered species. First, the government should ban poaching to protect rare animals and birds. Second, the government should found reserves to save animals and help them live in peace. Lastly, farmers should minimize the use of pesticides because they can harm animals or kill them.

To sum up, animals are very important for ecological balance. Therefore, we should do our best to save them.