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الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف الثامن على مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي

مجموعة الفيسبوك

صفحة الفيسبوك

مجموعة التلغرام

بوت التلغرام

قناة التلغرام

رياضيات على التلغرام

	Unit one			
1	Sprinting	(n.)	رياضه الركض الجري لمسافه قصيره	
2	Extremely	(Adv.)	للغايه _ جدا	
3	Resistance	(n.)	مقاومه	
4	Flexible	(Adj.)	مرن	
5	Session	(n.)	جلسه	
6	Regimen	(n.)	رجيم -نظام غذائي	
7	Cool down (ed)	(PhV.)	يهدئ	
8	Promise (d)	(v.)	يو عد	
9	Arrow	(n.)	سهم	
10	Strict	(Adj.)	شدید-صارم	
11	Risk	(n.)	مخاطرة	
12	Obesity	(n.)	البدانه ـ سمنه	
13	Amount	(n.)	كميه	
14	gain	(v.)	يحصل علي	
15	Lack (ed)	(V.)	ينقص_يفتقر الي	
16	Adequate	(Adj.)	كاف	

Unit two

1	Lead - led -led	(V.)	يقود _يؤدي الي
2	Theme	(n.)	موضوع
3	Provide (d)	(V.)	يمد
4	Cavern	(N.)	کهف
5	Voluntary	(Adj.)	تطوعي
6	Native	(Adj.)	أصلي
7	Recently	(Adv.)	حديثا
8	Achieve (d)	(V.)	يحقق
9	Improve (d)	(V.)	يحسن
10	Require (d)	(V.)	يتطلب
11	Master (d)	(V.)	يتحكم-يجيد
12	Frequently	(Adv.)	مرارا
13	Infection	(n.)	عدوي
14	Sight	(n.)	رؤيه
15	Determination	(N.)	تصميم –إصرار
16	Overcome - overcome - overcome	(v.)	يتغلب علي
17	Barrier	(N.)	مانع - حاجز
18	Inspire (d)	(v.)	يلهم
19	Incredibly	(adv.)	شيء لا يصدق
20	Capable	(adj.)	قادر علي

Unit 1 Page 16

Grammar: Gerund & Infinitive:

Gerund

في بدايه الجملة. I-The –ing form " Gerund " at the beginning of the sentences

Ex: **Swimming** is good exercise.

2- The –ing form "Gerund " after some words like: good for , good at ,enjoy , interested in , love , spend

Ex: He is **good at reading** English.

I **spend** two hours **playing** tennis.

Press-up is **good for building** our muscles.

3- The –ing form " Gerund " or" infinitive ": after some words : like ,hate, dislike prefer , try

Ex: He <u>likes reading</u> English.

I <u>like to read</u> English.

Infinitive: المصدر

• We use the infinitive after: It's difficult / It's easy /It's good / It's important / promise / need

Ex: It's **important to learn** English.

Ex: I promise to do my best to get full marks.

1- present simple tense:

الكلمات الدالة <u>Key words</u>		
*always	*often	الفعل مع هذه الكلمات
* usually	* never	لایضاف له s یضاف لهs
*sometimes	*every	he she it I you they
we		

Negative:

1- الفعل بالمصدر بننفيه ب don't

٢- الفعل المزود ب s بننفيه ب doesn`t بننفيه بالمصدر

** She <u>learns</u> English. She <u>doesn't learn</u> English.

**They <u>make</u> a cake. They <u>don't make</u> a cake.

Unit 1 Page 16 Adverbs of Frequency

100%	Always	I always brush my teeth at nigh
90%	Usually	I usually walk to work.
80%	Normally / Generally	I normally get good marks.
70%	Often / Frequently	I often read in bed at night.
50%	Sometimes	I sometimes sing in the shower
30%	Occasionally	I occasionally go to bed late.
10%	Seldom	I seldom add salt to my food.
5%	Hardly ever / Rarely	I hardly ever get angry.
0%	Never	Vegetarians never eat meat

Forming questions (السؤال تكوين)

What	ما – ماذا	How	كيف للحال - الوسيلة
Who	من للعاقل	How long	كم للمدة
When	متي للزمن	How many	كم للعدد
Where	أين للمكان	Why	لماذا للسبب
How often	عدد المرات	How much	كم الثمن -الكميه

Question word + auxiliary verb + subject + main verb + the rest of the sentence. (اداة الاستفهام) (فعل مساعد) (فاعل) (فعل اساسي) (باقي الجملة)

Example:

- Ali usually writes his homework at night.

When does Ali write his homework?

المضارع المستمر Present Continuous

			Key wor	<u>ds</u>	
*now	الأن	*listen!	استمع	still مازال	
*lookر	*look في هذه اللحظة at the moment				

عندما نري هذه الكلمات نضع قبل الفعل (am + is + are) و نزود ing للفعل

I	am / 'm	drawing	a picture.
He She It	is / 's	sleeping	in the room.
You We They	are / 're	watching	a film.

Ex.

Look! Birds (fly) high in the sky. are flying

النفى Negative

*I`m _____ I`m not

*is isn't

*are — aren`t

Ex. We <u>are writing</u> our homework now. (Negative)

We aren't writing our homework now.

Ex. They <u>are reading</u> Their stories now. (Ask)

What are they reading now?

Unit 2 (grammar) Page 22

Present Perfect

already, just, recently, lately, not yet, never, ever

		+	-1	?
I We You They	Have V3	have played	haven't played	Have
He She It	Has V3	has played	hasn't played	Has

Examples:

1-Arwa <u>has already made</u> a cake. (Positive)

2-She <u>has not made</u> a cake <u>yet</u>. (Negative)

3- Has she ever made a cake ? (Question)

Unit 2 Page 24

Grammar: Expressing purpose: التعبير عن الغرض

To: Inf. مصدر

In order to : Inf. مصدر

So that: Is followed by a sentence with "will, can, shall...." If it's present tense.

لو كان الزمن مضارع

So that: Is followed by a sentence with "would, could, should....." If it's past tense.

لو كان الزمن ماضى

So that: Is followed by a sentence يتبعها دائما جمله تامه

Ex.:

- 1-I study hard **in order to -to** get high marks.
- 2-We eat healthy food so that we can be fit.
- 3-She slept early yesterday so that she could go to her work on time.
- 4-Ali joins a sports club. He wants to improve his skills. (So that ...)

Ali joins a sports club so that he can improve his skills.

5-Ali joined a sports club. He wanted to be fit. (So that ...)

Ali joined a sports club so that he could be fit.

6-Ali joined a sports club. He wanted to be fit. (in order to)

Ali joined a sports club in order to be fit.

تصريفات الأفعال

المعنى	Infinitive	Past	Past Participle
یری	see	saw	seen
يأكل	eat	ate	eaten
يذهب	go	went	gone
يشتري	buy	bought	bought
يمسك	catch	caught	caught
يحضر	bring	Brought	brought
يدرس	teach	taught	taught
يفكر	think	thought	thought
يتكلم	speak	spoke	spoken
يكسر	break	broke	broken
يعطي	give	gave	given
يقود	drive	drove	driven
يجد	find	found	found
يلقي	throw	threw	thrown
یکتب	write	wrote	written
يتعلم	learn	learnt	learnt
ينام	sleep	slept	slept
ياخذ	take	took	taken
يقضي	spend	spent	spent
يطير	fly	flew	flown
يشعر	feel	felt	felt
يحتفظ	keep	kept	kept

Unit one Name :.... Date :.... 1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c &d 1- After the heart attack, the doctor put him on a regular b) session a) regimen c) arrow d)sprinting a)arrow b)obesity c) risk d)amount 3- A lot of children all over the world are suffering from b) obesity c) arrow a) amount d)session d)risk a) obesity b)sprinting c) resistance Date :..... 2) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words in the list: (strict - gain -adequate - promised) 1-I don't havetime to prepare food for twenty guests. 2-Some people weight because of eating too much junk food. 3-Governments should setrules for not using disabled parking areas. 4-My daughter me to be at home before ten o'clock at night. Date :.... 3) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words in the list :-(adequate - extremely -strict -flexible) 1-Stretching activities like yoga make us more 2-Clean water isimportant for having a healthy life. 3-Students told their teacher that they don't havetime to finish their projects. 4-Vegetarian people followdiet that includes vegetables, grains and fruits.

Name :	Date :
	g - are playing) football very well. He always
(trains - train – training) twice a week. I t	think it's easy to (being - be - is) a good
footballer because he is interested in (watch	n - watching - watches) football matches on
TV.	
Name:	Date :
5)Do as required	
1- We like playing music every day.	(Make negative)
2-She always plays sport in the club.	(Ask a question)
3-We usually travel in summer.	(Make negative)
4-Sara often (read) English books	(Correct the verb)
Name :	Date :
1- (Surf) the internet is a good source of	of information. (Correct the verb)
	••••••
2-She is practising sport now.	(Make negative)
3- We (play) tennis at the moment	(Correct the verb)
4-Sara is watching a nice movie now.	(Ask a question)

*******			********
Name :	<u>Unit two</u> Name : Date :		
1) Choose the correct an	swer from a, b , c	<u>&d</u>	
1- It's very dangerous for	people to live in d	larkir	the mountains.
a) infection	b) cavern	c) sight	d)theme
2- Kuwait always	poo	or countries with mon	ey and food.
a)provides	b)leads	c) improves	d)overcomes
3- He needs a great		and skill to win th	ne final match.
a) determination	b) obesity	c) barrier	d)infection
4- If you want to	a new hob	by, you should pract	ise it daily.
a)lack	b)provide	c) overcome	d)master
Name :		Date :.	
2)Fill in the spaces with			
(native - 1-This woman spent most	_	ary – achieved - ove	
2-To improve your English			
			-
3-She finally			
4-Getting high marks		hard work	and patience.
Name :	•••••	Date :.	
3)Fill in the spaces with	the most suitable	words in the list :-	
(sight - 1-Laziness is one of the bit		tly –frequently–bar	
2-He had a terrible accide	nt but Dr. managed	d to save her	•••••
3-My older sister has		moved to a new	w house.
4-Lazy people	neg	lect their works.	

Name :	Date :
4) Choose the correct answer: I (has - have - having) been to Dubai	since last holiday It (were - was – he) a
ntastic holiday. I hope to buy a new house in Du	
ere for a long time .Have you ever (be - being	g - been) there?
Name :	Date :
1- We have visited the museum.	(Make negative)
2-Yes,Sara has lived in Dubai.	(Ask a question)
3-I studied hard. I wanted to get high marks	. (Join)
4-Have you ever (speak) French?	(Correct the verb)
Thave you ever (speak) Trenent	(correct the (ers)
Name:	Date :
6)Do as required: 1- Have you ever (win) a prize?	(Correct the verb)
2-He went to bed early. He wanted to catch t	he bus. (Join : to)
3- He plays sports daily. He wants to be fit.	(join: in order to)
4-Sara has read many English stories.	(Ask a question)

Writing 1

Keeping fit is very important. Plan and write a report of two paragraphs (**not less than 10 sentences**) about keeping fit explaining the importance of keeping fit and how to keep fit.

Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion. "Plan"

•••••		••••••	•••••		•••••	•••••	
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Planning (3marks)	Exposition of ideas coherence (10 marks)	Paragraphing and number of sentences (3marks)	Grammar (1 mark)	Spelling (1 mark)	Handwriting& punctuation (2marks)	Total 20 marks	
2 marks to be deducted from the total mark for changing the format Off point planning/topic receive zero							
i Ott bolll	. prammy/topi	ic receive zero					

Writing 2

There're a lot of physically challenged people in our life. Write a report of $\underline{10}$ sentences in two paragraphs about "the disabled people's life and how we can help them."

Write your topic here						
•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••		
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(3marks) id	xposition of deas oherence 10 marks)	Paragraphing and number of sentences (3marks)	Grammar (1 mark)	Spelling (1 mark)	Handwriting& punctuation (2marks)	Total 20 marks
2 marks to	be deducted	from the total	mark for cha	anging the for	rmat	

II - Reading Comprehension:

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:- (234words)

Every year many people are involved in road accidents. Some people are killed and many are injured or hurt. So, it's important to learn to use the roads **properly** and safely. No sane person would like to be involved in accidents as the roads are very busy nowadays. We should be very careful when crossing one or use overhead bridge whenever one is available. Never cross a road by dashing across it. Some of us take the bus to school. It's important that we don't try to get on or off a bus while it is still moving. I tried to get on a moving bus once. It dragged me a short distance and nearly ran over me. I was lucky to escape with only some scratches on my legs. A suddenly lurch can send us knocking our heads against something hard.

Using a bicycle can be dangerous too. We must pay attention on the road and never cycle too far out of the middle of the road. We must make sure that our bicycles are in good condition with brakes, lights...etc.

However, there is no guarantee that we will never be involved in accidents. The important thing is to stay alert at all times while using roads. We shouldn't use the mobile phones while driving. We should use the seat belt. If we use the roads carelessly, we may never use them again.

c) to warn people not to use the cars.

d) to complain about the bad effects of accidents.

<u>A)</u>	Choose the corr	rect answer from	a, b, c or	<u>u:-</u>		
1-	The most suitab	le title for this pa	ssage is			· - •
a)	Bus accidents	b) Road accident	Road accidents c) Riding bicycles d) Children accident			dren accidents
2-	The synonym of	the word "prope	erly'' in lii	ne 2 is		
	a) in a correct w	yay b)in a wrong	g way	c) carelessly	d)sat	fely
3-	The underlined	pronoun" It "in	line 7 refe	rs to		
a)	Overhead bridge	b) the bus	c)) the bicycle	d) ac	cident
4-	The main idea o	of the 2 nd paragra	ph could	be		
a)	Using bicycles sa	afely b) crossing the	he roads	c) crossing tl	ne bridge o	d) Being injured
5-	What is the auth	hor's purpose in v	writing th	e 3 rd paragra	aph?	
a)	to tell people how	v to avoid road acc	cidents.			
b)	to advise people t	to use the bicycle.				

6- Riding a bicycle can be dangerous when				
a) our bicycles are in good condition.	b) we cycle in the middle of the road .			
c) we never cycle in the middle of the road.	d) we use the roads safely.			
B) Answer the following questions:- 7-How did the moving bus almost run over the writer?				
8-In your opinion, Why do road accidents happen?				