

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



ناشد الحاج

الملف إجابات مذكرة التدريبات الشاملة

موقع المناهج ← ملفات الكويت التعليمية ← الصف الثاني عشر العلمي ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر العلمي



روابط مواد الصف الثاني عشر العلمي على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر العلمي والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

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إجابات مذكرة التدريبات الشاملة

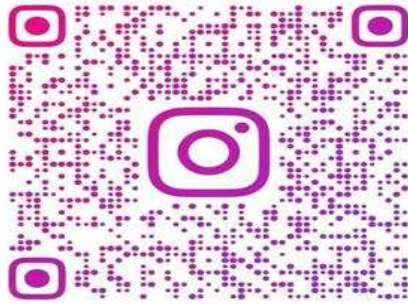
الفصل الدراسي الثاني

اسم الطالب:

ملاحظة: تم إعداد هذه المذكرة بالاستعانة ببنك أسئلة توجيه اللغة الإنجليزية وترتيبها بطريقة مفيدة للطلاب في التدريب على جميع أنماط الأسئلة. مع دعواتنا لجميع الطلاب بالتوفيق والنجاح.

المذكرة خدمة تطوعية لمن يحتاجها وليست للبيع

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REMEDIAL EXERCISES

UNIT 7

VOCABULARY

A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

1- People thought that the use of robots would help us ----- boring factory jobs.

a-do up b- make up **c- do away with** d- make up for

2-The sports channel hosts football experts to give ----- on football matches.

a- vicinity b- ailment c- reverence **d- commentary**

3-Restaurants and terrace cafés are a/an ----- part of the social life of the city.

a- onerous **b- integral** c- drowsy d- geriatric

4-Gloves are usually made of ----- leather so that your fingers will move easily.

a-supple b- integral c- vigorous d- physical

5-It is true that----- in Europe has increased greatly in the 20th century.

a- expectation b- vicinity c- commentary **d-life expectancy**

6-Islam urges us to take care of our old parents. That's why ----- homes are not common in the Arab world.

a-drowsy b- chronic **c- geriatric** d- shallow

7-We have to ----- both parents and teachers because they have offered us a lot.

a-cycle **b- honour** c- deserve d- conceal

8-My uncle is so ----- that he refuses to stop working despite being eighty.

a-vigorous b- integral c- geriatric d- supple

9-The criminal wanted to ----- his real identity using a false passport, but he was arrested.

a-deserve **b- conceal** c- bestow d- honour

10-You must wear a crash-helmet when you ----- to protect your head.

a-bestow b- deserve c- honour **d- cycle**

11-I can't believe it. My favourite team lost the game. The result is contrary to any -----

a-reverence b- ailment **c- expectation** d- vicinity

12-Ali was still tired and ----- when I woke him up as he didn't have enough sleep.

a-chronic b- restful c- shallow **d- drowsy**

13-Some diseases and body shape are determined by -----

a- genetic make-up b- commentary c- admiration d- blizzard

14-My grandfather suffers from ----- arthritis. He barely leaves his room.

a-integral **b-chronic** c- restful d- drowsy

15-The sound of the wind in the trees is ----- as it creates an atmosphere of relaxation.

a- cardiovascular b- deprived **c- restful** d- chronic



B- Fill in the spaces with the right words from the list:

(admiration / do without / vicinity / make up / make up for / ailment)

- 1- They cannot **do without** Rashid because he is a valuable part of the team.
- 2- The city council are planning to build the new stadium in the **vicinity** of the town.
- 3- Doctors recommend that any kind of **ailment** should be cured in the early stages.
- 4- We might be behind schedule, but we are confident that we can **make up for** the lost time.
- 5- Hamad gained the **admiration** of his partners because of his hard work.

GRAMMAR

A-From a, b, c, and d choose the best answer:

1- The patient asked the doctor he could keep physically fit.

a- how b- what c- who d- which

2- The journalist asked them they were partners with.

a.- if **b- who** c- which d-where

3-The teacher asked the students they wanted to write about.

a- what b- how c- which d- whether

4- The patient asked the doctor the vaccine would be effective or not.

a- what b- which **c- whether** d- who

5- My teacher wanted to know why I the research before I presented the project.

a- am doing b- do c- haven't done **d- hadn't done**

6-My friends wanted to know I had joined the new club last week.

a- if b- what c- who d- whose

7- He told me that both Ahmed his brother joined the College of Medicine.

a- or b- whether **c- and** d- nor

8- the father and his son took part in the clean-up operation on the beach.

a- **Both** b- Nor c- Either d- Whether

9- I have to my homework before I can play.

a-make up b- do up **c- do** d- make

10- It's important to exercise regularly for your health.

a-make up b- do up c- make **d- do**

11- I need to a decision about where to go on vacation.

a- do without **b- make** c- make up d-do

12- I will an appointment with the doctor for next week.

a-make b- do c- make up d- do without

From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- I 'm glad to meet you. (Reported Speech)

- a- John told me that he was glad to meet me.
- b- John told me that he is glad to meet me.
- c- John told me that he has been glad to meet me.

2- We lost our way to the park yesterday. (Reported Speech)

- a- David said that they lose their way to the park the day before.
- b- David said that they had lost their way to the park the day before.
- c- David said that they lost their way to the park the day after.

3- "We visited many interesting places last week." (Reported speech)

- a- My friend said that they have visited many interesting places the week before.
- b- My friend said that they had visited many interesting places the week before.
- c- My friend said that they would visit many interesting places the week before.

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4- "I have been playing football for two hours." (Reported speech)

- a- My brother said that he has been playing football for two hours.
- b- My brother said that he was playing football for two hours.
- c- My brother said that he had been playing football for two hours.

5- "I will see you tomorrow." (Reported speech)

- a- My friend Nasser told me that he would see me the next day.
- b- My friend Nasser told me that he will be seeing me tomorrow.
- c- My friend Nasser told me that he will see me the next day.

6- " I can speak three languages." (Reported speech)

- a- Khalid said that he can speak three languages.
- b- Khalid said that he could speak three languages.
- c- Khalid said that he speaks three languages.

7- "Our teacher asks too many questions." (Reported speech)

- a- They said that our teacher asked too many questions.
- b- They said that their teacher has asked too many questions.
- c- They said that their teacher asked too many questions.

8- "Where did you go yesterday?" (Change into reported speech)

a- My friend wanted to know where I go the day before.

b- My friend wanted to know where I would go the day before.

c- My friend wanted to know where I had gone the day before.

9- "Where will you spend your summer vacation?" (Change into reported speech)

a- My cousin asked me where I would spend my summer vacation.

b- My cousin asked me where I had spent my summer vacation.

c- My cousin asked me where I spent my summer vacation.

10- "Are you doing a research on Coronavirus?" (Change into reported speech)

a- The journalist asked the experts if they did a research on Coronavirus.

b- The journalist asked the experts if they were doing a research on Coronavirus.

c- The journalist asked the experts if they had done a research on Coronavirus.

11- "Did they leave last year?" (Change into reported speech)

a- My cousin asked me if they had left the year before.

b- My cousin asked me if they have left the year before.

c- My cousin asked me if they will leave the year before.

12- "Where will you spend your summer vacation?" (Reported speech)

a- My cousin asked me where I spent my summer vacation.

b- My cousin asked me where I had spent my summer vacation.

c- My cousin asked me where I would spend my summer vacation.

13- Fahd is a smart student. Rashid is a smart student, too. (Join using Both ... and)

a- Both Fahd and Rashid is a smart student.

b- Both Fahd and Rashid are smart students.

c- Both Fahd and Rashid are smart students, too.

14- Hassan speaks Spanish. Hassan writes Spanish, too. (Join using Both ... and)

a- Hassan both speaks and writes Spanish, too.

b- Hassan both speaks or writes Spanish.

c- Hassan both speaks and writes Spanish.

15- The hotel was terrible. The service also was terrible. (Join using Both ... and)

a- Both the hotel and the service were terrible.

b- Both the hotel and the service was terrible.

c- Both the hotel and the service are terrible.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONIOS

Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your friend wants to know why you have joined voluntary work.

Because I want to help others.

2- Your brother is driving without fastening the seat belt.

You must wear the seat belt while driving.

3- Your classmate helped you with the school final project.

Thank you very much.

4- Your cousin says that computer games have harmful effects.

I agree with you.

5- Your friend wants to know why you want to study medicine.

Because I want to help others.

6- Your friend says it's very easy to find a good job after graduation.

I agree with you.

7- Your cousin wants to go camping with his friends but his father refuses.

Please, say yes.

8- People nowadays prefer the internet as a form of communication.

That is right. People use it a lot.

9- Your classmate needs some information about life in the past.

You can read a book.

10- Your neighbour intends to leave school and get a job.

That is not a good idea.

SET - BOOK

1- Why is keeping active important for us?

-We can keep healthy

-We can enjoy life

2- How can we stay physically and mentally active?

-Doing exercise

-Reading books

3- Why is it rare to find geriatric homes in Kuwait and Arab countries?

- Old people live with their families

- Islam teaches us to respect the elderly

4- What is the importance of having enough sleep?

-To be healthy

-To perform well

5- What are the signs (effects) of the lack of sleep?

-Feeling drowsy

-Feeling tired

6-How much sleep we need depends on many factors. What are they?

-Age and genetic make-up

-Daily routine

7- Why has life expectancy increased in Kuwait recently?

-Better health care

-Better food

8-How can we show respect and gratitude to the elderly?

-Opening doors for them

- Listening to them

TRANSLATION

Translate the following into good English:

1- من المهم جدا أن نتبع نمط حياة صحي كي نحافظ على صحتنا العقلية والجسدية.

It is very important to follow a healthy lifestyle in order to maintain our mental and physical health.

2- نستطيع المحافظة على صحتنا العقلية بقراءة الكتب وحل الكلمات المتقاطعة والألغاز.

We can maintain our mental health by reading books and solving crosswords and puzzles.

3- نستطيع المحافظة على صحتنا الجسدية بالقيام بتمارين والنوم الجيد وتجنب العادات السيئة.

We can maintain our physical health by exercising, getting enough sleep, and avoiding bad habits.

4- يأمرنا الإسلام باحترام وتقدير كبار السن والتعاطف معهم.

Islam commands us to respect and value the elderly and to show compassion towards them.

5- نستطيع اظهار احترامنا لكبار السن بفتح الأبواب لهم والتحدث معهم والاستماع لهم.

We can show our respect for the elderly by holding doors for them, talking to them, and listening to them.

6- من النادر وجود دور للمسنين في الكويت والدول الإسلامية لأن المسنين يعيشون مع أسرهم.

It is rare to find elderly care homes in Kuwait and other Islamic countries because the elderly live with their families.

7- لقد ازداد معدل الأعمار في العالم بسبب التغذية الجيدة والرعاية الصحية الجيدة.

The average life expectancy in the world has increased due to good nutrition and proper healthcare.

8- هناك العديد من العوامل التي تحدد مقدار النوم الذي نحتاجه مثل العمر والروتين اليومي والتكوين الوراثي.

There are many factors that determine how much sleep we need, such as age, daily routine, and genetic makeup.

9- للنوم الكثير من الفوائد فهو يحسّن الذاكرة ويساعدنا على الاحتفاظ بالمعلومات.

Sleep has many benefits; it improves memory and helps us retain information.

10- هناك العديد من الآثار السلبية لقلة النوم مثل الشعور بالنعاس والتعب وعدم التركيز.

There are many negative effects of lack of sleep, such as drowsiness, fatigue, and lack of concentration.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Expository)

“Having enough sleep is the best cure in the doctor’s book.”

Plan and write an essay of **14** sentences (**160** words) showing **the importance of having enough sleep** and **the effects of the lack of sleep**.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about sleep? Sleep is very important for us. In this essay, I will write about the importance of having enough sleep and the effects of the lack of sleep.



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Paragraph 1:

The importance of sleep:

- Sleep is good for our health
- It helps us retain information in our memory

Paragraph 2:

The signs of the lack of sleep:

- If we don't sleep well, we feel drowsy
- We feel moody and irritated

Conclusion:

Finally, we can say that it is very important to have enough sleep. I advise you to sleep well.

Write your topic here

What is your idea about sleep? Sleep is very important for us. In this essay, I will write about the importance of having enough sleep and the effects of the lack of sleep.

Sleep is very important for many reasons. First, it is essential for our health. It helps our body repair itself and stay strong. Second, sleep helps us retain information in our memory. Third, it improves our concentration, which is very important when we are driving or doing tasks. In addition, getting enough sleep can help us perform better in tests. Moreover, when we sleep well, we feel happier and more energetic. Good sleep also strengthens our immune system.

There are many signs that show we are not getting enough sleep. If we don't sleep well, we often feel drowsy. We may become moody, irritated, or impatient with others. Sleep deprivation can make us feel tired and reduce our ability to concentrate. It can also affect our performance at school, work, or while driving. In the long term, not sleeping enough can lead to health problems such as headaches, a weakened immune system.

Finally, we can say that it is very important to have enough sleep. I advise you to sleep well.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Expository)

Being grateful to the elderly is among the most common characteristics of humanity all over the world.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), about the ways and reasons of showing gratitude and respect to the elderly.

Outline

Introduction:

How should we treat the elderly? It is important to treat them with respect and we can do that in many ways. In this essay, I will write about the ways and reasons of showing gratitude and respect to the elderly.

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

The ways of showing gratitude to the elderly:

- Open doors for them
- Listen to them

Paragraph 2:

The reasons of showing gratitude to the elderly:

- Islam orders us to respect them
- It is a part of our culture

Conclusion:

Finally, we can say that showing gratitude to the elderly is very important. We should respect them and be kind to them.

Write your topic here

How should we treat the elderly? It is important to treat them with respect and we can do that in many ways. In this essay, I will write about the ways and reasons of showing gratitude and respect to the elderly.

We can show our gratitude to the elderly in many ways. First, we should treat them with compassion and be kind to them. Second, we should speak with them politely. Third, if we are sitting when they enter a room, we should stand and greet them. Moreover, we should open doors for them. We should care of them and talk to them. We should also listen to their advice. We can also help them do their daily tasks such as shopping.

It is important to show gratitude to the elderly for many reasons. First, Islam orders us to respect them and honour them. Second, it is a part of our culture. Third, many older people spent years working and raising children. Besides, showing gratitude helps them feel valued and respected. It also supports their emotional well-being. Moreover, showing gratitude to the elderly strengthens family bonds.

Finally, we can say that showing gratitude to the elderly is very important. We should respect them and be kind to them.

UNIT 8

VOCABULARY

A -From a, b, c and d, choose right answer:

1- Many people leave the countryside for the city causing rural -----.

a-depopulation b- overcrowding c- metropolis d- infrastructure

2- Wars leave behind famine, disease and many terribly ----- areas.

a- astounded b- embarrassed **c- deserted** d- tranquil

3- My brother intends to set up a/an ----- and import company after graduation.

a-unemployment **b- export** c- depopulation d- glamour

4- The story books that the children read are on ----- scale of difficulty.

a- graduated b- deserted c- vacant d- advantageous

5- Old people move to the countryside to escape from the ----- of city life.

a- depopulation b- residents' parking **c- overcrowding** d- almond

6- Some rich people ----- the way they live as they move from the city to the country.

a-bestow b- narrate c- conceal **d- reverse**

7- Everyone was at how well the players performed at the final match.

a- astounded b- leafy c- palatial d- vacant

8- Deserting countryside phenomenon is a major ----- problem nowadays.

a-palatial **b-socioeconomic** c- leafy d- picturesque

9- The government is trying hard to solve the problem of ----- among young people.

a- metropolis b- almond c- glamour **d- unemployment**

10- The house on sale is almost ----- The buyer can receive it right now.

a-astounded b- embarrassed **c- vacant** d- tranquil

11- People who work in a great ----- like London would not prefer to live there.

a- metropolis b- unemployment c- depopulation d- expert

12- All the audience admired the little child for her ability to ----- wonderful stories.

a- reverse b- conceal c- narrate d- deserve

13- When I travel abroad, I'm always keen on buying lots of ----- for my family.

a- far and wide b- red tape c- hustle and bustle d- odds and ends

14- My family have chosen to live here where all ----- are available and quite handy.

a- hustle and bustle b- public services c- odds and ends d- residents' parking

B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below.

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(palatial / hub / embarrassed / infrastructure / densely / vice versa)

- 1- India is a **densely** populated country. Too many people live there.
- 2- If I were a millionaire, I would live in a **palatial** house overlooking the sea.
- 3- Students shouldn't be **embarrassed** in front of the class when they give a presentation.
- 4- Online classes can replace traditional ones, and **vice versa**.
- 5- The war has damaged the country's **infrastructure**; rebuilding needs money and efforts.

GRAMMAR

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- Never visited such a beautiful beach.

- a- I have **b- have I** c- do I d- did I

2- Little to be a millionaire.

- a- did she expect** b-she expected c- she had expected d- she has expected

3- Scarcely through the door when the phone rang.

- a- he got b- he had got c- got **d- had he got**

4- Rarely fast food.

- a- I ate **b- do I eat** c- I had eaten d- I eat

5- No sooner the noise than we rushed to the spot.

- a- we had heard b- we heard **c- had we heard** d- we have heard

6- No sooner had the meeting started the lights went out.

- a- when **b- than** c- after d- while

7- had the movie started than the power went out."

- a- Scarcely b- Hardly **c- No sooner** d- While

8- Hardly had the train left it started to rain."

- a- when** b- than c- after d- while

9- had the movie started when she fell asleep."

- a- After **b- Hardly** c- No sooner d- while

10- I really loved the Turkish restaurant we had lunch last Friday.

- a- whose b- which c- who **d- where**

11- The taxi, will take you to the airport, should be here at 7 a.m.

- a- where b- who **c- which** d- when

12- Spring is the time of the year the desert turns from yellow to green.

- a- where b- who c- which **d- when**

4- I had seldom seen so many people out on the streets. (Begin with: Seldom)
a- **Seldom had I seen so many people out on the streets.**
b- Seldom I had seen so many people out on the streets.
c- Seldom did I see so many people out on the streets.

5-We little knew about him when we hired him. (Begin with: Little)
a- Little we knew about him when we hired him.
b- Little do we know about him when we hired him.
c- **Little did we know about him when we hired him.**

6- The worker's bank account was rarely over \$ 500. (Begin with: Rarely)
a- Rarely the worker's bank account was over \$ 500.
b- **Rarely was the worker's bank account over \$ 500.**
c- Rarely the worker's bank account was over \$ 500.

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7- Saad not only studies to be a pilot, but he is also a successful athlete (Use: Not only)
a- **Not only does Saad study to be a pilot, but he is also a successful athlete.**
b-Not only did Saad study to be a pilot, but he is also a successful athlete.
c-Not only has Saad studied to be a pilot, but he is also a successful athlete.

8--She scarcely understood the problem. (Inversion)
a-Scarcely does she understand the problem.
b-**Scarcely did she understand the problem.**
c-Scarcely had she understand the problem.

9-I sent an email to my lawyer. He lives in Kuwait City. (Join using: who)
a- I sent an email to my lawyer who he lives in Kuwait City.
b- I sent an email to my lawyer. He who lives in Kuwait City.
c- **I sent an email to my lawyer who lives in Kuwait City.**

10-I like Italian food very much. My brother dislikes it. (Join using: whereas)
a-I like Italian food very much. My brother whereas dislikes it.
b-**I like Italian food very much, whereas my brother dislikes it.**
c-I whereas like Italian food very much my brother dislikes it.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write down what you would say in the following situations:

- 1- Your friend wants to know why your family have moved to a new area.
Because it is close to our school.
- 2- Your uncle asks about your opinion of the house he has built in the village.
It seems very nice.
- 3- You believe that the location of your house has many advantages.
Our house is near the schools and the hospital.
- 4- A friend argues that living in the country is not advantageous. You are against him.
I don't agree with you.
- 5- You are stating the disadvantages of emigrating to the city.
That makes the city very crowded.
- 6- You want to explain to a friend of yours why you prefer to live in a big villa.
Because we can have a big garden and more rooms.
- 7- Your teacher asked you to compare city life with village life.
City life is noisy, whereas village life is quiet.
- 8- A decorator has painted your kitchen the wrong colour.
Can you change the colour, please?

SET - BOOK

- 1- What are the advantages of living in the city?
(Why do some people prefer to live in big cities?)
 - Public services
 - More jobs
- 2- What are the disadvantages of living in the city?
 - Overcrowding
 - Noise
- 3- What are the advantages of living in the village (countryside)?
(Why do some people prefer to live in the village (countryside)?)
 - Fresh air
 - Quiet
- 4- What are the disadvantages of living in the village (countryside)?
 - Lack of jobs
 - Lack of services
- 5- What problems result from the movement from villages to the cities?
 - Villages become deserted
 - Cities become overcrowded

TRANSLATION

Translate the following into good English:

1-يفضل بعض الناس الحياة في القرى بينما يفضل آخرون الحياة في المدن الكبيرة.

Some people prefer to live in villages, while others prefer to live in big cities.

2-هناك العديد من الإيجابيات للحياة في المدينة.

There are many advantages to living in the city.

3-يستطيع الناس الذين يعيشون في المدن الحصول على وظائف أفضل.

People who live in cities can get better jobs.

4- يوجد خدمات عامة أكثر في المدن، بالإضافة للرعاية الصحية الجيدة ومدارس حديثة.

There are more public services in cities, in addition to good healthcare and modern schools.

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5-هناك العديد من السلبيات للحياة في المدينة.

There are many disadvantages to living in the city.

6- هناك الكثير من الضجيج، الازدحام السكاني والازدحام المروري في المدن.

There is a lot of noise, population crowding, and traffic congestion in cities.

7-هناك العديد من الايجابيات للحياة في القرى .

There are many advantages to living in villages.

8-يفضل بعض الناس الحياة في القرى لأنها هادئة ومريحة.

Some people prefer to live in villages because they are quiet and comfortable.

9-هناك العديد من السلبيات للحياة في القرى مثل قلة الوظائف وقلة الخدمات العامة.

There are many disadvantages to living in villages, such as a lack of jobs and few public services.

10-عندما ينتقل الناس من القرى إلى المدن، فالقرى تصبح مهجورة وتصبح المدن مكتظة.

When people move from villages to cities, the villages become deserted and the cities become crowded.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think that living in the city has many advantages, whereas others see that the city is a bad place for living.

Plan and write an essay of **14** sentences (**160** words) discussing **both views and show your own opinion.**

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about living in the city? Some people are for living in the city, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** living in the city:

- There are more public services
- People can get more jobs

Paragraph 2:

People who are **Against** living in the city:

- Cities are overcrowded
- There is traffic jam

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for living in the city because of its good sides.

Write your topic here

What is your idea about living in the city? Some people are for living in the city, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people support living in the city. First, they say that there are more public services, such as electricity, water, and good roads. Second, they believe that people can find better jobs and get higher salaries. Third, they think that we can attend better schools and universities. In addition, they point out that there are modern hospitals with advanced medical care. Moreover, they argue that there are more places for entertainment, such as cinemas, parks, and shopping malls.

On the other hand, others are against living in the city. They say that cities are overcrowded, and there are too many people in a small area. They believe that there is a lot of traffic, which wastes time and causes stress. They also think that cities are polluted, with dirty air and water. They claim that life in the city is noisy, making it hard to relax. Furthermore, they argue that living in the city is expensive because of high prices for housing, food, and transportation.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for living in the city because of its good sides.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people believe that living in the city is a great idea whereas others see that the village is a perfect place for living.

Plan and write an essay of **14** sentences (**160** words) discussing **both views and show your own opinion.**

Outline

Introduction:

Do you prefer living in the city or living in the village? Some people are for living in the city, whereas others are for living in the village. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** living in the city:

- There are more public services
- People can get more jobs

Paragraph 2:

People who are **For** living in the village:

- The cost of living in the village is low
- People can breathe fresh air

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for living in the city because of its good sides.

Write your topic here

Do you prefer living in the city or living in the village? Some people are for living in the city, whereas others are for living in the village. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people prefer living in the city. First, they say there are more public services, such as public transportation and libraries. Second, they believe people can find more jobs with better salaries. Third, they think we can attend better schools and universities. In addition, they claim there are modern hospitals with advanced medical care. Moreover, they argue that there are more entertainment options, including cinemas, shopping malls, and sports centers.

On the other hand, others prefer living in the village. They say the cost of living is lower. They think people can breathe fresh air and enjoy a cleaner environment. They believe people can grow and eat their own fresh food, like vegetables, fruits, and eggs. They claim that village life is simple and easy. They argue that it is quieter, more peaceful, and closer to nature. Some also mention that villages have strong community bonds, where neighbors help each other.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for living in the city because of its good sides.

UNIT 9

VOCABULARY

A -From a, b, c and d, choose right answer:

1- I am sorry! I can't attend your party. My car is still being repaired in the

a- **workshop** b- biography c- cookery d- bill

2-Each person's genetic code is except in the case of identical twins.

a-immobile **b- unique** c- ungentlemanly d- substandard

3-For more information about Shakespeare, I recommend you read his

a-biography b- workshop c- cookery d- snooker

4-Unfortunately, our team's performance wasin the world race. They lost it.

a-unique b- immobile **c- substandard** d-mass-produced

5-Sara can't send the paper and she needs to the fax machine first.

a-appoint b- put to c- resign **d-fix**

6-New books always offer various ways of making meals.

a-doctorate b- biography **c- cookery** d- degree

7-He feels sorry as the economic growth has been substantially

a-in parallel **b- below par** c- call the shots d- toe the line

8-The members will vote for the new law about traffic rules before issuing it.

a-biography b- minister c- cookery **d- parliament**

9- My mother always buys clothes which are expensive and of high quality.

a- immobile b- substandard **c- custom-made** d- competent

10-Due to her outstanding education, Massouma Al Mubarak was given the health

a-portfolio b- snooker c- biography d- bill

11-In spite of his performance, he was asked to plan for the next project!

a-custom-made **b- below par** c- mass-produced d- neck and neck

12- After much discussion, the CEO finally on the new marketing strategy.

a-called the shots b- fixed c- toed the line d- appointed

13-In this company, a person should if he or she wants to keep the job.

a-call the shots b- below par **c- toe the line** d- appoint

14-The two tennis school teams were in the final competitions. They did well.

a- toe the line b- below par c- call the shots **d- neck and neck**

15- He from the company in order to take a more challenging job.

a- resigned b- narrated c- fixed d- appointed



B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below.

(**competent / appoint / unusual / cookery / customarily / bill**)

1- There is a new **bill** about labour laws under discussion by the ministers.

2- The manager will **appoint** three employees to lead the project.

3-My car needs a/an **competent** mechanic to be able to fix the breakdown.

4-Women in the past excelled at **cookery** as ordering food wasn't an option on those days.

5-Foods and beverages are **customarily** served in the Holy Month of Ramadan in all mosques.

GRAMMAR

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- We had our house last year.

a- painting b- was painted **c- painted** d- paint

2- We need to have some work on our car, and we're looking for a good mechanic.

a- had done b- doing c- did **d- done**

3- We need to have our computer out for viruses.

a- checked b- had checked c- been checking d- been checked

4- I my phone repaired after I had dropped it.

a- have **b- had** c- will have d- would have

5- Fatma always has her carby car wash services.

a- washed b- will wash c- would wash d- washing

6- He had his suits by the tailor.

a- make b- making **c- made** d- would make

7- When I was a child, Igo swimming in the lake.

a- am used to b- use to c- get used to **d- used to**

8- I live near my school, but now I can't go on foot.

a- used to b- am used to c- use to d- will use to

9- Did you play Dawwama when you were a child?

a- using **b- use to** c- uses to d- used to

10- In the past, people didn't travel by plane.

a- used to **b- use to** c- using to d- uses to

11- I think people used to their time listening to the radio.

a- spent b- have spent c- spending **d- spend**

12- you use to eat many sweets when you were a child?

a- Do b- Are **c- Did** d- Will

B- From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- Ali will not repair his car himself tomorrow. (Change into causative)

a- **Ali will have his car repaired tomorrow.**

b- Ali will be repairing his car tomorrow.

c- Ali will have repaired his car tomorrow.

2- The mechanic checked the brakes of my car. (Change into causative)

a- I had checked the brakes of my car.

b- I had to check the brakes of my car.

c- **I had the brakes of my car checked.**

3- The gardener waters our garden every morning. (Change into causative)

a- We have our garden watering every morning.

b- **We have our garden watered every morning.**

c- We had our garden watered every morning.

4- Ali doesn't write the report himself. (Change into causative)

a- **Ali has the report written.**

b- Ali had the report written.

c- Ali will have the report writing.

5- She used to play the piano when she was young. (Form a question)

a- What did she used to play when she was young?

b- **What did she use to play when she was young?**

c- What has she used to play when she was young?

6- He used to have a long hair. (Make Negative)

a- He didn't t used to having a long hair.

b- He doesn't use to have a long hair.

c- **He didn't use to have a long hair.**

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- A man wants to know how you could fix the defects of your computer.

I called a computer technician.

2- Your classmate asks you which club you intend to join.

I want to join the science club.

3- A friend of yours asks you to describe the new features of the new mobile phone.

It has a better camera and bigger screen.

4- You are describing your brother's graduation party to your friend.

We had nice music and it was much fun.

5- A TV presenter wants you to compare recent games to games of old Kuwaitis.

Recent games are better and more interesting than those in the past.

6- Your teachers would like to know about your father's past career and life.

My father was an engineer. He worked hard and enjoys reading.

7- Your family would like to know about your plans after graduation from High School.

I plan to continue studying in London.

8- I've read many books and looked over a lot of various websites.

That is great. Reading books is very useful.

9- Your brother wanted to know how to improve his listening skills.

You should practice speaking.

10- You have the choice either to join a university or to start a business with your father.

I prefer to join a university.

SET - BOOK

- 1- How did people use to spend their leisure (free) time in the past?
 - Telling stories
 - Visiting each other
- 2- How do people spend their leisure (free) time nowadays?
 - Chatting on the net
 - Playing computer games
- 3- How can you make the best use of leisure (free) time?
 - Reading books
 - Playing sports
- 4- In your opinion, how can women serve their country?
 - They can be doctors and teachers
 - Bringing up their children well
- 5- What were the characteristics of the games of the past?
 - They were played in groups
 - They were simple games

TRANSLATION

Translate the following into good English:

1- لقد تغيرت أنشطة وقت الفراغ عما كانت عليه في الماضي.

Leisure activities have changed compared to what they were in the past.

2- في الماضي اعتاد الناس على قضاء وقت فراغهم بأشياء بسيطة مثل زيارة بعضهم البعض ورواية القصص.

In the past, people used to spend their free time doing simple things, like visiting each other and telling stories.

3- في الوقت الحاضر، هناك خيارات كثيرة ومتنوعة لقضاء وقت الفراغ.

Nowadays, there are many different options for spending free time.

4- في الوقت الحاضر يقضي الناس وقت الفراغ في ألعاب الكمبيوتر واستخدام مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي.

Nowadays, people spend their free time playing computer games and using social media.

5- يجب أن نستغل وقت الفراغ بأشياء مفيدة مثل قراءة الكتب والقصص.

We should use our free time for useful activities, such as reading books and stories.

6- معصومة المبارك هي أول وزيرة في تاريخ الكويت حيث تولت وزارة الصحة ووزارة التخطيط.

Massouma Mubarak is the first female minister in the history of Kuwait. She held the positions of Minister of Health and Minister of Planning.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people believe that life in the past was more enjoyable whereas others see that life nowadays has become easier and better than before.

Plan and write an essay of **14** sentences (**160** words) discussing **both views and show your own opinion.**

Outline

Introduction:

Do you think that life nowadays has become easier and better than it was before? Some people believe that life in the past was more enjoyable whereas others see that life nowadays has become easier and better than before. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my opinion.



Body:

Paragraph 1:

The first team:

- simpler
- Better relationships

Paragraph 2:

The second team:

- Better life
- More facilities

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I think that life nowadays is more developed.

Write your topic here

Do you think that life nowadays has become easier and better than it was before? Some people believe that life in the past was more enjoyable whereas others see that life nowadays has become easier and better than before. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my opinion.

Some people believe that life in the past was more enjoyable. They say that life was simple and quiet. People spent more time with family and friends. They visited each other and told stories. Life was slower, and people felt happy with small things. Many enjoyed nature and simple pleasures.

On the other hand, others think that life today is easier and better. Technology makes life more comfortable. People can travel faster and communicate with others easily. Schools and hospitals are better than before. There are more job opportunities and entertainment options. Life is more convenient and modern.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I think that life nowadays is more developed.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Expository)

Leisure time activities have changed throughout time.

Plan and write an essay of **14 sentences (160 words)** showing **how people used to spend their free time in the past** and **what activities people can enjoy nowadays**.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about leisure time activities? Leisure time activities in the past were different from those nowadays. In this essay, I will write about leisure time activities now and before.

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

Leisure time activities in the past:

- People used to visit each other
- People used to play simple games

Paragraph 2:

Leisure time activities nowadays:

- They chat on the net and mobile phones
- They play sports and go to the gym

Conclusion:

To sum up, we can say that leisure time activities have changed a lot. We should spend our leisure time in a good way.

Write your topic here

What is your idea about leisure time activities? Leisure time activities in the past were different from those nowadays. In this essay, I will write about leisure time activities now and before.

In the past, people used to spend their leisure time doing many simple activities. They visited each other and enjoyed talking and sharing news. People played simple games like marbles and board games. They told and listened to stories, which brought families and friends closer. People also liked fixing their home appliances and making things by hand. Children played outdoor sports, and adults sometimes joined horse racing or traditional games.

Nowadays, people spend their leisure time in many different ways. They chat on the internet and use mobile phones to talk to friends. Many go to the gym or play sports to stay healthy. People go to the cinema, watch movies, or listen to music. They can go fishing, swimming, or camping on weekends. Some spend time playing video games or learning new skills online.

To sum up, we can say that leisure time activities have changed a lot. We should spend our leisure time in a good way.

READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

From far out in space, the Earth looks like a blue ball. Since water covers three-fourths of the Earth's surface, blue is the colour we see most. The continents look brown, like small islands floating in the huge, blue sea. White clouds wrap around the Earth like a light blanket. The Earth is shaped like a sphere, or a ball. It is 25,000 miles around! It would take more than a year to walk around the whole planet. A spaceship can fly around the widest part of the sphere in only 90 minutes.

The Sun is the closest star to Earth. A star is a hot ball of burning gas. The Sun looks very big because it is so close. But the Sun is just a medium-sized star. Billions of far-away stars are much bigger than our Sun. The burning gases from the Sun are so hot that they warm the Earth from 93 million miles away! Even though the Sun is always glowing, the night here on Earth is dark. That's because the Earth **rotates** every 24 hours. During the day, the Earth faces the Sun. Then we see light. During the night, the Earth turns away from the Sun. Then it faces the darkness of space.

Although spaceships have travelled to the Moon, people cannot visit the Moon without special suits. The Moon has no air or water so plants and animals can't live there. Astronauts first landed on the Moon in 1969. **They** brought back Moon rocks, which scientists are still studying. There are holes all over the Moon's surface. Scientists believe that huge pieces of rocks crashed into the Moon millions of years ago and formed the holes.

The Sun warms our planet, and with the Moon, creates the tides in seas and oceans. The Moon orbits the Earth and in turn, the Earth orbits the Sun. The Sun and the Moon appear to be the same size in the sky because the Sun is about 400 times farther away than the Moon.

A- From a, b, c and c choose the correct answer:

1- The best title for the passage is:

- a- Without the Sun
- b- Plants and Animals
- c- The Earth, The Moon, and The Sun**
- d- Living on the Moon.

2- The underlined word "rotates" in the 2nd paragraph is closest in meaning to:

- a- goes away
- b- turns around**
- c- arrives at
- d- travels to

3- The underlined word "They" in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

- a- animals
- b- plants
- c- astronauts**
- d- spaceships

4- The astronauts brought rocks back from the Moon to:

- a- learn more about the Moon.**
- b- remember how the Moon looked.
- c- form holes on the moon.
- d- create the tides in seas and oceans.

5- According to the passage, all the following sentences are **NOT TRUE EXCEPT:**

- a- The Sun is a very big star.
- b- During the night, the Earth faces the Sun.
- c- Both the Sun and the Moon create the tides.**
- d- The burning gases from the Sun cool the Earth.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:

6- Why can't people visit the Moon without special suits?

Because the Moon has no air or water, so people need special suits to survive there.

7- How could the writer explain the phenomenon of having light and dark on Earth?

The Earth rotates every 24 hours. During the day, it faces the Sun, and we see light. During the night, it turns away from the Sun, and we see darkness.

8- How long does it take to walk around the Earth?

It would take more than a year to walk around the whole Earth.

9- Why do the Sun and the Moon appear to be the same size in the sky?

Because the Sun is about 400 times farther away from the Earth than the Moon.

SUMMARY MAKING

Read the following passage, then do as required:

Festivals are gatherings and activities to express joy at a new or remembered event. As societies change, the characteristics of their traditional festivals and celebrations may alter also; new ones often emerge as others decline in popularity. First, for participants they are a source of joy. For observers they offer an unforgettable experience. Beyond the public enjoyment of a celebration, festivals in old societies provided an opportunity for the elders to pass on folk knowledge to younger generations. Moreover, modern festivals centering on the customs of a nation enrich the understanding of one's heritage. Finally, contemporary festivals aid the local economy by attracting visitors.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

What are the benefits of Festivals?

First, festivals make us enjoy and feel happy. Second, young people can learn about previous generations. Third, through festivals, we learn about other culture. Finally, they attract tourists and improve economy.

=====

SUMMARY MAKING

Read the following passage, then do as required:

Wearing seat belts does not make you invincible. You can still get hurt or killed while wearing your seat belt. But wearing them has proven first to be safer than driving without them. Second, you are much less likely to be killed in a car wreck if you are wearing a seat belt. Third, you are much less likely to get seriously injured if you are wearing one. Finally, you can save your life and the life of others who join you on a journey. So why not take the safer way? Why not go the way that has been proven to result in fewer deaths? You do want to live, don't you?

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

What are the benefits of wearing seat belts?

First, wearing seatbelts make us feel safe. Second, they save lives. Third, they prevent dangerous injuries. Finally, they protect drivers and passengers.

UNIT 10

VOCABULARY

A -From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer

1-We've just an old friend. We haven't seen him for ages.

a- come round **b-come across** c- come down d- come up

2-My sister's husband hasn't yet after the operation.

a-come down b-come across **c- come round** d- come away with

3-I felt after a wonderful morning of skiing.

a-extreme **b- exhilarated** c- alight d- austere

4-My friend had been for three days after the accident.

a- unconscious b- alight c- visible d- extreme

5-Some mountain climbers reach some heights and lose concentration.

a- unconscious b- austere c- alight **d- dizzying**

6-A surgeon from the will perform a complex surgery to the richest man in the world.

a-attempt b- summit **c- elite** d- arson

7-He had complained of after his tough schedule over the past week.

a-exhaustion b- feat c- mountaineer d- arson

8-Under weather, the mountain climbers were obliged to cancel their expedition.

a-visible b-dizzying c- alight **d- extreme**

9-If any white dots appear in your hands or feet, it's the first sign of

a-attempt **b- frost-bite** c- mountaineer d- arson

10-Both these studies issues that needed urgent attention and solutions.

a- crave b- traverse c- ascend **d- highlight**

- 11-How did you expect us to go on such a / an..... expedition, through unknown land.
a-alight b- unconscious **c- perilous** d- visible
- 12-The of the road began immediately after the storm had destroyed it.
a-summit **b- reconstruction** c- mountaineer d- elite
- 13-Many people don't think it is dangerous to mountains. I don't agree with them.
a-scale b- entail c- highlight d- crave
- 14-Heavy clouds had gathered over the of Mount Everest.
a-attempt b- reconstruction c- feat **d- summit**
- 15- The new project will a lot of work to submit it on time.
a- engulf b- traverse **c- entail** d- crave

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(**alight / exhaustion / crave / elite / cope with / perilous**)

- 1- Many people find it hard to **cope with** change; they prefer familiarity.
- 2- Some workers felt great **exhaustion** after long hours of heavy work.
- 3- My friends and I always **crave** to eat homemade meals.
- 4- The country roads are quite **perilous**. We have to drive carefully.
- 5-The heavy fire in the building was kept **alight** all night.

GRAMMAR

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- I had to have a break. I for so long.

a- am driving b- have driven **c- had been driving** d- drive

2- Before we parked our car, we the ticket.

a- collect b- have collected c- are collecting **d- had collected**

3- The roads were blocked in the morning. It all night.

a- had been raining b- rained c- rains d- is raining

4- They got to the beach after they for hours.

a- walked **b- had been walking** c- have walked d- walk

5- When we moved to the new town, our neighbours there for ages.

a- had been living b- have lived c- live d- lived

6- We the contract before the meeting ended.

a- sign b- have signed **c- had signed** d- signed

7- When we arrived at the cinema, the film

a- starts **b- had started** c- starts d- has started

8- It was a wonderful expedition that I will never forget it.

a- so b- very c- too **d- such**

9- She was an excellent and polite girl that everyone admires her,

a- such b- so c- either d- neither

10- The puzzle was complicated that I couldn't solve it.

a- such **b- so** c- either d- neither

11- The room was a mess that we couldn't enter it.

a- either b- so **c- such** d- neither

B – From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1-My sister (**study**) English for three years when she took the exam. (Correct the verb)

a- My sister is studying English for three years when she took the exam.

b- My sister had been studying English for three years when she took the exam.

c- My sister will be studying English for three years when she took the exam.

2-He (**drink**) milk out the carton when Mom walked into the kitchen. (Correct the verb)

a- He had been drinking milk out the carton when Mom walked into the kitchen.

b- He is drinking milk out the carton when Mom walked into the kitchen.

c- He drinks milk out the carton when Mom walked into the kitchen.

3- By the time we arrived home, my father (**leave**). (Correct the verb)

a- By the time we arrived home, my father have left.

b- By the time we arrived home, my father will leave.

c- By the time we arrived home, my father had left.

4- The singers were so talented that the concert was a hit. (Use: Such ...that)

a- They were such talented singers that the concert was a hit.

b- They were such that talented singers that the concert was a hit.

c- They were talented singers such that the concert was a hit.

5- He is very clever. He answered all the questions in 5 minutes. (Join Using: so ...that)

a- He is so that clever answered all the questions in 5 minutes.

b- He is so clever that he answered all the questions in 5 minutes.

c- He is so a clever boy that he answered all the questions in 5 minutes.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your friend asks you about the qualities needed to be a mountaineer.

You need to be brave and strong willed.

2- Your brother wants to know one of the difficulties that sportsmen face during competitions.

They feel nervous.

3- Some people think that mountain climbing is a dangerous sport.

That is right.

4- You discussed with your classmates the preparations for the camping.

We need to take food and water.

5- Your English teacher wants to know the reason behind changing the school.

Because it is closer to my house.

6- You want to camp in the desert, but your parents refuse the idea.

Please, say yes.

7- One of your friends does not know where he has to carry on his study.

I advise you to study in London.

8-Your cousin wants to watch a film after a long day of work.

That is a good idea.

9-Your brother wants to know why some people push themselves to extreme limits.

So that they can get much money.

10- A friend of yours wants to start an extreme sport.

You should train well.

SET – BOOK

1- Why do some people push themselves to extreme limits?

- To be famous
- To get money
- To improve their skills

2- What do extreme sports require?

- Courage
- Self-confidence
- Strong will

3- What safety measures should an extreme-sport enthusiast usually take?

- Good equipment
- A medical kit

4- What preparations should mountaineers do before climbing a mountain?

- Checking equipment
- Taking water
- Taking a mobile phone

5- The risks (difficulties / problems / challenges) that climbers might face:

- Extreme cold
- Injury
- Health problems

6- The qualities (characteristics) that mountaineers need to survive:

- Confidence
- Determination
- Patience

TRANSLATION

Translate the following into good English:

1- يدفع بعض الناس بأنفسهم للحدود القصوى من أجل الحصول على المال وكسب الشهرة.

Some people push themselves to extreme limits in order to earn money and gain fame.

2- للمشاركة في الأنشطة والرياضة الخطرة الكثير من المخاطر.

Taking part in dangerous activities and sports involves many risks.

3- هناك الكثير من المشاكل والصعوبات التي تواجه متسلقي الجبال.

There are many problems and difficulties that mountain climbers face.

4- قبل القيام برحلة استكشافية، يجب أن تستعد جيدا وتجهز المعدات المطلوبة.

Before going on an expedition, you must prepare well and equip yourself with the required equipment.

5- زيد الرفاعي هو أول رجل عربي تمكن من الوصول الى قمة جبل افرست بالرغم من البرد القارس.

Zaid Al-Rifai is the first Arab man who managed to reach the summit of Mount Everest despite the severe cold.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

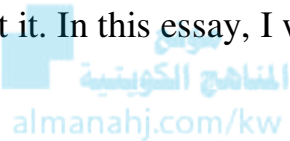
Some people advocate the idea of taking part in extreme sports and activities whereas others see that taking part in such sports is a serious adventure.

Plan and write an essay of **14** sentences (**160** words) showing **both points of view and express your own opinion.**

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about extreme sports? Some people are for extreme sport, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.



Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** extreme sport:

- It is a chance to get money and prizes
- It makes us famous

Paragraph 2:

People who are **Against** extreme sport:

- It is too risky and dangerous
- It may lead to death

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for extreme sport because of its good sides.

Write your topic here

What is your idea about extreme sports? Some people are for extreme sport, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people are for extreme sport. First, they say that they provide a chance to earn money and win valuable prizes. Many athletes depend on these sports as a main source of income. Second, they think that extreme sports help people become famous and well known all over the world. Third, they believe that extreme sports are a form of fun, excitement, and adventure that breaks daily routine. In addition, they claim that practicing such sports increases self-confidence and helps people overcome fear.

On the other hand, others are against extreme sport. They say that they are very risky and dangerous and can threaten people's lives. They think that these sports may lead to death, especially if safety rules are not followed. They believe that extreme sports can cause serious injuries that may last for a long time. They also claim that participating in such sports can be very costly because of expensive equipment and training.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for extreme sport because of its good sides.

UNIT 11

VOCABULARY

A -From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer

- 1-I shouldn't have used so much salt in my cooking. Unfortunately, the dish was!
a-superb **b- abhorrent** c- awe-inspiring d- durable
- 2-The astronauts returned from their year-long trip to the ISS with new discoveries.
a-intrepid b-abnormal c- conducive d- dual
- 3-After they had planned for their project for months, they it almost perfectly.
a-revered b- alerted c- waned **d- executed**
- 4- I was asking for your opinion on the new design, not the overall project.
a- customarily b- exceptionally **c- specifically** d- roughly
- 5-My brother accepted the job because it was an amazing that he didn't want to miss.
a-concept **b- opportunity** c- detriment d- frontier
- 6-I have bought my brother new as he's going to compete in next year's Olympics.
a-emissions b-data **c- trainers** d- universes
- 7-The new discovery has completely medicine and changed the way we treat diseases.
a-revolutionised b- revered c- waned d- orbited
- 8-Planes nowadays have become lighter, faster, and more due to space technology.
a-abnormal b- on board **c- economical** d- astronomical
- 9-We could easily find our way back home thanks to the system in the car.
a-GPS b-habitation c- natural satellite d- mission
- 10- The technician will the system to ensure everything is running smoothly.
a-revere b- take for granted c- revolve around **d- monitor**

11-My little sister has drawn a picture of the and written the names of all the planets.

a-solar system b- spin-off c- concept d- opportunity

12- The view from the mountaintop was truly, leaving everyone speechless.

a-sentient b- economical **c- awe-inspiring** d- durable

13-I am planning to study science next year. It's such an interesting subject.

a-abnormal **b- astronomical** c- dual d- durable

14-I the people who treat everyone equally, regardless of their gender or financial status.

a-alert b- orbit c-wane **d- revere**

15-The idea that some people believe in aliens is a very strange

a-concept b- mission c- opportunity d- universe



Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(habitation / roughly / abhorrent / missions /orbit / concepts)

1- The idea of harming animals for sport is absolutely **abhorrent** to many people.

2- The spacecraft will **orbit** Mars for several months before landing.

3- The building is **roughly** 100 years old, but the exact date of construction isn't known.

4- I don't like studying philosophy; philosophical **concepts** are too complicated for me.

5-Many animals seek a safe **habitation** during the winter months to avoid the cold."

GRAMMAR

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1- You can submit your homework assignment today or tomorrow.

a- **either** b- both c- neither d- whether

2- We saw two different cars, but my mother liked the white nor the blue.

a- both b- either **c- neither** d- not only

3- my brother and my sister will study abroad next year.

a- **Both** b- Either c- Neither d- Nor

4- Neither my uncle my father prefers watching football matches in the stadium.

a- or b- and c- as **d- nor**

5- Both my grandfather my grandmother enjoy watching Kuwaiti serials.

a- or **b- and** c- as d- nor

6- My brother is forgetful, so he either hangs his keys on the hook keeps a copy with me.

a- **or** b- and c- as d- nor

7- Neither my aunts nor my grandmother _____to come to the celebration.

a- want b- have wanted c- wanting **d- wants**

8- Both my father and my brother _____to finish the project.

a- **intend** b- has intended c- intending d- is intended

9- Neither Sally nor the other children _____in the tooth fairy.

a- believes **b- believe** c- believing d- is believing

10- Either I or Jack _____investigated the situation already.

a- **has** b- have c- having d- are having

B – From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1-They clean the rooms every day. (Change into passive)
a-The rooms are cleaned every day
b-The rooms were cleaned every day
c-The rooms have been cleaned every day.

2-He wrote a report about pollution last night. (Change into passive)
a-A report about pollution was written last night.
b- A report about pollution is written last night.
c- A report about pollution was writing last night.

3-They are building a new house near our school. (Change into passive)
a- A new house is built near our school.
b-A new house is being built near our school.
c- A new house was being built near our school.

4-My mom was making a big cake. (Change into passive)
a-A big cake was being made by my mom.
b-A big cake is being made by my mom.
c-A big cake has been made by my mom.

5-He has fulfilled the aims of the project. (Change into passive)
a-The aims of the project has been fulfilled.
b-The aims of the project have been fulfilled.
c-The aims of the project were fulfilled.

6-I will present my ideas at the conference tonight. (Change into passive)
a-My ideas are presented by me at the conference tonight.
b-My ideas will be presented by me at the conference tonight.
c-My ideas were presented by me at the conference tonight.

7-They can solve the problem. (Change into passive)
a- The problem is solved.
b- The problem has been solved.
c-The problem can be solved.

8-You should complete the assignment by tomorrow. (Change into passive)
a-The assignment should be completed by tomorrow.
b- The assignment have to be completed by tomorrow.
c- The assignment is being completed by tomorrow.

9-You must finish the report today. (Change into passive)
a-The report is finished today.
b-The report has finished today.
c-The report must be finished today.

10-She could explain the issue clearly. (Change into passive)
a- The issue has been explained clearly.
b-The issue could be explained clearly.
c- The issue was explained clearly.

11-You have to deliver the report. (Change into passive)
a- The report has been delivered.
b- The report have to be delivered.
c- The report has to be delivered.

12-The boss wasn't in the office. The secretary wasn't in the office, either. (Join using: Neither...nor)
a- **Neither the boss nor the secretary was in the office.**
b- Neither the boss nor the secretary were in the office.
c- Neither the boss nor the secretary are in the office.

13- You are late. You can take the bus. You can take a taxi. (Join using: Either ... or)
a- You are late. You can take either the bus nor take a taxi.
b- You are late. You either can take the bus and you can take a taxi.
c-You are late. You can take either the bus or a taxi.

14- Hassan likes playing football. Khalid likes playing football, too. (Join using: Both ... and)
a- Both Hassan and Khalid like playing football, too.
b- Both Hassan and Khalid like playing football.
c- Both Hassan and Khalid likes playing football.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your brother wants your opinion about a new car he has recently bought.

It is very nice.

2- Your classmates organize a study group for an upcoming exam. You like the idea.

That is a good idea.

3- Your sister wants to know why you are interested in reading about space.

Because I can learn about the universe.

4- Your brother believes that space exploration is a waste of money.

I don't agree with you.

5- Your sister enjoys reading about the planets and wants to buy more books.

That is a good idea.

6- Your friend intends to buy a very expensive car, but he already has a car.

You don't need to buy a new car.

7- Your father advised you not to go out in the rain, but you went out and then got sick.

I shouldn't have gone out.

8- You need help baking a cake for your father's birthday. Ask your sister.

Can you help me bake the cake, please?

9- You bought a new camera and want your friends to join you on a photography trip.

Would you like to join me on a photography trip?

10- Your brother thinks he can reach his destination faster if he speeds.

That is not a good idea because speeding is dangerous.

SET - BOOK

1- What is the importance (aims) of the International Space Station?

- Doing experiments
- Monitoring space
- For scientific advance

2- What is the importance (benefits -advantages) of space technology?

- It improves aviation
- It improves communication

3- What are the disadvantages of space travel?

- It is too costly
- It is dangerous

TRANSLATION

Translate the following into good English:

1- هناك العديد من الإيجابيات لاستكشاف الفضاء.

There are many advantages to space exploration.

2- يساعدنا استكشاف الفضاء في زيادة فهمنا للكون.

Space exploration helps us increase our understanding of the universe.

3- يساهم استكشاف الفضاء في تحقيق التقدم على الأرض.

Space exploration contributes to achieving progress on Earth.

4- هناك العديد من السلبيات لاستكشاف الفضاء.

There are many disadvantages to space exploration.

5- يعتبر استكشاف الفضاء مكلف جدا ومحفوف بالمخاطر.

Space exploration is considered very expensive and full of risks.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people believe that exploring space has many advantages, whereas others see that it has many negative sides.

Plan and write an essay of **14** sentences (**160** words) showing **both points of view and express your own opinion.**

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about space exploration? Some people are for space exploration, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** space exploration:

- It makes progress on Earth
- It helps us to make scientific discoveries

Paragraph 2:

People who are **Against** space exploration:

- It is too risky and dangerous
- Exploring space may pollute it

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for space exploration because of its good sides.

Write your topic here

What is your idea about space exploration? Some people are for space exploration, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people are for space exploration. First, they say that it makes progress on Earth. Second, they think that it helps us to make scientific discoveries. Third, they believe that it helps us to improve health care. In addition, they claim that it is a way to protect our environment. Moreover, they argue that it creates more technical jobs. They also believe that space exploration encourages young people to study science and technology. Besides, they think it helps countries cooperate and share knowledge peacefully.

On the other hand, others are against space exploration. They say that it is too risky and dangerous. They think that exploring space may pollute it. They believe that it may cause problems between countries. They claim that it may be too costly. They argue that it doesn't solve the problems on Earth. They think that space exploration does not directly improve people's daily lives. In addition, they believe that many space missions end in failure.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for space exploration because of its good sides.

UNIT 12

VOCABULARY

A -From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer

1- All the holiday resorts were priced. We couldn't afford them.

a- **extravagantly** b- arbitrarily c- randomly d- densely

2- The famous actor all the false rumours that were spread about him.

a- agonised **b- repudiated** c- toured d- traversed

3- The members of the team were chosen to play for the championship.

a- **arbitrarily** b- roughly c- extravagantly d- densely

4- No evidence to support the has ever been presented in court.

a- season b- nomination c- accolade **d- accusation**

5- My uncle is used to, but he never forgets to help the poor.

a- recipient b- prodigy **c- high-living** d- digit

6- tumour is one of the worst types that surgeons are trying to cure nowadays.

a- Eternity b- Accolade c- Recipient **d- Bladder**

7- We were keen to learn about DNA, which is one of the merits of

a- recipient b- season **c- genetics** d- accusation

8- The fell off the horseback, and he was rushed to the hospital immediately.

a- **jockey** b- audience c- digit d- season

9- Although he was a/an, he had to work hard to earn his living.

a- digit **b- genius** c- season d- bladder

10- People were chosen for the interview. There was no specific choice.

a- extravagantly b- frequently c- customarily **d- randomly**

11- My brother was a/an engineer who participated in building the new city.

a- non-invasive b- aligned **c- outstanding** d- abstract

12- Mozart was a child He had a great natural ability in musical skills.

a- MSc b- digit c- recipient **d- prodigy**

13- The child is as he shows an extraordinary talent in solving math problems.

a-aligned **b- precocious** c- molecular d- abstract

14- It is difficult for children under the age of five to understandwords.

a- abstract b- non-invasive c- outstanding d- precocious

15- Most school systems offer special programmes for..... students.

a- abstract b- molecular c- non-invasive **d- gifted**



Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(non-invasive/ recipient/ repudiate/ gifted / eternity / agonise)

1-The **gifted** poet has written many prominent poems.

2- Modern technology has enabled surgeons to carry out **non-invasive** operations.

3- If the **recipient** does not pick up the parcel, it will be returned to its sender.

4-He chose to **repudiate** the accusations against him.

5- He would **agonise** before every exam, stressing over whether he had studied enough.

GRAMMAR

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

- 1- The psychologist conducted a survey about sleeping habits important results.
a- reaches **b- reaching** c- reached d- reach
- 2- The young boy could beat adults in memory games digits.
a- involves b- was involving c- has involved **d- involving**
- 3- My cousin finished her studies the youngest doctor in our family.
a- becoming b- becomes c- became d- become
- 4- He is as brave.....a lion.
a- too b- too c- very **d-as**
- 5- Sara is as as her mother.
a- taller **b- tall** c- the tallest d- tallest
- 6- My brother is now a PhD student in London..... he is doing high level research.
a- who b- whom c- which **d- where**
- 7- It was midnight the first rescue team arrived at the scene.
a- where b- who **c- when** d- which
- 8- The device, broke down last week, is working again now.
a- which b- where c- when d- who
- 9- The boy is standing there is my brother.
a- where **b- who** c- when d- which
- 10- The artist painting I admire is very talented.
a- who b- where **c- whose** d- which
- 11- Sometimes, I visit my relativesthe evening.
a- in b- on c- at d- from
- 12- My father always has restthe afternoon.
a- from b- on c- at **d- in**
- 13- Our summer holiday beginsAugust.
a- at **b- in** c- throughout d- on
- 14- Our first team will depart17th May to play against the Saudi team.
a- in b- on **c- on** d- by
- 15- I graduated from the faculty of engineering1995.
a- in b- on c- at d- by

- 16- Nowadays, the Internet is usedthe whole world.
a- on **b- throughout** c- from d- at
- 17-The holiday will start.....Wednesday.
a- on **b- on** c- from d- at
- 18-They usually go to school.....car.
a-in b-on c- at **d- by**
- 19-My grandfather went for Omrah.....bus.
a-by b- in c- at d-on
- 20-My close friend lives.....Kuwait City.
a- in b- on c- at d- from
- 21- Managers usually expect the best..... their employees.
a- in b- on **c- from** d- at
- 22- I am really grateful to all my teachers their help and constant follow-up.
a- in **b- for** c- on d- by
- 23- The tourists, who are sitting the front row, will enjoy the gorgeous views.
a- under b- throughout c- for **d- in**
- 24- The school provided all the students new books and notes.
a- with b- on c- at d- for
- 25- Not all people are good..... doing one thing.
a- for b- in **c- at** d- of
- 26- Don't help them with their research. They should depend..... themselves.
a- at **b- on** c- for d- to
- 27- Global warming is certainly the cause the current climate change.
a- of b- by c- for d- with
- 28- At last I've succeeded.....operating the computer.
a- for b- at **c- in** d- on
- 29- My mother is usually angry.....me after getting up late.
a- in b- on c- by **d- with**
- 30- September, 24th 1961, Yousuf Saleh Alyan founded Kuwait Times.
a- On b-In c- At d- From
- 31- We arrived the airport at midnight last night.
a- of **b- at** c- on d- for
- 32- Arabs are famous their hospitality.
a- for b- from c- with d- of

B – From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

- 1- My brother won the race (**beat**) all his rivals. (Correct the verb)
a- My brother won the race beat all his rivals.
b- My brother won the race beating all his rivals.
c- My brother won the race beaten all his rivals.
- 2- My sister was cautious about her diet (**eat**) only healthy food. (Correct the verb)
a- My sister was cautious about her diet ate only healthy food.
b. My sister was cautious about her diet eaten only healthy food.
c- My sister was cautious about her diet eating only healthy food.
- 3- She is very careful. Her brother is careful, too. (Join Using as.....as)
a- She is as careful as her brother.
b- She as her brother, she is careful.
c- She is as careful, her brother is very careful.
- 4- China is an Asian country. Its population has increased dramatically. (Join by: whose)
a- China is an Asian country whose its population has increased dramatically.
b- China whose is an Asian country its population has increased dramatically.
c- China, whose population has increased dramatically, is an Asian country.
- 5- He lent me a book. It was exactly the one I needed. (Join using a relative pronoun)
a- He lent me a book where was exactly the one I needed.
b-He lent me a book which was exactly the one I needed.
c- He lent me a book who was exactly the one I needed.
- 6- The drivers were arrested for passing the traffic light. They paid a fine. (Join by: who)
a- The drivers were arrested for passing the traffic light who paid a fine.
b- The drivers who were arrested for passing the traffic light they paid a fine.
c- The drivers, who were arrested for passing the traffic light, paid a fine.
- 7- If you do not respect the rules of the school, you will be punished. (Join using: unless)
a- Unless you respect the rules of the school, you will be punished.
b- Unless you do not respect the rules of the school, you will be punished.
c- Unless if you don't respect the rules of the school, you will be punished.
- 8- If all the students do not come, we will delay the match. (Join using: unless)
a- Unless if all the students come, we will delay the match.
b- Unless all the students come, we will delay the match.
c- Unless all the students do not come, we will delay the

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write down what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your teacher wants to know why you think child prodigies should be supported.

Because they are talented children.

2- Your friend thinks that people may live in space in the near future.

I don't think so.

3- One of your classmates stays up late to practise piano.

You shouldn't stay up too late.

4- You are amazed with your little sister's drawing talent.

Wow! That is amazing.

5- Your neighbour invited you to his graduation ceremony, but you have an appointment.

I am sorry. I can't come.

6- Your little brother is struggling with math and is asking for your recommendation.

You can ask your math teacher about it.

7- A friend of yours wants to be a professional jokey.

You should train hard.

8-Your mother is refusing to buy you a new laptop although you need it.

Please, say yes. I need it.

9-You saw a strange object flying in the sky.

I think it is a plane.

10-One of your classmates has been absent for three days.

Perhaps he is sick.

SET - BOOK

- 1- What are the advantages of being a child prodigy?
 - **Gaining respect and fame**
 - **Getting money and prizes**
- 2- What are the disadvantages of being a child prodigy?
 - **Having few friends**
 - **They don't live like normal children**
- 3- What are the characteristics (qualities) of a child prodigy?
 - **Hard work**
 - **Problem solving**
 - **Courage**
- 4- How should parents and teachers treat the talented children?
 - They should develop their talents and skills**
 - They should encourage them**
- 5- How can we encourage and appreciate young talents?
 - How can governments encourage people to utilize their talents and creativity?
 - **Giving them prizes and awards**
 - Supporting them**
- 6- What are the aims / purposes of Award ceremonies?
 - They encourage young talents and creativity**
 - They honour talented inventors**
- 7-What makes a businessman successful?
 - Planning and clear vision**
 - Good communication skills**

TRANSLATION

Translate the following into good English:

1- يمتلك الطفل المعجزة قدرات استثنائية ومواهب فريدة في سن مبكرة.

A child prodigy has exceptional abilities and unique talents at an early age.

2- يستطيع الطفل المعجزة حل مسائل رياضية معقدة خلال ثوان.

A child prodigy can solve complex mathematical problems within seconds.

3- يتمتع الطفل المعجزة بذكاء خارق ويستطيع تعلم أشياء غير عادية بسرعة مذهلة.

A child prodigy possesses extraordinary intelligence and can learn unusual things at an amazing speed.

4- يواجه الطفل المعجزة بعض المشاكل مثل قلة الأصدقاء وعدم القدرة على العيش مثل الأطفال الآخرين.

A child prodigy faces some problems, such as having few friends and not being able to live like other children.

5- هناك العديد من سيدات الأعمال الكويتيات الناجحات.

There are many successful Kuwaiti businesswomen.

WRITING

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

Some people think that being a child prodigy is a blessing and has many advantages. Others believe that, without proper nurture and support, growing up as a child prodigy can be stressful and frustrating.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) presenting both views and stating your own position on the issue.

Outline

Introduction:

What is your idea about a child prodigy? Some people are for a child prodigy, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

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Body:

Paragraph 1:

People who are **For** a child prodigy:

- They can get fame
- They get money and prizes

Paragraph 2:

People who are **Against** a child prodigy:

- They don't live like normal children
- They don't have friends and socially isolated

Conclusion:

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for a child prodigy because of its good sides.

Write your topic here

What is your idea about a child prodigy? Some people are for a child prodigy, whereas others are against it. In this essay, I will write about both views and show my own opinion.

Some people are for a child prodigy. First, they say that child prodigies can get fame. Second, they think that they get money and prizes. Third, they believe that they have positive feelings about themselves. In addition, they claim that they are unique and distinctive. Moreover, they argue that they are respected and appreciated.

On the other hand, others are against a child prodigy. They say that child prodigies don't live like normal children. They think that they don't have friends and socially isolated. They believe that they feel bored at schools. They claim that they are always required to be perfect. They argue that they may be under constant stress and pressure.

To sum up, it is clear that both teams have different views about that issue. As for me, I am for a child prodigy because of its good sides.

READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Doctors say that there are several kinds of headaches. Each kind begins in a different place and needs different treatment. Some of these headaches start with a change in vision or sight. The person sees wavy lines, black dots, or white spots in front of the eyes. This is a warning that a headache is coming. The headache occurs on only one side of the head. The vision is blurred, and the person may vomit from the pain. These headaches are called the migraine headaches. They are more frequent in women than men. Sleep is the best cure for **them**.

Cluster headaches, which also start in the arteries, are called cluster headaches because they come in clusters or groups. A cluster headache lasts only for two hours and then goes away. At the beginning of the cluster headache, the eyes become red and watery. There is a steady pain in the head. Men have more cluster headaches than women do.

The muscle headache, which starts in the muscles in the neck or forehead, is caused by tension. When the person becomes nervous about something, or has problems at work, school or home, the neck and head muscles become tense and the headache starts. A muscle headache usually starts in the morning and gets worse as the hours pass. There is a steady pain, pressure and a bursting feeling. Usually, Aspirin doesn't help in muscle headaches.

How do doctors treat headaches? If a person has frequent headaches, the doctor first has to decide what kind they are. Medicine can help, but there are other ways to treat them. The doctor asks the patient to analyse his or her daily living patterns. A change in diet or an increase in exercise might stop the headaches. If the patient realises that difficulties at home, work or school are causing the tension, it might be possible to make changes and decrease these problems.

Psychological problems and even medicine for another physical problem can cause headache. The doctor has to discuss and **analyse** all these patterns of the patient's life. A headache can also be a signal of a more serious problem, so, patients should realize that there is no magic cure for headaches. However, doctors can control most of them.

A- From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1- Which of the following would be the best title of the passage?

a- Headaches: Types and Treatments

b- Research About Headaches

c- Experimented Cures and Treatments

d- Dangerous and Fatal Headaches

2- The underlined word "**analyse**" in the **5th** paragraph is closest in meaning to:

a- fight

b- shake

c- complete

d- diagnose

3- The underlined word "**them**" in the **1st** paragraph refers to:

a- women

b- men

c- migraine headaches

d- white spots

4- According to the **1st** paragraph, one of the following statements is **TRUE**:

a- All headaches are of the same type and treatment.

b- All headaches start in the same place but need different treatment.

c- Headaches have various types and different treatments according to their types.

d- Headaches, that are called migraine headaches, could only be cured by sleep.

5- What is the purpose of the author in writing this passage?

a- To inform us about various types of headaches and their treatment.

b- To show us how migraine headaches are treated in women.

c- To warn us against the effects of tensions at work, school, or home.

d- To advise us about the best ways to analyse our daily routines.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:

6- Why should patients realise that there is no magic cure for headaches?

Because headaches can have many causes, including psychological problems, tension, or other medical conditions.

7- What are the symptoms of Cluster headaches?

Red and watery eyes, steady pain in the head, and the headaches come in clusters or groups.

8- What should a person do if he/she has frequent headaches?

The person should see a doctor to identify the type of headache, take medicine if needed, analyse daily living patterns, and make changes in diet, exercise, or daily routine to reduce the headaches.

9- How do doctors diagnose the various types of headaches?

Doctors diagnose headaches by asking patients about their symptoms, daily living patterns, tensions at work, school, or home, other medications they take, and any psychological or physical problems that may cause the headaches.

SUMMARY MAKING

Read the following passage, then do as required:

Many people catch a cold in the springtime. When the virus attacks your body, your body works hard to get rid of it. First, blood rushes to your nose and brings congestion with it. You feel terrible because you can't breathe well, but your body is actually "eating" the virus. Then, your temperature rises, and you get a fever, but the heat of your body is killing the virus. In addition, you get a runny nose to stop the virus from getting to your cells. You also may experience sore muscles as your immune system attacks foreign invaders. Luckily, your body has its ways to fight off cold and get you back to health.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

How does the human body get rid of viruses?

First, the blood flows to your nose to fight the virus. Second, you have a high temperature and the heat kills the virus. Third, your runny nose prevents the virus from spreading to the cells. Finally, your immune system helps kill the virus.

SUMMARY MAKING

Read the following passage, then do as required:

Writing is one of the most important inventions of humanity. It allows us to record our history, ideas, and discoveries. As writing developed, so did writing tools. First, the early cavemen used brushes made from animal hair to paint pictures on cave walls. The pictures usually told stories about their hunts. After several centuries, the Egyptians invented a simple kind of pen made of reed, which is a tall plant like grass. Later, the Chinese used metal tools to carve their characters into turtle shells and cattle bones. After many decades, people developed different writing tools such as fountain pens and ballpoint pens with tiny ink tanks in them. Only time will tell what writing tools our children and grandchildren will be using in the future.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the passage above in answer to the following question:

How have the writing tools developed throughout history?

First, people used the hair of animals in writing. Second, the Egyptians used reeds in writing. Third, the Chinese used metal tools to write. Finally, people used ballpoint pens with ink.