



Unit 7 Finding Answers

First -Study the new words of the unit and know their meanings:

Word	Meaning	Word	meaning	Word	Meaning
survival equipment	ادوات النجاة	induce	يحث على	antiseptic	معقم او مطهر
signal flare	شعلة استغاثة	experience	خبرة	relatively	نسبياً
signal mirror	مرآة للاشارة	effort	مجهود	decongestant	دواء احتقان الانف
priority	اولوية	situation	موقف	alleviate	يخفف
oars	مجاديف القارب	systematically	منهجية	gadget	أداة
first-aid kit	حقيبة اسعافات اولية	alternative	بديل	probably	محتمل
emergency blanket	بطانية للنجاة	effective	فعال	extract	يستخرج
survive	يعيش او ينجو	evaluate	يقيم	fingerprint	بصمة اصابع
whistle	بصفر	generate	يولد او ينتج	enzyme	إنزيم
sea-sickness tablet	حبوب دوار البحر	routines	الروتين		
survival manual	كتيب تعليمات النجاة	breeze	نسيم		

Lesson (1 and 2) : Lost at sea.

What do you need if you were lost at sea?

I will need a whistle, a signal flare and survival equipment.

What are oars used for?

They are used for rowing a boat.



Why do people need a sea-sickness tablet?

To help them when they feel sea-sick.

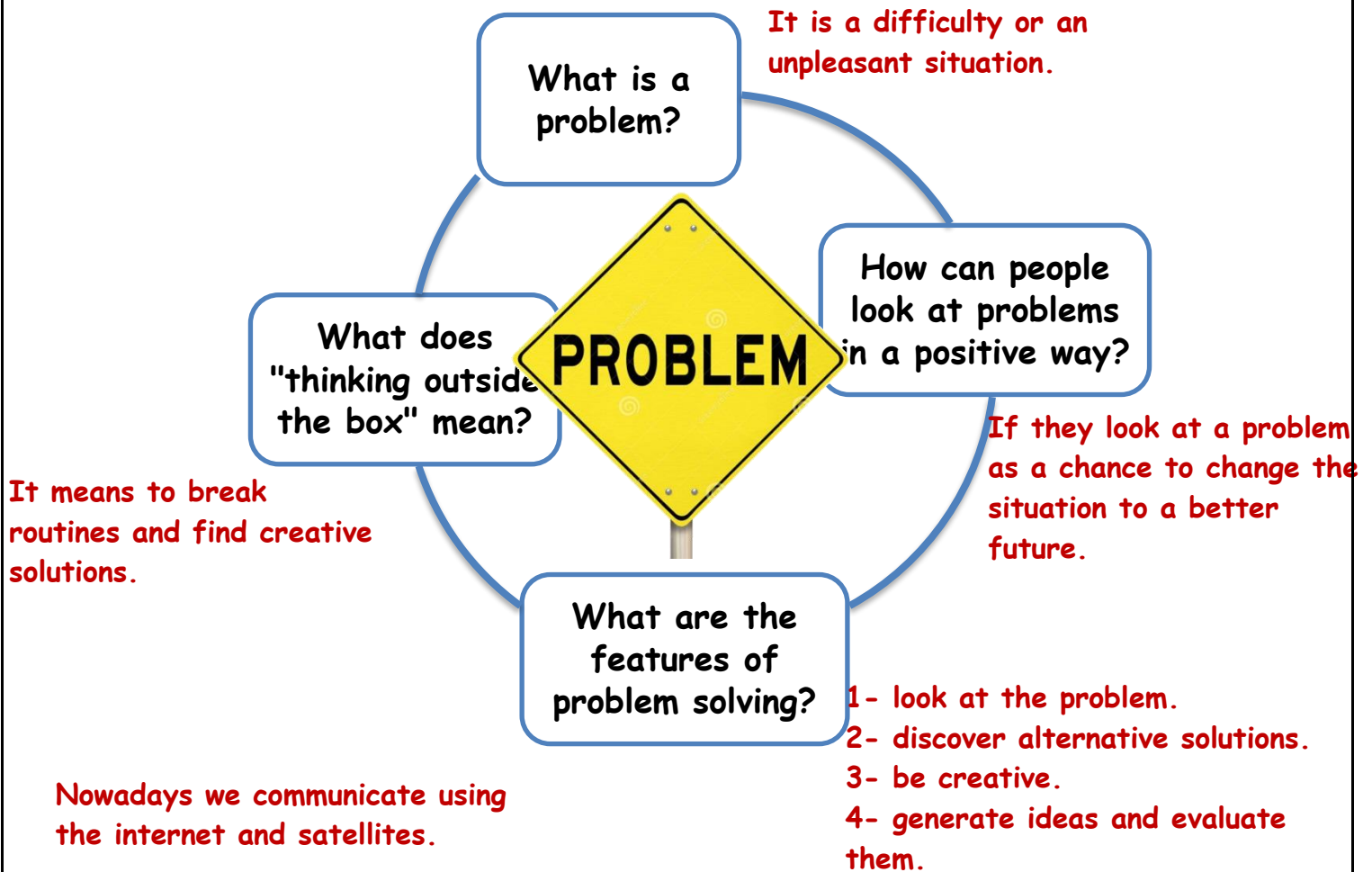
What does a first-aid kit usually contain?

It usually contains bandages and medicine to treat injured people.



In emergencies, people will only take the most important things (priorities).

Lesson (3 and 4) : Problem solving in the real world.



Lesson (5 and 6) : Interesting Facts.

- 1- Why is sea air good for you?
Because it's full of useful minerals.
- 2- When do people use a decongestant?
They use it if they have a cold or a flue.
- 3- Where can you find answers to questions nowadays?
We surf the net or ask someone about them.



Questions
you always
WANTED
to ask



Unit 8 Solving Problems

First -Study the new words of the unit and know their meanings:

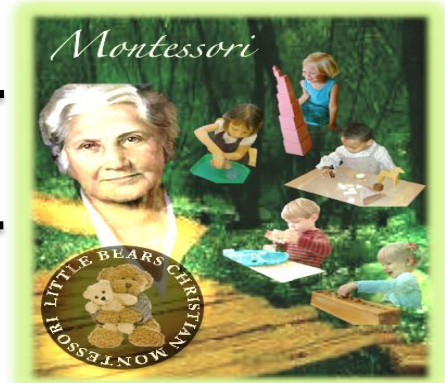
Word	Meaning	Word	meaning	Word	Meaning
determined	مصمم	theory	نظرية	lonely	وحيد
inspire	يستوحى	approach	طريقة	brainteaser	ألغاز
disability	إعاقة	Look down upon	ينظر بازدراء	challenge	يتحدى
engage	يندمج	belittle	يستخف ب	criteria	معيار او مقياس
strict	صارم	counsellor	مستشار	traffic jam	ازدحام مروري
rigid	جامد	promise	يوعد	escalator	سلم متحرك
specialised	متخصص	common	شائع	stuck	عالق
devise	جهاز	apologise	يعتذر	marble	كرة بلورية
trial and error	المحاولة والخطأ	Keep in touch	يبقى على اتصال	portrait	صورة
influential	مؤثر	take up	يبدأ أو يمارس	logic	منطق

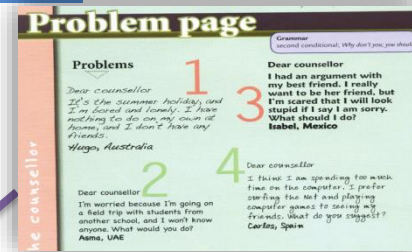
Lesson (1 and 2) : Maria Montessori.

**Who was Maria Montessori?
She was the first woman doctor in Italy.**

**What did Maria Montessori believe?
She believed that children learned better when they're happy and slowly.**

**What did Maria Montessori invent?
She invented special equipment that helped children learn using their senses.**



Lesson (3 and 4) : Problem Page.

Why do people go to a counsellor?

- ☺ They go to the counsellor to help them solve their problems.
- ☺ A counsellor gives them advice on how to solve their problems.

Who is your best counsellor?

- ☺ My mother or sister are my best counsellor. I can also ask my friends for help.



What should you do in the following situations?

1) If you're starting a new job and you feel worried!

Try smiling and talking to people then keep in touch with your friends.

2) If you had an argument with your best friend!

You should apologize to her and explain what you meant.

Lesson (5 and 6) : Brainteasers:

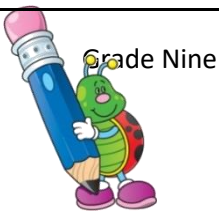
Why do people answer puzzles and brainteasers?

To improve their thinking skills.

What are the problem-solving strategies?

- 1- Understand the problem before you start.
- 2- Plan a method to solve it.
- 3- Try answering the problem.
- 4- check the answer and evaluate.





Unit 9 Emergency & Rescue

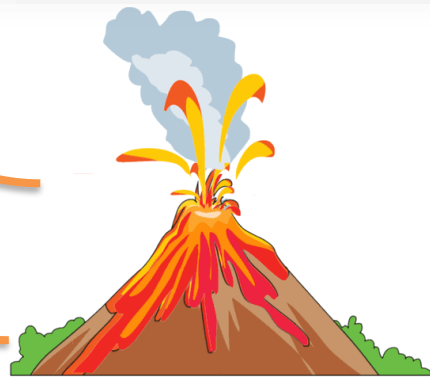
First -Study the new words of the unit and know their meanings:

Word	Meaning	Word	meaning	Word	Meaning
emergency	طوارئ	simply	ببساطة	breed	يتكاثر
rescue	ينقذ او انقاذ	coastguard	خفر السواحل	challenging	مليء بالتحدي
volcano	بركان	stranded	عالق	isolated	معزول
hurricane	اعصار	luckily	لحسن الحظ	deliver	يوصل
earthquake	زلزال	lift	يرفع	wilderness	البرية
tsunami	تسونامي	halt	يوقف	Smoke jumper	اطفاني بالمظلة
erupt	يثور	lightning	اضاءة	sanctuary	ملاذ
avalanche	انهيار جليدي	realise	يدرك	rust	صدأ
Push out	يدفع	authority	سلطة	affect	يؤثر
powerfully	بقوة	alert	تنبيه او ينبه	extremely	جداً
plate	طبقة ارض	paramedic	طبيب اسعافات	restore	يسترجع
predict	يتوقع	risky	خطير		
resist	يقاوم	salvage	انقاذ		

Lesson (1 and 2) : Forces of Nature.

There are many forces of nature such as: volcanoes, hurricanes, earthquakes, tsunami and avalanches.

They are powerful and very dangerous.



What is a volcano?
It's a hole in the Earth which pushes fire, ash and gases.

Why is a volcano dangerous?
Because it changes the weather, it also reduce sunlight and kill crops.

Hurricanes are very dangerous. Trees and buildings can be destroyed by it.



What is the "eye" of a hurricane?
It is the centre of the storm.

An earthquake is a destructive force of nature. It kills People and destroys streets and buildings.

How is an earthquake measured?
It is measured using the Richter scale.



Why do scientists try to predict earthquakes?
To save lives and prepare people.



What is a tsunami?
Tsunami is a huge fast killer wave which hits the land destroying everything on its way.

Lesson (3 and 4) : Life-saving technology:



What does a coastguard do?
He helps people in need or ships in the sea.

Can text messages save people's lives? How?
Yes, By alerting the authority and asking for help.



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Lesson (5 and 6) : Dangerous Jobs.

Why do some people choose dangerous jobs?

Because these jobs are useful and rewarding. Some people enjoy the risk and the challenge.



1. What does a paramedic do?

☺ A paramedic drives an ambulance and helps people in accidents.

2. The ambulance is like a mini hospital. Explain.

☺ It has oxygen tanks, medicines and other equipment for quick help.

1. Who works in Kuwait Diving Team?

☺ Professional divers and marine scientists.

2. What do they wear?

☺ They wear suits and oxygen tanks on their backs.

3. What do the divers do?

☺ They monitor fish sanctuaries and help salvage sunken ships.



- The Alaskan pilot flies to villages in Alaska delivering mail.
- The smoke jumper jumps into burning forests to stop the fire.

Good Luck!

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Unit 10 Journeys

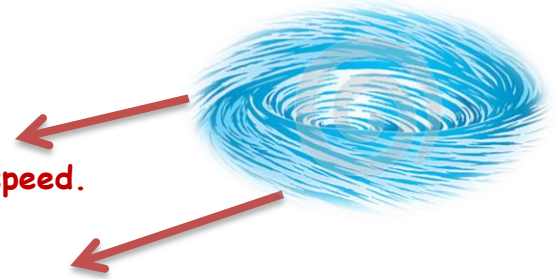
First -Study the new words of the unit and know their meanings:

Word	Meaning	Word	meaning	Word	Meaning
whirlpool	دوامة	terrified	مرعوب	wonder	يتعجب
terror	رعب	Pick up	يلتقط	silk	حرير
overboard	خارج سطح السفينة	break down	ينهار او ينفصل	region	نظام أو قطاع
recover	يتعافى	rally	رالي سيارات	trade	تجارة
barrel	برميل	yearly	سنويا	exchange	يتبادل
tie	يربط	importantly	ذو أهمية	caravan	قافلة
exhausted	مرهق	Set off	ينطلق	decline	يرفض
float	يطفو	spare	قطع غيار	track	سكة
horizon	الافق	ahead	للامام	route	طريق
escape	يهرب	mechanical	ميكانيكي		

Lesson (1 and 2) : Whirlpool.

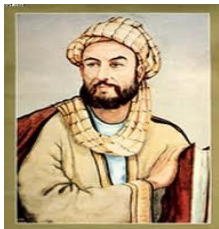
1- What is a whirlpool?

It's when the sea water goes round in circles at great speed.



2- Why is a whirlpool dangerous?

It's dangerous because people might be killed or lost at sea.



1- Who was Ibn Battuta ?

He was a famous Muslim traveller and explorer >



2- What has he been doing all his life?

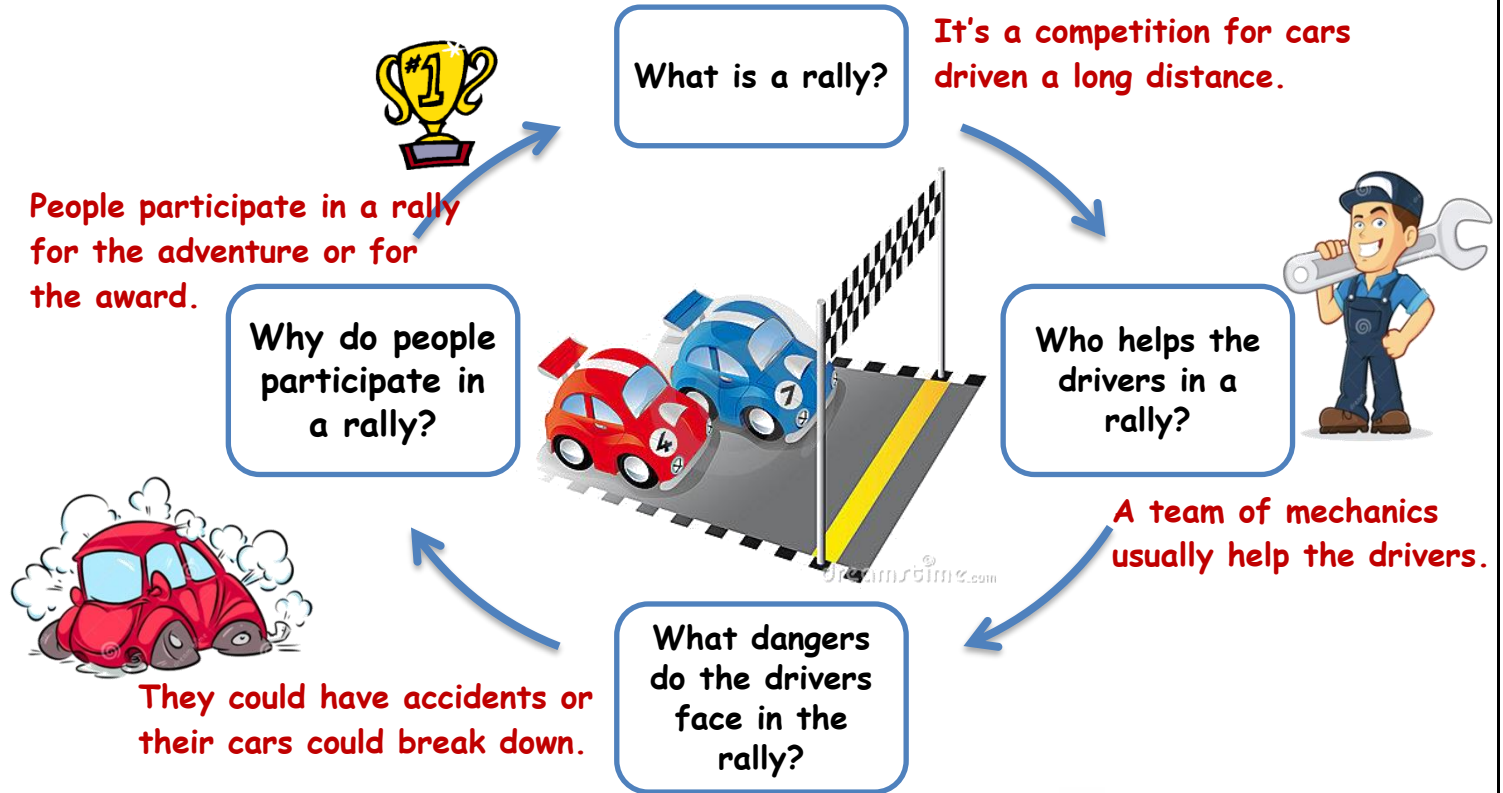
He has been travelling and exploring all his life. He wrote documents about his travels.

😊 How long have you been studying English?
I have been studying English for eight years.



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Lesson (3 and 4) : A car rally.



Lesson (5 and 6) : The silk road.

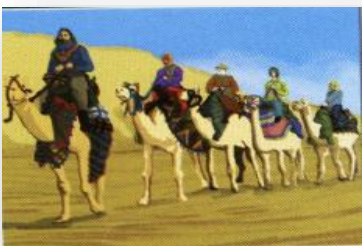
1- What is the silk road?

It is an old route connecting Asia and Europe through mountains and deserts.



2- Why did merchants used the silk road?

They used it to trade silk from and spices from India with silver and gold.



3- How did they travel along the silk road?

They used camels or horses in a caravan to travel (A caravan is a group of people travelling together across the desert).

4- Why did people stop using the silk road?

Because they started to travel by sea and Europeans were making their own silk.



Unit 11
About our lives

First -Study the new words of the unit and know their meanings:

Word	Meaning	Word	meaning	Word	Meaning
wealthy	ثري	content	راضي	identify	يتعرف على
butler	كبير الخدم	humble	بسيط او متواضع	spiritual	روحاني
modest	متواضع	fashion	موضة	reasonable	معقول
dusty	مغبر	kimono	كيمونو	serotonin	سيروتونين
affluent	غني	chopstick	عصي لتناول الطعام	genetic	وراثي
residence	محل إقامة او منزل	bullet train	قطار سريع	identical	متطابق
genuine	أصلي	raw	نيء	twins	توأم
grimy	وسخ	sushi	سوشي	flow	ينساب
pleased	مسرور	sumo wrestling	مصارعة السومو	community	مجتمع
trap	مصيدة	happiness	سعادة		

Lesson (1 and 2) : A different lifestyle.

How should wealthy people contribute to the society?
They should offer help to others and give charity.

What is the job of a butler?
He organizes the servants' work in a house.
He usually works for wealthy people.

Is money important for real happiness?
Money can help to make you happy, but so does family and friends.



What are the sources of real happiness?
The sources can be : health, family, friends and money.

Lesson (3 and 4) : Life in Japan.

1- What do people wear in Japan?

People wear traditional silk kimonos.



2- What transport do they use there?

They use bullet trains, cars and motorbikes in Japan

3- What is the traditional food in Japan?

It is sushi which they eat with chopsticks.



4- What sports do they play in Japan?

They play karate, football and sumo wrestling.



Lesson (5 and 6) : Happiness.



1. What are the three elements of happiness?

- ☺1- experiencing pleasures in life.
- ☺2- using your strengths in a positive way.
- ☺3- having a spiritual life.

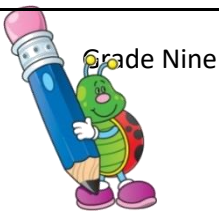
2. Which side of the brain controls the positive feelings?

☺ The left side of the brain controls the positive.

3. How does happiness help you?

☺It makes you physically healthy and more helpful to the society.





Unit 12 Wishes & regrets

First -Study the new words of the unit and know their meanings:

Word	Meaning	Word	meaning	Word	Meaning
upset	متضايق	mess	فوضى	honest	صديق
mend	يصلح	pleasure	سرور	respect	يحترم
knock	يطرق	arrange	يرتب	clever	ذكي
wish	امنية	enjoy	يستمتع	cheerful	مرح
regret	ندم	enough	كافي	trustworthy	موثوق به
organise	ينظم	give up	يستسلم او يترك	appreciate	يقدر
complain	يشتكى	tidy up	يرتب	secret	سر
train	يدرب	friendship	صداقة	share	يشارك
luckily	لحسن الحظ	loyalty	ولاء		

Lesson (1 and 2) : What would you have done.



What should you do in these situations!



If you saw a house on fire?
I would have called for help.



If you were upset with the food in a restaurant?
I would have talked to the manager about it.

If you were going on a trip in the desert with your family?
I would have packed water, food, a map and a first aid kit.



Lesson (3 and 4) :Regrets.

What would you have done if your room had been a mess?
I would have arranged it before going to school.

What is your biggest regret?
I wish I hadn't argued with my friend Sara. We don't speak anymore.

**Lesson (5 and 6) : Friendship.**

1. What are the qualities of a good friend?
 ☺ **A good friend must be trustworthy, caring, honest and a good listener.**
2. How should you choose your true friend?
 ☺ **I should choose someone who respects me and share my likes and dislikes.**
3. What would you do if you had an argument with your best friend?
 ☺ **I would try to understand and apologise to each other.**

End of the Second Term

Good Luck!

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